## Εργασία 1

```
(a) GINI = 1 - (4/9)^2 - (5/9)^2 = 1 - 16/81 - 25/81 = 1 - 41/81 = 40/81 = 0.493
(B)
ID
GINI(id1) = 1 - (1/1)^2 - (0/1)^2 = 0
ομοίως: GINI(id2) = GINI(id3) = ... = GINI(id9) = 0
GINI(ID\_split) = 1/9 * 0 + ... + 1/9 * 0 = 0
GAIN(ID_split) = 40/81 - 0 = 40/81 = 0.493
a1
GINI(T) = 1 - (3/4)^2 - (1/4)^2 = 1 - 9/16 - 1/16 = 1 - 10/16 = 6/16 = 3/8
GINI(F) = 1 - (1/5)^2 - (4/5)^2 = 1 - 1/25 - 16/25 = 1 - 17/25 = 8/25
GINI(a1\_split) = 4/9 * 3/8 + 5/9 * 8/25 = (4*3)/(9*8) + (5*8)/(9*25) = 1/6 +
8/45 = 15/90 + 16/90 = 31/90 = 0.344
GAIN(a1\_split) = 0.493 - 0.344 = 0.149
a2
GINI(T) = 1 - (2/5)^2 - (3/5)^2 = 1 - 4/25 - 9/25 = 1 - 13/25 = 12/25
GINI(F) = 1 - (2/4)^2 - (2/4)^2 = 1 - 1/4 - 1/4 = 1 - 1/2 = 1/2
GINI(a2_split) = 5/9 \times 12/25 + 4/9 \times 1/2 = (5*12)/(9*25) + (4*1)/(9*2) = 4/15 +
2/9 = 12/45 + 10/45 = 22/45 = 0.488
GAIN(a2\_split) = 0.493 - 0.488 = 0.005
Δεν επιλέγουμε το ID καθώς δεν έχει προβλεπτική ικανότητα (κάθε ID είναι
μοναδικό, συνεπώς, τα ID των νέων instances δεν θα μπορούν να προβλέψουν την
τιμή της κλάσης).
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Άρα το al έχει το μεγαλύτερο GAIN.

(y) class sorted 1 3 5 6 7 8 split 0 2 3.5 4.5 5.5 6.5 7.5 8.5 <= > <= > <= > <= > <= > <= > <= > <= > 2 2 0 4 1 3 1 3 2 2 3 1 0 5 3 2 0 5 1 4 1 4 3 2 4 1 5 0 GINI 0.493 0.416 0.492 0.444 0.488 0.481 0.444 0.493 0 <= 1 - 0 - 0 = 1> 1 - 4/9<sup>2</sup> - 5/9<sup>2</sup> = 40/81 = 0.493 GINI = 0/9 \* 1 + 9/9 \* 0.493 = 0.493 $2 <= 1 - 1/1^2 - 0/1^2 = 1 - 1 = 0$ 

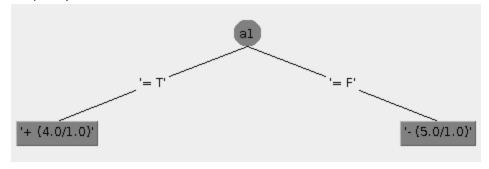
> 1 - 3/8<sup>2</sup> - 5/8<sup>2</sup> = 1 - 9/64 - 25/64 = 30/64 = 15/32

GINI =  $8/9 \times 15/32 = (8 \times 15)/(9 \times 32) = 5/12 = 0.416$ 

Best split 2: GAIN = 0.493 - 0.416 = 0.077

(δ) Η ρίζα θα είναι το a1 (μεγαλύτερο GAIN) Ακρίβεια στο training set = 7/9 = 77.77% (χάνει ένα + και ένα -)

(ε) Το WEKA διάλεξε την al.



 $(\sigma\tau)$  75%