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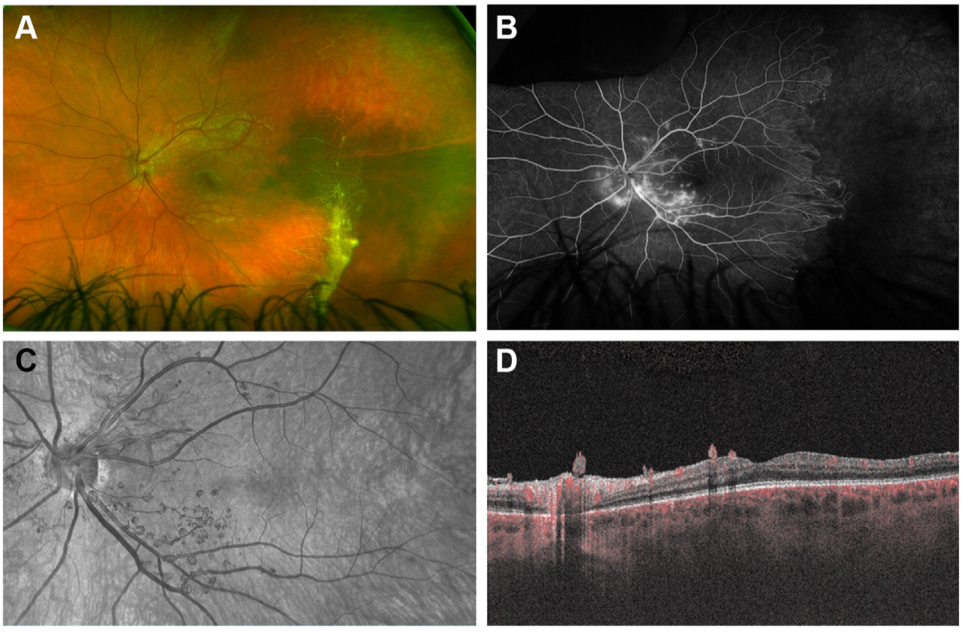
Pictures & Perspectives



Preretinal Microvascular Tufts Associated with Dyskeratosis Congenita

A 16-year-old boy with dyskeratosis congenita (DC), a very rare polymorphous inherited telomeropathy, was referred for bilateral large peripheral temporal areas of retinal nonperfusion (**A**). Absence of associated retinal neovascularization was confirmed by fluorescein angiography (FA) (**B**). Although peripheral retinal ischemia is known in DC, unexpected numerous reddish, rounded, preretinal microvascular tufts were also observed in the inferonasal macula. They were distinct on the near-infrared image (**C**) and localized above the retinal surface on OCT B-scans (**D**). Blood flow within these microvascular abnormalities was noted on FA (**B**) and OCT angiography B-scan (**D**) (Magnified version of Fig **A**-**D** is available online at www.aaojournal.org).

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