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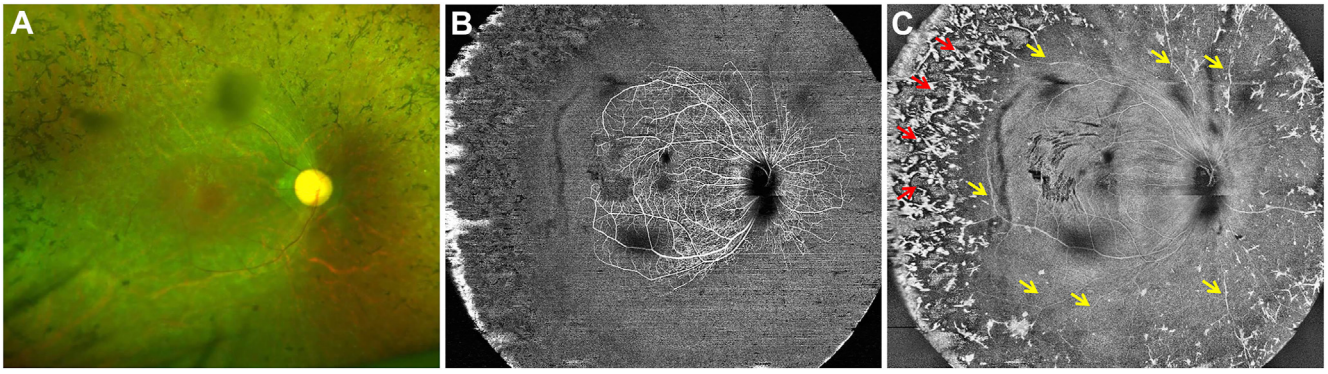
Pictures & Perspectives



Ultrawide-field Swept Source-OCT Angiography of Retinitis Pigmentosa

A 42-year-old man diagnosed with retinitis pigmentosa (RP) underwent widefield Optos imaging and swept-source OCT angiography (SS-OCTA) (24 × 20 mm SS-OCTA; BM-400K BMizar, TowardPi Medical Technology) examination. **A**, Fundus image revealed classic features of RP, including intraretinal pigmentation, waxy pallor of the optic disc, and attenuated retinal blood vessels. **B**, The retinal flow image displayed perfusion limited to the posterior pole with vascular remodeling at the borders. **C**, The retinal structure image showed intraretinal pigmentation outside the arcade (red arrows) and the empty shells of nonperfused "ghost" vessels (yellow arrows) (Magnified version of Fig **A**-**C** is available online at www.aaojournal.org).

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