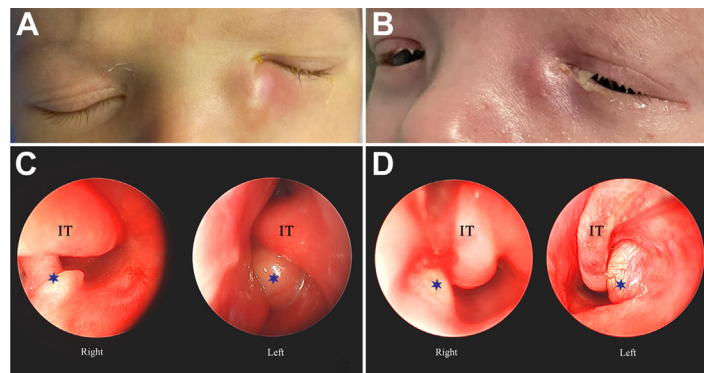


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Pictures & Perspectives



Importance of Bilateral Visualization in Congenital Dacryocystocele

Two infants, 4-days-old and 6-days-old, presented with unilateral swelling of the left nasolacrimal duct since birth. On initial examination, no erythema or discharge was noted. Warm compresses and Crigler massage were recommended with careful follow-up. Due to increasing erythema (A, B), antibiotics were administered, and surgical intervention planned. Both infants underwent nasolacrimal duct probing in conjunction with otolaryngology for endoscopy to aid in intranasal cyst removal. Interestingly, both had bilateral dacryocystoceles (*) below the inferior turbinates, requiring removal to relieve obstruction (C, D). Bilateral visualization should be considered in infants presenting with unilateral congenital dacryocystocele to prevent need for repeat surgical intervention (Magnified version of Figure A-D is available online at www.aaojournal.org).

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