

Retinal Vasculature Changes Herald the Presence of Carotid-Cavernous Fistula

A 44-year-old woman presented with redness in the right eye for 4 weeks (\mathbf{A}). Her visual acuity was 20/20 in both eyes. Intraocular pressure was 27/17 mmHg in the right and left eye, respectively. Incomitant esotropia attributed to right abducens palsy was also noted. Her fundus was normal, but a marked superficial vascular complex (SVC) dropout was found on OCT angiography (\mathbf{B}). Digital subtraction angiography (\mathbf{C}) revealed a right direct carotid-cavernous fistula (CCF) with venous drainage to the right inferior petrosal sinus, bilateral ophthalmic veins (\mathbf{C} , arrow), and cortical veins. The reduction of SVC reversed (\mathbf{D}), with improvement of ocular hypertension and esotropia 2 weeks after embolization of right CCF. (Magnified version of Figure \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D} is available online at www.aaojournal.org).

YI-WEN SU, MD¹
AN-GUOR WANG, MD, PHD^{1,2}
HUI-CHEN CHENG, MD^{1,2,3,4,5}

¹Department of Ophthalmology, Taipei Veterans General Hospital, Taipei, Taiwan; ²Department of Ophthalmology, School of Medicine, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, Taipei, Taiwan; ³Program in Molecular Medicine, College of Life Sciences, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, Taipei, Taiwan; ⁴Department of Life Sciences and Institute of Genome Sciences, College of Life Sciences, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, Taipei, Taiwan; ⁵Brain Research Center, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, Taipei, Taiwan

Footnotes and Disclosures

Supported by Taipei Veterans General Hospital (grant no. VGH V112C-069) and Ministry of Science and Technology of Taiwan (grant no. MOST 110-2314-B-075-054-MY3).