A 36-year-old healthy woman underwent emergent Cesarean section due to preeclampsia. She was intubated and transferred to theintensive care unit for airway management and seizure prevention. She developed hemolysis, elevated liver enzymes, and low platelets(HELLP) syndrome and tested positive for SARS-CoV-2. On extubation 4 days later, she reported bilateral blindness. Neuroimaging wasconsistent with posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome. After hospital discharge (2 weeks after loss of vision), her vision wascounting fingers in both eyes. Her dilated fundus examination demonstrated macular and peripapillary whitening and hemorrhages(A-B right eye, C-D left eye)