while(t--){

sol(); } }

19

20

```
1.3 Common Sense
  Contents
                                                        陣列過大時本機的指令:
                                                        windows: g++ -Wl,-stack,40000000 a.cpp
linux: ulimit -s unlimited
le7 的 int 陣列 = 4e7 byte = 40 mb
  1 Basic
    1.1 .vimrc
    STL 式模板函式名稱定義:
                                                         .init(n, ...) \Rightarrow 初始化並重置全部變數, \theta-base
                                                        .addEdge(u, v, ...) \Rightarrow 加入一條邊,有向圖為 u \to v,無向圖為 u \leftrightarrow v.run() \Rightarrow 執行並回傳答案
  2 flow
                                                        .build() \Rightarrow 查詢前處理
.query(...) \Rightarrow 查詢並回傳答案
memset 設-0x3f 的值是 -0x3e3e3e3f / 0xc1c1c1c1
    2.3 Hungarian . . . . .
    2.4 Kuhn Munkres 最大完美二分匹配 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                         2
                                                             flow
    2.5 Directed MST ...........
                                                         2.1 MinCostFlow
  3 Math
                                                         2.2 Dinic
    3.1 Fast Pow & Inverse & Combination . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
    求最大流 O(N^2E),求二分最大匹配 O(E\sqrt{N}))
    dinic.init(n, st, en) \Rightarrow 0-base dinic.addEdge(u, v, f) \Rightarrow u \rightarrow v, flow f units dinic.run() \Rightarrow return max flow from st to en Dinic 玄學: 若 TLE,可以先加"正向邊"且每次都 run(),再全加一次每次都
    run()°
                                                        範例 code 待補
  4 Geometry
                                                     \frac{3}{3}1 const int MXN = 10005;
    4.2 Convex Hull .................
                                                        struct Dinic{
    struct Edge{ ll v, f, re; };
int n, s, t, lvl[MXN];
                                                          vector<Edge> e[MXN];
    void init(int _n, int _s, int _t){
  n = _n;  s = _s;  t = _t;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) e[i].clear(); }</pre>
                                                      6
                                                      47
    6.1 DominatorTree
    void addEdge(int u, int v, il f = 1){
   e[u].push_back({v, f, e[v].size()});
    10
                                                            e[v].push_back({u, 0, e[u].size() - 1}); }
                                                          bool bfs(){
    7.1 KMP
                                                      13
                                                            memset(lvl, -1, n * 4);
    queue<int> q;
    q.push(s);
    lvl[s] = 0;
    while(!q.empty()){
                                                              int u = q.front(); q.pop();
  8 Data Structure
                                                              for(auto &i : e[u])
    if(i.f > 0 \&\& lvl[i.v] == -1)
                                                                  lvl[i.v] = lvl[u] + 1, q.push(i.v); }
  9 Others
                                                      21
                                                      22
                                                            return lvl[t] != -1; }
  1
       Basic
                                                          11 dfs(int u, ll nf){
                                                      23
                                                            if(u == t) return nf;
                                                      24
  1.1
        .vimrc
                                                            ll res = 0;
                                                      25
                                                            for(auto &i : e[u])
            relative-linenumber,
  linenumber,
                                               expandtab26
                               mouse,
                                      cindent,
  shiftwidth,
           softtabstop, nowrap, ignorecase(when search), noVi27
                                                              if(i.f > 0 \&\& lvl[i.v] == lvl[u] + 1){
                                                                int tmp = dfs(i.v, min(nf, i.f));
res += tmp, nf -= tmp, i.f -= tmp;
e[i.v][i.re].f += tmp;
  compatible, backspace
  nornu when enter insert mode
                                                      29
1 se nu rnu mouse=a cin et sw=2 sts=2 nowrap ic nocp bs=2^{30}_{21}
                                                                if(nf == 0) return res; }
2 syn on
                                                            if(!res) lvl[u] = -1;
3 au InsertLeave * se rnu
                                                            return res;
                                                      33
4 au InsertEnter * se nornu
                                                          ll run(ll res){
                                                      34
                                                            while(bfs()) res += dfs(s, LLINF);
return res; } };
                                                      35
  1.2 Default Code
                                                      36
  所有模板的 define 都在這
                                                        2.3 Hungarian
1 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
                                                              Kuhn Munkres 最大完美二分匹配
                                                        2.4
2 #define ll long long
  #define ld long double
#define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
                                                              Directed MST
                                                         2.5
5 #define NINF 0xc1c1c1c1
                                                      1 /* Edmond's algoirthm for Directed MST
6 #define LLINF 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f
                                                        * runs in O(VE) */
  #define NLLINF 0xc1c1c1c1c1c1c1c1
                                                        const int MAXV = 10010;
                                                      3
  #define X first
                                                        const int MAXE = 10010;
9 #define Y second
                                                        const int INF = 2147483647;
10 #define PB emplace_back
                                                       6
                                                        struct Edge{
11 #define pll pair<long, long>
                                                      7
                                                          int u, v, c;
12 using namespace std;
                                                      8
                                                          Edge(int x=0, int y=0, int z=0) : u(x), v(y), c(z){}
  const int MXN = 4e5+5;
13
                                                      9 };
14
                                                      10 int V, E, root;
  void sol(){}
                                                      11 Edge edges[MAXE];
  int main(){
16
                                                      12 inline int newV(){ return ++ V; }
   int t=1;
                                                     inline void addEdge(int u, int v, int c)
def edges[++E] = Edge(u, v, c); }
17
18
    cin >> t;
```

15 bool con[MAXV];

16 int mnInW[MAXV], prv[MAXV], cyc[MAXV], vis[MAXV];
17 inline int DMST(){

```
fill(con, con+V+1, 0);
int r1 = 0, r2 = 0;
18
19
     while(1){
20
       fill(mnInW, mnInW+V+1, INF);
21
22
        fill(prv, prv+V+1, -1);
       REP(i, 1, E){
23
          int u=edges[i].u, v=edges[i].v, c=edges[i].c;
24
25
          if(u != v && v != root && c < mnInW[v])
            mnInW[v] = c, prv[v] = u;
26
27
        fill(vis, vis+V+1, -1);
28
       fill(cyc, cyc+V+1, -1);
29
30
       r1 = 0;
       bool jf = 0;
REP(i, 1, V){
31
32
          if(con[i]) continue;
33
34
          if(prv[i] == -1 && i != root) return -1;
         if(prv[i] > 0) r1 += mnInW[i];
35
36
37
          for(s = i; s != -1 && vis[s] == -1; s = prv[s])
38
            vis[s] = i;
39
          if(s > 0 && vis[s] == i){
             // get a cycle
40
            jf = 1; int v = s;
41
42
              cyc[v] = s, con[v] = 1;
r2 += mnInW[v]; v = prv[v];
43
44
45
            }while(v != s);
46
            con[s] = 0;
47
        if(!jf) break ;
48
       REP(i, 1, E){
49
50
          int &u = edges[i].u;
          int &v = edges[i].v;
51
          if(cyc[v] > 0) edges[i].c -= mnInW[edges[i].v];
52
53
          if(cyc[u] > 0) edges[i].u = cyc[edges[i].u];
54
          if(cyc[v] > 0) edges[i].v = cyc[edges[i].v];
          if(u == v) edges[i--] = edges[E--];
55
56
57
     return r1+r2;
```

3 Math

3.1 Fast Pow & Inverse & Combination

```
fpow(a, b, m) = a^b \pmod{m}
   fa[i] = i! \pmod{MOD}
    fi[i] = i!^{-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{MOD}   c(a,b) = \binom{a}{b} \pmod{MOD} 
 1 | ll fpow(ll a, ll b, ll m){
      ll ret = 1;
      a \% = m;
 3
      while(b){
        if(b&1) ret = ret * a % m;
        a = a * a % m;
        b >>= 1; }
 8
      return ret; }
10 ll fa[MXN], fi[MXN];
   void init(){
11
12
      fa[0] = 1;
      for(ll i = 1; i < MXN; ++i)
fa[i] = fa[i - 1] * i % MOD;
13
14
      fi[MXN - 1] = fpow(fa[MXN - 1], MOD - 2, MOD);
for(ll i = MXN - 1; i > 0; --i)
15
16
        fi[i - 1] = fi[i] * i % MOD; }
17
18
19|ll c(ll a, ll b){
      return fa[a] * fi[b] % MOD * fi[a - b] % MOD; }
   3.2 FFT
```

```
const int MAXN = 262144;
typedef long double ld;
typedef complex<ld> cplx; //real() ,imag()
const ld PI = acosl(-1);
const cplx I(0, 1);
cplx omega[MAXN+1];
void pre_fft(){
for(int i=0; i<=MAXN; i++)
omega[i] = exp(i * 2 * PI / MAXN * I);</pre>
```

```
10 }
   void fft(int n, cplx a[], bool inv=false){
11
     int basic = MAXN / n;
     int theta = basic;
13
14
     for (int m = n; m >= 2; m >>= 1) {
        int mh = m >> 1;
15
        for (int i = 0; i < mh; i++) {
  cplx w = omega[inv ? MAXN-(i*theta%MAXN)</pre>
16
17
                                : i*theta%MAXN];
18
          for (int j = i; j < n; j += m) {
19
            int k = j + mh;
cplx x = a[j] - a[k];
20
21
            a[j] += a[k];
22
23
            a[k] = w * x;
        } }
24
        theta = (theta * 2) % MAXN;
25
26
     int i = 0;
27
     for (int j = 1; j < n - 1; j++) {
        for (int k = n >> 1; k > (i \land = k); k >>= 1);
30
        if (j < i) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
31
32
     if(inv) for (i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] /= n;
   }
33
34
   cplx arr[MAXN+1];
   inline void mul(int _n,ll a[],int _m,ll b[],ll ans[])
35
36
37
     int n=1,sum=_n+_m-1;
38
     while(n<sum)</pre>
39
        n << =1;
40
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
41
42
        double x=(i<_n?a[i]:0), y=(i<_m?b[i]:0);
        arr[i]=complex<double>(x+y,x-y);
43
44
45
     fft(n,arr);
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
46
        arr[i]=arr[i]*arr[i];
     fft(n,arr,true);
48
49
     for(int i=0;i<sum;i++){</pre>
        ans[i]=(long long int)(arr[i].real()/4 +
50
51
                   (arr[i].real() > 0 ? 0.5 : -0.5));
52
53 }
```

3.3 Miller Rabin

```
1 | // n < 4,759,123,141
                                            61
   // n < 1,122,004,669,633
                                      2, 13, 23, 1662803
 3 // n < 3,474,749,660,383
                                       6:
                                            pirmes <= 13
   // n < 2^64
 5 // 2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022
 6 // Make sure testing integer is in range [2, n\square2] if
   // you want to use magic.
 8 LL magic[]={}
   bool witness(LL a, LL n, LL u, int t){
10
     if(!a) return 0;
     LL x=mypow(a,u,n);
11
     for(int i=0;i<t;i++) {</pre>
12
13
       LL nx=mul(x,x,n);
       if(nx==1&&x!=1&&x!=n-1) return 1;
14
15
       x=nx;
16
17
     return x!=1;
18
19
   bool miller_rabin(LL n) {
20
     int s=(magic number size)
     // iterate s times of witness on n
21
22
     if(n<2) return 0;
23
     if(!(n\&1)) return n == 2;
     ll u=n-1; int t=0;
24
     // n-1 = u*2^t
25
     while(!(u&1)) u>>=1, t++;
26
27
     while(s--){
28
       LL a=magic[s]%n;
29
       if(witness(a,n,u,t)) return 0;
30
     return 1;
32 }
```

3.4 Chinese Remainder

```
1 | LL x[N],m[N];
2 | LL CRT(LL x1, LL m1, LL x2, LL m2) {
                                                               1 typedef long double ld;
                                                                 const ld eps = 1e-8;
     LL g = __gcd(m1, m2);
if((x2 - x1) % g) return -1;// no sol
                                                                 int dcmp(ld x) {
                                                                    if(abs(x) < eps) return 0;
     m1 /= g; m2 /= g;
                                                               5
                                                                    else return x < 0? -1 : 1;
    pair<LL,LL> p = gcd(m1, m2);
LL lcm = m1 * m2 * g;
LL res = p.first * (x2 - x1) * m1 + x1;
                                                               6
                                                               7
                                                                 struct Pt {
                                                               8
                                                                    ld x, y;
8
     return (res % lcm + lcm) % lcm;
                                                                    Pt(ld _x=0, ld _y=0):x(_x), y(_y) {}
10 }
                                                              10
   LL solve(int n){ // n>=2, be careful with no solution
                                                                    Pt operator+(const Pt &a) const {
11
                                                              11
                                                                      return Pt(x+a.x, y+a.y);
     LL res=CRT(x[0],m[0],x[1],m[1]),p=m[0]/__gcd(m[0],m
                                                              12
12
         [1])*m[1];
                                                              13
13
     for(int i=2;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                              14
                                                                    Pt operator-(const Pt &a) const {
                                                                      return Pt(x-a.x, y-a.y);
       res=CRT(res,p,x[i],m[i]);
                                                              15
14
15
       p=p/__gcd(p,m[i])*m[i];
                                                              16
                                                              17
                                                                    Pt operator*(const ld &a) const {
16
                                                                      return Pt(x*a, y*a);
17
     return res;
                                                              18
18|}
                                                              19
                                                              20
                                                                    Pt operator/(const ld &a) const {
   3.5 Pollard Rho
                                                              21
                                                                      return Pt(x/a, y/a);
                                                              22
                                                               23
                                                                    ld operator*(const Pt &a) const {
1 // does not work when n is prime
  LL f(LL x, LL mod){ return add(mul(x,x,mod),1,mod); }
LL pollard_rho(LL n) {
                                                                      return x*a.x + y*a.y;
                                                                    ld operator^(const Pt &a) const {
     if(!(n&1)) return 2;
                                                              26
                                                              27
                                                                      return x*a.y - y*a.x;
     while(true){
                                                              28
       LL y=2, x=rand()%(n-1)+1, res=1;
6
       for(int sz=2; res==1; sz*=2) {
                                                              29
                                                                    bool operator<(const Pt &a) const {</pre>
                                                                      return x < a.x \mid | (x == a.x & y < a.y);
                                                              30
8
         for(int i=0; i<sz && res<=1; i++) {</pre>
                                                                      //return dcmp(x-a.x) < 0 || (dcmp(x-a.x) == 0 \&\&
9
           x = f(x, n);
                                                              31
           res = \_gcd(abs(x-y), n);
                                                                          dcmp(y-a.y) < 0);
10
                                                              32
11
                                                                    bool operator==(const Pt &a) const {
12
         y = x;
                                                              33
                                                              34
                                                                      return dcmp(x-a.x) == 0 \&\& dcmp(y-a.y) == 0;
13
                                                              35
14
       if (res!=0 && res!=n) return res;
                                                              36
15 } }
                                                                 ld norm2(const Pt &a) {
                                                              37
                                                              38
                                                                    return a*a;
   3.6 Primes
                                                              39
                                                              40
                                                                 ld norm(const Pt &a) {
1 | /* 12721, 13331, 14341, 75577, 123457, 222557, 556679
                                                                    return sqrt(norm2(a));
   * 999983, 1097774749, 1076767633, 100102021, 999997771 41
Pt perp(const Pt &a) {
   * 1010102101, 1000000000039, 100000000000037
                                                              44
                                                                    return Pt(-a.y, a.x);
                                                              45
  * 2305843009213693951, 4611686018427387847
                                                                 Pt rotate(const Pt &a, ld ang) {
                                                              46
7 * 9223372036854775783, 18446744073709551557 */
8 int mu[N], p_tbl[N];
                                                              47
                                                                    return Pt(a.x*cos(ang)-a.y*sin(ang), a.x*sin(ang)+a.y
                                                                        *cos(ang));
9 vector<int> primes;
                                                              48 }
10 void sieve() {
                                                              49
                                                                 struct Line {
11
     mu[1] = p_tbl[1] = 1;
                                                              50
                                                                    Pt s, e, v; // start, end, end-start
     for( int i = 2 ; i < N ; i ++ ){
12
                                                                    ld ang;
       if( !p_tbl[_i ] ){
                                                              51
13
                                                                    Line(Pt _s=Pt(0, 0), Pt _e=Pt(0, 0)):s(_s), e(_e) { v }
14
         p_tbl[ i ] = i;
                                                                         = e-s; ang = atan2(v.y, v.x); }
         primes.push_back( i );
15
                                                              53
16
         mu[i] = -1;
                                                                    bool operator<(const Line &L) const {</pre>
17
                                                              55
                                                                      return ang < L.ang;</pre>
18
       for( int p : primes ){
                                                              56
         int x = i * p;
19
                                                              57 };
         if( x >= M ) break;
20
                                                                 struct Circle {
                                                              58
         p_{tbl}[x] = p;
21
                                                              59
                                                                    Pt o; ld r;
         mu[ x ] = -mu[ i ];
22
                                                                    Circle(Pt _o=Pt(0, 0), ld _r=0):o(_o), r(_r) {}
         if( i % p == 0 ){
mu[ x ] = 0;
                                                              60
23
                                                              61 };
24
25
26 } } }
                                                                 4.2 Convex Hull
27
  vector<int> factor( int x ){
28
     vector<int> fac{ 1 };
                                                               1 double cross(Pt o, Pt a, Pt b){
29
     while (x > 1)
                                                                    return (a-o) ^ (b-o);
       int fn = SZ(fac), p = p_tbl[ x ], pos = 0;
30
                                                                 }
                                                               3
       while( x \% p == 0){
31
         for( int i = 0 ; i < fn ; i ++ )
fac.PB( fac[ pos ++ ] * p );</pre>
                                                               4
                                                                 vector<Pt> convex_hull(vector<Pt> pt){
32
                                                                    sort(pt.begin(),pt.end());
33
                                                               6
                                                                    int top=0;
34
                                                                    vector<Pt> stk(2*pt.size());
35
                                                                    for (int i=0; i<(int)pt.size(); i++){</pre>
36
     return fac;
                                                                      while (top >= 2 && cross(stk[top-2],stk[top-1],pt[i
                                                               9
37 }
                                                                          ]) <= 0)
                                                                        top--;
                                                              10
        Geometry
                                                              11
                                                                      stk[top++] = pt[i];
                                                              12
   4.1 definition
```

13

for (int i=pt.size()-2, t=top+1; i>=0; i--){

```
while (top >= t && cross(stk[top-2],stk[top-1],pt[i22
                                                                                   for(int i = lgn-1; i >= 0; --i)
14
                                                                                      if(!isanc(anc[u][i], v)) u = anc[u][i];
              ]) <= 0)
           top--:
15
                                                                                    return anc[u][0]; }
                                                                                 int qdis(int u, int v){
        stk[top++] = pt[i];
                                                                          25
16
                                                                                   int dis = !isanc(u, v) + !isanc(v, u);
for(int i = lgn - 1; i >= 0; --i){
17
                                                                          26
18
      stk.resize(top-1);
                                                                          27
      return stk;
                                                                                      if(!isanc(anc[u][i], v))
19
                                                                          28
20 }
                                                                          29
                                                                                        u = anc[u][i], dis += 1 << i;
                                                                                      if(!isanc(anc[v][i], u))
                                                                          30
   4.3 Scan line
                                                                                        v = anc[v][i], dis += 1 << i; 
                                                                          31
                                                                                    return dis; } };
                                                                          32
 1 struct node1 {
      double 1, r;
                                                                                    Graph
      double sum;
 4|} cl[maxn << 3];
                                                                              6.1 DominatorTree
 5 struct node2 {
      double x, y1, y2;
                                                                            1 const int MAXN = 100010;
      int flag;
                                                                              struct DominatorTree{
                                                                              #define REP(i,s,e) for(int i=(s);i<=(e);i++)</pre>
 8 } p[maxn << 3];
   bool cmp(node2 a, node2 b) { return a.x < b.x; }</pre>
                                                                              #define REPD(i,s,e) for(int i=(s);i>=(e);i--)
10 void pushup(int rt) {
                                                                                 int n , m , s;
                                                                                 vector< int > g[ MAXN ] , pred[ MAXN ];
vector< int > cov[ MAXN ];
      if (lazy[rt] > 0) cl[rt].sum = cl[rt].r - cl[rt].l;
11
      else cl[rt].sum = cl[rt * 2].sum + cl[rt * 2 + 1].sum 7
12
                                                                                 int dfn[ MAXN ] , nfd[ MAXN ] , ts;
int par[ MAXN ]; //idom[u] s到u的最後一個必經點
13
   void build(int rt, int l, int r) {
      if (r - l > 1) {
                                                                                 int sdom[ MAXN ] , idom[ MAXN ];
int mom[ MAXN ] , mn[ MAXN ];
inline bool cmp( int u , int v )
14
                                                                          10
        cl[rt].l = s[l];
15
                                                                          11
        cl[rt].r = s[r];
build(rt * 2, l, (l + r) / 2);
build(rt * 2 + 1, (l + r) / 2, r);
16
                                                                          12
                                                                                 { return dfn[ u ] < dfn[ v ]; }
17
                                                                          13
                                                                                 int eval( int u ){
  if( mom[ u ] == u ) return u;
18
                                                                          14
19
        pushup(rt);
                                                                          15
      } else {
  cl[rt].l = s[l];
                                                                                   int res = eval( mom[ u ] );
if(cmp( sdom[ mn[ mom[ u ] ] ] , sdom[ mn[ u ] ] ))
   mn[ u ] = mn[ mom[ u ] ];
20
21
                                                                          17
        cl[rt].r = s[r];
22
                                                                          18
23
        cl[rt].sum = 0;
                                                                                   return mom[ u ] = res;
                                                                          19
24
                                                                          20
      return;}
25
                                                                                 void init( int _n , int _m , int _s ){
                                                                          21
                                                                                   ts = 0; n = _n; m = _m; s = _s;
   void update(int rt, double y1, double y2, int flag) {
26
      if (cl[rt].l == y1 && cl[rt].r == y2) {
  lazy[rt] += flag;
27
                                                                                   REP( i, 1, n ) g[ i ].clear(), pred[ i ].clear();
                                                                          23
28
                                                                          24
                                                                                 void addEdge( int u , int v ){
  g[ u ].push_back( v );
  pred[ v ].push_back( u );
29
        pushup(rt);
                                                                          25
30
        return;
                                                                          26
31
      } else {
        void dfs( int u ){
                                                                                   ts++;
dfn[ u ]_= ts;
33
34
                                                                                   nfd[ts] = u;
                                                                                   for( int v : g[ u ] ) if( dfn[ v ] == 0 ){
  par[ v ] = u;
35
        pushup(rt);
                                                                          33
36
     }}
                                                                          34
                                                                                      dfs( v );
                                                                          35
                                                                                   }
                                                                          36
         Tree
                                                                          37
                                                                                 void build(){
   5.1 LCA
                                                                          38
                                                                                   REP( i , 1 , n ){
    dfn[ i ] = nfd[ i ] = 0;
    cov[ i ].clear();
                                                                          39
   求樹上兩點的最低共同祖先
                                                                          40
   lca.init(n) \Rightarrow 0-base
   lca.addEdge(u, v) \Rightarrow u \leftrightarrow v
                                                                          41
   lca.build(root, root) \Rightarrow O(nlgn) lca.qlca(u, v) \Rightarrow O(lgn) u, v \bowtie LCA
                                                                                      mom[i] = mn[i] = sdom[i] = i;
                                                                          42
                                                                          43
   lca.qdis(u, v) \Rightarrow O(lgn) u, v 的距離 (可用倍增法帶權)
                                                                                   dfs( s );
                                                                          44
   lca.anc[u][i] \Rightarrow u 的第 2^i 個祖先
                                                                                   REPD( i , n , 2 ){
  int u = nfd[ i ];
  if( u == 0 ) continue ;
                                                                          45
 1 \mid const int MXN = 5e5+5;
                                                                          46
   struct LCA{
                                                                          47
      int n, lgn, ti = 0;
                                                                                      for( int v : pred[ u ] ) if( dfn[ v ] ){
      int anc[MXN][24], in[MXN], out[MXN];
vector<int> g[MXN];
                                                                                        eval( v );
if( cmp( sdom[ mn[ v ] ] , sdom[ u ] ) )
                                                                          49
                                                                          50
      void init(int _n){
                                                                                           sdom[u] = sdom[mn[v]];
      n = _n, lgn = __lg(n) + 5;
for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) g[i].clear(); }
void addEdge(int u, int v){ g[u].PB(v), g[v].PB(u); }54</pre>
                                                                                      cov[ sdom[ u ] ].push_back( u );
 8
                                                                                      mom[ u ] = par[ u ];
      void build(int u, int f){
                                                                                      for( int w : cov[ par[ u ] ] ){
10
                                                                          55
                                                                                         eval( w );
        in[u] = ti++;
11
        int cur = f;
for(int i = 0; i < lgn; ++i)
                                                                          57
                                                                                         if( cmp( sdom[ mn[ w ] ] , par[ u ] ) )
12
13
                                                                          58
                                                                                           idom[w] = mn[w];
        anc[u][i] = cur, cur = anc[cur][i];
for(auto i : g[u]) if(i != f) build(i, u);
                                                                                        else idom[ w ] = par[ u ];
14
                                                                          59
15
                                                                          60
        out[u] = ti++; }
16
                                                                          61
                                                                                      cov[ par[ u ] ].clear();
      bool isanc(int a, int u){
  return in[a] <= in[u] && out[a] >= out[u]; }
17
                                                                          62
                                                                                   REP(i,2,n){
18
                                                                          63
19
      int qlca(int u, int v){
                                                                          64
                                                                                      int u = nfd[ i ];
        if(isanc(u, v)) return u;
if(isanc(v, u)) return v;
                                                                                      if( u == 0 ) continue ;
if( idom[ u ] != sdom[ u ] )
20
                                                                          65
21
                                                                          66
```

12

void DFS(int u){

```
vst[u]=1;
           idom[ u ] = idom[ idom[ u ] ];
67
                                                               13
                                                                      for (auto v : E[u]) if (!vst[v]) DFS(v);
68
                                                              14
                                                                      vec.PB(u);
69
                                                              15
70 } domT;
                                                              16
                                                              17
                                                                    void rDFS(int u){
   6.2 MaximumClique 最大團
                                                                      vst[u] = 1; bln[u] = nScc;
                                                               18
                                                                      for (auto v : rE[u]) if (!vst[v]) rDFS(v);
                                                              19
1 #define N 111
                                                               20
                                                                    void solve(){
   struct MaxClique{ // 0-base
                                                               21
     typedef bitset<N> Int;
                                                               22
                                                                      nScc = 0;
                                                               23
                                                                      vec.clear();
     Int linkto[N], v[N];
                                                               24
                                                                      FZ(vst);
     int n:
     void init(int _n){
                                                               25
                                                                      for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
                                                               26
                                                                        if (!vst[i]) DFS(i);
       n = _n;
       for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++){}
                                                                      reverse(vec.begin(),vec.end());
                                                               27
8
         linkto[i].reset(); v[i].reset();
                                                               28
                                                                      FZ(vst);
                                                               29
                                                                      for (auto v : vec)
10
                                                                        if (!vst[v]){
11
                                                               30
     void addEdge(int a , int b)
                                                                          rDFS(v); nScc++;
12
                                                               31
                                                               32
     \{ v[a][b] = v[b][a] = 1; \}
13
14
     int popcount(const Int& val)
                                                              33
15
     { return val.count(); }
                                                               34 };
     int lowbit(const Int& val)
16
     { return val._Find_first(); }
17
                                                                       String
     int ans , stk[N];
int id[N] , di[N] , deg[N];
18
19
                                                                         KMP
                                                                  7.1
20
     Int cans;
     void maxclique(int elem_num, Int candi){
21
                                                                1
22
       if(elem_num > ans){
                                                               2 len-failure[k]:
         ans = elem_num; cans.reset();
for(int i = 0; i < elem_num; i ++)</pre>
23
                                                                3 在k結尾的情況下,這個子字串可以由開頭
24
                                                                 長度為(len-failure[k])的部分重複出現來表達
           cans[id[stk[i]]] = 1;
25
26
                                                                6
                                                                 failure[k]:
       int potential = elem_num + popcount(candi);
27
                                                                 failure[k]為次長相同前綴後綴
                                                               7
       if(potential <= ans) return;</pre>
28
                                                                8 | 如果我們不只想求最多,而且以0-base做為考量
       int pivot = lowbit(candi);
29
                                                                  ,那可能的長度由大到小會是
30
       Int smaller_candi = candi & (~linkto[pivot]);
                                                               10
                                                                 failuer[k] \ failure[failuer[k]-1]
       while(smaller_candi.count() && potential > ans){
31
                                                               11
                                                                  ^ failure[failure[failuer[k]-1]-1]..
         int next = lowbit(smaller_candi);
32
                                                               12
                                                                 直到有值為0為止
33
         candi[next] = !candi[next];
         smaller_candi[next] = !smaller_candi[next];
                                                               13
                                                                 */
34
                                                               14
                                                                 int failure[MXN];
35
         potential --
         if(next == pivot || (smaller_candi & linkto[next
                                                              15
                                                                 void KMP(string& t, string& p)
36
                                                               16
              ]).count()){
                                                                      if (p.size() > t.size()) return;
for (int i=1, j=failure[0]=-1; i<p.size(); ++i)</pre>
37
           stk[elem_num] = next;
                                                               17
38
           maxclique(elem_num + 1, candi & linkto[next]);
                                                              18
                                                               19
39
                                                                          while (j >= 0 \&\&_{\underline{p}[j+1]} != p[i])
40
       }
                                                               20
                                                                               j = failure[j];
41
                                                               21
                                                                          if (p[j+1] == p[i]) j++;
     int solve(){
                                                               22
42
                                                                          failure[i] = j;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i ++){
                                                               23
43
44
         id[i] = i; deg[i] = v[i].count();
                                                               24
                                                                      for (int i=0, j=-1; i<t.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                               25
45
       sort(id , id + n , [&](int id1, int id2){
                                                               26
       return deg[id1] > deg[id2]; });
for(int i = 0; i < n; i ++) di[id[i]] = i;
for(int i = 0; i < n; i ++)</pre>
                                                                          while (j \ge 0 \&\& p[j+1] != t[i])
                                                               27
47
                                                                               j = failure[j];
48
                                                               28
                                                                          if (p[j+1] == t[i]) j++;
49
                                                               29
         for(int j = 0; j < n; j \leftrightarrow ++)
                                                               30
                                                                          if (j == p.size()-1)
50
           if(v[i][j]) linkto[di[i]][di[j]] = 1;
                                                               31
51
       Int cand; cand.reset();
                                                                               cout << i - p.size() + 1<<" ";
                                                               32
52
                                                                               j = failure[j];
53
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i ++) cand[i] = 1;
                                                               33
                                                                 }
                                                               34
54
       ans = 1:
55
       cans.reset(); cans[0] = 1;
                                                                        Aho-Corasick
                                                                  7.2
56
       maxclique(0, cand);
57
       return ans;
    }
                                                                 struct ACautomata{
58
                                                               1
59 | solver;
                                                                    struct Node{
                                                                      int cnt,i;
         Strongly Connected Component
                                                                      Node *go[26], *fail, *dic;
                                                                      Node (){
                                                                        cnt = 0; fail = 0; dic=0;
1 struct Scc{
                                                                6
     int n, nScc, vst[MXN], bln[MXN];
                                                               7
                                                                        memset(go,0,sizeof(go));
     vector<int> E[MXN], rE[MXN], vec;
                                                                    }pool[1048576],*root;
     void init(int _n){
                                                               9
                                                               10
                                                                    int nMem,n_pattern;
                                                                    Node* new_Node(){
       for (int i=0; i<MXN; i++)</pre>
                                                              11
         E[i].clear(), rE[i].clear();
                                                               12
                                                                      pool[nMem] = Node();
                                                                      return &pool[nMem++];
                                                               13
     void addEdge(int u, int v){
9
                                                              14
10
       E[u].PB(v); rE[v].PB(u);
                                                               15
                                                                    void init() {nMem=0;root=new_Node();n_pattern=0;}
                                                              16
                                                                    void add(const string &str) { insert(root,str,0);
11
```

17

void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos){

```
18
        for(int i=pos;i<str.size();i++){</pre>
                                                                    26 }
          if(!cur->go[str[i]-'a'])
  cur->go[str[i]-'a'] = new_Node();
                                                                       int main() {
19
                                                                    27
20
                                                                          n = (int)strlen( gets( T ) );
                                                                    28
                                                                          T[ n ++ ] = '.'; // important bug fix!
          cur=cur->go[str[i]-'a'];
                                                                    29
21
                                                                          constructSA() ;
22
                                                                    30
23
        cur->cnt++; cur->i=n_pattern++;
                                                                    31
                                                                          return 0;
                                                                    32 }
24
25
     void make_fail(){
        queue<Node*> que;
                                                                        7.5 ParTree
26
        que.push(root);
27
        while (!que.empty()){
                                                                     1 / / len[s] 是對應的回文長度
28
          Node* fr=que.front(); que.pop();
29
                                                                     2 // num[s]是有幾個回文後綴
30
          for (int i=0; i<26; i++){
                                                                     3 // cnt[s]是這個回文子字串在整個字串中的出現次數
31
            if (fr->go[i]){
                                                                     4 // fail[s]是他長度次長的回文後綴,aba的fail是a
               Node *ptr = fr->fail;
32
                                                                       const int MXN = 1000010;
33
               while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr = ptr->fail;
                                                                       struct PalT{
               fr->go[i]->fail=ptr=(ptr?ptr->go[i]:root);
34
                                                                          int nxt[MXN][26],fail[MXN],len[MXN];
               fr->go[i]->dic=(ptr->cnt?ptr:ptr->dic);
35
                                                                          int tot,lst,n,state[MXN],cnt[MXN],num[MXN];
                                                                     8
               que.push(fr->go[i]);
36
                                                                     9
                                                                          int diff[MXN],sfail[MXN],fac[MXN],dp[MXN];
37
     } } } }
                                                                    10
                                                                          char s[MXN] = \{-1\};
38
     void query(string s){
                                                                          int newNode(int 1, int f){
  len[tot]=1,fail[tot]=f,cnt[tot]=num[tot]=0;
                                                                    11
39
          Node *cur=root;
                                                                    12
          for(int i=0;i<(int)s.size();i++){
    while(cur&&!cur->go[s[i]-'a']) cur=cur->fail;
13
40
                                                                            memset(nxt[tot],0,sizeof(nxt[tot]));
41
                                                                            diff[tot]=(1>0?1-len[f]:0);
               cur=(cur?cur->go[s[i]-'a']:root);
42
                                                                            sfail[tot]=(l>0&&diff[tot]==diff[f]?sfail[f]:f);
                                                                    15
               if(cur->i>=0) ans[cur->i]++;
43
                                                                            return tot++:
                                                                    16
44
               for(Node *tmp=cur->dic;tmp;tmp=tmp->dic)
                                                                    17
                    ans[tmp->i]++;
45
                                                                          int getfail(int x){
                                                                    18
46
     } }// ans[i] : number of occurrence of pattern i
                                                                            while(s[n-len[x]-1]!=s[n]) x=fail[x];
                                                                    19
  }AC;
                                                                    20
                                                                            return x;
                                                                    21
   7.3 Z Value
                                                                          int getmin(int v){
                                                                    22
                                                                            dp[v]=fac[n-len[sfail[v]]-diff[v]];
                                                                    23
1 char s[MAXN];
                                                                            if(diff[v]==diff[fail[v]])
                                                                    24
   int len,z[MAXN];
                                                                    25
                                                                                 dp[v]=min(dp[v],dp[fail[v]]);
   void Z_{value} { //z[i] = lcp(s[1...], s[i...])
                                                                            return dp[v]+1;
                                                                    26
     int i,j,left,right;
                                                                    27
     left=right=0; z[0]=len;
                                                                          int push(){
                                                                    28
                                                                            int c=s[n]-'a',np=getfail(lst);
     for(i=1;i<len;i++) {</pre>
6
                                                                    29
        j=max(min(z[i-left],right-i),0);
                                                                    30
                                                                             if(!(lst=nxt[np][c])){
        for(;i+j<len&&s[i+j]==s[j];j++);
                                                                    31
                                                                               lst=newNode(len[np]+2,nxt[getfail(fail[np])][c]);
9
        z[i]=i
                                                                               nxt[np][c]=lst; num[lst]=num[fail[lst]]+1;
                                                                    32
10
        if(i+z[i]>right) {
                                                                    33
          right=i+z[i];
11
                                                                    34
                                                                            fac[n]=n;
12
          left=i;
                                                                            for(int v=lst;len[v]>0;v=sfail[v])
                                                                    35
13|}
                                                                                 fac[n]=min(fac[n],getmin(v));
                                                                    36
                                                                    37
                                                                            return ++cnt[lst],lst;
   7.4 sa
                                                                    38
                                                                          void init(const char *_s){
                                                                    39
1|#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                    40
                                                                            tot=lst=n=0;
 2 using namespace std;
                                                                    41
                                                                            newNode(0,1), newNode(-1,1);
   #define N 100010
                                                                    42
                                                                             for(;_s[n];) s[n+1]=_s[n],++n,state[n-1]=push();
   char T[ N ];
                                                                             for(int i=tot-1;i>1;i--) cnt[fail[i]]+=cnt[i];
                                                                    43
           RA[N], tempRA[N], SA[N], tempSA[N], c<sub>44</sub>
   int n
        [ N ];
                                                                    45 }palt;
   void countingSort( int k ){
     int i , sum , maxi = max( 300 , n ) ;

memset( c , 0 , sizeof c ) ;

for ( i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++ ) c[ ( i + k < n ) ? RA[i
                                                                        8
                                                                             Data Structure
8
9
                                                                               Treap
                                                                        8.1
          + k] : 0 ] ++ ;
                                                                        Treap *th = nullptr
10
     for ( i = sum = 0; i < maxi; i ++) { int t = c[i]
                                                                        th = merge(th, new Treap(val)) ⇒ 新增元素到 th
     ; c[i] = sum ; sum += t ; }
for ( i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++ )
tempSA[ c[ ( SA[ i ] + k < n ) ? RA[ SA[ i ] + k ]
                                                                       th = merge(cli, new reap(val)) \rightarrow 제子及系列 th th = merge(merge(tl, tm), tr) \Rightarrow 合併 tl, tm, tr 到 th split(th, k, tl, tr) \Rightarrow 分割 th, tl 的元素 \leq k (失去 BST 性質後不能用) kth(th, k, tl, tr) \Rightarrow 分割 th, gsz(tl) \leq k ( < when gsz(th) < k) gsz \Rightarrow get size | gsum \Rightarrow get sum | th->rev ^{\text{l}} 1 \Rightarrow 反轉 th 帶懶標版本,並示範 sum/rev 如何 pull/push
11
     : 0 ] ++ ] = SA[ i ] ;
for ( i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++ ) SA[ i ] = tempSA[ i ] ;
13
                                                                        注意 Treap 複雜度好但常數大,動作能用其他方法就用,並做 io 等優化
14 }
                                                                       struct Treap{
   void constructSA(){
15
                                                                          Treap *1,
16
     for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++ ) RA[ i ] = T[ i ] -
                                                                          int pri, sz, rev;
17
                                                                          ll val, sum;
     for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++ ) SA[ i ] = i ;
for ( int k = 1 ; k < n ; k <<= 1 ) {</pre>
                                                                          Treap(int _val): l(nullptr), r(nullptr),
18
                                                                     5
                                                                            pri(rand()), sz(1), rev(0),
19
                                                                     6
        countingSort( k ); countingSort( 0 );
20
                                                                            val(_val), sum(_val){} };
        tempRA[ SA[ 0 ] ] = r = 0;
21
        22
23
        for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i ++ ) RA[ i ] = tempRA[ 13</pre>
                                                                          x->sz = gsz(x->l) + gsz(x->r) + 1;
             i];
                                                                          x \rightarrow sum = x \rightarrow val + gsum(x \rightarrow l) + gsum(x \rightarrow r);
                                                                    14
25
     }
                                                                    15
                                                                          return x; }
```

```
16 void push(Treap *x){
     if(x->rev){
17
18
       swap(x->l, x->r);
       if(x->l) x->l->rev ^= 1;
if(x->r) x->r->rev ^= 1;
19
20
21
       x - rev = 0; } }
22
23 Treap* merge(Treap* a, Treap* b){
    if(!a || !b) return a ? a : b;
24
     push(a), push(b);
25
     if(a->pri > b->pri){
26
       a \rightarrow r = merge(a \rightarrow r, b);
27
       return pull(a); }
28
29
     else{
       b->l = merge(a, b->l);
return pull(b); } }
30
31
32
   void split(Treap *x, int k, Treap *&a, Treap *&b){
33
     if(!x) a = b = nullptr;
34
     else{
35
       push(x);
36
       37
       else
38
       pull(x); } }
39
40
41 void kth(Treap *x, int k, Treap *&a, Treap *&b){
     if(!x) a = b = nullptr;
42
     else{
43
       push(x);
44
       a = x, kth(x->r, k - gsz(x->l) - 1, a->r, b);
else b = x, kth(x->l, k, a, b->l);
pull(x); } }
45
46
47
48
```

9 Others