

Software Engineering Project

Pair Strategy

Final Presentation 2021/11/11

@PHBS 331



Group 2

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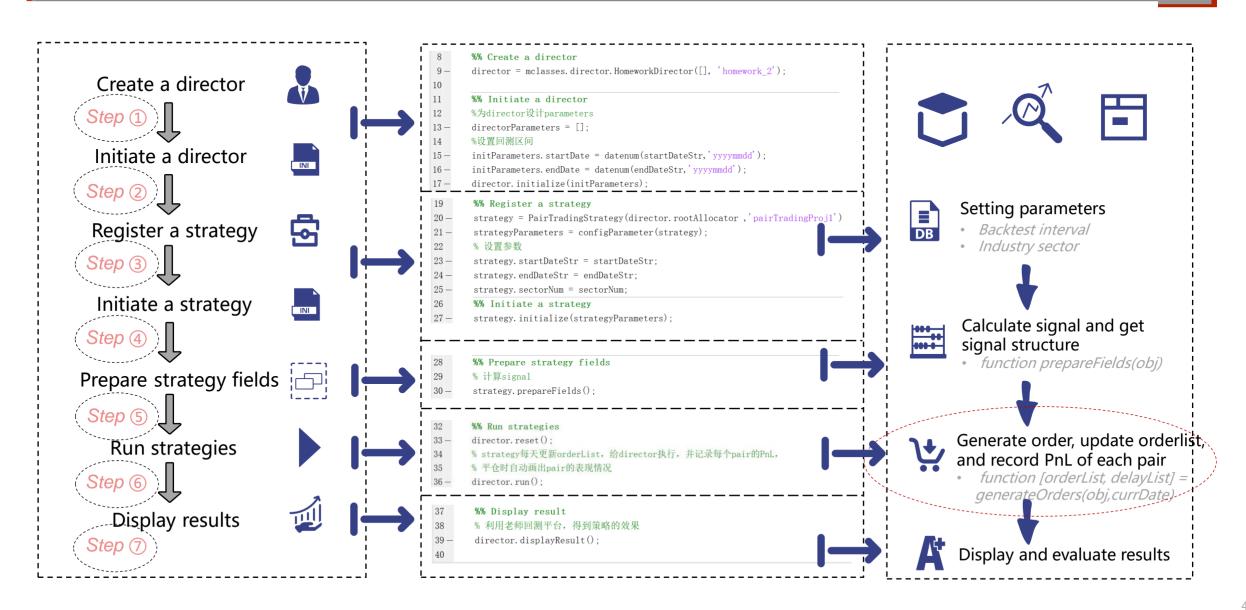
- Overview
- ☐ Details of *Signal Class*
- ☐ Details of *Strategy Class*
- ☐ Performance & Sensitivity Analysis
- ☐ Highlights & Bug Reporting



1. Overview

Overview: Form Test Perspective





Overview: Form Test Perspective



Strategy. signalStruct

K>> strategy.signalStruct ans = PairTradingSignal - 属性:

startDateStr: '20190510'

endDateStr: '20191010'

wr: 40 ws: 20

validRatio: 0.8000

entryPointBoundaryDefault: 1.8000

startDate: 737555

startDateLoc: 2029

endDate: 737708

endDateLoc: 2131

loadPriceStartDateLoc: 1971

sharedInformation: [1×1 struct]

stockUniverse: [1×1 struct]

signals: [1×1 struct]

calSignalTmp: [1×1 struct]

strategy. signalStruct.signals

validity: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

validForSmooth: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

dislocation: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

expectedReturn: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

halfLife: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

entryPointBoundary: [161×20×20 double]

beta: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

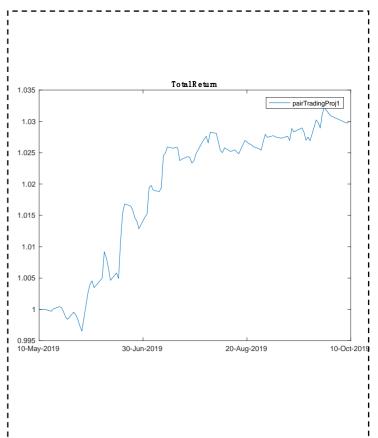
sBeta: $[161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double}]$

mu: $\lceil 161 \times 20 \times 20 \text{ double} \rceil$

sigma: [161×20×20 double]

zScoreSe: [161×20×20 double]

Results





2. Details of Signal Class

Signal Class



PairTradingStrategy

- + startDateStr: string
- + endDateStr: string
- + wr: int (40)
- + ws: int (20)
- + validRatio: float (0.8)
- + entryPointBoundaryDefault: float (1.8)
- + startDateLoc: int
- + endDateLoc: int
- + loadPriceStartDateLoc: int
- + **sharedInformation**: struct
- + **stockUniverse**: struct
- + **signals**: struct

Methods

- + **PairTradingSignal** (startDateStr: string ,endDateStr: string ,sectorNum: int): void
- + calSignals (): void
- + calSignal (currDateLoc: int,stockYLoc: int,stockXLoc: int): void
- + **testCointegration** (priceX: matrix, priceY: matrix): Boolean
- + **smoothBeta** (): struct
- + analyzeResidual(residualSe: matrix)

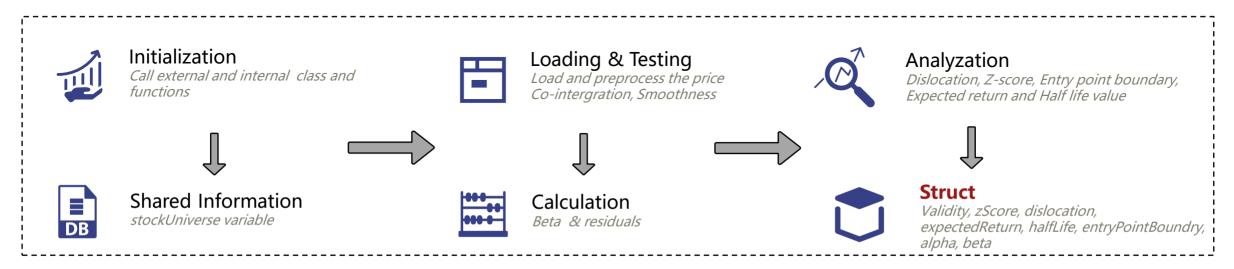
Static Methods

- + processPrice(price: matrix)
- + calResidual (sBeta: float,priceY: matrix, priceX: matrix)
- + OU_Calibrate_LS (S: matrix, delta: float)

Whole picture of pairTradingSignal



■ Summary: Signal Class is used to calculate the signal identified by strategies.



■ The information along with the pairs stock price are stored in a *struct* as follows: (250 is the number of dates and we pick 50 pairs of stocks as an example)

Name	Size	Name	Size
validity	$250 \times 50 \times 50$ double	halfLife	$250 \times 50 \times 50$ double
zScore	250 × 50 × 50 double	entryPointBoundry	250 × 50 × 50 double
dislocation	$250 \times 50 \times 50$ double	alpha	$250 \times 50 \times 50$ double
expectedReturn	$250 \times 50 \times 50$ double	beta	$250 \times 50 \times 50$ double

Whole picture of pairTradingSignal



- The output of signal is a structure, which contains the information of each pair of stocks and trading day.
- Each element is a three-dimensional matrix, corresponding to [trading date, serial number of stock A, serial number of stock B]. The specific elements are as follows:



validity: whether the pair of shares can be traded on the day



alpha: the intercept item after the regression of stock B to stock A on each trading day



zscore: calculate the residual generated after the regression of stock B to stock A in the past time window and the results after de mean standardization



beta: the coefficient value after the regression of stock B to stock A on each trading day



relocation: calculate the latest residual generated after the regression of stock B to stock A in the past time window, which is used to judge whether the signal is triggered



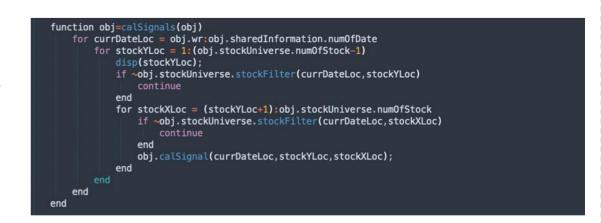
expectedreturn: calculate the expected return of each pair of stocks on each trading day



halflife: half life



entrypointboundary: the threshold value of each pair of stock transactions on each trading day. By judging the relationship between zscore and entry point boundary, select long portfolio or short portfolio, generally 2*sigma





3. Details of Strategy Class

Strategy Class



PairTradingStrategy

+ holdingStruct: struct

+ **signalStruct**: struct

+ maxNumofPairs: int

+ **holdingPairStruct** : struct

+ **closedPairStruct**: struct

+ recentPairID:: struct

+ currDate: int

+ currDateLoc: int

+ cutWin: float

+ cutLoss: float

+ **cutPeriod**: int

+ **startDateStr**: string

+ endDateStr: string

+ sectorNum: int

+ maxNumPlot: int

+ capitalAvail: int

+ capitalInit: int

+ adjERratio: float

+ prepareFields(): void

+ **generateOrders**(tradeDate): void

+ setOrder(numPairAvail): void

+ updateHoldingPairPrice(): void

+ checkHoldingPairToClosed(): void

+ adjustOrder (currAvailableCapital): void

+ adjustPairCodePosition(): void

Function PairTradingStrategy Begin

signalstruct = PairTradingSignal

initialize all struct

while currentdate <= enddate

if stockpair meets the close position condition:

put into closedpairstruct

elseif stockpair meets the

adjusted position condition:

generateorder;

elseif stockpair meets the

Generate position condition:

setorder;

Update HoldingStruct

currentdate ++

End

Properties



Struct:

- Holdingstruct: TradeDate*Stock, NetPosition, which stores the net position sum of each y to all x after regression
- Signalstruct: Calculate the signal
- Holdingpairsstruct: Record holding stock pairs' order
- **Closepairstruct**: Record closed stock pairs' order
- recentpairID: every stock pair has an unique id

Int:

- maxNumOfPairs: max numbers of pair available
- currDate: current trading date
- **Sectornum**: sector number
- Currdateloc: current date location
- Cutwin & cutloss: check if current pairpnl is larger than cutwin(%) or less than cutloss(%)
- Cutperiod: max holding days
- CapitalInit& capital available: initialize capital and available capital

Prepare Fields



- The fields to initialize all the parameters and calculate the signals.
- Initialize Object (capitalAvail, holdingPairStruct, holding struct, closedPairStruct)
 - for i = 1:length(obj.holdingPairStruct.description)-1
 - obj.holdingPairStruct.(obj.holdingPairStruct.description{i})=zeros(obj.maxNumOfPairs,1);
 - end
- Calculate signals from PairTradingSignal Class
 - obj.signalStruct = PairTradingSignal(obj.startDateStr,obj.endDateStr,obj.sectorNum);
 - obj.signalStruct.calSignals();

Generate Orders



- The fields to update daily orders' adjustment.
- UpdateHoldingPairPrice: update holding paris' price
- AdjustPairCodePosition: calculate the net position according to Long or Short and update to orderlist
- HoldingPairToClosedPair: put holding pairs to closed pairs if close position's condition meets
- Before adjusting positions, it is necessary to check close position condition!









- Close Position's condition: (if it meets the condition, close pairs and update capital available, pair → Closepairstruct)
 - (1) Judge whether the current pair is effective. If it is invalid, it will be forced to close the position
 - (2) If it works, see if it reaches cutperiod
 - (3) If you reach the stop profit or stop loss, close the position. If the profit reaches 3%, or the stop loss reaches 3%, close the position
 - (4) Update available funds after closing positions

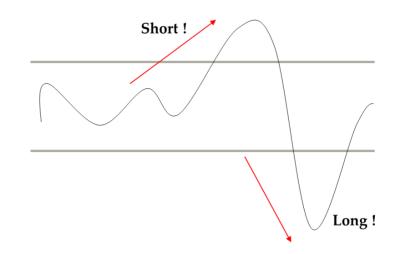
■ Adjust Position's condition:

- (1) If numpairavail equals to zero and there is no available capital, the position will be adjusted
- (2) Find the pair with the smallest ER, find the pair with 2ER in the buffer pool, and adjust the position

Set Orders



- The fields to set daily orders.
- In generate orders, we set the condition:
 - if (numPairAvail ==0) | (isempty(obj.capitalAvail))
 obj.adjustOrder();
 else
 obj.setOrder(numPairAvail);
 end



Set Order Process:

(1) Check if zscore goes across the entrypointboundary and the direction



(2) Sort by ER and add the pair according to numpairavail



(3) Update holdingpair struct and capitalavail

Why Choose Bank Sector?



- Historically, the bank index has had six excess returns. Banks have three times to surpass the market interpretation of their peers, two sideways shocks, and an excess return reflected by a sharp decline in the market.
- Some fundamental data of banking industry:
 - The growth rate of net profit of commercial banks increased, ROE generally showed a downward trend, and the PB was low

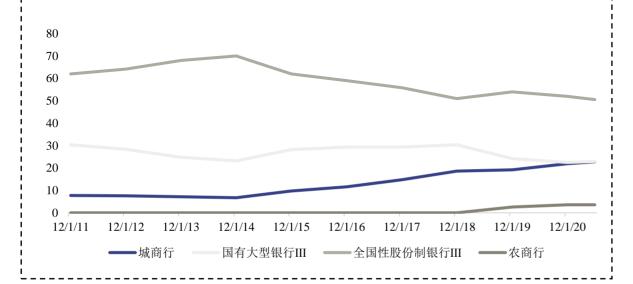




Why Choose Bank Sector?



- The bank distribution of the composite index is mainly jointstock banks, rather than state-owned banks and urban commercial banks.
- From the top ten heavyweight stocks of the sw index, China Merchants Bank accounts for a relatively high proportion of the heavyweight and industrial bank is generally in an upward trend.
- Roe of the heavyweight stocks is basically between 10% 15%, and dividend yield in the second quarter of 2021 vary not so greatly among different banks.



2011	A .	201	4 A	2018	BA	202	1H
民生银行	14.86	招商银行	15.70	招商银行	13.99	招商银行	14.98
招商银行	13.92	民生银行	15.56	兴业银行	10.67	兴业银行	12.11
浦发银行	9.77	兴业银行	11.51	交通银行	9.11	平安银行	8.89
交通银行	8.87	浦发银行	10.72	民生银行	8.15	工商银行	7.34
兴业银行	8.79	交通银行	6.52	农业银行	7.90	宁波银行	5.69
工商银行	7.89	光大银行	5.93	浦发银行	6.59	交通银行	5.45
农业银行	6.17	农业银行	5.88	工商银行	6.54	浦发银行	4.76
光大银行	5.15	平安银行	5.52	北京银行	4.76	民生银行	3.80
建设银行	5.04	工商银行	5.13	平安银行	4.61	农业银行	3.53
平安银行	4.91	北京银行	4.23	中国银行	4.36	江苏银行	3.40

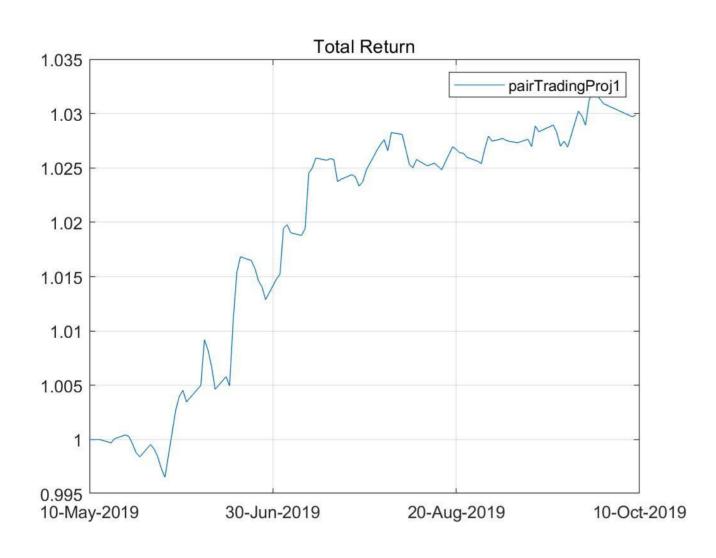
2021H	РВ	ROE* (%)	最新一期股息率 (%)
招商银行	2.04	17.32	2.21
兴业银行	0.75	15.19	3.90
平安银行	1.47	11.00	0.88
工商银行	0.67	11.68	4.74
宁波银行	2.16	15.67	1.28
交通银行	0.48	10.00	6.43
浦发银行	0.54	11.56	6.00
民生银行	0.38	10.98	4.83
农业银行	0.56	11.79	6.11
江苏银行	0.78	11.59	4.45



4. Performance & Sensitivity Analysis

Performance Display





■ Result

Sector: bank

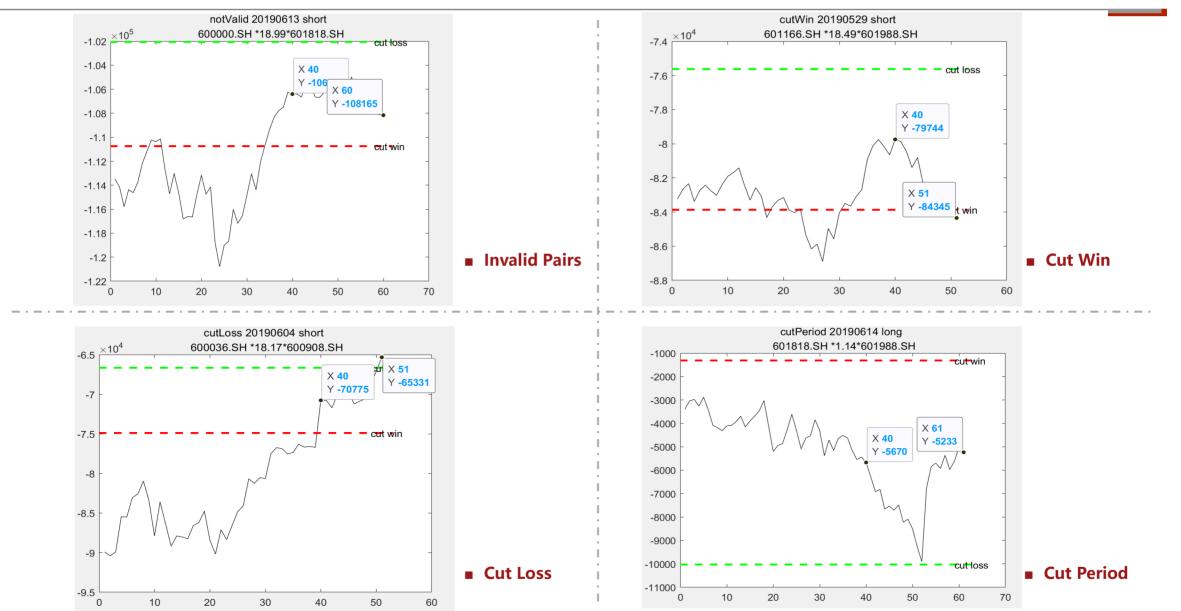
• Stock pool: 20

• Annualized rate: 7.29%

• Sharpe ratio: 1.81

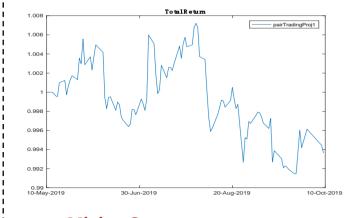
Examples of Closed a Position





Sensitivity Analysis—Different Sectors





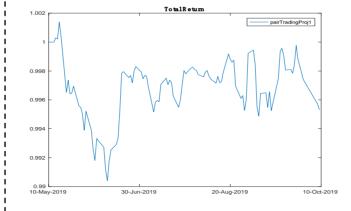
Mining Sector

- annualized return: -1.52%
- sharpe ratio: -1.71



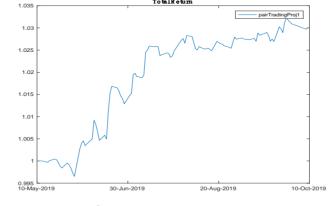
Nonferrous Metals Sector

- annualized return: 6.94%
- sharpe ratio: 1.11



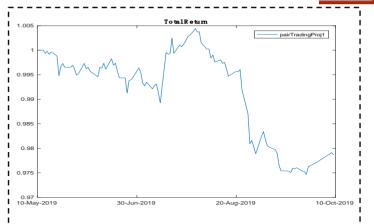
■ Chemistry Industry Sector

- annualized return: -1.12%
- sharpe ratio: -2.48



Bank Sector

- annualized return: 7.29%
- sharpe ratio: 1.81



Steel Sector

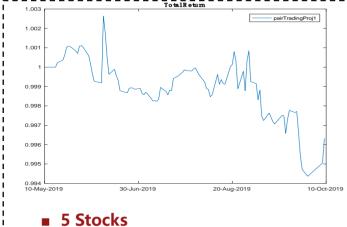
- annualized return: -5.03%
- sharpe ratio: -2.73

Note:

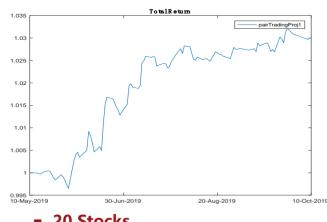
- Time period: 20190510-20191010
- Sector number: 20

Sensitivity Analysis—Different Stock Pools



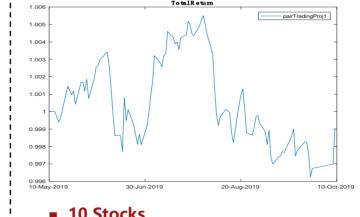


- annualized return: -0.88%
- sharpe ratio: -3.89



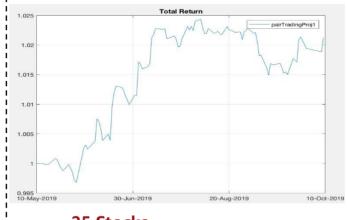
20 Stocks

- annualized return: 7.29%
- sharpe ratio: 1.81



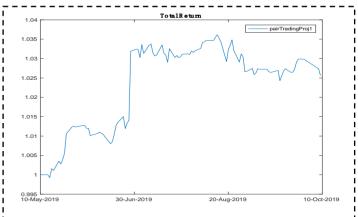
■ 10 Stocks

- annualized return: -0.23%
- sharpe ratio: -2.40



■ 25 Stocks

- annualized return: 5.15%
- sharpe ratio: 0.93



15 Stocks

- annualized return: 6.24%
- sharpe ratio: 0.89

Note:

- Time period: 20190510-20191010
- Bank Sector



5. Highlights & Bug Reporting

dataStruct Design--PairTradingSignal



- Signals
 - From the slide, it should be a *cell*, which is not sufficient!!
 - My design: use struct
 - signals.propertyName = zeros(numOfDate,numOfStock,numOfStock)

Homework #2: Signal Class

Key outputs:

- 1. A 4 dimensional array, where the dimensions represent time, stock, stock, and property respectively.
 - Question: is any higher dimension necessary?













```
obj. sharedInformation. propertyNames = {'validity', 'validForSmooth', 'dislocation', 'expectedReturn',...
'halfLife', 'entryPointBoundary', 'beta', 'sBeta', 'mu', 'sigma', 'zScoreSe'};
for i = 1:size(obj. sharedInformation. propertyNames, 2)-1
   obj. signals. (obj. sharedInformation. propertyNames {1, i}) = zeros(obj. sharedInformation. numOfDate,...
   obj. stockUniverse. numOfStock, obj. stockUniverse. numOfStock);
```

dataStruct Design--PairTradingStrategy



holdingPairStruct

- Record the information of our holding pairs
- openDate, price, position & operate → for calculate pairPriceSe → plot the performance of each pair
- Question 5: What should the internal data structure look like?
 - NOTE: In order history, only the net positions of trades are saved, where the details of individual pairs are discarded.
 - Recommending the ADJUST_LONG, ADJUST_SHORT operate types.
 - The internal data structure therefore is to keep track of the details of individual pairs, including:
 - long side (stock, quantity, open price, close price)
 - Short side (stock, quantity, open price, close price)
 - Pair properties (identifier, open date, end date, ending reason, take profit level, cut loss level, expiry date)

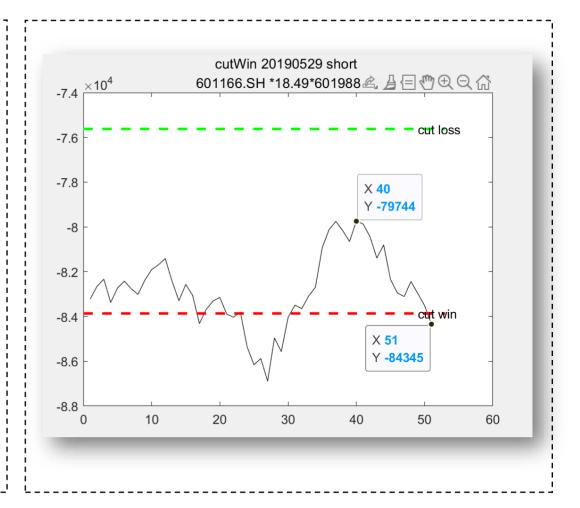
dataStruct Design--PairTradingStrategy



closedPairStruct

- Everyday check the holdingPairStuct whether to close order
- If order closed, remove this pair from **holding**PairStruct to **closed**PairStruct, then plot the performance of this pair

```
% 记录已经close了的pair的info
obj.closedPairStruct.description = {'pairID', 'openDateLoc', 'openDateNum',...
    'closeDateLoc', 'closeDateNum', 'stockYLoc', 'openPriceY', 'stockYPosition',...
    'stockYOperate', 'stockXLoc', 'openPriceX', 'stockXPosition',...
    'stockXOperate', 'closeReason', 'pairPriceSe'};
for i = 1:length(obj.closedPairStruct.description)
    obj.closedPairStruct.(obj.closedPairStruct.description{i}) = [];
end
% TODO 给closeReason设置对应的说明
obj.closedPairStruct.closeReasonDescription = {'cutWin', 'cutLoss', 'cutPeriod', 'notValid'};
```



dataStruct Design--PairTradingStrategy



holdingStruct

- Record the net position and price of each stock
- Strategy offers <u>orderList & delayList</u>

holdingPairStruct

- Pair1: stock1-stock2(long1)
- Pair2: stock1-stock3(long2)
- Pair3: stock4+stock1(short2)

holdingStruct

- position=(1,-1,-2,-2)
- In fact, short operation happens in margin account.
- →adjOrderList

```
[LongCodes, LongPosition, ShortCodes, ShortPosition] = obj. adjustPairCodePosition():
% long side
longAdjustOrder.operate = mclasses.asset.BaseAsset.ADJUST LONG:
longAd justOrder. account = obj. accounts('stockAccount'):
longAdjustOrder.price = obj.orderPriceType:
longAd justOrder.assetCode = LongCodes:
longAdjustOrder.guantity = LongPosition:
orderList = [orderList, longAdjustOrder]:
delayList = [delayList, 1]:
% short side
shortAdjustOrder.operate = mclasses.asset.BaseAsset.ADJUST SHORT;
shortAdjustOrder.account = obj.accounts('stockAccount');
shortAdjustOrder.price = obj.orderPriceType;
shortAdjustOrder.assetCode = ShortCodes:
shortAdjustOrder.guantity = ShortPosition:
orderList = [orderList, shortAdjustOrder]:
delayList = [delayList, 1];
```

Bugs!



■ Don't touch the super class TAT (in this proj...), especially when you don't know much about it.

```
%% register strategy
strategy = PairTradingStrategy(director.rootAllocator, 'pairTradingProjl');
strategyParameters = configParameter(strategy);
% 设置参数
                                                Bug!!!
strategyParameters startDateStr = startDateStr;
strategyParameters.endDateStr = endDateStr:
strategyParameters.sectorNum = sectorNum:
strategy. initialize(strategyParameters);
disp(strategy, startDateStr):
                     strategy.startDateStr: empty 0x0 double
%% register strategy
strategy = PairTradingStrategy(director.rootAllocator, 'pairTradingProjl');
strategyParameters = configParameter(strategy);
% 设置参数
strategy startDateStr = startDateStr;
strategy, endDateStr = endDateStr:
strategy.sectorNum = sectorNum;
strategy. initialize(strategyParameters);
disp(strategy.startDateStr);
                     strategy.startDateStr: 1x8 char =
                     20190510
```

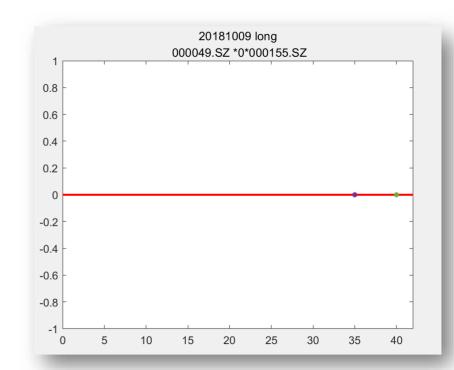


Bugs!



- setOrder: use signals, zScoreSe & entryPointBoundary
- closeOrder:
 - Signals
 - Use beta on openDate, not the smoothed beta on currDate
 - Not idealPosition due to the floor operation
 - pairPriceSe
 - obj.cutWin=0.03
 - obj.cutLoss=-0.03
 - Use pairPnL

```
% 更新pairID, 计算各种postion和ticker
pairIDrecent = pairIDrecent + 1;
loc = targetShortPairPositionLoc(i);
stockYLoc = currShortPairYLoc(loc);
stockYPosition = targetShortPairPosition(loc);
stockXLoc = currShortPairXLoc(loc);
stockXPosition = floor(stockYPosition*abs(currShortPairXBeta(loc))/100)*100;
pairER = currShortPairER(loc);
openPriceY = currShortPairYPrice(loc);
openPriceX = currShortPairXPrice(loc);
pairPrice = openPriceY*stockYPosition+openPriceX*stockXPosition;
```



Logs!



- Better to have log in your code
- Record important parameters and results
- Artificial Log...

Proj > PairTrading > res > logsLethe

名称

- 01用了新的sBeta更新zScore来止盈止损
- 02修复了sBeta的bug,未解决captialAvail的问题
- 📕 03更改了plot结果,以pairPrice画图,为解决capitalAvail的问题
- ▶ 04发现dateLoc的新bug,已解决TODO,未解决capitalAvail
- 05已解决capitalAvail的问题,目前收益均为合理的,待解决ERsort选pair
- 06选用银行,测试时间选的好xixi,年化达到7

Proj > PairTrading > res > logsLethe > 01用了新的sBeta更新zScore来止盈止损

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Thank you for listening! Thanks for the help of Jinze He and Jizhong Cao!