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Qt Quick Event

Signal & Slot

QML has a signal and handler mechanism, where the *signal* is the event and the signal is responded to through a *signal handler*. When a signal is emitted, the corresponding signal handler is invoked.

Signal in QML

```
import QtQuick 2.2
import QtQuick.Controls 1.2

Rectangle{
    width:320;
    height:240;
    color:"gray";
    Button{
        text:"Quit";
        anchors.centerIn:parent;
        onClicked:{
            Qt.quit();
        }
    }
}
```

Signal handlers

`onClicked` is signal handler, and `clicked()` is a signal; usually looks like : on

```
onClicked:{
    //TODO
}
```

Property change signal handlers

A signal is automatically emitted when the value of a QML property changes.

```
import QtQuick 2.0

Text{
    text:"Some Text";
    onTextChanged:console.log(text);
}
```

```
<Property>
on<Property>Changed
```

Attached signal handlers

An attached signal handler is a signal handler that receives a signal from an *attaching type* rather than the object within which the handler is declared.

```
import QtQuick 2.0

Rectangle {
    width: 200; height: 200
    color: Qt.rgba(Qt.random(), Qt.random(), Qt.random(), 1)

    Component.onCompleted: {
        console.log("The rectangle's color is", color)
    }
}
```

Attached Properties and Attached Signal Handlers

```
<AttachingType>.<propertyName>
<AttachingType>.on<SignalName>
```

Connections

In some cases it may be desirable to access a signal outside of the object that emits it. For these purposes, the Qt Quick module provides the Connections type for connecting to signals of arbitrary objects. A Connections object can receive any signal from its specified target.

```
import QtQuick 2.0

Rectangle {
    id: rect
    width: 100; height: 100

    MouseArea {
        id: mouseArea
        anchors.fill: parent
    }

    Connections {
        target: mouseArea
        onClicked: {
            rect.color = Qt.rgba(Math.random(), Math.random(), Math.random(), 1);
        }
    }
}
```

```
Connections{
    target: area;
    on<Signal>: function or code block;
}
```

Custom signal

Signals can be added to custom QML types through the signal keyword.

The syntax for defining a new signal is:

```
signal <name>([(<type> <parameter name>[, ...]])])
```

```
// SquareButton.qml
Rectangle {
    id: root

    signal activated(real xPosition, real yPosition)

    property int side: 100
    width: side; height: side

    MouseArea {
        anchors.fill: parent
        onPressed: root.activated(mouse.x, mouse.y)
    }
}
```

```
// myapplication.qml
SquareButton {
    onActivated: console.log("Activated at " + xPosition + "," + yPosition)
}
```

Signal connect to slot

Signal objects have a connect() method to connect a signal either to a method or another signal.

```
Rectangle {
    id: relay
    signal messageReceived(string person, string notice)
    Component.onCompleted: {
        relay.messageReceived.connect(sendToPost)
        relay.messageReceived.connect(sendToTelegraph)
        relay.messageReceived.connect(sendToEmail)
        relay.messageReceived("Tom", "Happy Birthday")
    }
    function sendToPost(person, notice) {
        console.log("Sending to post: " + person + ", " + notice)
    }
    function sendToTelegraph(person, notice) {
```

```

        console.log("Sending to telegraph: " + person + ", " + notice)
    }
    function sendToEmail(person, notice) {
        console.log("Sending to email: " + person + ", " + notice)
    }
}

```

There is a corresponding `disconnect()` method for removing connected signals:

```

Rectangle {
    id: relay
    //...

    function removeTelegraphSignal() {
        relay.messageReceived.disconnect(sendToTelegraph)
    }
}

```

Signal to Signal Connect

By connecting signals to other signals, the `connect()` method can form different signal chains.

```

Rectangle {
    id: forwarder
    width: 100; height: 100

    signal send()
    onSend: console.log("Send clicked")

    MouseArea {
        id: mousearea
        anchors.fill: parent
        onClicked: console.log("MouseArea clicked")
    }

    Component.onCompleted: {
        mousearea.clicked.connect(send)
    }
}

```

output:

```

MouseArea clicked
Send clicked

```