

Theatres and Entertainment venues Data Analysis of Paris

1. Introduction/Business Understanding

1.1 Description of the problem

The business problem we are currently helping clients to solve is: how a choose a district to open a new theatre in Paris.

1.2 Discussion of the background

Whatever 'golden era' means to you, the roaring twenties, the swinging sixites.... Paris theatres attract visitor worldwide not only because of their high-quality shows not also because of their ultra-rich history. Discovering a play or musical in a historical Parisian monument is a great alternative to the Parisian monuments/museums overrated tourist traps. Visitors might discover a theatre

commissioned by Queen Marie Antoinette, a modern theatre-cinema which hosted Orson Welles and Picasso; We could go on and on!

For those interested in learning about the French way of life, there's truly no better way to do so than by experiencing it first-hand, alongside a Parisian audience: think shows about Edith Piaf (complete with her repertoire), Molière's and Rostand's most famous masterpieces, and modern and sometimes risque, quintessentially Parisian vaudevilles. Theatre in Paris is the answer to all your burning questions about the French!

Our clients, investors in entertainment -related industry, would like to choose one among the 20 districts to open a new theatre.

Questions that can be asked using the above-mentioned datasets¶

- How many theatres and entertainment venues in Paris?
- How are they located in Paris?
- Which areas have large number of theatres?
- Do existed theatres or entertainment venues impact our choice?
- What is the best area if open a new theatre?

Data requirements

For this project we need the following data:

a. List of Theatres and entertainment venues in Paris that contains list Locality and district information.

Data source:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of theatres and entertainment venues in Paris Description: This data set contains the required information.

b. 20 district geometry information with latitude and longitude.

Data source: http://www.cartesfrance.fr

Description: we will use this data set to explore district locality of Paris. No direct

listed information available, we got this information and formed a csv file.

c. Nearby places in each locality of Paris.

Data source: Fousquare API

Description: By using this api we will get all the venues in each district.

3. Methodology

3.1 Data Preparation

3.1.1 List of theatres and entrainment venues in Paris from Wikipedia:

We first used <u>List of theatres and entertainment venues in Paris</u> from Wikipedia to scrap the table to create a data-frame. For this, we used pandas to transform the data in the table on the Wikipedia page into a dataframe containing 138 names of the theatres, District (Arrt), Present use. We started as below:

	Name	Address	Arrt	Opened	Seats	Present use	Notes
0	AccorHotels Arena	NaN	12th	1984	17000	concerts	formerly Palais omnisports de Paris-Bercy and
1	Aktéon	NaN	11th	1986	60	theatre (plays), concerts	NaN
2	Alhambra	NaN	11th	2008	530	music hall	formerly Théâtre Art Déco des Cheminots
3	Artistic-Athévains	NaN	11th	1913	220	theatre (plays)	formerly Folies Artistic, Artistic Concert, Ar
4	Ateliers Berthier	NaN	6th	2003	500	theatre (plays)	second stage of the Théâtre de l'Odéon
133	Le Trabendo	211, avenue Jean Jaurès	19th	NaN	700	concerts	NaN
134	Le Trianon	NaN	18th	1895	1000	concerts	formerly Trianon-Concert, Trianon-Théâtre, Théâ
135	Les Trois Baudets	NaN	18th	NaN	250	concerts, chanson	NaN
136	Vingtième Théâtre	NaN	20th	NaN	245	general use	NaN
137	Le Zèbre de Belleville	NaN	11th	1939	199	cabaret, concerts	NaN

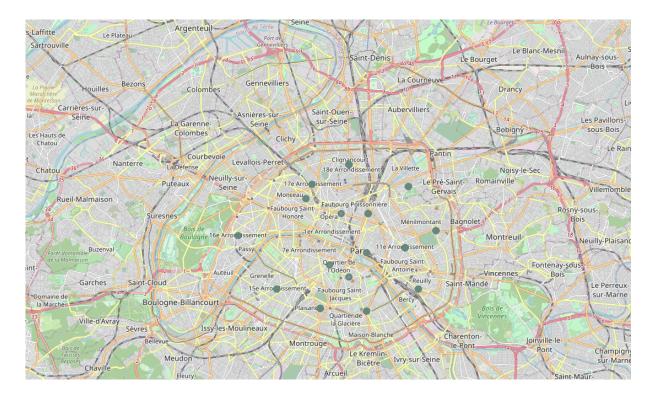
3.1.2 Getting Coordinates of the 20 Districts:

Next objective is to get the coordinates of these 20 districts using information found from http://www.cartesfrance.fr, there wasn't any synthetic information, got this information manually and formed a csv file.

	Arrt	Latitude	Longitude
0	1th	48.864	2.331
1	2th	48.867	2.34
2	3th	48.864	2.362
3	4th	48.856	2.356
4	5th	48.846	2.345
5	6th	48.851	2.333
6	7th	48.857	2.32
7	8th	48.878	2.318
8	9th	48.872	2.34
9	10th	48.872	2.357
10	11th	48.858	2.38
11	12th	48.841	2.388
12	13th	48.832	2.356
13	14th	48.833	2.327
14	15th	48.841	2.3
15	16th	48.863	2.276
16	17th	48.884	2.322
17	18th	48.892	2.345
18	19th	48.883	2.382
19	20th	48.865	2.399

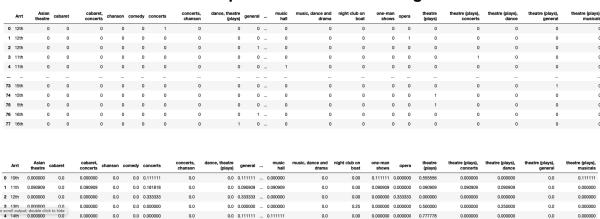
3.1.3 Folium

We used python folium library to visualize geographic details of Paris and its 20 districts and I created a map of Paris. I used latitude and longitude values to get the visual as below:



3.2. Exploratory Data Analysis:

3.2.1 Create a data-frame with pandas one hot encoding for the Present use.

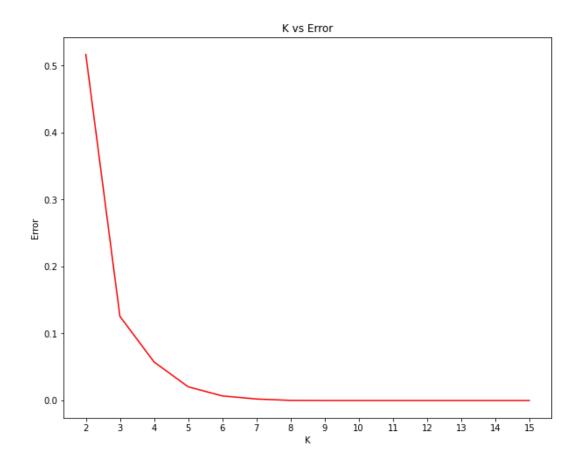


3.2.2 Output each district (Arrt) along with the top 5 most common venues:

	Arrt	theatre (plays)
0	10th	0.555556
1	11th	0.090909
2	12th	0.000000
3	13th	0.500000
4	14th	0.777778

3.2.3 Use clustering (KMeans)

These prescriptive analytics to help investors decide a location to open a theatre.



Finally, we try to cluster these 20 districts based on the present use and use K-Means clustering. So, our expectation would be based on the similarities of present use, these districts will be clustered. We have used the code below:

```
# sort the results by Cluster Labels
print(to_merged.shape)
to_merged.sort_values(["Cluster Labels"], inplace=True)
to_merged
```

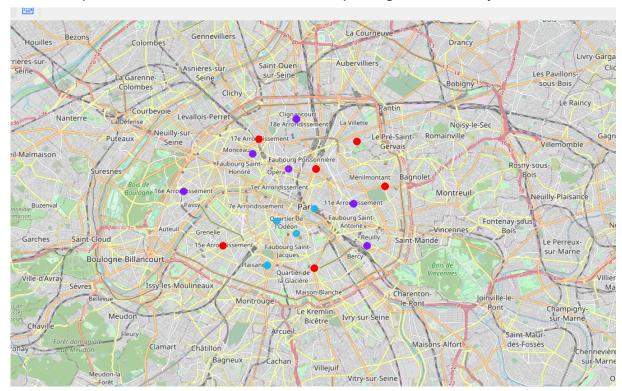
(78, 7)

1:

	Arrt	theatre (plays)	Cluster Labels	Name	Present use	Latitude	Longitude
0	10th	0.555556	0	Théâtre des Bouffes du Nord	theatre (plays)	48.872	2.357
3	13th	0.500000	0	Théâtre 13	theatre (plays)	48.832	2.356
3	13th	0.500000	0	Théâtre du Lierre	theatre (plays), dance	48.832	2.356
5	15th	0.333333	0	Palais des Sports	general	48.841	2.3
5	15th	0.333333	0	Théâtre Silvia-Monfort	theatre (plays), general	48.841	2.3
4	14th	0.777778	2	Théâtre le Guichet Montparnasse	theatre (plays)	48.833	2.327
4	14th	0.777778	2	Théâtre Montparnasse	theatre (plays)	48.833	2.327
4	14th	0.777778	2	Théâtre Rive Gauche	theatre (plays)	48.833	2.327
4	14th	0.777778	2	La Comédie Italienne	theatre (plays)	48.833	2.327
4	14th	0.777778	2	Théâtre de la Gaîté-Montparnasse	theatre (plays)	48.833	2.327

78 rows v 7 columns

We can represent these clusters in a leaflet map using Folium library as below:



4. Results

We got a glimpse of the Theatres and entrainments venues in Paris and were able to find out some interesting insights which might be useful to investors with business interests. Let's summarize our findings:

- 138 Theatres and entrainments venues in Paris.
- 26 Play Theatres in Paris.
- Play Theatres are widely located in all Paris, there's no a dominated district.
- 13th and 15th have the least Play Theatres, which might be a wise choice for our investors.

5. Discussion Section

The major purpose of this project, is to suggest a better district in Paris to open a play theatre. Social presence in society in terms of like-minded people. Connectivity to the airport, bus stand, city center, markets and other daily needs things nearby.

This Capstone project can be continued for making it more precise in terms to the connectivity of each theatres and find out how businesses impact each other (cafés, restaurants, stores and theatres) and build a better social-based urban ecosystem.

6. Conclusion

Working through this Capstone project, I found that there are many real-life problems or scenarios where data can be used to find solutions to those problems. Like seen in the example above, data was used to analysis entertainment industry in the 20 districts in Paris, to better fit people's needs as well as those of investors. The results can help to decide about the district that fit the most his needs.

I feel rewarded with the efforts and believe this course with all the topics covered is well worthy of appreciation.

I have made use of some frequently used python libraries to scrap web-data, use Foursquare API to explore the districts information in Paris and saw the results of segmentation of districts using Folium leaflet map.

This project has shown me a practical application to resolve a real situation that has impacting personal and financial impact using Data Science tools.

Libraries Which are Used to Develope the Project:

Pandas: For creating and manipulating dataframes.

Folium: Python visualization library would be used to visualize the neighborhoods cluster distribution of using interactive leaflet map.

Scikit Learn: For importing k-means clustering.

JSON: Library to handle JSON files.

XML: To separate data from presentation and XML stores data in plain text format.

Geocoder: To retrieve Location Data.

Beautiful Soup and Requests: To scrap and library to handle http requests.

Matplotlib: Python Plotting Module.

GitHub Link of Complete Project : https://github.com/daily92000/Capstone-Project---The-Battle-of-Neighborhoods

Jupyter Notebook Link for code: https://eu-gb.dataplatform.cloud.ibm.com/analytics/notebooks/v2/9ccb95cf-a50f-4097-8655-84d60c799d9a?projectid=8ad0418b-1fa1-4959-9976-24365fe6b44f&context=cpdaas