REPORT OF INVESTIGATION AND FINDINGS Allegations of Violation of the University of California Sexual Harassment Policy Residential and Student Service Programs, University Village January 2013

On September 19, 2012 in Residential and Student Service Programs (RSSP), contacted Title IX Officer Denise Oldham to relay concerns that had been brought to him by two temporary employees. and reported to on Tuesday, September 18, 2012 that they had witnessed James Kohlstedt engaged in sexual activity with two unidentified people in a vacant apartment at University Village, Albany on Friday, September 14, 2012.

Given that the behavior described could constitute a possible violation of University policies, Campus Title IX Officer Denise Oldham and RSSP Employee Relations Manager Javier Gonzalez conducted an investigation. Given the serious nature of the behavior described in the allegations, Kohlstedt was placed on investigatory leave.

II. Jurisdiction

The Title IX Compliance Officer has campus-wide responsibility for responding to sex discrimination complaints and implementation of the University Policy on Sexual Harassment and Complaint Resolution Procedures, which includes the investigation and resolution of complaints received from faculty, staff and students.

III. Applicable Policy

The University of California Policy on Sexual Harassment defines sexual harassment as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects a person's employment or education, unreasonably interferes with a person's work or educational performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working or learning environment. In the interest of preventing sexual harassment, the University will respond to reports of any such conduct.

Sexual harassment may include incidents between any members of the University community, including faculty and other academic appointees, staff, coaches, housestaff, students, and non-student or non-employee participants in University programs, such as vendors, contractors, visitors, and patients. Sexual harassment may occur in hierarchical relationships or between peers, or between persons of the same sex or opposite sex.

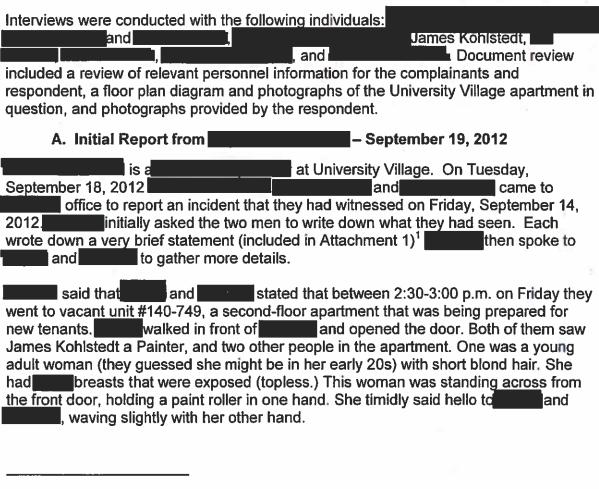
In determining whether the reported conduct constitutes sexual harassment, consideration shall be given to the record of the conduct as a whole and to the totality of the circumstances, including the context in which the conduct occurred. A full copy of the Policy is included in Appendix 1.

IV. Summary Findings

Based on the totality of the evidence gathered, the investigator determines that there is sufficient information to support a finding that it is more likely than not that RSSP Painter James Kohlstedt engaged in sexual activity that created a hostile working environment for former RSSP and and and will involve in its policy on Sexual Harassment.

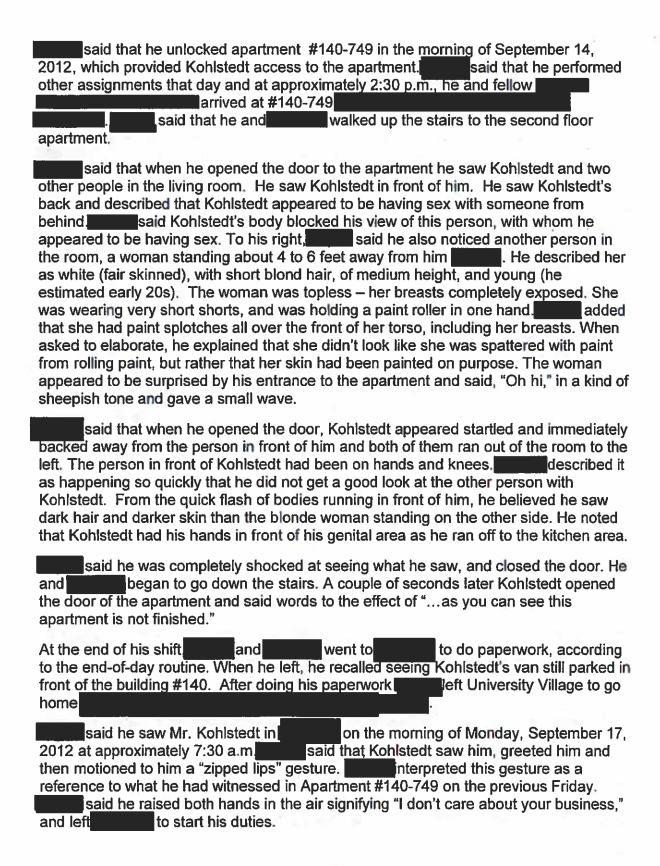
A detailed discussion of these findings is included in Sections VI and VII.

V. The Investigation



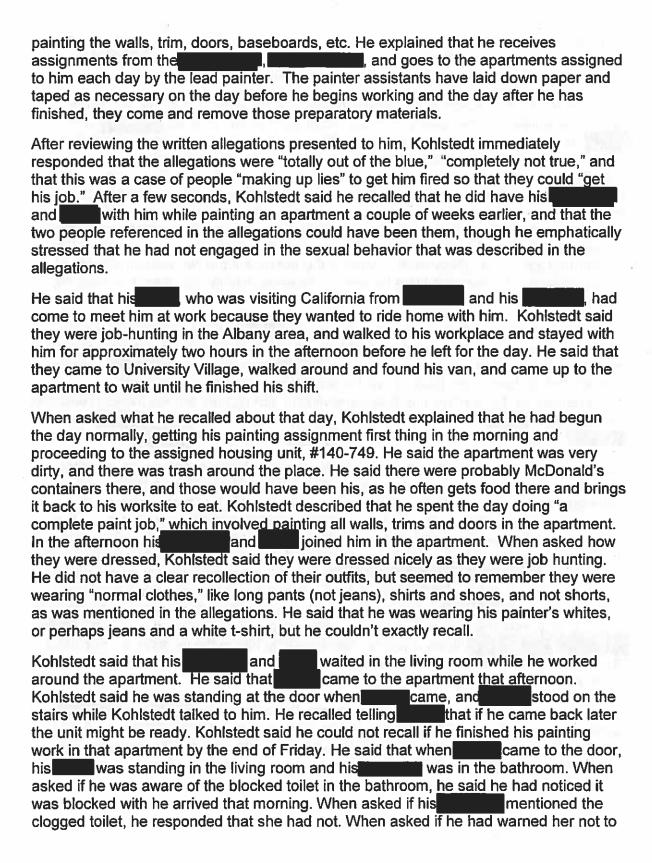
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They told that they saw Kohlstedt kneeling on the floor and appearing to mount another person. James was otherwise clothed, but appeared to withdraw from the other person and cover his genital area a second or two after and opened the door. Both described body motions by Kohlstedt that indicated he and the person in front of him were sexually aroused, if not in a sexual act. Because Kohlstedt's back was to the door, they did not see private parts; but when asked about it, made gestures showing Kohlstedt may have withdrawn and covered his genitals or 'zipped' up. described that, upon hearing the door open, Kohlstedt and the other person immediately ran into the hallway, toward the kitchen area. He said they ran "like a flash" and he did not get a good look at the other person, but noted they were dark-haired, and appeared to be holding clothing as they ran out of the room. Said that his view was slightly obscured, as he was standing behind in the doorway, and did not have as clear a view of Kohlstedt and the other person as he did of the blond topless woman standing to the right.
both described that after witnessing this scene they backed out of the doorway, closed the door, and they turned to leave. After descending a few stairs, James opened the front door and told them something like, "Obviously the apartment's not ready." and told that they did not see Kohlstedt during the rest of that day. They clocked out and left for the day at the normal time, about 3:45 p.m. They said they left about 10 minutes early that day, and also commented that they frequently ride together, as both happen to live in and stated that when they came to work on Monday, September 17, 2012, they separately saw Kohlstedt at morning check-in. Both of them independently observed that he acted "like nothing ever happened."
Unable to complete their work that Friday, they returned to work in the same apartment on Monday, September 17, 2012, to find the toilet completely backed up. Both men were bothered by this, as it had not been in that state before.
B. Interviews with the Complainants
— September 20, 2012
is employed by services. has worked at services and during that time has completed various assignments on the campus, in the capacity of and
said that he was given a work assignment by UC employee and on September 14, 2012 to "a vacant Apartment #140-749, located at University Village, Albany. stated that his job was James Kohlstedt, the main painter, had finished painting the interior of the apartment.



Since the interior painting was not finished in Apartment #140-749 on Friday, September 14, and and returned to that unit on Monday, September 17, in the afternoon at approximately 2:30 p.m. to complete their tasks. said they entered the apartment and found it to be in disarray. He said that there were McDonald's food wrappers strewn all over the living room and that the toilet was clogged with feces and food wrappings.
On Tuesday, September 18, 2012, said he experienced another incident that he described that he and exited a building in which they had been working to go to their van. When they arrived at the vehicle, he saw a happy face spray painted with primer on the windshield. Martinie cleaned it off. said that Kohlstedt joked with him later, asking if he had seen the happy face he (Kohlstedt) had painted. interpreted this incident of vandalism as another intimidating message from Kohlstedt (the first being the "zipped lips" gesture). Later that day, and another reported the September 14 incident to
- September 20, 2012
worked for UC in a temporary position as a great state of the state of
explained he had been assigned to work with fellow to prepare and clean up several apartments.
was the career painter working on Apartment #140-749.
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described that at approximately 2:30 p.m., he and arrived at #140-749 to perform their duties as assigned. He said they parked their van in front of the building and went up the stairs to the second floor, where this apartment was located. Walked behind up the stairs. He had the key. Said he expected the interior painting to be finished, and thus the apartment to be empty. Opened the door with his key. The front door opens into the living room. Standing behind saw a woman on one side of the living room, to his right. He immediately noticed that she was topless and holding a paint roller. When asked if he could describe her, he responded that he was shocked at the sight of her completely exposed breasts, and noticed little more than that she was white (Caucasian) and blond. He said he stared in disbelief for a few seconds, and stressed that given his surprise of finding someone in that state of undress in the apartment, he noticed little else but the fact that she was topless.
was behind him looking over his shoulder.

On the other side of the room he caught a very brief glimpse of Kohlstedt, who had his back to the door. Said that from Kohlstedt's body position he appeared to have mounted someone from behind, although he could not see the person in front of Kohlstedt. He recalled Kohlstedt was wearing his "painter's whites" and a white or light colored t-shirt. The heard some noises that sounded like movement but did not see much else as began backing out of the apartment to shut the door. Said looked at him with a "flustered" look on his face, sighed and the two of them began to go downstairs, as it was clear there was no work they could do in the apartment. After they had taken a few steps down on the staircase they heard the apartment door open and saw Kohlstedt standing in the doorway. Said Kohlstedt said something about the apartment "obviously" not being ready.
noted that Kohlstedt was not with the rest of the group at the end of the shift, and when he and left at about 4p.m., they both looked over and saw Kohlstedt's UC van still parked in front of the building. He explained that one could easily see that building from the parking lot that is adjacent to
When he and returned to #140-749 on the afternoon of Monday September 17 for another attempt at said they found the apartment to be "a complete mess." He said it was not in that state when they'd seen it on Friday. He described that there food containers and wrappers all over the floor and that the toilet was blocked with more wrappers and also with feces.
When saw Kohlstedt at the morning check-in on Monday, September 17, 2012, Kohlstedt appeared as "if nothing ever happened." Later that day seem told about his encounter with Kohlstedt in which he had seen Kohlstedt make the "zipped lips" gesture. The following day, Tuesday, September 18, 2012, when he and found the happy face spray-painted on their work vehicle, made up his mind that he needed to report what they had seen on September 14, 2012.
C. Interview with the Respondent
James Kohlstedt – September 26, 2012
James Kohlstedt has a career position as a Painter in RSSP. He is currently assigned to University Village, Albany. Kohlstedt has been in this job classification since 2005, and held other positions at UC before that. Kohlstedt attended the meeting with representative from the and who also acts as for the described his current tasks at University Village as doing "the complete paint job" in empty apartments, i.e.,



use the toilet because it was blocked he said he didn't specifically recall doing so, but perhaps he had. He said that he "was not paying attention to what his was doing in the bathroom," and that "maybe she was putting on her makeup."

When asked if anyone else in University Village saw his visitors that day, Kohlstedt said that it was unlikely. When asked for more information about what his and and did during the two hours they were with him in the apartment, he said that they "hung out," and spent their time talking to each other, "joking and giggling." The investigators asked if there was any furniture in the apartment or anywhere to sit and Kohlstedt replied that there was not. He was asked if the two women stood for two hours in the empty apartment, given that there was wet paint everywhere and no place to sit. He said that they did, and then added that they went in and out of the apartment, sometimes sitting in the van, perhaps playing games on their phones and talking. When questioned again, he reiterated that while in the apartment the two women just stood in the living room. He reiterated that he wasn't closely watching over them because he was working.

Kohlstedt said that on Tuesday of that same week, that had taped "a doll" on the antennae of his van, as a joke. Kohlstedt found it funny, and as a return joking gesture, he spray-painted the happy face on the van drove. He recalled laughing about it "a little later." He stressed that he considered this a harmless prank, characteristic of the general informality and playful atmosphere among the workers, and particularly of whom he referred to as a "jokester." He said both and had acquired "goofy nicknames."

Kohlstedt stated several times during the interview that family members have visited him at the workplace many times (he estimated "30 to 40 times" since 1996). He claimed that this was never a problem before. He also said that many people were aware of his family visits to the workplace and that other colleagues had family visits, i.e., it was well known in the department that visits from family to the worksite was an acceptable practice. When asked for examples of people who knew of his practice. he was well aware of the visits from Kohlstedt's replied that often had his own son with him at work, sometimes family members, and that in his UC truck. When asked for other names of others who riding around with could corroborate this common understanding and practice, Kohlstedt said his knew about his family visiting him in the workplace. Kohlstedt then declined to reveal he names of any others he knew who had family visit their workplace, as it now appeared he might "get someone in trouble" for doing so.

The investigators asked Kohlstedt for contact information for his and and entered, to enable them to seek corroborating evidence of his claims about the alleged activity in the apartment on September 14, 2012. He said he would consider the request. The investigators also asked for photographs of these two individuals. Again, he said he would think about it.

Follow up Communications from Kohlstedt

On October 3, 2012 Kohlstedt's interview, he sent an email to HR Manager Gonzalez in which he stated,

"In response to your request [sic]. The only thing I am willing to provide to the university at this time is a photo of my specific [sic] and size [sic]. When I spoke with each of them about the possibility of speaking with you, they both refuse [sic] and are highly upset along with the rest of regarding these charges...

On October 12, 2012, Kohlstedt emailed two jpeg files to HR Manager Gonzalez. In his transmission email text, he stated,

"Here are the pictures you requested... My is about about the feet and has blonde hair. My is about the feet tall with brown hair..."

Printed copies of the jpeg files are included in Attachment 2.

In the same email message, Kohlstedt stated the following in reference to

"...l got a call from an employee stating that the same person lied about and something about her vacation, if you would look into this, it would be appreciated as this could show a pattern of this person lying...."

D. Follow up Interviews with the Complainants

- September 28, 2012

was asked again about the happy face incident. Specifically he was asked to respond to Kohlstedt's claim that the happy face was part of a larger prank, during which had tied a "doll" to Kohlstedt's van antennae. Kohlstedt said since had admitted tying the doll to the antennae, he painted the happy face on van in response to the prank. denied having any part of the incident with the doll. He explained that on Monday, September 17, 2012, staff were joking about a toy (similar to one found in a fast food "Happy Meai") that someone had attached to Kohlstedt's antennae. That had heard the culprit might have been a painter called had heard the had had no part in the incident and denied telling Kohlstedt that he had done it. He said he had not discussed that incident with Kohlstedt at all.
was also asked to respond to Kohlstedt's assertion that the allegations against him were fabricated in order to get him fired, so that the complainants could take his job said that he had always worked with and had not sought direct employment with the University. He said his employment with continues even though his assignment at University Village has ended, so he is in

no need of a job. He pointed out that he had worked in many places on campus and has good relationships with employees there, and has absolutely no reason to "make trouble" by lying about someone he barely knows.

- September 28, 2012 and October 5, 2012 was asked to respond to the claim that he had fabricated this information in an attempt to get Kohlstedt fired and try to move into his position. motivation of this kind. He replied that when he interviewed for the job at University Village, and also after he began working, stressed that the job was temporary. The end date never changed and had never expected it to change. He added that when he began working at University Village he noted that there were two other painters with temporary assignments. and who had far more seniority and experience working at the Painter (as opposed to had always assumed that "there were at least those two [people] in front of him, and thus never developed any expectation of permanent work as a painter. He also pointed out that he already had another job lined up that would begin after his UC assignment ended on E. Interviews with Witnesses October 1, 2012

has worked at UC since May 2010. He met Kohlstedt shortly after he arrived on campus, as the latter was a temporary lead painter wher joined the RSSP painting crew. commented that when Kohlstedt worked for him (when became a his work was "satisfactory." He also said that Kohlstedt is "the best refinisher" he knows.

At the beginning of the meeting, when the investigators explained to that the campus was exploring concerns about Kohlstedt's workplace behavior commented that the situation probably had to do with "a guy having problems." When asked to elaborate on that statement, said that the problems were not something he knew about "firsthand," and that "everyone knows" Kohlstedt is having a rough time. The investigators asked if he was aware of a regular practice of facilities employees being visited by family members on the job site, or bringing family members to work. The said responded that this was not an accepted practice. He said that his understanding is that visits to facilities job sites are discouraged, for obvious safety reasons. He commented that apartments in that state of repair are no place for visitors. He specifically pointed out that the fumes from paint and spray texture would be unpleasant, that there was equipment around that could be hazardous for a visitor to trip over, and that there is absolutely no place to sit.

When asked to respond to Kohlstedt's assertion that knew that Kohlstedt's or had stopped by his worksite 30 or 40 times replied that he did not know that. Said that he had not met Kohlstedt's and that Kohlstedt had never mentioned his to him. So did say he had seen Kohlstedt's had

then said that recently he had had to approach Kohlstedt about having a visitor at work. When asked to elaborate, he said that about a month and a half ago, he saw Kohlstedt "talking to some girl" at the Manville apartments at lunch time. Said that he "told [Kohlstedt] point blank that he could not have people on the job site. Recalled Kohlstedt saying that the woman was his who "needed a place to stay" and had been "shopping all day." Said he nevertheless repeated to Kohlstedt that visitors were not allowed on the job site. When asked if he could provide a description of the woman, said he recalled her being "shorter," perhaps 5 feet tall, "dark," with "dark brown hair with streaks in it."
- October 5, 2012
the painting process in which the complainants and respondent participate as follows: at the beginning of each shift (7:30 a.m. to 4 p.m.) gives out keys to painter assistants, who proceed to those units to prepare them for painting. Preparation tasks include applying tape for trim painting, and putting down drop cloth sheets and trim paper. When painter assistants finish the preparation, they leave. Then career painters come in and do interior painting in the units. At the end of the day the painter assistants return to the newly painted units to remove tape, drop cloths and trim paper, and do other kinds of general clean up work. At the end of the day the painter assistants return the keys to the said that he generally tries to check on the status of work in some of the apartments in the morning after distributing keys, and again at the end of the day, between 3 and 4 p.m. Sometimes, given the workload, he cannot check on the status of a unit until the following day. At the very end of the day, turns in the keys and gets the list of units to be "prepped," painted and "finished" for the following day.
confirmed that he was not at work on Friday, September 14, 2012. When he returned to work on Monday, September 17 th , 2012, he said that informed him in the morning that more work was needed on apartment #140-749
and would have to return there again that day. Later on that day, mentioned that he had found the apartment was "filthy" and that the toilet completely clogged. Toold them to call maintenance if necessary. Said he was not particularly alerted by the news that the apartment was very dirty. He said he knew Kohlstedt was having to scrape the baseboards in that unit, and assumed the messiness was due to that. He said he had received no information from or anyone else about the allegations of Kohlstedt's alleged behavior on September 14, 2012.
said he had worked with for a couple of months and with a for about a month. He had had no problems with either employee.

approached him about wanting to extend their temporary appointment, or about wanting a permanent job of any kind on campus. Stated that he was surprised to hear that and shad brought concerns forward about Kohlstedt's behavior, but saw no reason for them to fabricate information, and could think of nothing they could gain from doing so. He commented that, given the collegial atmosphere among the facilities staff, many of whom had worked together for many years, it would be "stupid" for anyone, and particularly a newcomer, to make false accusations about a co-worker, particularly a longtime staff member.
said he had known Kohlstedt professionally for many years, since before he was a painter and was part of the grounds staff. He said Kohlstedt is also a hard worker. He said he got along well with Kohlstedt at work and had not noticed any recent changes in his behavior or any problems whatsoever with his work. He said he did not know Kohlstedt on a personal level, i.e., he did not socialize with him. When asked if he was aware of a common practice of facilities staff having family members visit them at job sites, said he was not aware of any such practice. He recalled being introduced to Kohlstedt's "many years ago," when she must have been "years old, and could not remember the occasion, but was pretty sure it was not at a job site, but rather at some sort of work event, like a holiday party or something like that. He recalled she was blond, but nothing else about her.
F. More Follow Up Interviews
October 45, 2042
- October 15, 2012
was interviewed again to discuss Kohlstedt's claim that the complainants, and specifically had falsely accused him of misconduct in order to take his job raised several points in response. First, he said he had communicated as clearly as possible to both men
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permanent (himself had participated in one of these processes), and therefore, the notion of getting Kohlstedt fired so that one of them could take his job was "farfetched." Like also commented that anyone would have to assume that in this kind of work environment (i.e., featuring longtime colleagues with solid professional and sometimes personal relationships); bringing false accusations like these against a co-worker would seriously damage the accuser's reputation in the workplace said that one would have to further assume that this damaged reputation would precede the accuser in a RSSP hiring process for future work, which features selection committees that include other facilities staff.
Finally, noted that both and provided similar and consistent accounts of what they had seen on September 14, 2012. He recalled that had been the more reluctant of the two to provide details of what he saw. Initially stressed that he was very happy with his job at and did not want to create any problems. In the control of the two to provide details of what he saw. Initially stressed that he was very happy with his job at and did not want to create any problems. In the control of the
October 25, 2012
returned to campus for a third investigation meeting. He reviewed the photos provided by Kohlstedt, and signed a transcription of information provided in his previous interviews. This document ² is included in Attachment 3. He said he was sure that the blond woman in the photo was not the woman he saw in the apartment. He said the woman he saw looked older. When reminded that in his statement of allegations he said that he noticed little more than the fact that the woman was blond and topless, responded that while he hadn't had a long, close look at the blond woman with the paint roller, he was certain that the woman in the picture was "younger" and more "fresh faced" than the woman he saw on September 14, 2012 in apartment #140-749. When asked if he could be more specific about the differences, he recalled that the
² This document contains spelling errors that were not identified until after the signature from was obtained. "Kholsteadt" in the document refers to James "Kohlstedt," and the document refers to

woman he saw had shorter hair. He could not estimate the height of the blond woman in the photograph from the upper torso view displayed. - November 14, 2012 In his second interview. was asked to look at the dark haired woman in the photographs and indicate whether or not he had seen her on campus. didn't recognize her and had never seen her before. James Kohlstedt - November 14, 2012 In a second meeting with Kohlstedt, he was asked again if his and consider making themselves available to provide information. He reiterated that his had returned to by the time the investigation started, after having visited the Bay Area for about 4 months. The investigators clarified that an interview using photos he provided earlier were taken about a year ago. The investigators reviewed with him the information he had provided in the prior interview. He said that he recalled being in the back of the apartment painting bedroom doors, and heard the front door shut. He walked to the living room, where his him that "someone came by." He then opened the front door, saw (he stipulated that he saw only and and not an analy, and told him that the apartment wasn't ready yet.

would was "not necessary," and that he did not want to "drag them into it." He clarified that the The investigators asked Kohlstedt if he could paint a clearer picture of how his spent their time in apartment #140-749 during the hours that he was painting. The investigators pointed out that there are nearby coffee shops and other places where they could have waited for two hours while he finished painting, rather than standing in the middle of a worksite. He replied that he didn't find it unusual or strange that they would wait with him. He insisted that they stood in the middle of the living room, which he estimated to be about 15' x 12'. Kohlstedt pointed out again that his had come to visit him in the work place "many, many" times (he also used the phrase "dozens of times"). When asked if he could point out anyone else who knew of his family visits and/or engaged in this practice that he believed to be common in the department, he again offered the name of ex-employee He said that he couldn't recollect anyone telling him not to have visitors at work. Kohlstedt repeated that was not trustworthy and accused him again of fabricating the claim about seeing Kohlstedt engaged in sexual activity in the apartment on September 14, 2012. He mentioned again that he had heard that RSSP employee

had also been the target of fabrications. The investigators asked Kohlstedt how he knew of several experience. He replied that he had heard about it from a third party, but would not name the source of the information.

- November 15, 2012
is a search of the phone and told her to talk to Kohlstedt, who relayed the reasons for his current investigatory leave. When Kohlstedt told her about how had accused him of misconduct, shared that she had been negatively affected as a result of an experience in which allegedly shared inaccurate information about her. She said Kohlstedt asked her to share that information if investigators followed up with her.
said that she met in 2010. He was employed with the subcontractor, and while they worked together assisted her in projects in and around the student housing units on campus. Said that in her opinion, he had developed a reputation as a gossiper and that she believed he was responsible for her
that she believed this information to be inaccurate and complained to her supervisor in an email dated September 7, 2010 memo that was later retracted. All the referenced documents are included in Attachment 4.
G. Document Review

Investigators also reviewed a floor plan diagram and photographs of apartment #140-749, which validate both the complainants' and respondent's descriptions of the physical space provided in their interviews. These documents are included in Attachment 5.

VI. Analysis

An investigation of sexual harassment allegations seeks to answer the questions of whether the alleged behavior occurred, and if so, whether the behavior rises to the level of a violation of the University of California Policy on Sexual Harassment.

A. Did the behavior as described in the allegations occur?

The respondent denied participating in sexual activity with two unidentified individuals in a vacant apartment in University Village, and there were no other direct witnesses to the events alleged by the complainants and and Because key material facts in this case are disputed, the answer to the question of whether the alleged behavior more likely than not occurred requires an examination of the totality of the circumstances and the credibility of the parties.

In examining the credibility of both the complaining and responding parties, the following issues emerge:

Consistency and Corroboration

interviews to contact his

Throughout their multiple interviews with the investigators the complainants relayed consistent and similar accounts of what they saw and heard. Both men were interviewed separately and multiple times. Subsequent versions from each individual matched his first one, and each individual's version corroborated the other's with substantially consistent chronology and detail. Further, their characterization of events as told to the investigators also matched what they presented to in their initial report. also signed a transcription of the information he provided in his interviews, included in Attachment 2. This occurred about 4 weeks after his second interview with investigators, and after his employment with UC had ended on However, investigators were unable to reach whose employment ended on the interview notes, unsigned, is also included in same day. The transcription of Attachment 2. In his two interviews Kohlstedt shared similar versions of events. However, his story could not be corroborated by the other two individuals whom he claimed were with him

in the apartment. Despite the investigators' multiple requests in each of his two

with their names or contact details. After his first interview Kohlstedt indicated that his

investigators that it was "not necessary," and that he did not want to "drag them into it."

"refused" to participate, and in his second interview he told

and Kohlstedt refused to provide investigators

On October 12, 2012 Kohlstedt provided photos of the two individuals he claimed were in the apartment with him on the day of the alleged incident. He indicated that the blond woman in the photo was his and the dark haired was his niece. However, when shown the photographs did not identify the blond woman in the photo as the one he claimed to have seen on September 14, 2012. As stated above was not available to examine the photos.
In both of his interviews Kohlstedt maintained that it was a common practice for facilities staff to bring family to the worksite. He claimed numerous times that "everyone" knew that this was an acceptable practice, and that many people knew he engaged in that practice. When asked in both of his interviews to provide some examples of colleagues who, like him, understood that this practice of family visits was commonly accepted, he twice offered the name of a former supervisor who no longer works at UC, as well as his did not corroborate this understanding. In fact, he shared the opposite understanding from Kohlstedt's. He understood that facilities staff should not bring non-employees into a worksite, where things like machinery, tools, equipment, paint fumes, and other substances could pose health and safety risks for those not trained and authorized to use them. Further, and cited an example within the last few months where he specifically instructed Kohlstedt not to bring anyone to the worksite, after finding him in Manville Apartments with a woman whom Kohlstedt introduced as his said did not recognize the pictured woman.
Inherent plausibility and motive to falsify
While and described a scene not commonly witnessed in the workplace, it is possible that an employee could have allowed two outside individuals into the University-owned apartment. Kohlstedt's version of events is also possible. His and could have visited him in the apartment on the day in question. However, the notion of two women standing for two hours in an apartment filled with the smell of wet paint, no furniture on which to sit or rest, seems unlikely. Kohlstedt described that his and had been job-hunting all day (on foot) in the area, and had walked to his worksite to wait for him in order to ride home with him. Why not sit and wait in a coffee shop (there are numerous coffee shops in downtown Albany, just blocks from University Village)? Why stand in the middle of a room surrounded by wet paint and paint furnes? As stated above, the investigators were unable to explore these questions with these two individuals.
And and a do not have a motive to lie about what they described. Despite Kohlstedt's assertion that they (especially were trying to get him fired in order to take his job, both complainants refuted this assumption with clear explanations of already having jobs after their UC appointments ended, and not having any expectation that they would be strong candidates for any open painter's position. The information and provided in their interviews supports the complainants' positions. Neither man had heard or mention wanting to extend their temporary appointments, nor inquire about future employment possibilities. In addition, both

and independently commented that anyone making those kinds of false accusations against about a co-worker could reasonably predict a negative impact their professional credibility and prospects in that workplace.
Kohlstedt, on the other hand, has a clear motive to lie. Being found responsible for the kind of risky behavior described in the allegations could bring serious disciplinary consequences. Kohlstedt is a veteran employee who is versed enough in campus policies and procedures to be aware of this.
Past Record
Kohlstedt asserted that has a history of falsifying information about other employees, and requested that investigators speak to who could provide evidence that supported this claim. However, the information and
documentation provided by does not validate this claim.
This incident does not substantiate the contention that made a false claim against Further, the investigators did not find this or any other incident(s) establish a pattern of making false claims against other employees.
Attitude
In general, both the complainants and respondent participated cooperatively in this investigation. and participated in multiple investigation interviews before their employment ended. Although was not available to return to campus after his employment ended to sign his statement of allegations and examine the photo evidence provided by Kohlstedt, he was nonetheless consistent and credible in providing information to follow up his initial report. Conversely, when asked for access to two key witnesses that could corroborate his account of events, Kohlstedt communicated his unwillingness to have them provide any information.
The collection of these factors lead the investigators to conclude that, based on the totality of the circumstances, the complainants are more credible than the respondent. and account of what occurred on September 14, 2012 is more plausible than Kohlstedt's. Their claim was supported with more consistent, plausible information, delivered with cooperation and without a motive to lie. Information from three other witnesses supports the integrity of their statements of having no ulterior motive to exaggerate or falsify information. Kohlstedt, on the other hand, did not provide the investigators access to key sources information that could directly corroborate his different version of events, and had a clear motive to misrepresent what occurred in the vacant apartment. The investigators find his version of events less plausible than the complainants' account.

Therefore, the investigators determine that it is more likely than not that Kohlstedt engaged in sexual activity with two unidentified people in a vacant University Village apartment on September 14, 2012.

B. Did the alleged behavior constitute sexual harassment?

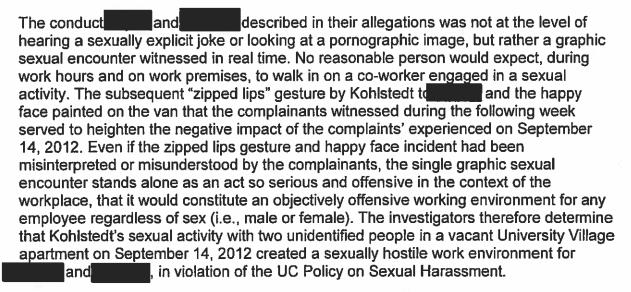
The University of California Policy on Sexual Harassment states:

The University of California Policy on Sexual Harassment defines sexual harassment as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects a person's employment or education, unreasonably interferes with a person's work or educational performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working or learning environment...

Sexual harassment may include incidents between any members of the University community, including faculty and other academic appointees, staff, coaches, housestaff, students, and non-student or non-employee participants in University programs, such as vendors, contractors, visitors, and patients. Sexual harassment may occur in hierarchical relationships or between peers, or between persons of the same sex or opposite sex.

In determining whether the reported conduct constitutes sexual harassment, consideration shall be given to the record of the conduct as a whole and to the totality of the circumstances, including the context in which the conduct occurred.

Central to the question of whether or not Kohlstedt's conduct violated the Policy is an examination of the severity of alleged behaviors and the impact on those who witnessed it.



VII. Conclusion

Based on information gathered from interviews with the complainant, the respondent and witnesses as well as the review of relevant documents, the investigators evaluated the record of the allegations as a whole and gave consideration to the totality of the

circumstances, including the context in which the alleged incidents occurred. The standard by which the evidence was weighed was "more likely than not."

The preponderance of evidence gathered supports a finding that James Kohlstedt engaged in sexual activity with two unidentified individuals in a vacant apartment in University Village on September 14, 2012, and that his conduct created a sexually hostile working environment for and and and and in violation of the University Policy on Sexual Harassment.