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Contents

Pr	eface	v
	Audience	. v
	Documentation Accessibility	. v
	Related Documents	. v
	Conventions	. V
1	SQL Statements	
	Syntax for SQL Statements	1-1
2	SQL Functions	
	Syntax for SQL Functions	2-1
3	SQL Expressions	
	Syntax for SQL Expression Types	3-1
4	SQL Conditions	
	Syntax for SQL Condition Types	4-1
5	Subclauses	
	Syntax for Subclauses	5-1
6	Data Types	
	Overview of Data Types	6-1
	Oracle Built-In Data Types	6-2
	Oracle-Supplied Data Types	
	Converting to Oracle Data Types	6-5
7	Format Models	
	Overview of Format Models	7-1
	Number Format Models	
	Number Format Elements	
	Datetime Format Models	
	Datetime Format Elements	7-3

Α	SQL*Plus Commands	
	SQL*Plus Commands	A-1
Ind	lex	

Preface

This reference contains a complete description of the Structured Query Language (SQL) used to manage information in an Oracle Database. Oracle SQL is a superset of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) SQL:2011 standard.

This Preface contains these topics:

- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Related Documents
- Conventions

Audience

The *Oracle Database SQL Language Quick Reference* is intended for all users of Oracle SQL.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

Related Documents

For more information, see these Oracle resources:

- Oracle Database PL/SQL Language Reference for information on PL/SQL, the procedural language extension to Oracle SQL
- Pro*C/C++ Programmer's Guide, Oracle SQL*Module for Ada Programmer's Guide, and the Pro*COBOL Programmer's Guide for detailed descriptions of Oracle embedded SQL

Many of the examples in this book use the sample schemas, which are installed by default when you select the Basic Installation option with an Oracle Database installation. Refer to *Oracle Database Sample Schemas* for information on how these schemas were created and how you can use them yourself.

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

SQL Statements

This chapter presents the syntax for Oracle SQL statements.

This chapter includes the following section:

Syntax for SQL Statements

Syntax for SQL Statements

SQL statements are the means by which programs and users access data in an Oracle database.

The sections that follow show each SQL statement and its related syntax. Refer to Chapter 5, "Subclauses" for the syntax of the subclauses listed in the syntax for the statements.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for detailed information about Oracle SQL

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT

```
ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT
 { keystore_management_clauses
  | key_management_clauses
 | secret_management_clauses
 } ;
```

ALTER AUDIT POLICY

```
ALTER AUDIT POLICY policy
 [ ADD [ privilege_audit_clause ] [ action_audit_clause ] [ role_audit_clause ] ]
 [ DROP [ privilege_audit_clause ] [ action_audit_clause ] [ role_audit_clause ] ]
 [ CONDITION { DROP | 'audit_condition' EVALUATE PER { STATEMENT | SESSION | INSTANCE } } ]
```

ALTER CLUSTER

```
ALTER CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
 { physical_attributes_clause
  | SIZE size_clause
   [ MODIFY PARTITION partition ] allocate_extent_clause
  deallocate_unused_clause
  | { CACHE | NOCACHE }
 [ parallel_clause ] ;
```

ALTER DATABASE

```
ALTER DATABASE [ database ]
  { startup_clauses
```

```
recovery_clauses
  database_file_clauses
 logfile_clauses
controlfile_clauses
| standby_database_clauses
| default_settings_clauses
| instance_clauses
security_clause
} ;
```

ALTER DATABASE LINK

```
ALTER DATABASE LINK dblink
 { CONNECT TO user IDENTIFIED BY password [ dblink_authentication ]
  | dblink_authentication
 };
```

ALTER DIMENSION

```
ALTER DIMENSION [ schema. ] dimension
  { ADD { level_clause
        | hierarchy_clause
        | attribute_clause
        extended_attribute_clause
  } ...
  { DROP { LEVEL level [ RESTRICT | CASCADE ]
        | HIERARCHY hierarchy
         ATTRIBUTE attribute [ LEVEL level [ COLUMN column ] ]...
        }
  } ...
  COMPILE
```

ALTER DISKGROUP

```
ALTER DISKGROUP
  { diskgroup_name
      { { add_disk_clause | drop_disk_clause }
          [, { add_disk_clause | drop_disk_clause } ]...
        | resize_disk_clause
       } [ rebalance_diskgroup_clause ]
       replace_disk_clause
       rename_disk_clause
       disk_online_clause
       disk_offline_clause
       rebalance_diskgroup_clause
       check_diskgroup_clause
       diskgroup_template_clauses
       diskgroup_directory_clauses
       diskgroup_alias_clauses
       diskgroup_volume_clauses
       diskgroup_attributes
       modify_diskgroup_file
       drop_diskgroup_file_clause
       usergroup_clauses
       user_clauses
      | file_permissions_clause
      | file_owner_clause
      | scrub_clause
    | { diskgroup_name [, diskgroup_name ] ...
      ALL
      } { undrop_disk_clause
        | diskgroup_availability
```

```
| enable_disable_volume
} ;
```

ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE

```
ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE flashback_archive
 { SET DEFAULT
  | { ADD | MODIFY } TABLESPACE tablespace [flashback_archive_quota]
  REMOVE TABLESPACE tablespace_name
  | MODIFY RETENTION flashback_archive_retention
  | PURGE { ALL | BEFORE { SCN expr | TIMESTAMP expr } }
  | [NO] OPTIMIZE DATA
 };
```

ALTER FUNCTION

```
ALTER FUNCTION [ schema. ] function_name
{ function_compile_clause | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE } }
```

ALTER INDEX

```
ALTER INDEX [ schema. ] index
 { { deallocate_unused_clause
    | allocate_extent_clause
    | shrink_clause
    | parallel_clause
    | physical_attributes_clause
     logging_clause
    | partial_index_clause
   } ...
  | rebuild_clause
  | PARAMETERS ( 'ODCI_parameters' )
  COMPILE
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE }
   UNUSABLE [ ONLINE ]
   VISIBLE | INVISIBLE
   RENAME TO new_name
  | COALESCE [ CLEANUP ]
  | { MONITORING | NOMONITORING } USAGE
  UPDATE BLOCK REFERENCES
  | alter_index_partitioning
```

ALTER INDEXTYPE

```
ALTER INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype
  { { ADD | DROP } [ schema. ] operator ( parameter_types )
     [ , { ADD | DROP } [schema. ] operator ( parameter_types ) ]... [ using_type_clause ]
 COMPILE
 [ WITH LOCAL [ RANGE ] PARTITION ] [ storage_table_clause ]
```

ALTER JAVA

```
ALTER JAVA
 { SOURCE | CLASS } [ schema. ]object_name
  [ RESOLVER
      ( ( match_string [, ] { schema_name | - } )... )
 { { COMPILE | RESOLVE }
 | invoker_rights_clause
 } ;
```

ALTER LIBRARY

```
ALTER LIBRARY [ schema. ] library_name
{ library_compile_clause | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE } }
```

ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW

```
ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW
  [ schema. ] materialized_view
  [ physical attributes clause
  | modify_mv_column_clause
  | table_compression
  | inmemory_alter_table_clause
  | LOB_storage_clause [, LOB_storage_clause ]...
   modify_LOB_storage_clause [, modify_LOB_storage_clause ]...
   alter_table_partitioning
   parallel_clause
  logging_clause
  allocate_extent_clause
  | deallocate_unused_clause
  | shrink_clause
  { CACHE | NOCACHE }
  [ alter_iot_clauses ]
  [ USING INDEX physical_attributes_clause ]
  [ MODIFY scoped_table_ref_constraint
  alter_mv_refresh
  [ evaluation_edition_clause ]
  [ alter_query_rewrite_clause
  COMPILE
  | CONSIDER FRESH
 ] ;
```

ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG

```
ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG [ FORCE ]
 ON [ schema. ]table
 [ physical_attributes_clause
   add_mv_log_column_clause
   alter_table_partitioning
  parallel_clause
  | logging_clause
  | allocate_extent_clause
 | shrink_clause
 move_mv_log_clause
 { CACHE | NOCACHE }
 ] [ mv_log_augmentation ] [ mv_log_purge_clause ] [ for_refresh_clause ]
```

ALTER MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP

```
ALTER MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP [ schema. ] zonemap_name
 { alter_zonemap_attributes
  | zonemap_refresh_clause
   { ENABLE | DISABLE } PRUNING
  COMPILE
  | REBUILD
  UNUSABLE
 } ;
```

ALTER OPERATOR

```
ALTER OPERATOR [ schema. ] operator
 { add_binding_clause
  | drop_binding_clause
  COMPILE
 } ;
```

ALTER OUTLINE

```
ALTER OUTLINE [ PUBLIC | PRIVATE ] outline
 { REBUILD
 RENAME TO new_outline_name
 CHANGE CATEGORY TO new_category_name
 | { ENABLE | DISABLE }
 } ...
```

ALTER PACKAGE

```
ALTER PACKAGE [ schema. ] package_name
{ package_compile_clause | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE } }
```

ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE
 { pdb_unplug_clause
  | pdb_settings_clauses
  | pdb_datafile_clause
  | pdb_recovery_clauses
  | pdb_change_state
  | pdb_change_state_from_root
 } ;
```

ALTER PROCEDURE

```
ALTER PROCEDURE [ schema. ] procedure_name
{ procedure_compile_clause | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE } }
```

ALTER PROFILE

```
ALTER PROFILE profile LIMIT
 { resource_parameters | password_parameters } ...
  [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ] ;
```

ALTER RESOURCE COST

```
ALTER RESOURCE COST
 { CPU_PER_SESSION
   CONNECT_TIME
   | LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION
   PRIVATE_SGA
   } integer
 } ...
 ;
```

ALTER ROLE

```
ALTER ROLE role
 { NOT IDENTIFIED
 IDENTIFIED
     { BY password
       USING [ schema. ] package
      EXTERNALLY
       GLOBALLY
  [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ] ;
```

ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT

```
ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
 { ONLINE
 OFFLINE
 | storage_clause
 | SHRINK [ TO size_clause ]
```

};

ALTER SEQUENCE

```
ALTER SEQUENCE [ schema. ] sequence
 { INCREMENT BY integer
  | { MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE }
  | { MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE }
  | { CYCLE | NOCYCLE }
  { CACHE integer | NOCACHE }
  | { ORDER | NOORDER }
  | { KEEP | NOKEEP }
  | { SESSION | GLOBAL }
  } ...
```

ALTER SESSION

```
ALTER SESSION
 { ADVISE { COMMIT | ROLLBACK | NOTHING }
  | CLOSE DATABASE LINK dblink
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE } COMMIT IN PROCEDURE
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE } GUARD
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE | FORCE } PARALLEL
   { DML | DDL | QUERY } [ PARALLEL integer ]
  | { ENABLE RESUMABLE [ TIMEOUT integer ] [ NAME string ]
   DISABLE RESUMABLE
   }
  SYNC WITH PRIMARY
  alter_session_set_clause
 } ;
```

ALTER SYNONYM

```
ALTER [ PUBLIC ] SYNONYM [ schema. ] synonym
  { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE | COMPILE } ;
```

ALTER SYSTEM

```
ALTER SYSTEM
 { archive_log_clause
  | checkpoint_clause
   check_datafiles_clause
   distributed_recov_clauses
   FLUSH { SHARED_POOL | BUFFER_CACHE | REDO TO target_db_name [ [ NO ] CONFIRM APPLY ] }
  end_session_clauses
  I SWITCH LOGFILE
  | { SUSPEND | RESUME }
  | quiesce_clauses
  | rolling_migration_clauses
  | rolling_patch_clauses
  | security_clauses
   shutdown_dispatcher_clause
   REGISTER
  SET alter_system_set_clause
      [ alter_system_set_clause ]...
  RESET alter_system_reset_clause
        [ alter_system_reset_clause ]...
  RELOCATE CLIENT client_id
 } ;
```

ALTER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE [ schema. ] table
 [ alter_table_properties
  column_clauses
  constraint_clauses
```

```
| alter_table_partitioning
 alter_external_table
 move_table_clause
| modify_opaque_type
[ enable_disable_clause
| { ENABLE | DISABLE } { TABLE LOCK | ALL TRIGGERS }
] ...
```

ALTER TABLESPACE

```
ALTER TABLESPACE tablespace
 { DEFAULT [ table_compression ] [ inmemory_clause ] [ storage_clause ]
  | MINIMUM EXTENT size_clause
   RESIZE size clause
   COALESCE
  | SHRINK SPACE [ KEEP size_clause]
  RENAME TO new_tablespace_name
  | { BEGIN | END } BACKUP
  datafile_tempfile_clauses
  | tablespace_logging_clauses
  tablespace_group_clause
  tablespace_state_clauses
   autoextend_clause
   flashback_mode_clause
  | tablespace_retention_clause
 } ;
```

ALTER TRIGGER

```
ALTER TRIGGER [ schema. ] trigger_name
 { trigger_compile_clause
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE }
  RENAME TO new_name
 | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE }
 } ;
```

ALTER TYPE

```
ALTER TYPE [ schema. ] type_name
{ alter_type_clause | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE } }
```

ALTER USER

```
ALTER USER
 { user
   { IDENTIFIED
     { BY password [ REPLACE old_password ]
      | EXTERNALLY [ AS 'certificate_DN' | AS 'kerberos_principal_name' ]
      GLOBALLY [ AS '[directory_DN]']
     DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
     TEMPORARY TABLESPACE { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
    { QUOTA { size_clause
             UNLIMITED
             } ON tablespace
     } ...
    | PROFILE profile
    DEFAULT ROLE { role [, role ]...
                  ALL [ EXCEPT role [, role ]... ]
                  NONE
    PASSWORD EXPIRE
     ACCOUNT { LOCK | UNLOCK }
     ENABLE EDITIONS [ FOR object_type [, object_type ]... ] [ FORCE ]
    | CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL }
```

```
| container_data_clause
 } ...
user [, user ]... proxy_clause
} ;
```

ALTER VIEW

```
ALTER VIEW [ schema. ] view
 { ADD out_of_line_constraint
 | MODIFY CONSTRAINT constraint
     { RELY | NORELY }
  DROP { CONSTRAINT constraint
        PRIMARY KEY
        UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
  COMPILE
  | { READ ONLY | READ WRITE }
 | { EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE }
 } ;
```

ANALYZE

```
ANALYZE
  { { TABLE [ schema. ] table
    | INDEX [ schema. ] index
   } [ partition_extension_clause ]
  | CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
  { validation_clauses
  LIST CHAINED ROWS [ into_clause ]
  | DELETE [ SYSTEM ] STATISTICS
```

ASSOCIATE STATISTICS

```
ASSOCIATE STATISTICS WITH
 { column_association | function_association }
  [ storage_table_clause ] ;
```

AUDIT (Traditional Auditing)

```
AUDIT
  { audit_operation_clause [ auditing_by_clause | IN SESSION CURRENT ]
   audit_schema_object_clause
  NETWORK
 DIRECT_PATH LOAD [ auditing_by_clause ]
 } [ BY { SESSION | ACCESS } ]
   [ WHENEVER [ NOT ] SUCCESSFUL ]
   [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ]
```

AUDIT (Unified Auditing)

```
AUDIT
  { POLICY policy
   [ { BY user [, user]... } | { EXCEPT user [, user]... } ]
   [ WHENEVER [ NOT ] SUCCESSFUL ]
  { CONTEXT NAMESPACE namespace ATTRIBUTES attribute [, attribute ]...
     [, CONTEXT NAMESPACE namespace ATTRIBUTES attribute [, attribute ]...]...
   [ BY user [, user]...]
 } ;
```

CALL

```
CALL
  { routine_clause
```

```
| object_access_expression
[ INTO :host_variable
  [ [ INDICATOR ] :indicator_variable ] ] ;
```

COMMENT

```
COMMENT ON
 { AUDIT POLICY policy
  | COLUMN [ schema. ]
     { table. | view. | materialized_view. } column
  | EDITION edition_name
  | INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype
  | MATERIALIZED VIEW materialized_view
  | MINING MODEL [ schema. ] model
  OPERATOR [ schema. ] operator
  | TABLE [ schema. ] { table | view }
 IS string ;
```

COMMIT

```
COMMIT [ WORK ]
  [ [ COMMENT string ]
   | [ WRITE [ WAIT | NOWAIT ] [ IMMEDIATE | BATCH ]
 FORCE { string [, integer ]
          | CORRUPT_XID string
          CORRUPT_XID_ALL
 ] ;
```

CREATE AUDIT POLICY

```
CREATE AUDIT POLICY policy
 [ privilege_audit_clause ] [ action_audit_clause ] [ role_audit_clause ]
 [ WHEN 'audit_condition' EVALUATE PER { STATEMENT | SESSION | INSTANCE } ]
  [ CONTAINER = { ALL | CURRENT } ] ;
```

CREATE CLUSTER

```
CREATE CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
  (column datatype [ SORT ]
   [, column datatype [ SORT ] ]...
  [ { physical_attributes_clause
    | SIZE size_clause
    | TABLESPACE tablespace
    { INDEX
     [ SINGLE TABLE ]
       HASHKEYS integer [ HASH IS expr ]
     }
   } . . .
 [ parallel_clause ]
  [ NOROWDEPENDENCIES | ROWDEPENDENCIES ]
  [ CACHE | NOCACHE ] [ cluster_range_partitions ] ;
```

CREATE CONTEXT

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] CONTEXT namespace
 USING [ schema. ] package
 [ INITIALIZED { EXTERNALLY | GLOBALLY }
 ACCESSED GLOBALLY
 ] ;
```

CREATE CONTROLFILE

```
CREATE CONTROLETLE
 [ REUSE ] [ SET ] DATABASE database
 [ logfile_clause ]
  { RESETLOGS | NORESETLOGS }
  [ DATAFILE file_specification
            [, file_specification ]... ]
  [ MAXLOGFILES integer
  | MAXLOGMEMBERS integer
  | MAXLOGHISTORY integer
  MAXDATAFILES integer
  | MAXINSTANCES integer
  | { ARCHIVELOG | NOARCHIVELOG }
  FORCE LOGGING
  ] . . .
  [ character_set_clause ] ;
```

CREATE DATABASE

```
CREATE DATABASE [ database ]
 { USER SYS IDENTIFIED BY password
  | USER SYSTEM IDENTIFIED BY password
   CONTROLFILE REUSE
   MAXDATAFILES integer
  MAXINSTANCES integer
  CHARACTER SET charset
  | NATIONAL CHARACTER SET charset
  | SET DEFAULT
     { BIGFILE | SMALLFILE } TABLESPACE
  database_logging_clauses
  tablespace_clauses
  set_time_zone_clause
  | [ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ] USER_DATA TABLESPACE tablespace_name
     DATAFILE datafile_tempfile_spec [, datafile_tempfile_spec ]...
  | enable_pluggable_database
 }...;
```

CREATE DATABASE LINK

```
CREATE [ SHARED ] [ PUBLIC ] DATABASE LINK dblink
  [ CONNECT TO
    { CURRENT_USER
    | user IDENTIFIED BY password [ dblink_authentication ]
   }
  | dblink_authentication
  ] . . .
  [ USING connect_string ] ;
```

CREATE DIMENSION

```
CREATE DIMENSION [ schema. ] dimension
 level_clause ...
 { hierarchy_clause
  | attribute_clause
  extended_attribute_clause
```

CREATE DIRECTORY

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] DIRECTORY directory
 AS 'path_name';
```

CREATE DISKGROUP

```
CREATE DISKGROUP diskgroup_name
  [ { HIGH | NORMAL | EXTERNAL } REDUNDANCY ]
```

```
{ [ QUORUM | REGULAR ] [ FAILGROUP failgroup_name ]
 DISK qualified_disk_clause [, qualified_disk_clause]...
 [ ATTRIBUTE { 'attribute_name' = 'attribute_value' }... ]
CREATE EDITION
CREATE EDITION edition
 [ AS CHILD OF parent_edition ]
CREATE FLASHBACK ARCHIVE
CREATE FLASHBACK ARCHIVE [DEFAULT] flashback_archive
 TABLESPACE tablespace
 [flashback_archive_quota]
 [ [NO] OPTIMIZE DATA ]
 flashback_archive_retention
CREATE FUNCTION
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
FUNCTION plsql_function_source
CREATE INDEX
CREATE [ UNIQUE | BITMAP ] INDEX [ schema. ] index
 ON { cluster_index_clause
     table_index_clause
    | bitmap_join_index_clause
[ USABLE | UNUSABLE ] ;
CREATE INDEXTYPE
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype
 FOR [ schema. ] operator (paramater_type [, paramater_type ]...)
       [, [ schema. ] operator (paramater_type [, paramater_type ]...)
       ] . . .
 using_type_clause
 [WITH LOCAL [RANGE] PARTITION ]
 [ storage_table_clause ]
CREATE JAVA
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] [ AND { RESOLVE | COMPILE } ] [ NOFORCE ]
 JAVA { { SOURCE | RESOURCE } NAMED [ schema. ] primary_name
      CLASS [ SCHEMA schema ]
      }
 [ invoker_rights_clause ]
 [ RESOLVER ( (match_string [,] { schema_name | - })...) ]
 { USING { BFILE (directory_object_name, server_file_name)
           { CLOB | BLOB | BFILE } subquery
         | 'key_for_BLOB'
 AS source_char
 } ;
CREATE LIBRARY
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
LIBRARY plsql_library_source
```

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW [ schema. ] materialized_view
 [ OF [ schema. ] object_type ]
  [ ( { scoped_table_ref_constraint
     column_alias [ENCRYPT [encryption_spec]]
     }
     [, { scoped_table_ref_constraint
        column_alias [ENCRYPT [encryption_spec]]
     ] . . .
  { ON PREBUILT TABLE
   [ { WITH | WITHOUT } REDUCED PRECISION ]
  | physical_properties materialized_view_props
 [ USING INDEX
   [ physical_attributes_clause
    TABLESPACE tablespace
  USING NO INDEX
 1
 [ create_mv_refresh ]
 [ FOR UPDATE ]
 [ evaluation_edition_clause ]
 [ query_rewrite_clause ]
AS subquery ;
```

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG ON [ schema. ] table
 [ physical_attributes_clause
   TABLESPACE tablespace
   logging_clause
  | { CACHE | NOCACHE }
 ] . . .
 [ parallel_clause ]
  [ table_partitioning_clauses ]
  [ WITH [ { OBJECT ID
         PRIMARY KEY
         ROWID
         SEQUENCE
         | COMMIT SCN
          [ { , OBJECT ID
             , PRIMARY KEY
             , ROWID
            , SEQUENCE
            , COMMIT SCN
          ]...]
   (column [, column ]...)
    [ new_values_clause ]
 [ mv_log_purge_clause ] [ for_refresh_clause ]
```

CREATE MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP

```
{ create_zonemap_on_table | create_zonemap_as_subquery } ;
```

CREATE OPERATOR

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] OPERATOR
  [ schema. ] operator binding_clause ;
```

CREATE OUTLINE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
  [ PUBLIC | PRIVATE ] OUTLINE [ outline ]
  [ FROM [ PUBLIC | PRIVATE ] source_outline ]
  [ FOR CATEGORY category ]
  [ ON statement ] ;
```

CREATE PACKAGE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
PACKAGE plsql_package_source
```

CREATE PACKAGE BODY

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
PACKAGE BODY plsql_package_body_source
```

CREATE PFILE

```
CREATE PFILE [= 'pfile_name' ]
  FROM { SPFILE [= 'spfile_name']
       MEMORY
       } ;
```

CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE pdb_name
  { create_pdb_from_seed | create_pdb_clone | create_pdb_from_xml } ;
```

CREATE PROCEDURE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
PROCEDURE plsql_procedure_source
```

CREATE PROFILE

```
CREATE PROFILE profile
 LIMIT { resource_parameters
       | password_parameters
       }...
  [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ] ;
```

CREATE RESTORE POINT

```
CREATE RESTORE POINT restore_point
  [ AS OF {TIMESTAMP | SCN} expr ]
   [ PRESERVE
  GUARANTEE FLASHBACK DATABASE
  ];
```

CREATE ROLE

```
CREATE ROLE role
  [ NOT IDENTIFIED
  | IDENTIFIED { BY password
               | USING [ schema. ] package
               EXTERNALLY
               GLOBALLY
               }
  ] [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ];
```

CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT

```
CREATE [ PUBLIC ] ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
  [ TABLESPACE tablespace | storage_clause ]...];
```

CREATE SCHEMA

```
CREATE SCHEMA AUTHORIZATION schema
  { create_table_statement
   create_view_statement
  grant_statement
  } . . .
```

CREATE SEQUENCE

```
CREATE SEQUENCE [ schema. ] sequence
  [ { INCREMENT BY | START WITH } integer
   | { MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE }
   | { MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE }
   | { CYCLE | NOCYCLE }
   { CACHE integer | NOCACHE }
   | { ORDER | NOORDER }
   | { KEEP | NOKEEP }
  | { SESSION | GLOBAL }
  ] . . .
```

CREATE SPFILE

```
CREATE SPFILE [= 'spfile_name' ]
 FROM { PFILE [= 'pfile_name' ]
     MEMORY
      } ;
```

CREATE SYNONYM

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] [ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
 [ PUBLIC ] SYNONYM
  [ schema. ] synonym
 FOR [ schema. ] object [ @ dblink ] ;
```

CREATE TABLE

```
CREATE [ GLOBAL TEMPORARY ] TABLE [ schema. ] table
  { relational_table | object_table | XMLType_table } ;
```

CREATE TABLESPACE

```
CREATE
  [ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ]
  { permanent_tablespace_clause
   | temporary_tablespace_clause
   | undo_tablespace_clause
  } ;
```

CREATE TRIGGER

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
TRIGGER plsql_trigger_source
```

CREATE TYPE

```
CREATE [OR REPLACE]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
TYPE plsql_type_source
```

CREATE TYPE BODY

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ EDITIONABLE | NONEDITIONABLE ]
TYPE BODY plsql_type_body_source
```

CREATE USER

```
CREATE USER user
  IDENTIFIED { BY password
              | EXTERNALLY [ AS 'certificate_DN' | AS 'kerberos_principal_name' ]
              GLOBALLY [ AS '[ directory_DN ]' ]
  [ DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
   | TEMPORARY TABLESPACE
       { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
    { QUOTA { size_clause | UNLIMITED } ON tablespace }...
   PROFILE profile
   | PASSWORD EXPIRE
   | ACCOUNT { LOCK | UNLOCK }
    [ DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
    TEMPORARY TABLESPACE
         { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
     | { QUOTA { size_clause | UNLIMITED } ON tablespace }...
      PROFILE profile
      PASSWORD EXPIRE
     ACCOUNT { LOCK | UNLOCK }
     | ENABLE EDITIONS
     | CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL }
    ] . . .
 ] ;
```

CREATE VIEW

```
CREATE [OR REPLACE]
  [[NO] FORCE]
  [ EDITIONING | EDITIONABLE [ EDITIONING ] | NONEDITIONABLE ]
 VIEW [schema.] view
  [ ( { alias [ VISIBLE | INVISIBLE ] [ inline_constraint... ]
      out_of_line_constraint
        [, { alias [ VISIBLE | INVISIBLE ] [ inline_constraint...]
           out_of_line_constraint
    }
 ]
  | object_view_clause
  | XMLType_view_clause
  [ BEQUEATH { CURRENT_USER | DEFINER } ]
  AS subquery [ subquery_restriction_clause ] ;
```

DELETE

```
DELETE [ hint ]
  [ FROM ]
  { dml_table_expression_clause
   ONLY (dml_table_expression_clause)
  } [ t_alias ]
    [ where_clause ]
    [ returning_clause ]
    [error_logging_clause];
```

DISASSOCIATE STATISTICS

```
DISASSOCIATE STATISTICS FROM
  { COLUMNS [ schema. ]table.column
              [, [ schema. ]table.column ]...
   | FUNCTIONS [ schema. ]function
                [, [ schema. ]function ]...
  PACKAGES [ schema. ]package
               [, [ schema. ]package ]...
  TYPES [ schema. ]type
            [, [ schema. ]type ]...
```

```
| INDEXES [ schema. ]index
            [, [ schema. ]index ]...
   | INDEXTYPES [ schema. ]indextype
               [, [ schema. ]indextype ]...
  [ FORCE ] ;
DROP AUDIT POLICY
DROP AUDIT POLICY policy ;
DROP CLUSTER
DROP CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
  [ INCLUDING TABLES [ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ] ] ;
DROP CONTEXT
DROP CONTEXT namespace ;
DROP DATABASE
DROP DATABASE ;
DROP DATABASE LINK
DROP [ PUBLIC ] DATABASE LINK dblink ;
DROP DIMENSION
DROP DIMENSION [ schema. ] dimension ;
DROP DIRECTORY
DROP DIRECTORY directory_name ;
DROP DISKGROUP
DROP DISKGROUP diskgroup_name
  [ FORCE INCLUDING CONTENTS
  | { INCLUDING | EXCLUDING } CONTENTS
  ];
DROP EDITION
DROP EDITION edition [CASCADE];
DROP FLASHBACK ARCHIVE
DROP FLASHBACK ARCHIVE flashback_archive;
DROP FUNCTION
DROP FUNCTION [ schema. ] function_name ;
DROP INDEX
DROP INDEX [ schema. ] index [ ONLINE ] [ FORCE ] ;
DROP INDEXTYPE
DROP INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype [ FORCE ] ;
```

[schema.] object_name ;

DROP JAVA { SOURCE | CLASS | RESOURCE }

DROP JAVA

DROP LIBRARY

DROP LIBRARY library_name ;

DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW

```
DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW [ schema. ] materialized_view
  [ PRESERVE TABLE ] ;
```

DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG

DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG ON [schema.] table ;

DROP MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP

DROP MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP [schema.] zonemap_name ;

DROP OPERATOR

```
DROP OPERATOR [ schema. ] operator [ FORCE ] ;
```

DROP OUTLINE

DROP OUTLINE outline ;

DROP PACKAGE

DROP PACKAGE [BODY] [schema.] package ;

DROP PLUGGABLE DATABASE

```
DROP PLUGGABLE DATABASE pdb_name
 [ { KEEP | INCLUDING } DATAFILES ] ;
```

DROP PROCEDURE

```
DROP PROCEDURE [ schema. ] procedure ;
```

DROP PROFILE

DROP PROFILE profile [CASCADE] ;

DROP RESTORE POINT

DROP RESTORE POINT restore_point ;

DROP ROLE

DROP ROLE role ;

DROP ROLLBACK SEGMENT

DROP ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment ;

DROP SEQUENCE

DROP SEQUENCE [schema.] sequence_name ;

DROP SYNONYM

```
DROP [PUBLIC] SYNONYM [ schema. ] synonym [FORCE] ;
```

DROP TABLE

```
DROP TABLE [ schema. ] table
 [ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ] [ PURGE ] ;
```

DROP TABLESPACE

DROP TABLESPACE tablespace

```
[ INCLUDING CONTENTS [ {AND | KEEP} DATAFILES ]
    [ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ]
DROP TRIGGER
DROP TRIGGER [ schema. ] trigger ;
DROP TYPE
DROP TYPE [ schema. ] type_name [ FORCE | VALIDATE ] ;
DROP TYPE BODY
DROP TYPE BODY [ schema. ] type_name ;
DROP USER
DROP USER user [ CASCADE ] ;
DROP VIEW
DROP VIEW [ schema. ] view [ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ] ;
EXPLAIN PLAN
EXPLAIN PLAN
  [ SET STATEMENT_ID = string ]
  [ INTO [ schema. ] table [ @ dblink ] ]
FOR statement ;
FLASHBACK DATABASE
FLASHBACK [ STANDBY ] DATABASE [ database ]
   { TO { SCN \mid TIMESTAMP } expr
       RESTORE POINT restore_point
   | { TO BEFORE { { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr
              RESETLOGS
               }
  } ;
FLASHBACK TABLE
FLASHBACK TABLE
  [ schema. ] table
    [, [ schema. ] table ]...
  TO { { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr
       RESTORE POINT restore_point
       } [ { ENABLE | DISABLE } TRIGGERS ]
     | BEFORE DROP [ RENAME TO table ]
     } ;
GRANT
GRANT
 { { grant_system_privileges | grant_object_privileges }
     [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ] }
  grant_roles_to_programs
 } ;
INSERT
INSERT [ hint ]
```

{ single_table_insert | multi_table_insert } ;

LOCK TABLE

```
LOCK TABLE [ schema. ] { table | view }
  [ partition_extension_clause
   | @ dblink
  ] [, [ schema. ] { table | view }
     [ partition_extension_clause
     | @ dblink
     1
    ]...
  IN lockmode MODE
  [ NOWAIT
  | WAIT integer
  ] ;
```

MERGE

```
MERGE [ hint ]
  INTO [ schema. ] { table | view } [ t_alias ]
  USING { [ schema. ] { table | view }
        subquery
        } [ t_alias ]
  ON ( condition )
  [ merge_update_clause ]
  [ merge_insert_clause ]
  [ error_logging_clause ] ;
```

NOAUDIT (Traditional Auditing)

```
NOAUDIT
  { audit_operation_clause [ auditing_by_clause ]
    audit_schema_object_clause
   NETWORK
   DIRECT_PATH LOAD [ auditing_by_clause ]
  [ WHENEVER [ NOT ] SUCCESSFUL ]
   [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ] ;
```

NOAUDIT (Unified Auditing)

```
NOAUDIT
  { POLICY policy
 | CONTEXT NAMESPACE namespace ATTRIBUTES attribute [, attribute ]...
   [, CONTEXT NAMESPACE namespace ATTRIBUTES attribute [, attribute ]... ]...
 [ BY user [, user]...];
```

PURGE

```
PURGE { { TABLE table | INDEX index }
     | { RECYCLEBIN | DBA_RECYCLEBIN }
      | TABLESPACE tablespace [ USER username ]
```

RENAME

```
RENAME old_name TO new_name ;
```

REVOKE

```
REVOKE
 { { revoke_system_privileges | revoke_object_privileges }
   [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ] }
 revoke_roles_from_programs;
```

ROLLBACK

```
ROLLBACK [ WORK ]
```

```
[ TO [ SAVEPOINT ] savepoint
   | FORCE string
SAVEPOINT
SAVEPOINT savepoint ;
SELECT
subquery [ for_update_clause ] ;
SET CONSTRAINT[S]
SET { CONSTRAINT | CONSTRAINTS }
   { constraint [, constraint ]...
   ALL
   { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED } ;
SET ROLE
SET ROLE
  { role [ IDENTIFIED BY password ]
    [, role [ IDENTIFIED BY password ] ]...
   ALL [ EXCEPT role [, role ]... ]
  NONE
  } ;
SET TRANSACTION
SET TRANSACTION
  { { READ { ONLY | WRITE }
    | ISOLATION LEVEL
      { SERIALIZABLE | READ COMMITTED }
    USE ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
    } [ NAME string ]
  | NAME string
  } ;
TRUNCATE_CLUSTER
TRUNCATE CLUSTER [schema.] cluster
 [ {DROP | REUSE} STORAGE ] ;
TRUNCATE_TABLE
TRUNCATE TABLE [schema.] table
 [ {PRESERVE | PURGE} MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG ]
  [ {DROP [ ALL ] | REUSE} STORAGE ] [ CASCADE ] ;
UPDATE
UPDATE [ hint ]
  { dml_table_expression_clause
   | ONLY (dml_table_expression_clause)
```

} [t_alias] update_set_clause [where_clause] [returning_clause] [error_logging_clause] ;

SQL Functions

This chapter presents the syntax for SQL functions.

This chapter includes the following section:

Syntax for SQL Functions

Syntax for SQL Functions

A function is a command that manipulates data items and returns a single value.

The sections that follow show each SQL function and its related syntax. Refer to Chapter 5, "Subclauses" for the syntax of the subclauses.

> See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for detailed information about SQL functions

ABS

ABS(n)

ACOS

ACOS(n)

ADD_MONTHS

ADD_MONTHS(date, integer)

aggregate_function

Aggregate functions return a single result row based on groups of rows, rather than on single rows.

analytic_function

```
analytic_function([ arguments ]) OVER (analytic_clause)
```

APPENDCHILDXML

APPENDCHILDXML

```
( XMLType_instance, XPath_string, value_expr [, namespace_string ])
```

APPROX COUNT DISTINCT

APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT(expr)

ASCII

ASCII (char)

ASCIISTR

ASCIISTR(char)

ASIN

ASIN(n)

ATAN

ATAN(n)

ATAN2

ATAN2(n1 , n2)

AVG

```
AVG([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr) [ OVER(analytic_clause) ]
```

BFILENAME

BFILENAME('directory', 'filename')

BIN_TO_NUM

BIN_TO_NUM(expr [, expr]...)

BITAND

BITAND(expr1, expr2)

CARDINALITY

CARDINALITY(nested_table)

CAST

CAST({ expr | MULTISET (subquery) } AS type_name)

CEIL

CEIL(n)

CHARTOROWID

CHARTOROWID(char)

CHR

CHR(n [USING NCHAR_CS])

CLUSTER_DETAILS

```
CLUSTER_DETAILS ( [ schema . ] model
                  [ , cluster_id [ , topN ] ] [ DESC | ASC | ABS ]
                  mining_attribute_clause )
```

CLUSTER_DETAILS (analytic)

```
CLUSTER_DETAILS ( INTO n
                  [ , cluster_id [ , topN ] ] [ DESC | ASC | ABS ]
                 mining_attribute_clause )
                OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

CLUSTER_DISTANCE

```
CLUSTER_DISTANCE ( [ schema . ] model [ , cluster_id ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

CLUSTER_DISTANCE (analytic)

```
CLUSTER_DISTANCE ( INTO n [, cluster_id] mining_attribute_clause )
                OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

CLUSTER ID

CLUSTER_ID ([schema .] model mining_attribute_clause)

CLUSTER_ID (analytic)

```
CLUSTER_ID ( INTO n mining_attribute_clause )
          OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

CLUSTER_PROBABILITY

CLUSTER_PROBABILITY ([schema .] model [, cluster_id] mining_attribute_clause)

CLUSTER_PROBABILITY (analytic)

```
CLUSTER_PROBABILITY ( INTO n [, cluster_id] mining_attribute_clause )
                   OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

CLUSTER SET

```
CLUSTER_SET ( [ schema . ] model [ , topN [ , cutoff ] ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

CLUSTER_SET (analytic)

```
CLUSTER_SET ( INTO n [, topN [, cutoff]] mining_attribute_clause )
           OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

COALESCE

COALESCE(expr [, expr]...)

COLLECT

COLLECT([DISTINCT | UNIQUE] column [ORDER BY expr])

COMPOSE

COMPOSE(char)

CON_DBID_TO_ID

CON_DBID_TO_ID(container_dbid)

CON_GUID_TO_ID

CON_GUID_TO_ID(container_guid)

CON_NAME_TO_ID

CON_NAME_TO_ID(container_name)

CON_UID_TO_ID

CON_UID_TO_ID(container_uid)

CONCAT

CONCAT(char1, char2)

CONVERT

CONVERT(char, dest_char_set[, source_char_set])

CORR

```
CORR(expr1, expr2) [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

CORR_K, CORR_S

```
{ CORR_K | CORR_S }
  (expr1, expr2
   [, { COEFFICIENT
       ONE SIDED SIG
       ONE_SIDED_SIG_POS
       ONE_SIDED_SIG_NEG
       TWO_SIDED_SIG
      }
    ]
```

COS

COS(n)

COSH

COSH(n)

COUNT

```
COUNT({ * | [ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr }) [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

COVAR_POP

```
COVAR_POP(expr1, expr2)
   [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

COVAR SAMP

```
COVAR_SAMP(expr1, expr2) [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

CUBE TABLE

```
CUBE_TABLE
( ' { schema.cube [ {HIERARCHY | HRR} dimension hierarchy ]...
    schema.dimension [ {HIERARCHY | HRR} [dimension] hierarchy ]
   }
```

CUME_DIST (aggregate)

```
CUME_DIST(expr[,expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP
  (ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ]
                [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
            [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
                  [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
           ] . . .
```

CUME_DIST (analytic)

```
CUME_DIST() OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

CURRENT_DATE

CURRENT_DATE

CURRENT_TIMESTAMP

```
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP [ (precision) ]
```

CV

```
CV([ dimension_column ])
```

DATAOBJ_TO_PARTITION

```
DATAOBJ_TO_PARTITION( table, partition_id )
```

DBTIMEZONE

DBTIMEZONE

DECODE

```
DECODE(expr, search, result [, search, result ]... [, default ])
```

DECOMPOSE

```
DECOMPOSE( string [, { 'CANONICAL' | 'COMPATIBILITY' } ] )
```

DELETEXML

DELETEXML(XMLType_instance, XPath_string [, namespace_string])

DENSE_RANK (aggregate)

```
DENSE_RANK(expr [, expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP
 (ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ]
               [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
           [,expr [ DESC | ASC ]
                [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
 )
```

DENSE_RANK (analytic)

```
DENSE_RANK( ) OVER([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

DEPTH

DEPTH(correlation_integer)

DEREF

DEREF(expr)

DUMP

```
DUMP(expr[, return_fmt [, start_position [, length ] ]])
```

EMPTY_BLOB, EMPTY_CLOB

```
{ EMPTY_BLOB | EMPTY_CLOB }( )
```

EXISTSNODE

```
EXISTSNODE(XMLType_instance, XPath_string [, namespace_string ])
```

EXP

EXP(n)

EXTRACT (datetime)

```
EXTRACT( { YEAR
         MONTH
         DAY
        HOUR
        MINUTE
        SECOND
```

```
| TIMEZONE_HOUR
          TIMEZONE_MINUTE
         TIMEZONE_REGION
        TIMEZONE_ABBR
        FROM { expr }
EXTRACT (XML)
EXTRACT(XMLType_instance, XPath_string [, namespace_string ])
EXTRACTVALUE
EXTRACTVALUE(XMLType_instance, XPath_string [, namespace_string ])
FEATURE DETAILS
FEATURE_DETAILS ( [ schema . ] model
                 [ , feature_id [ , topN ] ] [ DESC | ASC | ABS ]
                 mining_attribute_clause )
FEATURE_DETAILS (analytic)
FEATURE_DETAILS ( INTO n
                 [ , feature_id [ , topN ] ] [ DESC | ASC | ABS ]
                 mining_attribute_clause )
               OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
FEATURE ID
FEATURE_ID( [ schema . ] model mining_attribute_clause )
FEATURE_ID (analytic)
FEATURE_ID ( INTO n mining_attribute_clause )
          OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
FEATURE SET
FEATURE_SET ( [ schema . ] model [, topN [, cutoff ]] mining_attribute_clause )
FEATURE_SET (analytic)
FEATURE_SET ( INTO n [, topN [, cutoff ] ] mining_attribute_clause )
           OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
FEATURE_VALUE
FEATURE_VALUE ( [ schema . ] model [, feature_id ] mining_attribute_clause )
FEATURE_VALUE (analytic)
FEATURE_VALUE ( INTO n [ , feature_id ] mining_attribute_clause )
             OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
FIRST
aggregate_function
  KEEP
   (DENSE_RANK FIRST ORDER BY
   expr [ DESC | ASC ]
       [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
   [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
          [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
   1...
   [ OVER ( [query_partition_clause] ) ]
```

FIRST_VALUE

```
FIRST_VALUE
  { (expr) [ {RESPECT | IGNORE} NULLS ]
  | (expr [ {RESPECT | IGNORE} NULLS ])
 OVER (analytic_clause)
```

FLOOR

FLOOR(n)

FROM TZ

FROM_TZ (timestamp_value, time_zone_value)

GREATEST

GREATEST(expr [, expr]...)

GROUP ID

GROUP_ID()

GROUPING

GROUPING (expr)

GROUPING ID

GROUPING_ID(expr [, expr]...)

HEXTORAW

HEXTORAW (char)

INITCAP

INITCAP(char)

INSERTCHILDXML

```
INSERTCHILDXML
```

(XMLType_instance, XPath_string, child_expr, value_expr [, namespace_string])

INSERTCHILDXMLAFTER

```
INSERTCHILDXMLAFTER
```

```
( XMLType_instance, XPath_string, child_expr, value_expr [, namespace_string ] )
```

INSERTCHILDXMLBEFORE

```
INSERTCHILDXMLBEFORE
```

```
( XMLType_instance, XPath_string, child_expr, value_expr [, namespace_string ] )
```

INSERTXMLAFTER

```
INSERTXMLAFTER
```

```
( XMLType_instance, XPath_string, value_expr [, namespace_string ] )
```

INSERTXMLBEFORE

```
INSERTXMLBEFORE
```

```
( XMLType_instance, XPath_string, value_expr [, namespace_string ] )
```

INSTR

```
{ INSTR
```

- INSTRB
- INSTRC

```
INSTR2
INSTR4
(string , substring [, position [, occurrence ] ])
ITERATION NUMBER
ITERATION_NUMBER
JSON QUERY
JSON_QUERY
  ( expr [ FORMAT JSON ], JSON_path_expression
   [ JSON_query_returning_clause ] [ JSON_query_wrapper_clause ]
   [ JSON_query_on_error_clause ]
JSON_TABLE
JSON_TABLE
  ( expr [ FORMAT JSON ], JSON_path_expression
   [ JSON_table_on_error_clause ] JSON_columns_clause )
JSON_VALUE
JSON_VALUE
  ( expr [ FORMAT JSON ], JSON_path_expression
   [ JSON_value_returning_clause ] [ JSON_value_on_error_clause ]
LAG
LAG
 { ( value_expr [, offset [, default]]) [ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ]
 | ( value_expr [ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ] [, offset [, default]] )
 OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
LAST
aggregate_function KEEP
  (DENSE_RANK LAST ORDER BY
   expr [ DESC | ASC ]
       [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
    [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
          [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
   ] . . .
  [ OVER ( [query_partition_clause] ) ]
LAST_DAY
LAST_DAY(date)
LAST_VALUE
LAST VALUE
 { (expr) [ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ]
  | (expr [ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ])
 OVER (analytic_clause)
LEAD
  { (value_expr [, offset [, default]] ) [ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ]
  | ( value_expr [ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ] [, offset [, default]] )
 OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

LEAST

```
LEAST(expr [, expr ]...)
```

LENGTH

```
{ LENGTH
LENGTHB
LENGTHC
LENGTH2
LENGTH4
(char)
```

LISTAGG

```
LISTAGG(measure_expr [, 'delimiter'])
 WITHIN GROUP (order_by_clause) [OVER query_partition_clause]
```

LN

LN(n)

LNNVL

LNNVL(condition)

LOCALTIMESTAMP

```
LOCALTIMESTAMP [ (timestamp_precision) ]
```

LOG

LOG(n2, n1)

LOWER

LOWER(char)

LPAD

```
LPAD(expr1, n [, expr2 ])
```

LTRIM

LTRIM(char [, set])

MAKE REF

```
MAKE_REF({ table | view } , key [, key ]...)
```

MAX

```
MAX([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr) [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

MEDIAN

```
MEDIAN(expr) [ OVER (query_partition_clause) ]
```

MIN

```
MIN([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr) [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

MOD

MOD(n2, n1)

MONTHS_BETWEEN

MONTHS_BETWEEN(date1, date2)

```
NANVL
```

NANVL(n2, n1)

NCHR

NCHR(number)

NEW TIME

NEW_TIME(date, timezone1, timezone2)

NEXT_DAY

NEXT_DAY(date, char)

NLS_CHARSET_DECL_LEN

NLS_CHARSET_DECL_LEN(byte_count, 'char_set_id')

NLS_CHARSET_ID

NLS_CHARSET_ID(string)

NLS_CHARSET_NAME

NLS_CHARSET_NAME(number)

NLS_INITCAP

NLS_INITCAP(char [, 'nlsparam'])

NLS_LOWER

NLS_LOWER(char [, 'nlsparam'])

NLS UPPER

NLS_UPPER(char [, 'nlsparam'])

NLSSORT

NLSSORT(char [, 'nlsparam'])

NTH_VALUE

```
NTH_VALUE(measure_expr, n)
  [ FROM { FIRST | LAST } ][ { RESPECT | IGNORE } NULLS ]
 OVER (analytic_clause)
```

NTILE

NTILE(expr) OVER ([query_partition_clause] order_by_clause)

NULLIF

NULLIF(expr1, expr2)

NUMTODSINTERVAL

NUMTODSINTERVAL(n, 'interval_unit')

NUMTOYMINTERVAL

NUMTOYMINTERVAL(n, 'interval_unit')

NVL

NVL(expr1, expr2)

NVL2

NVL2(expr1, expr2, expr3)

ORA_DST_AFFECTED

ORA_DST_AFFECTED(datetime_expr)

ORA DST CONVERT

ORA_DST_CONVERT(datetime_expr [, integer [, integer]])

ORA_DST_ERROR

ORA_DST_ERROR(datetime_expr)

ORA HASH

ORA_HASH(expr [, max_bucket [, seed_value]])

ORA_INVOKING_USER

ORA_INVOKING_USER

ORA_INVOKING_USERID

ORA_INVOKING_USERID

PATH

PATH(correlation_integer)

PERCENT_RANK (aggregate)

```
PERCENT_RANK(expr [, expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP
  (ORDER BY
  expr [ DESC | ASC ]
       [NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
  [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
          [NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
  ] . . .
```

PERCENT_RANK (analytic)

```
PERCENT_RANK()
  OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

PERCENTILE_CONT

```
PERCENTILE_CONT(expr) WITHIN GROUP
  (ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ])
  [ OVER (query_partition_clause) ]
```

PERCENTILE_DISC

```
PERCENTILE_DISC(expr) WITHIN GROUP
  (ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ])
  [ OVER (query_partition_clause) ]
```

POWER

POWER(n2, n1)

POWERMULTISET

POWERMULTISET(expr)

POWERMULTISET_BY_CARDINALITY

POWERMULTISET_BY_CARDINALITY(expr, cardinality)

PREDICTION

```
PREDICTION ( [ schema . ] model [ cost_matrix_clause ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION (analytic)

```
PREDICTION ( ( OF ANOMALY | FOR expr ) [ cost_matrix_clause ] mining_attribute_clause )
          OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

PREDICTION_BOUNDS

```
PREDICTION_BOUNDS ( [schema.] model [, confidence_level [, class_value]]
                   mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_COST

```
PREDICTION_COST ( [ schema . ] model [ , class ] cost_matrix_clause mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION COST (analytic)

```
PREDICTION_COST ( ( OF ANOMALY | FOR expr ) [ , class ]
                  cost_matrix_clause mining_attribute_clause )
                OVER (mining_analytic_clause)
```

PREDICTION DETAILS

```
PREDICTION_DETAILS ( [ schema . ] model
                     [ , class_value [ , topN ] ] [ DESC | ASC | ABS ]
                    mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_DETAILS (analytic)

```
PREDICTION_DETAILS ( ( OF ANOMALY | FOR expr ) [ , class_value [ , topN ] ]
                     [ DESC | ASC | ABS ] mining_attribute_clause )
                  OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

PREDICTION PROBABILITY

```
PREDICTION_PROBABILITY ( [ schema . ] model [ , class ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_PROBABILITY (analytic)

```
PREDICTION_PROBABILITY ( ( OF ANOMALY | FOR expr ) [ , class ]
                        mining_attribute_clause )
                       OVER (mining_analytic_clause )
```

PREDICTION SET

```
PREDICTION_SET ( [ schema . ] model [ , bestN [ , cutoff ] ]
                 [ cost_matrix_clause ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_SET (analytic)

```
PREDICTION_SET ( ( OF ANOMALY | FOR "expr" ) [ , bestN [ , cutoff ] ]
                 [ cost_matrix_clause ] mining_attribute_clause )
              OVER ( mining_analytic_clause )
```

PRESENTNNV

```
PRESENTNNV(cell_reference, expr1, expr2)
```

PRESENTV

```
PRESENTV(cell_reference, expr1, expr2)
```

PREVIOUS

PREVIOUS (cell_reference)

RANK (aggregate)

```
RANK(expr [, expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP
  (ORDER BY
   expr [ DESC | ASC ]
      [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
   [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
          [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
   ] . . .
  )
```

RANK (analytic)

```
RANK ( )
   OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

RATIO_TO_REPORT

```
RATIO_TO_REPORT(expr)
  OVER ([ query_partition_clause ])
```

RAWTOHEX

RAWTOHEX(raw)

RAWTONHEX

RAWTONHEX(raw)

REF

REF (correlation_variable)

REFTOHEX

REFTOHEX (expr)

REGEXP_COUNT

```
REGEXP_COUNT (source_char, pattern [, position [, match_param]])
```

REGEXP INSTR

```
REGEXP_INSTR ( source_char, pattern
              [, position
                 [, occurrence
                    [, return_opt
                       [, match_param
                          [, subexpr]
                 ]
              ]
```

REGEXP_REPLACE

```
REGEXP_REPLACE ( source_char, pattern
                [, replace_string
                    [, position
                      [, occurrence
                         [, match_param ]
                   ]
                ]
```

REGEXP_SUBSTR

```
{\tt REGEXP\_SUBSTR} \ ( \ {\tt source\_char}, \ {\tt pattern}
                   [, position
                      [, occurrence
                         [, match_param
                              [, subexpr]
                      ]
                   ]
```

REGR_AVGX, REGR_AVGY, REGR_COUNT, REGR_INTERCEPT, REGR_R2, REGR_SLOPE, REGR_SXX, REGR_SXY, REGR_SYY

```
{ REGR_SLOPE
REGR_INTERCEPT
REGR_COUNT
REGR_R2
REGR_AVGX
REGR_AVGY
REGR_SXX
REGR_SYY
REGR_SXY
(expr1 , expr2)
[ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

REMAINDER

REMAINDER(n2, n1)

REPLACE

```
REPLACE(char, search_string
       [, replacement_string ]
```

ROUND (date)

```
ROUND(date [, fmt ])
```

ROUND (number)

ROUND(n [, integer])

ROW_NUMBER

```
ROW_NUMBER()
  OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

ROWIDTOCHAR

ROWIDTOCHAR (rowid)

ROWIDTONCHAR

ROWIDTONCHAR (rowid)

RPAD

```
RPAD(expr1 , n [, expr2 ])
```

RTRIM

```
RTRIM(char [, set ])
```

SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP

SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP(number)

SESSIONTIMEZONE

SESSIONTIMEZONE

SET

SET (nested_table)

SIGN

SIGN(n)

SIN

SIN(n)

SINH

SINH(n)

SOUNDEX

SOUNDEX(char)

SQRT

SQRT(n)

STANDARD_HASH

```
STANDARD_HASH(expr [, 'method' ])
```

STATS_BINOMIAL_TEST

```
STATS_BINOMIAL_TEST(expr1, expr2, p
                   [, { TWO_SIDED_PROB
                     EXACT_PROB
                     ONE_SIDED_PROB_OR_MORE
                     ONE_SIDED_PROB_OR_LESS
                  ]
                  )
```

STATS_CROSSTAB

```
STATS_CROSSTAB(expr1, expr2
              [, { CHISQ_OBS
                 CHISQ_SIG
                 CHISQ_DF
                 | PHI_COEFFICIENT
                CRAMERS_V
                CONT_COEFFICIENT
                | COHENS_K
             ]
```

STATS_F_TEST

```
STATS_F_TEST(expr1, expr2
            [, { { STATISTIC
                 DF_NUM
                 DF_DEN
                 ONE_SIDED_SIG
   } , expr3
```

```
TWO_SIDED_SIG
```

STATS KS TEST

```
STATS_KS_TEST(expr1, expr2
             [, { STATISTIC | SIG } ]
```

STATS_MODE

STATS_MODE(expr)

STATS_MW_TEST

```
STATS_MW_TEST(expr1, expr2
            [, { STATISTIC
               U_STATISTIC
                ONE_SIDED_SIG , expr3
               TWO_SIDED_SIG
               }
            ]
            )
```

STATS_ONE_WAY_ANOVA

```
STATS_ONE_WAY_ANOVA(expr1, expr2
                  [, { SUM_SQUARES_BETWEEN
                     SUM_SQUARES_WITHIN
                     DF_BETWEEN
                     DF_WITHIN
                     MEAN_SQUARES_BETWEEN
                     MEAN_SQUARES_WITHIN
                     | F_RATIO
                     SIG
                     }
                  ]
                 )
```

STATS_T_TEST_INDEP, STATS_T_TEST_INDEPU, STATS_T_TEST_ONE, STATS_ T_TEST_PAIRED

```
STATS_T_TEST_ONE ( expr1 [, expr2 ]
 { { STATS_T_TEST_PAIRED
   STATS_T_TEST_INDEP
   STATS_T_TEST_INDEPU
   } ( expr1, expr2
 }
[, { { STATISTIC | ONE_SIDED_SIG } , expr3 | TWO_SIDED_SIG | DF } ] )
```

STATS_WSR_TEST

```
STATS_WSR_TEST(expr1, expr2
             [, { STATISTIC
                 ONE_SIDED_SIG
                 TWO_SIDED_SIG
             ]
```

STDDEV

```
STDDEV([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)
```

```
[ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
STDDEV_POP
STDDEV_POP(expr)
  [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
STDDEV_SAMP
STDDEV_SAMP(expr)
  [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
SUBSTR
{ SUBSTR
SUBSTRB
 SUBSTRC
 SUBSTR2
SUBSTR4
(char, position [, substring_length ])
SUM
SUM([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)
  [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH
SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH(column, char)
SYS_CONTEXT
SYS_CONTEXT('namespace', 'parameter' [, length ])
SYS DBURIGEN
SYS_DBURIGEN({ column | attribute }
           [ rowid ]
             [, { column | attribute }
               [ rowid ]
             ] . . .
           [, 'text ( )' ]
SYS_EXTRACT_UTC
SYS_EXTRACT_UTC(datetime_with_timezone)
SYS_GUID
SYS_GUID( )
SYS OP ZONE ID
SYS_OP_ZONE_ID( [ [ schema. ] table. | t_alias. ] rowid [, scale ] )
SYS_TYPEID
SYS_TYPEID(object_type_value)
SYS XMLAGG
SYS_XMLAGG(expr [, fmt ])
SYS_XMLGEN
SYS_XMLGEN(expr [, fmt ])
```

SYSDATE

SYSDATE

SYSTIMESTAMP

SYSTIMESTAMP

TAN

TAN(n)

TANH

TANH(n)

TIMESTAMP_TO_SCN

TIMESTAMP_TO_SCN(timestamp)

TO_BINARY_DOUBLE

```
TO_BINARY_DOUBLE(expr [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_BINARY_FLOAT

```
TO_BINARY_FLOAT(expr [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_BLOB

TO_BLOB (raw_value)

TO_CHAR (character)

TO_CHAR(nchar | clob | nclob)

TO_CHAR (datetime)

```
TO_CHAR({ datetime | interval } [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_CHAR (number)

```
TO_CHAR(n [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_CLOB

TO_CLOB(lob_column | char)

TO DATE

```
TO_DATE(char [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_DSINTERVAL

```
TO_DSINTERVAL ( ' { sql_format | ds_iso_format } ' )
```

TO LOB

TO_LOB(long_column)

TO_MULTI_BYTE

TO_MULTI_BYTE(char)

TO_NCHAR (character)

```
TO_NCHAR({char | clob | nclob})
```

```
TO_NCHAR (datetime)
```

```
TO_NCHAR({ datetime | interval }
       [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ]
```

TO_NCHAR (number)

```
TO_NCHAR(n [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_NCLOB

TO_NCLOB(lob_column | char)

TO_NUMBER

TO_NUMBER(expr [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])

TO_SINGLE_BYTE

TO_SINGLE_BYTE(char)

TO TIMESTAMP

TO_TIMESTAMP(char [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])

TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ

TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ(char [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])

TO_YMINTERVAL

```
TO_YMINTERVAL
 ( ' { [+|-] years - months
      | ym_iso_format
      } ')
```

TRANSLATE

TRANSLATE(expr, from_string, to_string)

TRANSLATE ... USING

```
TRANSLATE ( char USING
         { CHAR_CS | NCHAR_CS }
```

TREAT

```
TREAT(expr AS [ REF ] [ schema. ]type)
```

TRIM

```
TRIM([ { LEADING | TRAILING | BOTH }
       [ trim_character ]
      trim_character
      }
     FROM
    ]
    trim_source
```

TRUNC (date)

TRUNC(date [, fmt])

TRUNC (number)

TRUNC(n1 [, n2])

TZ_OFFSET

```
TZ_OFFSET({ 'time_zone_name'
         | '{ + | - } hh : mi'
         SESSIONTIMEZONE
         DBTIMEZONE
         }
        )
```

UID

UID

UNISTR

UNISTR(string)

UPDATEXML

```
UPDATEXML
     (XMLType_instance,
       XPath_string, value_expr
        [, XPath_string, value_expr]...
       [, namespace_string ]
```

UPPER

UPPER(char)

USER

USER

user-defined function

```
[ schema. ]
{ [ package. ]function | user_defined_operator }
[ @ dblink. ]
[ ( [ [ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr [, expr ]... ] ) ]
```

USERENV

USERENV('parameter')

VALUE

VALUE(correlation_variable)

VAR POP

VAR_POP(expr) [OVER (analytic_clause)]

VAR SAMP

VAR_SAMP(expr) [OVER (analytic_clause)]

VARIANCE

```
VARIANCE([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)
        [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

VSIZE

VSIZE(expr)

WIDTH_BUCKET

```
WIDTH_BUCKET
   (expr, min_value, max_value, num_buckets)
```

XMLAGG

```
XMLAGG(XMLType_instance [ order_by_clause ])
```

XMLCAST

XMLCAST (value_expression AS datatype)

XMLCDATA

XMLCDATA (value_expr)

XMLCOLATTVAL

```
XMLCOLATTVAL
 (value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
   [, value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
```

XMLCOMMENT

XMLCOMMENT (value_expr)

XMLCONCAT

 ${\tt XMLCONCAT}({\tt XMLType_instance}~[,~{\tt XMLType_instance}~]\dots)$

XMLDIFF

XMLDIFF (XMLType_document, XMLType_document [, integer, string])

XMLELEMENT

```
XMLELEMENT
 ( [ ENTITYESCAPING | NOENTITYESCAPING ]
  [ NAME ]
    { identifier
    | EVALNAME value_expr
   [, XML_attributes_clause ]
   [, value_expr [ [AS] c_alias ]]...
```

XMLEXISTS

XMLEXISTS (XQuery_string [XML_passing_clause])

XMLFOREST

```
XMLFOREST
 ( value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
   [, value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
```

XMLISVALID

XMLISVALID (XMLType_instance [, XMLSchema_URL [, element]])

XMLPARSE

```
XMLPARSE
  ({ DOCUMENT | CONTENT } value_expr [ WELLFORMED ]
```

XMLPATCH

XMLPATCH (XMLType_document, XMLType_document)

XMLPI

```
XMLPI
( { [ NAME ] identifier
  | EVALNAME value_expr
  } [, value_expr ]
```

XMLQUERY

```
XMLQUERY
( XQuery_string
 [ XML_passing_clause ]
  RETURNING CONTENT [NULL ON EMPTY]
```

XMLROOT

```
XMLROOT
 ( value_expr, VERSION
 { value_expr | NO VALUE }
 [, STANDALONE { YES | NO | NO VALUE } ]
```

XMLSEQUENCE

```
XMLSEQUENCE( XMLType_instance
          sys_refcursor_instance [, fmt ]
```

XMLSERIALIZE

```
XMLSERIALIZE
  ( { DOCUMENT | CONTENT } value_expr [ AS datatype ]
   [ ENCODING xml_encoding_spec ]
   [ VERSION string_literal ]
   [ NO INDENT | { INDENT [SIZE = number] } ]
   [ { HIDE | SHOW } DEFAULTS ]
```

XMLTABLE

```
XMLTABLE
 [ XMLnamespaces_clause , ] XQuery_string XMLTABLE_options
 )
```

XMLTRANSFORM

```
XMLTRANSFORM(XMLType_instance, { XMLType_instance
                             string
           )
```

SQL Expressions

This chapter presents the syntax for combining values, operators, and functions into expressions.

This chapter includes the following section:

Syntax for SQL Expression Types

Syntax for SQL Expression Types

An expression is a combination of one or more values, operators, and SQL functions that evaluate to a value. An expression generally assumes the data type of its components.

Expressions have several forms. The sections that follow show the syntax for each form of expression. Refer to Chapter 5, "Subclauses" for the syntax of the subclauses.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for detailed information about SQL expressions

CASE expressions

```
CASE { simple_case_expression
     | searched_case_expression
     [ else_clause ]
     END
```

Column expressions

A column expression can be a simple expression, compound expression, function expression, or expression list, containing only columns of the subject table, constants, and deterministic functions.

Compound expressions

```
{ + | - | PRIOR } expr
| expr { * | / | + | - | || } expr
Note: The double vertical bars are part of the syntax
      (indicating concatenation) rather than BNF notation.
```

CURSOR expressions

```
CURSOR (subquery)
```

Datetime expressions

```
expr AT
  { LOCAL
  | TIME ZONE { ' [ + | - ] hh:mi'
             DBTIMEZONE
              'time_zone_name'
              expr
             }
  }
```

Function expressions

You can use any built-in SQL function or user-defined function as an expression.

Interval expressions

```
( expr1 - expr2 )
  { DAY [ (leading_field_precision) ] TO
    SECOND [ (fractional_second_precision) ]
  YEAR [ (leading_field_precision) ] TO
    MONTH
  }
```

JSON object access expressions

```
table_alias.JSON_column [.JSON_object_key ]...
```

Model expressions

```
{ measure_column [ { condition | expr } [, { condition | expr } ]...]
aggregate_function
    { [ { condition | expr } [, { condition | expr } ]...]
     | [ single_column_for_loop [, single_column_for_loop ]... ]
     [ multi_column_for_loop ]
| analytic_function
Note: The outside square brackets shown in boldface type are part of the syntax.
     In this case, they do not represent optionality.
```

Object access expressions

```
{ table_alias.column.
| object_table_alias.
(expr).
{ attribute [.attribute ]...
 [.method ([ argument [, argument ]... ]) ]
method ([ argument [, argument ]... ])
```

Placeholder expressions

```
:host_variable
  [ [ INDICATOR ]
    :indicator_variable
```

Scalar subquery expressions

A scalar subquery expression is a subquery that returns exactly one column value from one row.

Simple expressions

```
{ [ query_name.
```

```
[schema.]
 { table. | view. | materialized view. }
] { column | ROWID }
ROWNUM
string
number
| sequence. { CURRVAL | NEXTVAL }
NULL
}
```

Type constructor expressions

```
[ NEW ] [ schema. ]type_name
  ([ expr [, expr ]... ])
```

Syntax for SQL Expression Type

SQL Conditions

This chapter presents the syntax for combining one or more expressions and logical (Boolean) operators to specify a condition.

This chapter includes the following section:

Syntax for SQL Condition Types

Syntax for SQL Condition Types

A condition specifies a combination of one or more expressions and logical (Boolean) operators and returns a value of TRUE, FALSE, or unknown.

Conditions have several forms. The sections that follow show the syntax for each form of condition. Refer to Chapter 5, "Subclauses" for the syntax of the subclauses.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for detailed information about SQL conditions

BETWEEN condition

```
expr1 [ NOT ] BETWEEN expr2 AND expr3
```

Compound conditions

```
{ (condition)
 NOT condition
 condition { AND | OR } condition
```

EQUALS_PATH condition

```
EQUALS_PATH
    (column, path_string [, correlation_integer ])
```

EXISTS condition

```
EXISTS (subquery)
```

Floating-point conditions

```
expr IS [ NOT ] { NAN | INFINITE }
```

Group comparison conditions

```
{ expr
    { = | != | ^= | <> | > | < | >= | <= }
    { ANY | SOME | ALL }
    ({ expression_list | subquery })
( expr [, expr ]...)
```

```
{ = | != | ^= | <> }
  { ANY | SOME | ALL }
  ({ expression_list
    [, expression_list ]...
  subquery
  }
 )
}
```

where !=, ^=, and <> test for inequality

IN condition

```
{ expr [ NOT ] IN ({ expression_list \mid subquery })
( expr [, expr ]... )
    [ NOT ] IN ({ expression_list [, expression_list ]...
               subquery
               }
              )
}
```

IS A SET condition

nested_table IS [NOT] A SET

IS ANY condition

[dimension_column IS] ANY

IS EMPTY condition

nested_table IS [NOT] EMPTY

IS JSON condition

```
expr IS [ NOT ] JSON [ FORMAT JSON ] [ STRICT | LAX ]
[ { WITH | WITHOUT } UNIQUE KEYS ]
```

IS OF type condition

```
expr IS [ NOT ] OF [ TYPE ]
  ([ ONLY ] [ schema. ] type
     [, [ ONLY ] [ schema. ] type ]...
```

IS PRESENT condition

cell_reference IS PRESENT

JSON EXISTS condition

```
JSON_EXISTS( expr [ FORMAT JSON ], JSON_path_expression
             [ JSON_exists_on_error_clause ] )
```

JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition

JSON_TEXTCONTAINS(column, JSON_path_expression, string)

LIKE condition

```
char1 [ NOT ] { LIKE | LIKEC | LIKE2 | LIKE4 }
 char2 [ ESCAPE esc_char ]
```

Logical conditions

```
{ NOT | AND | OR }
```

MEMBER condition

```
expr [ NOT ] MEMBER [ OF ] nested_table
```

Null conditions

```
expr IS [ NOT ] NULL
```

REGEXP LIKE condition

```
REGEXP_LIKE(source_char, pattern
           [, match_param ]
```

Simple comparison conditions

```
{ = | != | ^= | <> | > | < | >= | <= }
| (expr [, expr ]...)
 { = | != | ^= | <> }
 ( expression_list | subquery )
```

where !=, ^=, and <> test for inequality

SUBMULTISET condition

```
nested_table1
[ NOT ] SUBMULTISET [ OF ]
nested_table2
```

UNDER_PATH condition

```
UNDER_PATH (column [, levels ], path_string
            [, correlation_integer]
```

S١	/ntax	for	SQL	Condition	Types

Subclauses

This chapter presents the syntax for the subclauses found in the syntax for SQL statements, functions, expressions and conditions.

This chapter includes the following section:

Syntax for Subclauses

Syntax for Subclauses

The sections that follow show the syntax for each subclause found in:

- Chapter 1, "SQL Statements"
- Chapter 2, "SQL Functions"
- Chapter 3, "SQL Expressions"
- Chapter 4, "SQL Conditions"

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for detailed information about Oracle SQL

```
action audit clause
```

```
{ standard_actions | component_actions }...
```

activate_standby_db_clause

```
ACTIVATE
    [ PHYSICAL | LOGICAL ]
    STANDBY DATABASE
     [ FINISH APPLY ]
```

add_binding_clause

```
ADD BINDING
  (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
 RETURN (return_type)
 [ implementation_clause ]
 using_function_clause
```

add_column_clause

```
ADD
   \{ {\tt column\_definition} \ | \ {\tt virtual\_column\_definition}
      [, column_definition | virtual_column_definition] ...
   [ column_properties ]
   [ out_of_line_part_storage [, out_of_line_part_storage]...]
```

add_disk_clause

```
ADD
  { [ QUORUM | REGULAR ] [ FAILGROUP failgroup_name ]
   DISK qualified_disk_clause [, qualified_disk_clause ]...
```

add_hash_index_partition

```
ADD PARTITION
  [ partition_name ]
  [ TABLESPACE tablespace_name ]
  [ index_compression ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
```

add_hash_partition_clause

```
partitioning_storage_clause
[ update_index_clauses ]
[ parallel_clause ]
[ indexing_clause ]
```

add_hash_subpartition

```
ADD individual_hash_subparts
  [ dependent_tables_clause ]
   [ update_index_clauses ]
   [ parallel_clause ]
```

add_list_partition_clause

```
list_values_clause
[ table_partition_description ]
[ ( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc] ...
      list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc] ...
    | individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts] ...
 ) | hash_subparts_by_quantity ]
[ update_index_clauses ]
```

add list subpartition

```
ADD list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc ]...
[ dependent_tables_clause ] [ update_index_clauses ]
```

add logfile clauses

```
ADD [ STANDBY ] LOGFILE
  {
    { [ INSTANCE 'instance_name' ] | [ THREAD 'integer' ] }
     [ GROUP integer ] redo_log_file_spec
      [, [ GROUP integer ] redo_log_file_spec ]...
   | MEMBER 'filename' [ REUSE ] [, 'filename' [ REUSE ] ]...
       TO logfile_descriptor [, logfile_descriptor ]...
```

add_mv_log_column_clause

```
ADD (column)
```

add_overflow_clause

```
ADD OVERFLOW [ segment_attributes_clause ]
  [ ( PARTITION [ segment_attributes_clause ]
    [, PARTITION [ segment_attributes_clause ] ]...
```

add_period_clause

```
ADD ( period_definition )
```

add_range_partition_clause

```
range_values_clause
[ table_partition_description ]
[ ( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc] \dots
     list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc] ...
    | individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts] ...
 ) | hash_subparts_by_quantity ]
[ update_index_clauses ]
```

add_range_subpartition

```
ADD range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc ]...
[ dependent_tables_clause ] [ update_index_clauses ]
```

add_system_partition_clause

```
[table_partition_description]
[update_index_clauses]
```

add_table_partition

```
ADD {
PARTITION [ partition ] add_range_partition_clause
  [, PARTITION [ partition ] add_range_partition_clause ]...
| PARTITION [ partition ] add_list_partition_clause
 [, PARTITION [ partition ] add_list_partition_clause ]...
| PARTITION [ partition ] add_system_partition_clause
  [, PARTITION [ partition ] add_system_partition_clause ]...
  [ BEFORE { partition_name | partition_number } ]
| PARTITION [ partition ] add_hash_partition_clause
} [ dependent_tables_clause ]
```

add_update_secret

```
{ ADD | UPDATE } SECRET 'secret' FOR CLIENT 'client_identifier'
 [ USING TAG 'tag' ]
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
  [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
```

add volume clause

```
ADD VOLUME asm_volume SIZE size_clause [redundancy_clause]
 [ STRIPE_WIDTH integer {K | M} ]
 [ STRIPE_COLUMNS integer ]
 [ ATTRIBUTE (disk_region_clause) ]
```

advanced_index_compression

```
COMPRESS ADVANCED LOW | NOCOMPRESS
```

alias file name

```
+diskgroup_name [ (template_name) ] /alias_name
```

allocate extent clause

```
ALLOCATE EXTENT
 [ ( { SIZE size_clause
      | DATAFILE 'filename'
      | INSTANCE integer
      } ...
  ]
```

allow_disallow_clustering

```
{ ALLOW | DISALLOW } CLUSTERING
```

alter_datafile_clause

```
DATAFILE
  { 'filename' | filenumber }
   [, 'filename' | filenumber ]...
  { ONLINE
  | OFFLINE [ FOR DROP ]
  RESIZE size_clause
  autoextend_clause
   END BACKUP
```

alter_external_table

```
{ add_column_clause
 modify_column_clauses
 drop_column_clause
 parallel_clause
external_data_properties
| REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED }
| PROJECT COLUMN { ALL | REFERENCED }
 [ add_column_clause
 | modify_column_clauses
  | drop_column_clause
  | parallel_clause
  external_data_properties
  | REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED }
  | PROJECT COLUMN { ALL | REFERENCED }
 1...
```

alter_index_partitioning

```
{ modify_index_default_attrs
| add_hash_index_partition
| modify_index_partition
| rename_index_partition
| drop_index_partition
| split_index_partition
 coalesce_index_partition
| modify_index_subpartition
```

alter_interval_partitioning

```
{ SET INTERVAL ( [ expr ] )
| SET STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]...)
```

alter_iot_clauses

```
{ index_org_table_clause
 alter_overflow_clause
alter_mapping_table_clauses
COALESCE
```

alter_keystore_password

```
ALTER KEYSTORE PASSWORD
 IDENTIFIED BY old_keystore_password
  SET new_keystore_password
  [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
```

alter_mapping_table_clauses

```
MAPPING TABLE
 { allocate_extent_clause
  | deallocate_unused_clause
```

alter_mv_refresh

```
REFRESH
  { { FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE }
   ON { DEMAND | COMMIT }
   | { START WITH | NEXT } date
   | WITH PRIMARY KEY
   USING
       { DEFAULT MASTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT
       MASTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
  | USING { ENFORCED | TRUSTED } CONSTRAINTS
```

alter_overflow_clause

```
{ add_overflow_clause
OVERFLOW
    { segment_attributes_clause
    allocate_extent_clause
    | shrink_clause
     | deallocate_unused_clause
    } . . .
```

alter_query_rewrite_clause

```
[ ENABLE | DISABLE ] QUERY REWRITE [ unusable_editions_clause ]
```

alter_session_set_clause

```
SET { { parameter_name = parameter_value }...
   | EDITION = edition_name
    | CONTAINER = container_name
    | ROW ARCHIVAL VISIBILITY = { ACTIVE | ALL }
```

alter_system_reset_clause

```
parameter_name
  [ { SCOPE = SPFILE
    | SID = { 'sid' | '*' }
  1
```

alter_system_set_clause

```
{ set_parameter_clause
 USE_STORED_OUTLINES = (TRUE | FALSE | category_name)
 GLOBAL_TOPIC_ENABLED = (TRUE | FALSE)
```

alter_table_partitioning

```
{ modify_table_default_attrs
| alter_interval_partitioning
set_subpartition_template
| modify_table_partition
| modify_table_subpartition
| move_table_partition
| move_table_subpartition
```

```
add_table_partition
 coalesce_table_partition
 drop_table_partition
 drop_table_subpartition
| rename_partition_subpart
| truncate_partition_subpart
| split_table_partition
| split_table_subpartition
 merge_table_partitions
merge_table_subpartitions
 exchange_partition_subpart
```

alter_table_properties

```
{ { physical_attributes_clause
     logging_clause
     table_compression
     inmemory_alter_table_clause
    | ilm clause
     supplemental_table_logging
    allocate_extent_clause
     deallocate_unused_clause
     { CACHE | NOCACHE }
     RESULT_CACHE ( MODE {DEFAULT | FORCE} )
     upgrade_table_clause
     records_per_block_clause
     parallel_clause
    | row_movement_clause
   | flashback_archive_clause
   } . . .
 RENAME TO new_table_name
 } [ alter_iot_clauses ] [ alter_XMLSchema_clause ]
{ shrink_clause
  READ ONLY
   READ WRITE
  REKEY encryption_spec
  [NO] ROW ARCHIVAL
  | ADD attribute_clustering_clause
 | MODIFY CLUSTERING [ clustering_when ] [ zonemap_clause ]
 DROP CLUSTERING
}
```

alter_tempfile_clause

```
TEMPFILE
  { 'filename' [, 'filename']...
   | filenumber [, filenumber ]...
  { RESIZE size_clause
    autoextend_clause
   DROP [ INCLUDING DATAFILES ]
  ONLINE
  OFFLINE
```

alter_varray_col_properties

```
MODIFY VARRAY varray_item
  ( modify_LOB_parameters )
```

alter_XMLSchema_clause

```
{ ALLOW ANYSCHEMA
ALLOW NONSCHEMA
| DISALLOW NONSCHEMA
```

```
}
alter_zonemap_attributes
{ PCTFREE integer
| PCTUSED integer
| { CACHE | NOCACHE }
analytic_clause
[ query_partition_clause ] [ order_by_clause [ windowing_clause ] ]
archive_log_clause
ARCHIVE LOG
  [ INSTANCE 'instance_name' ]
  { { SEQUENCE integer
      CHANGE integer
      CURRENT [ NOSWITCH ]
     GROUP integer
     | LOGFILE 'filename'
         [ USING BACKUP CONTROLFILE ]
    ALL
    }
    [ TO 'location' ]
array_DML_clause
[ WITH | WITHOUT ]
ARRAY DML
[ ([ schema. ]type
  [, [ schema. ]varray_type ])
   [, ([ schema. ]type
       [, [ schema. ]varray_type ])...
]
array_step
[ { integer | integer TO integer [, integer | integer TO integer ]... } | * ]
Note: The outside square brackets shown in boldface type are part of the syntax.
     In this case, they do not represent optionality.
ASM_filename
{ fully_qualified_file_name
| numeric file name
 incomplete_file_name
alias_file_name
}
attribute clause
ATTRIBUTE level DETERMINES
   { dependent_column
   ( dependent_column
      [, dependent_column ]...)
attribute_clustering_clause
```

CLUSTERING [clustering_join] cluster_clause

[clustering_when] [zonemap_clause]

audit_operation_clause

```
{ { sql_statement_shortcut
  ALL
 ALL STATEMENTS
 } [, { sql_statement_shortcut
      ALL
      }
   ]
| { system_privilege
 ALL PRIVILEGES
 } [, { system_privilege
      ALL PRIVILEGES
   ]
}
```

audit schema object clause

```
{ sql_operation [, object_option]
ALL
} auditing_on_clause
```

auditing_by_clause

```
BY user [, user ]...
```

auditing_on_clause

```
ON { [ schema. ] object
   | DIRECTORY directory_name
   | MINING MODEL [ schema. ] model
   | SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE [ schema. ] profile
   DEFAULT
```

autoextend_clause

```
AUTOEXTEND
  { OFF
  ON [ NEXT size_clause ]
       [ maxsize_clause ]
```

backup_keystore

```
BACKUP KEYSTORE [ USING 'backup_identifier' ]
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
  [ TO 'keystore_location' ]
```

binding_clause

```
BINDING
  (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
  RETURN return_type
   [ implementation_clause ]
  using_function_clause
   [, (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
      RETURN return_type
      [ implementation_clause ]
      using_function_clause
    ] . . .
```

bitmap_join_index_clause

```
[ schema.]table
  ([[schema.]table. | t_alias.]column
    [ ASC | DESC ]
```

```
[, [ [ schema. ]table. | t_alias. ]column
         [ ASC | DESC ]
  FROM [ schema. ]table [ t_alias ]
       [, [ schema. ]table [ t_alias ]
       ]...
  WHERE condition
     [ local_partitioned_index ] index_attributes
build_clause
BUILD { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED }
cell assignment
measure_column [ { { condition
                  expr
                  | single_column_for_loop
                    [, { condition
                       expr
                       | single_column_for_loop
                   ]...
                | multi_column_for_loop
```

Note: The outer square brackets are part of the syntax. In this case, they do not indicate optionality.

cell_reference_options

```
[ { IGNORE | KEEP } NAV ]
[ UNIQUE { DIMENSION | SINGLE REFERENCE } ]
```

character_set_clause

CHARACTER SET character_set

check_datafiles_clause

CHECK DATAFILES [GLOBAL | LOCAL]

check_diskgroup_clause

```
CHECK [ REPAIR | NOREPAIR ]
```

checkpoint_clause

CHECKPOINT [GLOBAL | LOCAL]

close_keystore

```
SET KEYSTORE CLOSE
 [ IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password ]
 [ CONTAINER = { ALL | CURRENT } ]
```

cluster_clause

BY [LINEAR | INTERLEAVED] ORDER clustering_columns

cluster_index_clause

CLUSTER [schema.] cluster index_attributes

```
cluster_range_partitions
```

```
PARTITION BY RANGE (column[, column ]...)
( PARTITION [ partition ]
   range_values_clause table_partition_description
     [, PARTITION [ partition ]
       range_values_clause table_partition_description
     ] . . .
```

clustering_column_group

```
(column [, column ]...)
```

clustering columns

```
clustering_column_group
( clustering_column_group [, clustering_column_group ]... )
```

clustering_join

```
[ schema. ] table JOIN [ schema. ] table ON ( equijoin_condition )
                   [, JOIN [ schema. ] table ON ( equijoin_condition ) ]...
```

clustering_when

```
[ { YES | NO } ON LOAD ] [ { YES | NO } ON DATA MOVEMENT ]
```

coalesce_index_partition

COALESCE PARTITION [parallel_clause]

coalesce_table_partition

```
COALESCE PARTITION
  [ update_index_clauses ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
  [ allow_disallow_clustering ]
```

coalesce_table_subpartition

```
COALESCE SUBPARTITION subpartition
  [update_index_clauses]
  [parallel_clause]
 [allow_disallow_clustering]
```

column association

```
COLUMNS [ schema. ]table.column
         [, [ schema. ]table.column ]...
  using_statistics_type
```

column_clauses

```
{ { add_column_clause
  | modify_column_clauses
  | drop_column_clause
 add_period_clause
 drop_period_clause
 } . . .
| rename_column_clause
{ modify_collection_retrieval }...
{ modify_LOB_storage_clause }...
{ alter_varray_col_properties }...
```

column_definition

```
column datatype [ SORT ] [ VISIBLE | INVISIBLE ]
```

```
[ DEFAULT [ ON NULL ] expr | identity_clause ]
  [ ENCRYPT encryption_spec ]
  [ ( { inline_constraint }... )
 | inline_ref_constraint
column properties
{ object_type_col_properties
nested_table_col_properties
| { varray_col_properties | LOB_storage_clause }
    [ (LOB_partition_storage [, LOB_partition_storage ]...) ]
| XMLType_column_properties
}...
commit switchover clause
{ PREPARE | COMMIT } TO SWITCHOVER
[ TO { { [ PHYSICAL | LOGICAL ] PRIMARY
    [ PHYSICAL ] STANDBY
    } [ { WITH | WITHOUT } SESSION SHUTDOWN
        { WAIT | NOWAIT }
     LOGICAL STANDBY
    }
CANCEL
]
component_actions
ACTIONS COMPONENT =
  { DATAPUMP | DIRECT_LOAD | OLS | XS } component_action [, component_action ]...
 DV component_action ON object_name [, component_action ON object_name ]...
composite_hash_partitions
PARTITION BY HASH (column [, column ] ...)
 { subpartition_by_range
  | subpartition_by_list
  | subpartition_by_hash
 { individual_hash_partitions
  | hash_partitions_by_quantity
composite_list_partitions
PARTITION BY LIST ( column )
 { subpartition_by_range
   subpartition_by_list
   subpartition_by_hash
( list_partition_desc [, list_partition_desc]... )
composite_range_partitions
PARTITION BY RANGE ( column [, column]...)
 [ INTERVAL ( expr ) [ STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]... ) ]]
 { subpartition_by_range
  | subpartition_by_list
  | subpartition_by_hash
( range_partition_desc [, range_partition_desc]... )
conditional insert clause
[ ALL | FIRST ]
```

```
WHEN condition
THEN insert_into_clause
 [ values_clause ]
  [ error_logging_clause ]
 [ insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [ error_logging_clause ] ]...
[ WHEN condition
 THEN insert_into_clause
   [ values_clause ]
   [ error_logging_clause ]
   [ insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [ error_logging_clause ] ]...
1...
[ ELSE insert_into_clause
  [ values_clause ]
 [ error_logging_clause ]
  [ insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [ error_logging_clause ] ]...
constraint
{ inline_constraint
| out_of_line_constraint
| inline_ref_constraint
out_of_line_ref_constraint
constraint clauses
{ ADD { { out_of_line_constraint }...
     out_of_line_REF_constraint
     }
| MODIFY { CONSTRAINT constraint_name
          PRIMARY KEY
         UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
        } constraint_state [ CASCADE ]
RENAME CONSTRAINT old_name TO new_name
drop_constraint_clause
}
constraint_state
[ [ [ NOT ] DEFERRABLE ]
 [ INITIALLY { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED } ]
| [ INITIALLY { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED } ]
 [ [ NOT ] DEFERRABLE ]
[ RELY | NORELY ]
[ using_index_clause ]
[ ENABLE | DISABLE ]
[ VALIDATE | NOVALIDATE ]
[ exceptions_clause ]
container_data_clause
SET CONTAINER_DATA = { ALL | DEFAULT | ( container_name [, container_name ]... ) }
ADD CONTAINER_DATA = ( container_name [, container_name ]...)
REMOVE CONTAINER_DATA = ( container_name [, container_name ]... )
[ FOR [ schema. ] container_data_object ]
containers clause
CONTAINERS( [schema.] { table | view } )
```

context_clause

```
[ WITH INDEX CONTEXT,
 SCAN CONTEXT implementation_type
  [ COMPUTE ANCILLARY DATA ]
[ WITH COLUMN CONTEXT ]
```

controlfile clauses

```
CREATE { [ LOGICAL | PHYSICAL ] STANDBY | FAR SYNC INSTANCE }
 CONTROLFILE AS
 'filename' [ REUSE ]
| BACKUP CONTROLFILE TO
 { 'filename' [ REUSE ]
  | trace_file_clause
```

convert_database_clause

```
CONVERT TO ( PHYSICAL | SNAPSHOT ) STANDBY
```

cost_matrix_clause

```
COST
 { MODEL [AUTO]
 ( class_value [, class_value]...)
       VALUES ( ( cost_value [, cost_value]...)
                [ , (cost_value [, cost_value]... ) ]...
 }
```

create_datafile_clause

```
CREATE DATAFILE
  { 'filename' | filenumber }
    [, 'filename' | filenumber ]...
  [ AS { file_specification
        [, file_specification]...
       NEW
       }
```

create_file_dest_clause

```
CREATE_FILE_DEST = { NONE | 'directory_path_name' | diskgroup_name }
```

create_key

```
CREATE [ ENCRYPTION ] KEY [ USING TAG 'tag' ]
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
 [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
  [ CONTAINER = { ALL | CURRENT } ]
```

create_keystore

```
CREATE
 { KEYSTORE 'keystore_location'
  [ LOCAL ] AUTO_LOGIN KEYSTORE FROM KEYSTORE 'keystore_location'
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
```

create_mv_refresh

```
{ REFRESH
 { { FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE }
 | { ON DEMAND
   ON COMMIT
```

```
}
  | { START WITH date |
     NEXT date
   } . . .
  | WITH { PRIMARY KEY | ROWID }
  USING
    { DEFAULT [ MASTER | LOCAL ] ROLLBACK SEGMENT
    [ MASTER | LOCAL ] ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
    } . . .
 USING
    { ENFORCED | TRUSTED } CONSTRAINTS
| NEVER REFRESH
}
create_pdb_clone
FROM { src_pdb_name [ @ dblink ] } | { NON$CDB @ dblink }
 [ pdb_storage_clause ]
 [ file_name_convert ]
 [ path_prefix_clause ]
 [ tempfile_reuse_clause ]
 [ SNAPSHOT COPY ]
 [ user_tablespaces_clause ]
 [ standbys_clause ]
 [ logging_clause ]
 [ create_file_dest_clause ]
 [ NO DATA ]
create pdb from seed
ADMIN USER admin_user_name IDENTIFIED BY password
 [ pdb_dba_roles ]
 [ default_tablespace ]
 [ file_name_convert ]
 [ pdb_storage_clause ]
 [ path_prefix_clause ]
 [ tempfile_reuse_clause ]
 [ user_tablespaces_clause ]
 [ standbys_clause ]
 [ logging_clause ]
 [ create_file_dest_clause ]
create_pdb_from_xml
[ AS CLONE ] USING filename [ source_file_name_convert ]
 [ { [ COPY | MOVE ] file_name_convert } | NOCOPY ]
 [ pdb_storage_clause ]
 [ path_prefix_clause ]
 [ tempfile_reuse_clause ]
 [ user_tablespaces_clause ]
 [ standbys_clause ]
 [ logging_clause ]
 [ create_file_dest_clause ]
create zonemap as subquery
CREATE MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP
 [ schema. ] zonemap_name
 [ (column_alias [, column_alias ]...) ]
 [ zonemap_attributes ]
 [ zonemap_refresh_clause ]
 [ { ENABLE | DISABLE } PRUNING ]
 AS query_block
```

create_zonemap_on_table

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP
 [ schema. ] zonemap_name
 [ zonemap_attributes ]
 [ zonemap_refresh_clause ]
 [ { ENABLE | DISABLE } PRUNING ]
 ON [ schema. ] { table | materialized_view } ( column [, column]... )
cross_outer_apply_clause
{ CROSS | OUTER } APPLY { table_reference | collection_expression }
cycle clause
{CYCLE c_alias [, c_alias]...
   SET cycle_mark_c_alias TO cycle_value
   DEFAULT no_cycle_value
}
database_file_clauses
{ RENAME FILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
  TO 'filename'
create_datafile_clause
 alter_datafile_clause
 alter_tempfile_clause
 move_datafile_clause
database_logging_clauses
   [ GROUP integer ] file_specification
     [, [ GROUP integer ] file_specification ]...
| MAXLOGFILES integer
| MAXLOGMEMBERS integer
| MAXLOGHISTORY integer
| { ARCHIVELOG | NOARCHIVELOG }
FORCE LOGGING
datafile_tempfile_clauses
{ ADD { DATAFILE | TEMPFILE }
  [ file_specification [, file_specification ]... ]
 DROP {DATAFILE | TEMPFILE } { 'filename' | file_number }
 SHRINK TEMPFILE { 'filename' | file_number } [KEEP size_clause]
| RENAME DATAFILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
   TO 'filename' [, 'filename']...
| { DATAFILE | TEMPFILE } { ONLINE | OFFLINE }
datafile_tempfile_spec
[ 'filename' | 'ASM_filename' ]
[ SIZE size_clause ]
[ REUSE ]
[ autoextend_clause ]
db_user_proxy_clauses
 { ROLE { role_name [, role_name]...
        ALL EXCEPT role_name [, role_name]...
 NO ROLES
```

```
[ AUTHENTICATION REQUIRED ]
dblink
database[.domain [.domain ]... ] [ @ connection_qualifier ]
dblink authentication
AUTHENTICATED BY user IDENTIFIED BY password
deallocate_unused_clause
DEALLOCATE UNUSED [ KEEP size_clause ]
default_cost_clause
DEFAULT COST (cpu_cost, io_cost, network_cost)
default selectivity clause
DEFAULT SELECTIVITY default_selectivity
default_settings_clauses
{ DEFAULT EDITION = edition_name
 SET DEFAULT { BIGFILE | SMALLFILE } TABLESPACE
 DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
 DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
| RENAME GLOBAL_NAME TO database.domain [.domain ]...
| ENABLE BLOCK CHANGE TRACKING [ USING FILE 'filename' [ REUSE ] ]
DISABLE BLOCK CHANGE TRACKING
[NO] FORCE FULL DATABASE CACHING
flashback_mode_clause
set_time_zone_clause
default_tablespace
DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
[ DATAFILE datafile_tempfile_spec ]
[ extent_management_clause ]
default_temp_tablespace
  [ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ]
DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE tablespace
  [ TEMPFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]...]
  [ extent_management_clause ]
deferred_segment_creation
SEGMENT CREATION { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED }
delete secret
DELETE SECRET FOR CLIENT 'client_identifier'
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
  [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
dependent_tables_clause
DEPENDENT TABLES
( table ( partition_spec [, partition_spec]...
        [, table ( partition_spec [, partition_spec]... ]
```

dimension_join_clause

```
{ JOIN KEY
  { child_key_column
   | (child_key_column [, child_key_column ]...)
 REFERENCES parent_level
} . . .
```

disk_offline_clause

```
OFFLINE
 { [QUORUM | REGULAR] DISK disk_name [, disk_name ] ...
 | DISKS IN [QUORUM | REGULAR] FAILGROUP failgroup_name [, failgroup_name ]...
 } ... [timeout_clause]
```

disk_online_clause

```
ONLINE
 { { [QUORUM | REGULAR] DISK disk_name [, disk_name]...
   | DISKS IN [QUORUM | REGULAR] FAILGROUP failgroup_name [, failgroup_name]...
 ALL
 } [ POWER integer ] [ WAIT | NOWAIT ]
```

disk_region_clause

```
[ HOT | COLD ] [ MIRRORHOT | MIRRORCOLD ]
```

diskgroup_alias_clauses

```
{ ADD ALIAS
   'alias_name' FOR 'filename'
   [, 'alias_name' FOR 'filename' ]...
DROP ALIAS 'alias_name' [, 'alias_name' ]...
RENAME ALIAS
   'old_alias_name' TO 'new_alias_name'
   [, 'old_alias_name' TO 'new_alias_name']...
```

diskgroup attributes

```
SET ATTRIBUTE 'attribute_name' = 'attribute_value'
```

diskgroup_availability

```
{ MOUNT [ RESTRICTED | NORMAL ]
          [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
| DISMOUNT [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
```

diskgroup_directory_clauses

```
{ ADD DIRECTORY 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
DROP DIRECTORY
   'filename' [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
   [, 'filename' [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...
RENAME DIRECTORY
   'old_dir_name' TO 'new_dir_name'
   [, 'old_dir_name' TO 'new_dir_name']...
```

diskgroup_template_clauses

```
{ { ADD | MODIFY } TEMPLATE template_name qualified_template_clause
     [, template_name qualified_template_clause ]...
DROP TEMPLATE template_name [, template_name ]...
}
```

diskgroup_volume_clauses

```
{ add_volume_clause
| modify_volume_clause
RESIZE VOLUME asm_volume SIZE size_clause
DROP VOLUME asm_volume
```

distributed recov clauses

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } DISTRIBUTED RECOVERY
```

dml_table_expression_clause

```
{ [ schema. ]
 { table
   [ partition_extension_clause
   @ dblink
  1
 | { view | materialized view } [ @ dblink ]
 }
| ( subquery [ subquery_restriction_clause ] )
| table_collection_expression
```

domain_index_clause

```
indextype
  [ local_domain_index_clause ]
   [ parallel_clause ]
  [ PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters') ]
```

drop_binding_clause

```
DROP BINDING (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
 [ FORCE ]
```

drop_column_clause

```
{ SET UNUSED { COLUMN column
         (column [, column ]...)
 [ { CASCADE CONSTRAINTS | INVALIDATE }...]
 [ ONLINE ]
DROP { COLUMN column
      (column [, column ]...)
     }
 [ { CASCADE CONSTRAINTS | INVALIDATE }...]
 [ CHECKPOINT integer ]
DROP { UNUSED COLUMNS
     | COLUMNS CONTINUE
     }
 [ CHECKPOINT integer ]
```

drop_constraint_clause

```
DROP
  { { PRIMARY KEY
    UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
    [ CASCADE ]
    [ { KEEP | DROP } INDEX ]
   | CONSTRAINT constraint_name
    [ CASCADE ]
  } [ ONLINE ]
```

drop_disk_clause

```
DROP
{ [QUORUM | REGULAR] DISK
   disk_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
   [, disk_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...
| DISKS IN [QUORUM | REGULAR] FAILGROUP
   failgroup_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
    [, failgroup_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...
```

drop_diskgroup_file_clause

```
DROP FILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
```

drop_index_partition

DROP PARTITION partition_name

drop_logfile_clauses

```
DROP [ STANDBY ] LOGFILE
  { logfile_descriptor
    [, logfile_descriptor ]...
  | MEMBER 'filename'
          [, 'filename']...
```

drop_period_clause

DROP (PERIOD FOR valid_time_column)

drop_table_partition

```
DROP partition_extended_names
 [ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]
```

drop table subpartition

```
DROP subpartition_extended_names
  [ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]
```

ds_iso_format

```
[-] P [days D]
  [T [hours H] [minutes M] [seconds [. frac_secs] S ] ]
```

else_clause

ELSE else_expr

enable_disable_clause

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE }
[ VALIDATE | NOVALIDATE ]
{ UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
PRIMARY KEY
| CONSTRAINT constraint_name
[ using_index_clause ]
[ exceptions_clause ]
[ CASCADE ]
[ { KEEP | DROP } INDEX ]
```

enable_disable_volume

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } VOLUME
 { asm_volume [, asm_volume]...
 ALL
```

```
enable_pluggable_database
ENABLE PLUGGABLE DATABASE
 [ SEED
 [ file_name_convert ]
 [ SYSTEM tablespace_datafile_clauses ]
 [ SYSAUX tablespace_datafile_clauses ]
encryption_spec
  [ USING 'encrypt_algorithm' ]
  [ IDENTIFIED BY password ]
  [ 'integrity_algorithm' ]
 [ [ NO ] SALT ]
end_session_clauses
{ DISCONNECT SESSION 'integer1, integer2'
    [ POST_TRANSACTION ]
| KILL SESSION 'integer1, integer2 [, @integer3]'
[ IMMEDIATE | NOREPLAY ]
error_logging_clause
LOG ERRORS
 [ INTO [schema.] table ]
  [ (simple_expression) ]
  [ REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED } ]
evaluation_edition_clause
EVALUATE USING { CURRENT EDITION | EDITION edition | NULL EDITION }
exceptions_clause
EXCEPTIONS INTO [ schema. ] table
exchange_partition_subpart
EXCHANGE { partition_extended_name
        | subpartition_extended_name
  WITH TABLE [ schema. ] table
  [ { INCLUDING | EXCLUDING } INDEXES ]
  [ { WITH | WITHOUT } VALIDATION ]
  [ exceptions_clause ]
  [ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]
   [ CASCADE ]
export_keys
EXPORT [ ENCRYPTION ] KEYS WITH SECRET secret
 TO 'filename'
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
  [ WITH IDENTIFIER IN { 'key_id' [, 'key_id' ]... | ( subquery ) } ]
```

{ simple_expression compound_expression case_expression cursor_expression | datetime_expression | function_expression

expr

```
interval_expression
 JSON_object_access_expr
 model_expression
 object_access_expression
 scalar_subquery_expression
type_constructor_expression
 variable_expression
expression list
{ expr [, expr ]...
( [expr [, expr ]] ...)
extended attribute clause
ATTRIBUTE attribute
  { LEVEL level
   DETERMINES { dependent_column
              (dependent_column [, dependent_column ]...)
 }...
extent_management_clause
EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL
 [ AUTOALLOCATE
  UNIFORM [ SIZE size_clause ]
external_data_properties
DEFAULT DIRECTORY directory
[ ACCESS PARAMETERS
  { (opaque_format_spec)
   USING CLOB subquery
LOCATION
   ([ directory: ] 'location_specifier'
     [, [ directory: ] 'location_specifier' ]...
external_table_clause
([ TYPE access_driver_type ]
 external_data_properties
[ REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED } ]
failover_clause
FAILOVER TO target_db_name [ FORCE ]
file_name_convert
FILE_NAME_CONVERT =
  { ( 'filename_pattern', 'replacement_filename_pattern'
     [, 'filename_pattern', 'replacement_filename_pattern']...)
   NONE
 }
file owner clause
SET OWNERSHIP { OWNER = user | GROUP = usergroup
                 [, OWNER = user | GROUP = usergroup ]...
```

```
} FOR FILE 'filename' [, 'filename']...
```

file_permissions_clause

```
SET PERMISSION { OWNER | GROUP | OTHER }
 = { NONE | READ ONLY | READ WRITE }
 [, { OWNER | GROUP | OTHER | ALL }
   = { NONE | READ ONLY | READ WRITE } ]...
   FOR FILE 'filename' [, 'filename']...
```

file specification

```
{ datafile_tempfile_spec
| redo_log_file_spec
```

flashback archive clause

FLASHBACK ARCHIVE [flashback_archive] | NO FLASHBACK ARCHIVE

flashback_archive_quota

```
QUOTA integer { M \mid G \mid T \mid P \mid E }
```

flashback_archive_retention

RETENTION integer {YEAR | MONTH | DAY}

flashback mode clause

FLASHBACK { ON | OFF }

flashback_query_clause

```
{ VERSIONS BETWEEN { SCN | TIMESTAMP }
   { expr | MINVALUE } AND { expr | MAXVALUE }
| VERSIONS PERIOD FOR valid_time_column BETWEEN
   { expr | MINVALUE } AND { expr | MAXVALUE }
AS OF { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr
AS OF PERIOD FOR valid_time_column expr
```

for_refresh_clause

```
{ FOR SYNCHRONOUS REFRESH USING staging_log_name
FOR FAST REFRESH
```

for_update_clause

```
FOR UPDATE
 [ OF [ [ schema. ] { table | view } . ] column
        [, [ [ schema. ] { table | view } . ] column
  [ { NOWAIT | WAIT integer
   SKIP LOCKED
   }
 ]
```

full_database_recovery

```
[ STANDBY ] DATABASE
[ { UNTIL { CANCEL
          | TIME date
         | CHANGE integer
         CONSISTENT
         }
```

```
USING BACKUP CONTROLFILE
   SNAPSHOT TIME date
]
```

fully qualified file name

```
+diskgroup_name/db_name/file_type/
   \verb|file_type_tag.filenumber.incarnation_number|\\
```

function association

```
{ FUNCTIONS
    [ schema. ]function [, [ schema. ]function ]...
PACKAGES
    [ schema. ]package [, [ schema. ]package ]...
TYPES
    [ schema. ]type [, [ schema. ]type ]...
INDEXES
    [ schema. ]index [, [ schema. ]index ]...
INDEXTYPES
    [ schema. ]indextype [, [ schema. ]indextype ]...
{ using_statistics_type
| { default_cost_clause [, default_selectivity_clause ]
  | default_selectivity_clause [, default_cost_clause ]
}
```

general_recovery

```
RECOVER
[ AUTOMATIC ]
[ FROM 'location' ]
{ full_database_recovery
  | partial_database_recovery
  | LOGFILE 'filename'
  [ { TEST
    | ALLOW integer CORRUPTION
    parallel_clause
   } . . .
| CONTINUE [ DEFAULT ]
 CANCEL
```

global_partitioned_index

```
GLOBAL PARTITION BY
  { RANGE (column_list)
       (index_partitioning_clause)
   | HASH (column_list)
       { individual_hash_partitions
       hash_partitions_by_quantity
       }
  }
```

grant_object_privileges

```
{ object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] }
  [ (column [, column ]...) ]
    [, { object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] }
      [ (column [, column ]...) ]
   ]...
on_object_clause
TO grantee_clause
```

```
[ WITH HIERARCHY OPTION ]
  [ WITH GRANT OPTION ]
grant_roles_to_programs
role [, role ]... TO program_unit [, program_unit ]...
grant_system_privileges
{ system_privilege | role | ALL PRIVILEGES }
  [, { system_privilege | role | ALL PRIVILEGES } ]...
TO { grantee_clause \mid grantee_identified_by } [ WITH { ADMIN \mid DELEGATE } OPTION ]
grantee_clause
{ user | role | PUBLIC }
 [, { user | role | PUBLIC } ]...
grantee_identified_by
user [, user ]... IDENTIFIED BY password [, password ]...
group_by_clause
GROUP BY
  { expr
  | rollup_cube_clause
   | grouping_sets_clause
    [, { expr
        | rollup_cube_clause
        grouping_sets_clause
    ]...
   [ HAVING condition ]
grouping_expression_list
expression_list [, expression_list ]...
grouping_sets_clause
GROUPING SETS
({ rollup_cube_clause | grouping_expression_list })
hash_partitions
PARTITION BY HASH (column [, column ] ...)
{ individual_hash_partitions
| hash_partitions_by_quantity
}
hash_partitions_by_quantity
PARTITIONS hash_partition_quantity
[ STORE IN (tablespace [, tablespace ]...) ]
[ table_compression | index_compression ]
[ OVERFLOW STORE IN (tablespace [, tablespace ]...) ]
hash_subparts_by_quantity
SUBPARTITIONS integer [STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]...)]
heap_org_table_clause
[ table_compression ] [ inmemory_table_clause ] [ ilm_clause ]
```

```
hierarchical_query_clause
```

```
{ CONNECT BY [ NOCYCLE ] condition [ START WITH condition ]
| START WITH condition CONNECT BY [ NOCYCLE ] condition
```

hierarchy_clause

```
HIERARCHY hierarchy
(child_level { CHILD OF parent_level }...
 [ dimension_join_clause ]
```

identity_clause

```
GENERATED
[ ALWAYS | BY DEFAULT [ ON NULL ] ]
AS IDENTITY [ ( identity_options ) ]
```

identity_options

```
{ START WITH ( integer | LIMIT VALUE )
INCREMENT BY integer
| ( MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE )
| ( MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE )
| ( CYCLE | NOCYCLE )
( CACHE integer | NOCACHE )
( ORDER | NOORDER ) }...
```

ilm_clause

```
ILM
{ ADD POLICY ilm_policy_clause
| { DELETE | ENABLE | DISABLE } POLICY ilm_policy_name
| DELETE_ALL | ENABLE_ALL | DISABLE_ALL
}
```

ilm_policy_clause

```
{ table_compression | tiering_clause }
{ SEGMENT | GROUP | ROW }
{ \{ AFTER number { {DAY | DAYS } | {MONTH | MONTHS } | {YEAR | YEARS } } }
  OF { { NO ACCESS } | { NO MODIFICATION } | CREATION } }
ON function_name }
```

implementation_clause

```
{ ANCILLARY TO primary_operator
   ( parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
     [, primary_operator
        ( parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
     1...
context_clause
```

import_keys

```
IMPORT [ ENCRYPTION ] KEYS WITH SECRET secret
 FROM 'filename'
  IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
  [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
```

incomplete file name

```
+diskgroup_name [ (template_name) ]
```

index attributes

```
[ { physical_attributes_clause
```

```
logging_clause
 ONLINE
 TABLESPACE { tablespace | DEFAULT }
| index_compression
| { SORT | NOSORT }
REVERSE
| VISIBLE | INVISIBLE
partial_index_clause
| parallel_clause
```

index_compression

```
{ prefix_compression
advanced_index_compression
```

index_expr

{ column | column_expression }

index_org_overflow_clause

```
[ INCLUDING column_name ]
OVERFLOW [ segment_attributes_clause ]
```

index org table clause

```
[ { mapping_table_clause
  | PCTTHRESHOLD integer
 prefix_compression
 } . . .
[ index_org_overflow_clause ]
```

index_partition_description

```
PARTITION
[ partition
  [ { segment_attributes_clause
     | index_compression
  | PARAMETERS ( 'ODCI_parameters' )
  ]
  [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
```

index_partitioning_clause

```
PARTITION [ partition ]
  VALUES LESS THAN (literal[, literal]...)
  [ segment_attributes_clause ]
```

index properties

```
[ { global_partitioned_index
   | local_partitioned_index
   }
 | index_attributes
 } . . .
| INDEXTYPE IS { domain_index_clause
              | XMLTable_index_clause
              | XMLIndex_clause
              }
```

index_subpartition_clause

```
{ STORE IN (tablespace[, tablespace]...)
(SUBPARTITION
      [ subpartition ] [ TABLESPACE tablespace ] [ index_compression ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
   [, SUBPARTITION
        [ subpartition ] [ TABLESPACE tablespace ] [ index_compression ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE
1
   ] . . .
```

indexing clause

```
INDEXING { ON | OFF }
```

individual_hash_partitions

```
PARTITION [partition] [indexing_clause] [partitioning_storage_clause]
  [, PARTITION [partition] [indexing_clause] [partitioning_storage_clause]]...
```

individual_hash_subparts

SUBPARTITION [subpartition] [indexing_clause] [partitioning_storage_clause]

inline_constraint

```
[ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ]
{ [ NOT ] NULL
UNIQUE
PRIMARY KEY
 references_clause
| CHECK (condition)
[ constraint_state ]
```

inline ref constraint

```
{ SCOPE IS [ schema. ] scope_table
 WITH ROWID
[ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ]
 references_clause
 [ constraint_state ]
```

inmemory_alter_table_clause

```
[ INMEMORY [ inmemory_parameters ] ] [ inmemory_column_clause ]
NO INMEMORY
```

inmemory_clause

```
INMEMORY [ inmemory_parameters ]
NO INMEMORY
```

inmemory_column_clause

```
{ INMEMORY [ inmemory_memcompress ] | NO INMEMORY } ( column [, column ]... )
[ { INMEMORY [ inmemory_memcompress ] \mid NO INMEMORY } ( column [, column ]... ) ]...
```

inmemory distribute

```
DISTRIBUTE [ AUTO | BY { ROWID RANGE | PARTITION | SUBPARTITION } ]
```

inmemory_duplicate

```
DUPLICATE | DUPLICATE ALL | NO DUPLICATE
```

```
inmemory_memcompress
MEMCOMPRESS FOR { DML | QUERY [ LOW | HIGH ] | CAPACITY [ LOW | HIGH ] }
NO MEMCOMPRESS
inmemory_parameters
[ inmemory_memcompress ] [ inmemory_priority ] [ inmemory_distribute ] [ inmemory_duplicate ]
inmemory_priority
PRIORITY { NONE | LOW | MEDIUM | HIGH | CRITICAL }
inmemory_table_clause
INMEMORY [ inmemory_parameters ] [ inmemory_column_clause ]
NO INMEMORY
inner_cross_join_clause
{ [ INNER ] JOIN table_reference
   { ON condition
   USING (column [, column ]...)
| { CROSS
  NATURAL [ INNER ]
 JOIN table_reference
insert_into_clause
INTO dml_table_expression_clause [ t_alias ]
[ (column [, column ]...) ]
instance_clauses
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } INSTANCE 'instance_name'
instances_clause
INSTANCES = { ( 'instance_name' [, 'instance_name' ]... )
           ALL [ EXCEPT ( 'instance_name' [, 'instance_name' ]... ) ] }
integer
[ + | - ] digit [ digit ]...
interval_day_to_second
INTERVAL '{ integer | integer time_expr | time_expr }'
{ { DAY | HOUR | MINUTE } [ (leading_precision) ]
| SECOND [ (leading_precision [, fractional_seconds_precision ]) ]
[ TO { DAY | HOUR | MINUTE | SECOND [ (fractional_seconds_precision) ] } ]
interval_year_to_month
INTERVAL 'integer [- integer ]'
into clause
INTO [ schema. ] table
invoker_rights_clause
```

AUTHID { CURRENT_USER | DEFINER }

join_clause

```
table_reference
  { inner_cross_join_clause | outer_join_clause | cross_outer_apply_clause }...
```

JSON_column_definition

```
JSON_exists_column
JSON_query_column
| JSON value column
JSON_nested_path
ordinality_column
```

JSON columns clause

```
COLUMNS ( JSON_column_definition [, JSON_column_definition ]...)
```

JSON_exists_column

```
column_name JSON_value_return_type
  EXISTS PATH JSON_path_expression [ JSON_exists_on_error_clause ]
```

JSON_exists_on_error_clause

```
{ ERROR | TRUE | FALSE } ON ERROR
```

JSON_nested_path

NESTED PATH JSON_path_expression JSON_columns_clause

JSON_path_expression

```
$[ object_step | array_step ]...
```

JSON_query_column

```
column_name JSON_query_return_type
 FORMAT JSON [ JSON_query_wrapper_clause ]
  PATH JSON_path_expression [ JSON_query_on_error_clause ]
```

JSON query on error clause

```
{ ERROR | NULL | EMPTY } ON ERROR
```

JSON_query_return_type

VARCHAR2 [(size [BYTE | CHAR])]

JSON_query_returning_clause

```
[ RETURNING JSON_query_return_type ] [ PRETTY ] [ ASCII ]
```

JSON query wrapper clause

```
WITHOUT [ ARRAY ] WRAPPER
| WITH [ UNCONDITIONAL | CONDITIONAL ] [ ARRAY ] WRAPPER
```

JSON_table_on_error_clause

```
{ ERROR | NULL | DEFAULT literal } ON ERROR
```

JSON_value_column

 $\verb|column_name JSON_value_return_type PATH JSON_path_expression| \\$ [JSON_value_on_error_clause]

JSON_value_on_error_clause

```
{ ERROR | NULL | DEFAULT literal } ON ERROR
```

JSON_value_return_type

```
{ VARCHAR2 [ ( size [BYTE | CHAR] ) ]
| NUMBER [ ( precision [, scale] ) ]
```

JSON_value_returning_clause

```
[ RETURNING JSON_value_return_type ] [ ASCII ]
```

key_management_clauses

```
{ set_key
create_key
use key
set_key_tag
| export_keys
| import_keys
 migrate_key
| reverse_migrate_key
```

keystore_management_clauses

```
{ create_keystore
open_keystore
 close_keystore
 backup_keystore
 alter_keystore_password
| merge_into_new_keystore
| merge_into_exist_keystore
```

level_clause

```
LEVEL level IS
   { level table.level column
   | (level_table.level_column
      [, level_table.level_column ]...
  }
```

list_partition_desc

```
PARTITION [partition]
list_values_clause
table_partition_description
  [ ( range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc]...
       list_subpartition_desc, [, list_subpartition_desc]...
      | individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts]...
    | hash_subparts_by_quantity
```

list_partitions

```
PARTITION BY LIST (column)
(PARTITION [ partition ]
   list_values_clause table_partition_description
  [, PARTITION [ partition ]
       list_values_clause table_partition_description
 ] . . .
```

list_subpartition_desc

```
SUBPARTITION [subpartition]
 list_values_clause
```

```
[indexing_clause] [partitioning_storage_clause]
```

list_values_clause

```
VALUES ({ literal | NULL }
       [, { literal | NULL }]...
      DEFAULT
```

LOB_compression_clause

```
{ COMPRESS [HIGH | MEDIUM | LOW ]
 NOCOMPRESS
```

LOB_deduplicate_clause

```
{ DEDUPLICATE
| KEEP_DUPLICATES
```

LOB parameters

```
{ { ENABLE | DISABLE } STORAGE IN ROW
  | CHUNK integer
  PCTVERSION integer
  | FREEPOOLS integer
  | LOB_retention_clause
  | LOB_deduplicate_clause
  | LOB_compression_clause
  { ENCRYPT encryption_spec | DECRYPT }
 | { CACHE | NOCACHE | CACHE READS } [ logging_clause ]
} . . .
```

LOB_partition_storage

```
PARTITION partition
{ LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties }...
  [ (SUBPARTITION subpartition
    { LOB_partitioning_storage | varray_col_properties }...
]
```

LOB_partitioning_storage

```
LOB (LOB_item) STORE AS [BASICFILE | SECUREFILE]
 [ LOB_segname [ (TABLESPACE tablespace) ]
   (TABLESPACE tablespace)
```

LOB_retention_storage

```
RETENTION [ MAX | MIN integer | AUTO | NONE ]
```

LOB_storage_clause

```
LOB
{ (LOB_item [, LOB_item ]...)
     STORE AS { {SECUREFILE | BASICFILE}
              (LOB_storage_parameters)
              } . . .
(LOB_item)
     STORE AS { {SECUREFILE | BASICFILE}}
              LOB_segname
              (LOB_storage_parameters)
              } . . .
```

LOB_storage_parameters

```
{ { TABLESPACE tablespace
 LOB_parameters [storage_clause]
 } . . .
| storage_clauase
```

local_domain_index_clause

```
[ ( PARTITION partition [ PARAMETERS ( 'ODCI_parameters' ) ]
  [, PARTITION partition [ PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters') ]]...
 )
```

local_partitioned_index

```
LOCAL
[ on_range_partitioned_table
on_list_partitioned_table
 on_hash_partitioned_table
on_comp_partitioned_table
```

local_XMLIndex_clause

```
LOCAL
  [ ( PARTITION partition [ XMLIndex_parameters_clause ]
     [, PARTITION partition [ XMLIndex_parameters_clause ] ]...
  ]
```

logfile_clause

```
LOGFILE
[ GROUP integer ] file_specification
  [, [ GROUP integer ] file_specification ]...
```

logfile_clauses

```
{ { ARCHIVELOG [ MANUAL ]
 NOARCHIVELOG
[ NO ] FORCE LOGGING
| RENAME FILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
   TO 'filename'
| CLEAR [ UNARCHIVED ]
   LOGFILE logfile_descriptor [, logfile_descriptor ]...
   [ UNRECOVERABLE DATAFILE ]
| add_logfile_clauses
| drop_logfile_clauses
| switch_logfile_clause
| supplemental_db_logging
```

logfile_descriptor

```
{ GROUP integer
('filename' [, 'filename' ]...)
 'filename'
}
```

logging_clause

```
{ LOGGING | NOLOGGING | FILESYSTEM_LIKE_LOGGING }
```

main_model

```
[ MAIN main_model_name ]
model_column_clauses
[ cell_reference_options ]
model_rules_clause
```

managed_standby_recovery

```
RECOVER
{ MANAGED STANDBY DATABASE
   [ { USING ARCHIVED LOGFILE
      DISCONNECT [FROM SESSION]
      I NODELAY
       UNTIL CHANGE integer
      UNTIL CONSISTENT
      | parallel_clause
    | FINISH
    CANCEL
| TO LOGICAL STANDBY { db_name | KEEP IDENTITY }
```

mapping_table_clauses

```
{ MAPPING TABLE | NOMAPPING }
```

materialized_view_props

```
[ column_properties ]
[ table_partitioning_clauses ]
[ CACHE | NOCACHE ]
[ parallel_clause ]
[ build_clause ]
```

maximize_standby_db_clause

```
SET STANDBY DATABASE TO MAXIMIZE
{ PROTECTION | AVAILABILITY | PERFORMANCE }
```

maxsize clause

```
MAXSIZE { UNLIMITED | size_clause }
```

merge_insert_clause

```
WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN
INSERT [ (column [, column ]...) ]
VALUES ({ expr | DEFAULT }
          [, { expr | DEFAULT } ]...
[ where_clause ]
```

merge_into_exist_keystore

```
MERGE KEYSTORE 'keystore1_location' [ IDENTIFIED BY keystore1_password ]
 INTO EXISTING KEYSTORE 'keystore2_location' IDENTIFIED BY keystore2_password
 [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
```

merge_into_new_keystore

```
MERGE KEYSTORE 'keystore1_location' [ IDENTIFIED BY keystore1_password ]
 AND KEYSTORE 'keystore2_location' [ IDENTIFIED BY keystore2_password ]
 INTO NEW KEYSTORE 'keystore3_location' IDENTIFIED BY keystore3_password
```

merge_table_partitions

```
MERGE PARTITIONS partition_or_key_value
```

```
{ , partition_or_key_value [, partition_or_key_value ]...
   | TO partition_or_key_value }
   [ INTO partition_spec ]
   [ dependent_tables_clause ]
  [ update_index_clauses ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
   [ allow_disallow_clustering ]
merge_table_subpartitions
MERGE SUBPARTITIONS subpartition_or_key_value
  { , subpartition_or_key_value [, subpartition_or_key_value ]...
   TO subpartition_or_key_value }
   [ INTO { range_subpartition_desc
         | list_subpartition_desc
```

merge_update_clause

[dependent_tables_clause] [update_index_clauses] [parallel_clause]

[allow_disallow_clustering]

```
WHEN MATCHED THEN
UPDATE SET column = { expr | DEFAULT }
          [, column = { expr | DEFAULT } ]...
[ where_clause ]
[ DELETE where_clause ]
```

migrate key

```
SET [ ENCRYPTION ] KEY IDENTIFIED BY HSM_auth_string
 MIGRATE USING software_keystore_password
  [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
```

mining analytic clause

```
[ query_partition_clause ] [ order_by_clause ]
```

mining_attribute_clause

```
USING
{ *
| { [ schema . ] table . *
 expr [ AS alias ]
    [, { [ schema . ] table . *
      expr [ AS alias ]
   ]...
}
```

model_clause

```
[ cell_reference_options ]
  [ return_rows_clause ]
  [ reference_model ]...
main_model
```

model_column

```
expr [ [ AS ] c_alias ]
```

model_column_clauses

```
[ PARTITION BY (expr [ c_alias ] [, expr [c_alias] ]...) ]
```

```
DIMENSION BY (expr [c_alias] [, expr [c_alias] ]...)
MEASURES (expr [c_alias] [, expr [c_alias] ]...)
model iterate clause
ITERATE ( number ) [ UNTIL ( condition ) ]
model_rules_clause
[ RULES
 [ { UPDATE | UPSERT [ ALL ] } ]
 [ { AUTOMATIC | SEQUENTIAL } ORDER ]
 [ model_iterate_clause ]
( [ { UPDATE | UPSERT [ ALL ] } ]
cell_assignment [ order_by_clause ] = expr
 [, [ { UPDATE | UPSERT [ ALL ] } ]
   cell_assignment [ order_by_clause ] = expr
)
modify_col_properties
column [ datatype ]
      [ DEFAULT [ ON NULL ] expr | identity_clause | DROP IDENTITY ]
      [ { ENCRYPT encryption_spec } | DECRYPT ]
      [ inline_constraint ... ]
      [ LOB_storage_clause ]
      [ alter_XMLSchema_clause ]
modify_col_substitutable
COLUMN column
[ NOT ] SUBSTITUTABLE AT ALL LEVELS
[ FORCE ]
modify_col_visibility
column { VISIBLE | INVISIBLE }
modify_collection_retrieval
MODIFY NESTED TABLE collection_item
RETURN AS { LOCATOR | VALUE }
modify_column_clauses
MODIFY
{ ( modify_col_properties | modify_virtcol_properties
    [, modify_col_properties | modify_virtcol_properties ]... )
 ( modify_col_visibility [, modify_col_visibility ]... )
| modify_col_substitutable
modify_diskgroup_file
MODIFY FILE 'filename' ATTRIBUTE ( disk region clause )
  [, 'filename' ATTRIBUTE ( disk_region_clause ) ]...
modify_hash_partition
MODIFY partition_extended_name
  { partition_attributes
   coalesce_table_subpartition
  alter_mapping_table_clause
  | [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
  | indexing_clause
```

modify_index_default_attrs

```
MODIFY DEFAULT ATTRIBUTES
  [ FOR PARTITION partition ]
  { physical_attributes_clause
   | TABLESPACE { tablespace | DEFAULT }
   logging_clause
  } . . .
```

modify_index_partition

```
MODIFY PARTITION partition
{ { deallocate_unused_clause
  allocate_extent_clause
   physical_attributes_clause
   logging_clause
  | index_compression
| PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters')
| COALESCE [ CLEANUP ]
 UPDATE BLOCK REFERENCES
UNUSABLE
```

modify_index_subpartition

```
MODIFY SUBPARTITION subpartition
{ UNUSABLE
allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
```

modify_list_partition

```
MODIFY partition_extended_name
 { partition_attributes
  | { ADD | DROP } VALUES (literal[ , literal ]...)
  { add_range_subpartition
    add_list_subpartition
   add_hash_subpartition
  coalesce_table_subpartition
  [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
  indexing_clause
```

modify_LOB_parameters

```
{ storage_clause
 PCTVERSION integer
 FREEPOOLS integer
 REBUILD FREEPOOLS
 LOB_retention_clause
LOB_deduplicate_clause
LOB_compression_clause
| { ENCRYPT encryption_spec | DECRYPT }
  | { NOCACHE | CACHE READS } [ logging_clause ]
allocate_extent_clause
| shrink_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
} ...
```

modify LOB storage clause

```
MODIFY LOB (LOB_item)
   (modify_LOB_parameters)
```

modify_mv_column_clause

```
MODIFY ( column [ ENCRYPT encryption_spec
      DECRYPT ]
```

modify_opaque_type

```
MODIFY OPAQUE TYPE anydata_column
STORE ( type_name [, type_name ]... ) UNPACKED
```

modify_range_partition

```
MODIFY partition_extended_name
  { partition_attributes
   { add_range_subpartition
     | add_hash_subpartition
     | add_list_subpartition
   coalesce_table_subpartition
   | alter_mapping_table_clause
    [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
   | indexing_clause
```

modify_table_default_attrs

```
MODIFY DEFAULT ATTRIBUTES
  [ FOR partition_extended_name ]
  [ deferred_segment_creation ]
  [ indexing_clause ]
  [ segment_attributes_clause ]
  [ table_compression ]
  [ inmemory_clause ]
  [ PCTTHRESHOLD integer ]
  [ prefix_compression ]
  [ alter_overflow_clause ]
  [ { LOB (LOB_item) | VARRAY varray } (LOB_parameters) ]...
```

modify_table_partition

```
{ modify_range_partition
 modify_hash_partition
 modify_list_partition
```

modify table subpartition

```
MODIFY subpartition_extended_name
{ allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_cluse
| shrink_clause
{ { LOB LOB_item | VARRAY varray } (modify_LOB_parameters) }...
[ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
| { ADD | DROP } VALUES ( literal [, literal]... )
| indexing_clause
```

modify_virtcol_properties

```
column [ datatype ]
[ GENERATED ALWAYS ] AS (column_expression) [ VIRTUAL ]
evaluation_edition_clause [ unusable_editions_clause ]
```

modify_volume_clause

```
MODIFY VOLUME asm_volume
 [ ATTRIBUTE (disk_region_clause) ]
```

```
[ MOUNTPATH 'mountpath_name' ]
  [ USAGE 'usage_name' ]
move_datafile_clause
MOVE DATAFILE ( 'filename' | 'ASM_filename' | file_number )
[ TO ( 'filename' | 'ASM_filename' ) ]
 [ REUSE ] [ KEEP ]
move_mv_log_clause
MOVE segment_attributes_clause [parallel_clause]
move_table_clause
MOVE [ ONLINE ]
  [ segment_attributes_clause ]
  [ table_compression ]
  [ index_org_table_clause ]
  [ { LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties }... ]
   [ parallel_clause ]
   [ allow_disallow_clustering ]
move_table_partition
MOVE partition_extended_name
  [ MAPPING TABLE ]
  [ table_partition_description ]
  [ update_index_clauses ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
  [ allow_disallow_clustering ]
  [ ONLINE ]
move_table_subpartition
MOVE subpartition_extended_name [ indexing_clause ]
     [ partitioning_storage_clause ] [ update_index_clauses ]
     [ parallel_clause ] [ allow_disallow_clustering ] [ ONLINE ]
multi column for loop
FOR (dimension_column
     [, dimension_column ]...)
IN ( { (literal [, literal ]...)
      [ (literal [, literal ]...) ]...
     subquery
  )
multi table insert
  { insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [error_logging_clause] }...
| conditional_insert_clause
} subquery
multiset_except
nested_table1
MULTISET EXCEPT [ ALL | DISTINCT ]
nested_table2
multiset_intersect
nested_table1
MULTISET INTERSECT [ ALL | DISTINCT ]
nested_table2
```

multiset_union

```
nested_table1
MULTISET UNION [ ALL | DISTINCT ]
nested_table2
```

mv_log_augmentation

```
ADD { { OBJECT ID
     PRIMARY KEY
     ROWID
     SEQUENCE
    } [ (column [, column ]...) ]
   | (column [, column ]...)
   } [, { { OBJECT ID
           PRIMARY KEY
           ROWID
          SEQUENCE
          [ (column [, column ]...) ]
        (column [, column ]...)
     ]...
   [ new_values_clause ]
```

mv_log_purge_clause

```
PURGE { IMMEDIATE [ SYNCHRONOUS | ASYNCHRONOUS ] )
     | START WITH datetime_expr
         [ NEXT datetime_expr
          | REPEAT INTERVAL interval_expr
     | [ START WITH datetime_expr ] { NEXT datetime_expr
                                    REPEAT INTERVAL interval_expr
     }
```

nested_table_col_properties

```
NESTED TABLE
{ nested_item | COLUMN_VALUE }
[ substitutable_column_clause ]
[ LOCAL | GLOBAL ]
STORE AS storage_table
[ ( { (object_properties)
    [ physical_properties ]
    [ column_properties ]
  )
1
[ RETURN [ AS ] { LOCATOR | VALUE } ]
```

nested_table_partition_spec

PARTITION partition [segment_attributes_clause]

new_values_clause

```
{ INCLUDING | EXCLUDING } NEW VALUES
```

number

```
[ + | - ]
{ digit [ digit ]... [ . ] [ digit [ digit ]... ]
| . digit [ digit ]...
[[e|E][+|-]digit[digit]...][f|F|d|D]
```

numeric_file_name

+diskgroup_name.filenumber.incarnation_number

object_properties

```
{ { column | attribute }
    [ DEFAULT expr ]
    [ { inline_constraint }... | inline_ref_constraint ]
{ out_of_line_constraint
  out_of_line_ref_constraint
  | supplemental_logging_props
}
```

object_step

```
.{ simple_name | "complex_name" | * }
```

object_table

```
[ schema. ] object_type
[ object_table_substitution ]
[ (object_properties) ]
[ ON COMMIT { DELETE | PRESERVE } ROWS ]
[ OID_clause ]
[ OID_index_clause ]
[ physical_properties ]
[ table_properties ]
```

object_table_substitution

[NOT] SUBSTITUTABLE AT ALL LEVELS

object_type_col_properties

COLUMN column substitutable_column_clause

object_view_clause

```
OF [ schema. ] type_name
{ WITH OBJECT { IDENTIFIER | ID }
  { DEFAULT | ( attribute [, attribute ]... ) }
| UNDER [ schema. ] superview
[ ( { out_of_line_constraint
    | attribute { inline_constraint }...
    } [, { out_of_line_constraint
         attribute { inline_constraint }...
         }
      ] . . .
 )
]
```

OID_clause

```
OBJECT IDENTIFIER IS
{ SYSTEM GENERATED | PRIMARY KEY }
```

OID_index_clause

```
OIDINDEX [ index ]
({ physical_attributes_clause
| TABLESPACE tablespace
} . . .
```

on_comp_partitioned_table

```
[ STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace ]... ) ]
( PARTITION
    [ partition ]
    [ { segment_attributes_clause
      index_compression
      } . . .
    ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ] [ index_subpartition_clause ]
      [, PARTITION
           [ partition ]
           [ { segment_attributes_clause
             | index_compression
           ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ] [ index_subpartition_clause ]
       ] . . .
)
```

on_hash_partitioned_table

```
{ STORE IN (tablespace[, tablespace]...)
| (PARTITION [ partition ] [ TABLESPACE tablespace ]
    [ index_compression ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
  [, PARTITION [ partition ] [ TABLESPACE tablespace ]
    [ index_compression ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]] ...
}
```

on_list_partitioned_table

```
( PARTITION
    [ partition ]
    [ { segment_attributes_clause
      | index_compression
      }...
    ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
      [, PARTITION
           [ partition ]
           [ { segment_attributes_clause
             | index_compression
           ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
      ] . . .
)
```

on_object_clause

```
ON { [ schema. ] object
   USER user [, user]...
   | DIRECTORY directory_name
   | EDITION edition_name
   | MINING MODEL [ schema. ] mining_model_name
   | JAVA { SOURCE | RESOURCE } [ schema. ] object
   | SQL TRANSLATION PROFILE [ schema. ] profile
```

on_range_partitioned_table

```
( PARTITION
   [ partition ]
   [ { segment_attributes_clause
      | index_compression
   ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
     [, PARTITION
         [ partition ]
          [ { segment_attributes_clause
            | index_compression
```

```
} . . .
         ] [ USABLE | UNUSABLE ]
open keystore
SET KEYSTORE OPEN
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
  [ CONTAINER = { ALL | CURRENT } ]
order_by_clause
ORDER [ SIBLINGS ] BY
{ expr | position | c_alias }
[ ASC | DESC ]
[ NULLS FIRST | NULLS LAST ]
 [, { expr | position | c_alias }
    [ ASC | DESC ]
    [ NULLS FIRST | NULLS LAST ]
 ]...
ordinality_column
column_name FOR ORDINALITY
out_of_line_constraint
 [ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ]
{ UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
PRIMARY KEY (column [, column ]...)
FOREIGN KEY (column [, column ]...) references_clause
| CHECK (condition)
} [ constraint_state ]
out_of_line_part_storage
PARTITION partition
  { nested_table_col_properties | LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties }
   [ nested_table_col_properties | LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties ]...
[ (SUBPARTITION subpartition
   { nested_table_col_properties | LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties }
     [ nested_table_col_properties | LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties
    1...
]
out_of_line_ref_constraint
{ SCOPE FOR ({ ref_col | ref_attr })
   IS [ schema. ] scope_table
REF ({ ref_col | ref_attr }) WITH ROWID
| [ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ] FOREIGN KEY
    ( { ref_col [, ref_col ] | ref_attr [, ref_attr ] } ) references_clause
    [ constraint_state ]
outer_join_clause
```

[ON condition

[query_partition_clause] [NATURAL] outer_join_type JOIN table_reference [query_partition_clause]

USING (column [, column]...)

```
outer_join_type
{ FULL | LEFT | RIGHT } [ OUTER ]
parallel_clause
{ NOPARALLEL | PARALLEL [ integer ] }
partial database recovery
{ TABLESPACE tablespace [, tablespace ]...
| DATAFILE { 'filename' | filenumber }
            [, 'filename' | filenumber ]...
partial index clause
INDEXING { PARTIAL | FULL }
partition_attributes
[ { physical_attributes_clause
   logging_clause
   allocate_extent_clause
  deallocate_unused_clause
  shrink_clause
  } . . .
]
[ OVERFLOW
 { physical_attributes_clause
  logging_clause
  allocate_extent_clause
  | deallocate_unused_clause
[ table_compression ]
[ inmemory_clause ]
[ { LOB LOB_item | VARRAY varray } (modify_LOB_parameters) }...]
partition_extended_name
PARTITION partition
PARTITION FOR ( partition_key_value [, partition_key_value]... )
partition_extended_names
{ PARTITION | PARTITIONS }
partition | { FOR ( partition_key_value [, partition_key_value ]... ) }
  [, partition | { FOR ( partition_key_value [, partition_key_value ]... ) } ]...
partition_extension_clause
{ PARTITION (partition)
| PARTITION FOR (partition_key_value [, partition_key_value]...)
| SUBPARTITION (subpartition)
| SUBPARTITION FOR (subpartition_key_value [, subpartition_key_value]...)
partition_or_key_value
partition
FOR ( partition_key_value [, partition_key_value ]... )
partition_spec
PARTITION [ partition ] [ table_partition_description ]
```

```
partitioning_storage_clause
```

```
[ { TABLESPACE tablespace
  OVERFLOW [TABLESPACE tablespace]
  | table_compression
  | index_compression
  inmemory_clause
  | LOB_partitioning_storage
  | VARRAY varray_item STORE AS [SECUREFILE | BASICFILE] LOB LOB_segname
password_parameters
PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME
   PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME
  PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX
  | PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME
  | PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME
 { expr | UNLIMITED | DEFAULT }
| PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION
 { function | NULL | DEFAULT }
path_prefix_clause
PATH_PREFIX = { 'path_name' | NONE }
pdb_change_state
[ pdb_name ] { pdb_open | pdb_close | pdb_save_or_discard_state }
pdb_change_state_from_root
{ pdb_name [, pdb_name ]... | ALL [ EXCEPT pdb_name [, pdb_name ]... ] }
{ pdb_open | pdb_close | pdb_save_or_discard_state }
pdb_close
CLOSE [ IMMEDIATE ] [ instances_clause | relocate_clause ]
pdb_datafile_clause
[ pdb_name ] DATAFILE
 { { \ 'filename' | filenumber \} [, 'filename' | filenumber ]... \} | ALL \}
  { ONLINE | OFFLINE }
pdb_dba_roles
ROLES = ( role [, role ]... )
pdb_force_logging_clause
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } FORCE { LOGGING | NOLOGGING }
pdb_general_recovery
RECOVER [ AUTOMATIC ] [ FROM 'location' ]
  [ DATABASE
 TABLESPACE tablespace [, tablespace ]...
 DATAFILE { 'filename' | filenumber }
            [, 'filename' | filenumber ]...
 LOGFILE 'filename'
```

```
CONTINUE [ DEFAULT ]
pdb_logging_clauses
{ logging_clause
| pdb_force_logging_clause
pdb_open
OPEN
 { [ READ WRITE | READ ONLY ] [ RESTRICTED ] [ FORCE ]
 [ READ WRITE ] UPGRADE [ RESTRICTED ]
 RESETLOGS
 [ instances_clause ]
pdb_recovery_clauses
[ pdb_name ] { pdb_general_recovery
             | { BEGIN | END } BACKUP
            | { ENABLE | DISABLE } RECOVERY
pdb_save_or_discard_state
{ SAVE | DISCARD } STATE [ instances_clause ]
pdb_settings_clauses
[ pdb_name ]
{ DEFAULT EDITION = edition_name
| SET DEFAULT ( BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ) TABLESPACE
DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace_name
| DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
RENAME GLOBAL_NAME TO database.domain [. domain ]...
 set_time_zone_clause
 database_file_clauses
 supplemental_db_logging
 pdb_storage_clause
| pdb_logging_clauses
pdb_storage_clause
STORAGE
 { ( MAXSIZE { UNLIMITED | size_clause }
   MAX_SHARED_TEMP_SIZE { UNLIMITED | size_clause }...)
 UNLIMITED
 }
pdb unplug clause
pdb_name UNPLUG INTO 'filename'
period_definition
PERIOD FOR valid_time_column [ ( start_time_column, end_time_column ) ]
permanent_tablespace_clause
TABLESPACE tablespace
 [ DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]... ]
{ MINIMUM EXTENT size_clause
| BLOCKSIZE integer [ K ]
```

```
logging_clause
 FORCE LOGGING
 ENCRYPTION tablespace_encryption_spec
| DEFAULT [ table_compression ] [ inmemory_clause ] [ storage_clause ]
| { ONLINE | OFFLINE }
extent_management_clause
| segment_management_clause
flashback_mode_clause
} . . .
physical_attributes_clause
[ { PCTFREE integer
  | PCTUSED integer
  | INITRANS integer
  storage_clause
 } . . .
]
physical_properties
{ [ deferred_segment_creation ] segment_attributes_clause [ table_compression ]
    [ inmemory_table_clause ] [ ilm_clause ]
[ deferred_segment_creation ] ORGANIZATION
  { HEAP [ segment_attributes_clause ] heap_org_table_clause
  | INDEX [ segment_attributes_clause ] index_org_table_clause
 EXTERNAL external_table_clause
| CLUSTER cluster (column [, column ]...)
pivot_clause
PIVOT [ XML ]
  ( aggregate_function ( expr ) [[AS] alias ]
     [, aggregate_function ( expr ) [[AS] alias ] ]...
   pivot_for_clause
   pivot_in_clause
pivot_for_clause
FOR { column
    (column [, column]...)
pivot in clause
IN ( { { expr
        | ( expr [, expr]... )
        } [ [ AS] alias]
      } . . .
    subquery
     ANY [, ANY]...
  )
plsql declarations
{ function_declaration | procedure_declaration }...
prefix_compression
COMPRESS [ integer ] | NOCOMPRESS
privilege_audit_clause
PRIVILEGES system_privilege [, system_privilege ]...
```

```
program_unit
```

```
{ FUNCTION [ schema. ] function_name
PROCEDURE [ schema. ] procedure_name
PACKAGE [ schema. ] package_name }
```

proxy_clause

```
{ GRANT CONNECT THROUGH { ENTERPRISE USERS | db_user_proxy db_user_proxy_clauses }
| REVOKE CONNECT THROUGH { ENTERPRISE USERS | db_user_proxy }}
```

qualified disk clause

```
search_string
[ NAME disk_name ]
[ SIZE size_clause ]
[ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
```

qualified_template_clause

```
ATTRIBUTE
( redundancy_clause
 striping_clause
 disk_region_clause
```

query_block

```
[ with_clause ]
SELECT [ hint ] [ { { DISTINCT | UNIQUE } | ALL } ] select_list
 FROM { table_reference | join_clause | ( join_clause ) }
        [ , { table_reference | join_clause | (join_clause) } ] ...
 [ where_clause ]
 [ hierarchical_query_clause ]
 [ group_by_clause ]
 [ model_clause ]
```

query_partition_clause

```
PARTITION BY
 { expr[, expr ]...
  | ( expr[, expr ]... )
```

query_rewrite_clause

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } QUERY REWRITE [ unusable_editions_clause ]
```

query_table_expression

```
{ query_name
[ schema. ]
 { table [ partition_extension_clause
         @ dblink
 | { view | materialized view } [ @ dblink ]
 } [sample_clause]
[ LATERAL ] (subquery [ subquery_restriction_clause ])
| table_collection_expression
}
```

quiesce clauses

```
QUIESCE RESTRICTED | UNQUIESCE
```

range_partition_desc

```
PARTITION [partition]
range_values_clause
table_partition_description
[ ( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc] ...
     list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc] ...
     individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts] ...
  ) | hash_subparts_by_quantity ]
range_partitions
PARTITION BY RANGE (column[, column ]...)
 [ INTERVAL (expr) [ STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]...) ]]
( PARTITION [ partition ]
```

range_subpartition_desc

[, PARTITION [partition]

```
SUBPARTITION [subpartition] range_values_clause
  [indexing_clause] [partitioning_storage_clause]
```

range_values_clause table_partition_description

range_values_clause table_partition_description

range_values_clause

```
VALUES LESS THAN
  ({ literal | MAXVALUE }
     [, { literal | MAXVALUE } ]...
```

rebalance_diskgroup_clause

```
REBALANCE [POWER integer] [WAIT | NOWAIT]
```

rebuild_clause

```
REBUILD
  [ { PARTITION partition
    | SUBPARTITION subpartition
  | { REVERSE | NOREVERSE }
  [ parallel_clause
  | TABLESPACE tablespace
   PARAMETERS ( 'ODCI_parameters' )
  | XMLIndex_parameters_clause
  ONLINE
  | physical_attributes_clause
  | index_compression
  logging_clause
  | partial_index_clause
  1...
```

records_per_block_clause

```
{ MINIMIZE | NOMINIMIZE } RECORDS_PER_BLOCK
```

recovery_clauses

```
{ general recovery
| managed_standby_recovery
BEGIN BACKUP
END BACKUP
```

redo_log_file_spec

```
[ 'filename | ASM_filename'
| ('filename | ASM_filename'
   [, 'filename | ASM_filename' ]...)
[ SIZE size_clause ]
[ BLOCKSIZE size_clause
[ REUSE ]
```

redundancy_clause

```
[ MIRROR | HIGH | UNPROTECTED ]
```

reference model

```
REFERENCE reference_model_name ON (subquery)
 model_column_clauses [ cell_reference_options ]
```

reference_partition_desc

PARTITION [partition] [table_partition_description])

reference_partitioning

```
PARTITION BY REFERENCE ( constraint )
  [ (reference_partition_desc...) ]
```

references_clause

```
REFERENCES [ schema. ] object [ (column [, column ]...) ]
  [ON DELETE { CASCADE | SET NULL } ]
```

register logfile clause

```
REGISTER [ OR REPLACE ]
 [ PHYSICAL | LOGICAL ]
LOGFILE [ file_specification [, file_specification ]...
 [ FOR logminer_session_name ]
```

relational_properties

```
{ column_definition
| virtual_column_definition
period_definition
| { out_of_line_constraint | out_of_line_ref_constraint }
| supplemental_logging_props
 [, { column_definition
      virtual_column_definition
      period_definition
      { out_of_line_constraint | out_of_line_ref_constraint }
      supplemental_logging_props
 ] . . .
```

relational_table

```
[ (relational_properties) ]
[ ON COMMIT { DELETE | PRESERVE } ROWS ]
[ physical_properties ]
[ table_properties ]
```

relocate_clause

```
RELOCATE [ TO 'instance_name' ]
NORELOCATE
```

rename_column_clause

RENAME COLUMN old_name TO new_name

rename_disk_clause

```
{ DISK old_disk_name TO new_disk_name [, old_disk_name TO new_disk_name ]...
| DISKS ALL }
```

rename_index_partition

```
{ PARTITION partition | SUBPARTITION subpartition }
TO new_name
```

rename_partition_subpart

```
RENAME { partition_extended_name
      | subpartition_extended_name
      } TO new_name
```

replace_disk_clause

```
REPLACE DISK disk_name WITH 'path_name' [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
  [, disk_name WITH 'path_name' [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...
[ POWER integer ] [ WAIT | NOWAIT ]
```

resize_disk_clause

```
RESIZE
{ ALL [ SIZE size_clause ]
| [QUORUM | REGULAR] DISK
  disk_name [ SIZE size_clause ]
  [, disk_name [ SIZE size_clause ] ]...
DISKS IN [QUORUM | REGULAR] FAILGROUP
   failgroup_name [ SIZE size_clause ]
    [, failgroup_name [ SIZE size_clause ] ]...
```

resource_parameters

```
{ { SESSIONS_PER_USER
  | CPU PER SESSION
   CPU_PER_CALL
  | CONNECT_TIME
 | IDLE_TIME
 | LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION
 LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL
 COMPOSITE_LIMIT
 { integer | UNLIMITED | DEFAULT }
PRIVATE_SGA
 { size_clause | UNLIMITED | DEFAULT }
```

return_rows_clause

```
RETURN { UPDATED | ALL } ROWS
```

returning_clause

```
{ RETURN | RETURNING } expr [, expr ]...
INTO data_item [, data_item ]...
```

reverse_migrate_key

```
SET [ ENCRYPTION ] KEY IDENTIFIED BY software_keystore_password
 REVERSE MIGRATE USING HSM_auth_string
```

revoke_object_privileges

```
{ object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] }
 [, { object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] } ]...
on_object_clause
FROM revokee_clause
[ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS | FORCE ]
```

revoke_roles_from_programs

```
{ role [, role ]... | ALL } FROM program_unit [, program_unit ]...
```

revoke_system_privileges

```
{ system_privilege | role | ALL PRIVILEGES }
 [, { system_privilege | role | ALL PRIVILEGES } ]...
FROM revokee_clause
```

revokee clause

```
{ user | role | PUBLIC }
 [, { user | role | PUBLIC } ]...
```

role_audit_clause

ROLES role [, role]...

rolling_migration_clauses

```
{ START ROLLING MIGRATION TO 'ASM_version'
STOP ROLLING MIGRATION
```

rolling patch clauses

```
{ START ROLLING PATCH
STOP ROLLING PATCH
}
```

rollup_cube_clause

```
{ ROLLUP | CUBE } (grouping_expression_list)
```

routine_clause

```
[ schema. ] [ type. | package. ]
{ function | procedure | method }
[ @dblink_name ]
([argument[, argument]...])
```

row_limiting_clause

```
[ OFFSET offset { ROW | ROWS } ]
[ FETCH { FIRST | NEXT } [ { rowcount | percent PERCENT } ]
    { ROW | ROWS } { ONLY | WITH TIES } ]
```

row movement clause

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } ROW MOVEMENT
```

row_pattern

```
[ row_pattern | ] row_pattern_term
```

Note: The vertical bar is part of the syntax rather than BNF notation.

row_pattern_aggregate_func

```
[ RUNNING | FINAL ] aggregate_function
```

row_pattern_classifier_func

CLASSIFIER()

```
row_pattern_clause
```

```
MATCH_RECOGNIZE {
 [ row_pattern_partition_by ]
 [ row_pattern_order_by ]
 [ row_pattern_measures ]
 [ row_pattern_rows_per_match ]
  [ row_pattern_skip_to ]
 PATTERN (row_pattern)
 [ row_pattern_subset_clause ]
 DEFINE row_pattern_definition_list
```

row_pattern_definition

variable_name AS condition

row_pattern_definition_list

row_pattern_definition [, row_pattern_definition]...

row_pattern_factor

row_pattern_primary [row_pattern_quantifier]

row_pattern_match_num_func

MATCH_NUMBER()

row_pattern_measure_column

expr AS c_alias

row_pattern_measures

 ${\tt MEASURES \ row_pattern_measure_column \ [, \ row_pattern_measure_column \]} \dots$

row_pattern_nav_compound

```
{ PREV | NEXT }
([RUNNING | FINAL] { FIRST | LAST } (expr [, offset]) [, offset])
```

row_pattern_nav_logical

```
[ RUNNING | FINAL ] { FIRST | LAST } ( expr [, offset ] )
```

row_pattern_nav_physical

```
{ PREV | NEXT } ( expr [, offset ] )
```

row_pattern_navigation_func

```
row_pattern_nav_logical
row_pattern_nav_physical
| row_pattern_nav_compound
```

row_pattern_order_by

ORDER BY column [, column]...

row_pattern_partition_by

PARTITION BY column [, column]...

row_pattern_permute

```
PERMUTE ( row_pattern [, row_pattern ]...)
```

row_pattern_primary

```
variable_name
$
| ( [ row_pattern ] )
| {- row_pattern -}
| row_pattern_permute
```

Note: The curly brackets are part of the syntax rather than BNF notation.

row_pattern_quantifier

```
* [ ? ]
+ [ ? ]
| ? [ ? ]
[ { [ unsigned_integer ] , [ unsigned_integer ] } [ ? ]
{ unsigned_integer }
```

Note: The curly brackets are part of the syntax rather than BNF notation.

row_pattern_rec_func

```
row_pattern_classifier_func
row_pattern_match_num_func
 row_pattern_navigation_func
| row_pattern_aggregate_func
```

row_pattern_rows_per_match

```
ONE ROW PER MATCH
| ALL ROWS PER MATCH
```

row_pattern_skip_to

```
AFTER MATCH {
 SKIP TO NEXT ROW
  | SKIP PAST LAST ROW
  | SKIP TO FIRST variable_name
  | SKIP TO LAST variable_name
  SKIP TO variable_name
```

row_pattern_subset_clause

```
SUBSET row_pattern_subset_item [, row_pattern_subset_item ]...
```

row_pattern_subset_item

```
variable_name = ( variable_name [, variable_name ] )
```

row_pattern_term

```
[ row_pattern_term ] row_pattern_factor
```

sample_clause

```
SAMPLE [ BLOCK ]
      (sample_percent)
       [ SEED (seed_value) ]
```

scoped table ref constraint

```
{ SCOPE FOR ({ ref_column | ref_attribute })
 IS [ schema. ] { scope_table_name | c_alias }
```

```
}
scrub_clause
SCRUB [ FILE 'ASM_filename' | DISK disk_name ]
 [ REPAIR | NOREPAIR ]
 [ POWER { AUTO | LOW | HIGH | MAX } ]
 [ WAIT | NOWAIT ]
 [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
search clause
{ SEARCH
       { DEPTH FIRST BY c_alias [, c_alias]...
           [ ASC | DESC ]
           [ NULLS FIRST | NULLS LAST ]
         | BREADTH FIRST BY c_alias [, c_alias]...
           [ ASC | DESC ]
           [ NULLS FIRST | NULLS LAST ]
       {\tt SET \ ordering\_column}
}
searched_case_expression
{ WHEN condition THEN return_expr }...
secret management clauses
{ add_update_secret
| delete_secret
security_clause
GUARD { ALL | STANDBY | NONE }
security_clauses
{ { ENABLE | DISABLE } RESTRICTED SESSION
  | SET ENCRYPTION WALLET OPEN
   IDENTIFIED BY { "wallet_password" | "HSM_auth_string" }
  SET ENCRYPTION WALLET CLOSE
   [ IDENTIFIED BY { "wallet_password" | "HSM_auth_string" } ]
  set_encryption_key
segment_attributes_clause
{ physical_attributes_clause
| TABLESPACE tablespace
| logging_clause
segment_management_clause
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT { AUTO | MANUAL }
select_list
{ [t_alias.] *
| { query_name.*
  [ schema. ]
   { table | view | materialized view } .*
  expr [ [ AS ] c_alias ]
 }
   [, { query_name.*
```

[schema.]

```
{ table | view | materialized view } .*
       expr [ [ AS ] c_alias ]
   ]...
}
set_encryption_key
{ SET ENCRYPTION KEY
    [ "certificate_id" ] IDENTIFIED BY "wallet_password"
   IDENTIFIED BY "HSM_auth_string" [ MIGRATE USING "wallet_password" ]
}
set_key
SET [ ENCRYPTION ] KEY [ USING TAG 'tag' ]
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
 [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
 [ CONTAINER = { ALL | CURRENT } ]
set_key_tag
SET TAG 'tag' FOR 'key_id' IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
 [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
set_parameter_clause
parameter_name =
  parameter_value [, parameter_value ]...
  [ COMMENT = string ]
  [ DEFERRED ]
   [ { SCOPE = { MEMORY | SPFILE | BOTH }
    | SID = { 'sid' | '*' }
    } . . .
   ]
   [ CONTAINER = { CURRENT | ALL } ]
set_subpartition_template
SET SUBPARTITION TEMPLATE
   { ( range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc]... )
   ( list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc]...)
   ( individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts]...)
   ()
   | hash_subpartition_quantity
set_time_zone_clause
SET TIME_ZONE =
   '{ { + | - } hh : mi | time_zone_region }'
shrink_clause
SHRINK SPACE [ COMPACT ] [ CASCADE ]
shutdown_dispatcher_clause
SHUTDOWN [ IMMEDIATE ] dispatcher_name
simple_case_expression
expr
 { WHEN comparison_expr THEN return_expr }...
```

single_column_for_loop

```
FOR dimension_column
  { IN ( { literal [, literal ]...
        subquery
      )
  | [ LIKE pattern ] FROM literal TO literal
     { INCREMENT | DECREMENT } literal
```

single_table_insert

```
insert_into_clause
{ values_clause [ returning_clause ]
subquery
} [ error_logging_clause ]
```

size clause

```
integer [ K \mid M \mid G \mid T \mid P \mid E ]
```

source_file_name_convert

```
SOURCE_FILE_NAME_CONVERT =
  { ( 'filename_pattern', 'replacement_filename_pattern'
     [, 'filename_pattern', 'replacement_filename_pattern']...)
   NONE
 }
```

split_index_partition

```
SPLIT PARTITION partition_name_old
  AT (literal [, literal ]...)
   [ INTO (index_partition_description,
          index_partition_description
  [ parallel_clause ]
```

split nested table part

```
NESTED TABLE column INTO
  ( PARTITION partition [segment_attributes_clause],
    PARTITION partition [segment_attributes_clause] [split_nested_table_part]
  ) [ split_nested_table_part ]
```

split_table_partition

```
SPLIT partition_extended_name
  { AT (literal [, literal]...)
    [ INTO ( range_partition_desc, range_partition_desc ) ]
  | VALUES (literal [, literal] ... )
    [ INTO (list_partition_desc, list_partition_desc ) ]
  INTO ( { range_partition_desc [, range_partition_desc ]...
           list_partition_desc [, list_partition_desc ]... }
         , partition_spec )
  } [ split_nested_table_part ]
   [ dependent_tables_clause ]
    [ update_index_clauses ]
    [ parallel_clause ]
    [ allow_disallow_clustering ]
```

split_table_subpartition

```
SPLIT subpartition_extended_name
  { AT ( literal [, literal]... )
```

```
[ INTO (range_subpartition_desc, range_subpartition_desc) ]
  | VALUES ({ literal | NULL [, literal | NULL ]...})
   [ INTO (list_subpartition_desc, list_subpartition_desc) ]
 | INTO ( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc ]...
           | list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc ]... }
         , subpartition_spec )
 } [ dependent_tables_clause ]
   [ update_index_clauses ]
   [ parallel_clause ]
   [ allow_disallow_clustering ]
sql format
[+ | -] days hours : minutes : seconds [. frac_secs ]
standard actions
ACTIONS
 { { object_action | ALL }
   ON { DIRECTORY directory_name
      | MINING MODEL [ schema. ] object_name
       [ schema. ] object_name }
 | { system_action | ALL }
   [ { object_action | ALL }
     ON { DIRECTORY directory_name
        | MINING MODEL [ schema. ] object_name
         [ schema. ] object_name }
   | { system_action | ALL } ]...
standby database clauses
{ { activate_standby_db_clause
| maximize_standby_db_clause
register_logfile_clause
 commit_switchover_clause
 start_standby_clause
 stop_standby_clause
 convert_database_clause
} [ parallel_clause ] }
{ switchover_clause | failover_clause }
standbys_clause
STANDBYS = { NONE | ALL }
start standby clause
START LOGICAL STANDBY APPLY
[ IMMEDIATE ]
[ NODELAY ]
[ NEW PRIMARY dblink
| INITIAL [ scn_value ]
| { SKIP FAILED TRANSACTION | FINISH }
startup clauses
{ MOUNT [ { STANDBY | CLONE } DATABASE ]
OPEN
 { [ READ WRITE ]
     [ RESETLOGS | NORESETLOGS ]
       [ UPGRADE | DOWNGRADE ]
 READ ONLY
}
```

still_image_object_types

```
{ SI_StillImage
| SI_AverageColor
| SI_PositionalColor
| SI_ColorHistogram
SI_Texture
SI_FeatureList
| SI_Color
```

stop_standby_clause

```
{ STOP | ABORT } LOGICAL STANDBY APPLY
```

storage_clause

```
STORAGE
({ INITIAL size_clause
 | NEXT size_clause
 MINEXTENTS integer
  MAXEXTENTS { integer | UNLIMITED }
 | maxsize_clause
 | PCTINCREASE integer
 | FREELISTS integer
 | FREELIST GROUPS integer
 OPTIMAL [ size_clause | NULL ]
 | BUFFER_POOL { KEEP | RECYCLE | DEFAULT }
 | FLASH_CACHE { KEEP | NONE | DEFAULT }
 ENCRYPT
} ...
)
```

storage table clause

```
WITH {SYSTEM | USER} MANAGED STORAGE TABLES
```

string

```
[ {N | n} ]
{ '[c]...'
| { Q | q } 'quote_delimiter c [ c ]... quote_delimiter'
```

striping_clause

```
[ FINE | COARSE ]
```

subpartition_by_hash

```
SUBPARTITION BY HASH (column [, column ]...)
  [ SUBPARTITIONS integer
      [ STORE IN (tablespace [, tablespace ]...) ]
   | subpartition_template
```

subpartition_by_list

```
SUBPARTITION BY LIST (column) [ subpartition_template ]
```

subpartition_by_range

```
SUBPARTITION BY RANGE (column [, column]...) [subpartition_template]
```

subpartition extended name

```
SUBPARTITION subpartition
{\tt SUBPARTITION\ FOR\ (\ subpartition\_key\_value\ [,\ subpartition\_key\_value]}\dots)
```

```
subpartition_extended_names
{ SUBPARTITION | SUBPARTITIONS }
subpartition | { FOR ( subpartition_key_value [, subpartition_key_value ]... ) }
 [, subpartition | { FOR ( subpartition_key_value [, subpartition_key_value ]... ) } ]...
subpartition or key value
subpartition
FOR ( subpartition_key_value [, subpartition_key_value ]... )
subpartition_spec
SUBPARTITION [ subpartition ] [ partitioning_storage_clause ]
subpartition_template
SUBPARTITION TEMPLATE
  ( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc] ...
     list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc] ...
     individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts] ...
 ) | hash_subpartition_quantity
subquery
{ query_block
| subquery { UNION [ALL] | INTERSECT | MINUS } subquery
   [ { UNION [ALL] | INTERSECT | MINUS } subquery ]...
( subquery )
} [ order_by_clause ] [ row_limiting_clause ]
subquery_factoring_clause
query_name ([c_alias [, c_alias]...]) AS (subquery) [search_clause] [cycle_clause]
[, query_name ([c_alias [, c_alias]...]) AS (subquery) [search_clause] [cycle_clause]]...
subquery_restriction_clause
WITH { READ ONLY
     | CHECK OPTION
    } [ CONSTRAINT constraint ]
substitutable column clause
{ [ ELEMENT ] IS OF [ TYPE ] ( [ONLY] type)
[ NOT ] SUBSTITUTABLE AT ALL LEVELS
}
supplemental_db_logging
{ ADD | DROP } SUPPLEMENTAL LOG
{ DATA
 supplemental_id_key_clause
 supplemental_plsql_clause
supplemental_id_key_clause
( { ALL | PRIMARY KEY | UNIQUE | FOREIGN KEY }
   [, { ALL | PRIMARY KEY | UNIQUE | FOREIGN KEY } ]...
COLUMNS
supplemental log grp clause
```

GROUP log_group

```
(column [ NO LOG ]
 [, column [ NO LOG ] ]...)
 [ ALWAYS ]
```

supplemental_logging_props

```
SUPPLEMENTAL LOG { supplemental_log_grp_clause
                 | supplemental_id_key_clause
```

supplemental plsql clause

DATA FOR PROCEDURAL REPLICATION

supplemental_table_logging

```
{ ADD SUPPLEMENTAL LOG
  { supplemental_log_grp_clause | supplemental_id_key_clause }
    [, SUPPLEMENTAL LOG
      { supplemental_log_grp_clause | supplemental_id_key_clause }
DROP SUPPLEMENTAL LOG
  { supplemental_id_key_clause | GROUP log_group }
    [, SUPPLEMENTAL LOG
      { supplemental_id_key_clause | GROUP log_group }
}
```

switch_logfile_clause

SWITCH ALL LOGFILES TO BLOCKSIZE integer

switchover clause

```
SWITCHOVER TO target_db_name [ VERIFY | FORCE ]
```

system_partitioning

```
PARTITION BY SYSTEM [ PARTITIONS integer
                    reference_partition_desc
                      [, reference_partition_desc ...]
                   ]
```

table_collection_expression

```
TABLE (collection_expression) [ (+) ]
```

table_compression

```
COMPRESS
| ROW STORE COMPRESS [ BASIC | ADVANCED ]
| COLUMN STORE COMPRESS [ FOR { QUERY | ARCHIVE } [ LOW | HIGH ] ]
 [ [NO] ROW LEVEL LOCKING ]
NOCOMPRESS
```

table index clause

```
[ schema. ] table [ t_alias ]
(index_expr [ ASC | DESC ]
 [, index_expr [ ASC | DESC ] ]...)
 [ index_properties ]
```

table partition description

```
[ deferred_segment_creation ]
[ indexing_clause ]
[ segment_attributes_clause ]
[ table_compression | prefix_compression ]
```

```
[ inmemory_clause ]
[ OVERFLOW [ segment_attributes_clause ] ]
[ { LOB_storage_clause
  | varray_col_properties
  nested_table_col_properties
 } . . .
]
```

table_partitioning_clauses

```
{ range_partitions
| list_partitions
| hash_partitions
composite_range_partitions
 composite_list_partitions
 composite_hash_partitions
 reference_partitioning
| system_partitioning
```

table properties

```
[ column_properties
[ indexing_clause ]
[ table_partitioning_clauses ]
[ attribute_clustering_clause ]
[ CACHE | NOCACHE ]
[ RESULT_CACHE ( MODE {DEFAULT | FORCE } ) ]
[ parallel_clause ]
[ ROWDEPENDENCIES | NOROWDEPENDENCIES ]
[ enable_disable_clause ]...
[ row_movement_clause ]
[ flashback_archive_clause ]
[ ROW ARCHIVAL ]
[ AS subquery ]
```

table_reference

```
{ { ONLY (query_table_expression) | query_table_expression }
  [ flashback_query_clause ]
  [ pivot_clause | unpivot_clause | row_pattern_clause ] }
| containers_clause
[ t_alias ]
```

tablespace_clauses

```
{ EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL
DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]...
SYSAUX DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]...
 default_tablespace
 default_temp_tablespace
 undo_tablespace
```

tablespace_datafile_clauses

```
DATAFILES { SIZE size_clause | autoextend_clause }...
```

tablespace_encryption_spec

```
[ USING 'encrypt_algorithm' ]
```

tablespace group clause

```
TABLESPACE GROUP { tablespace_group_name | '' }
```

tablespace_logging_clauses

```
{ logging_clause
| [ NO ] FORCE LOGGING
```

tablespace_retention_clause

```
RETENTION { GUARANTEE | NOGUARANTEE }
```

tablespace_state_clauses

```
{ { ONLINE
  | OFFLINE [ NORMAL | TEMPORARY | IMMEDIATE ]
 | READ { ONLY | WRITE }
 | { PERMANENT | TEMPORARY }
```

tempfile_reuse_clause

TEMPFILE REUSE

temporary_tablespace_clause

```
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE tablespace
 [ TEMPFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]... ]
  [ tablespace_group_clause ]
  [ extent_management_clause ]
```

tiering_clause

```
TIER TO tablespace [ READ ONLY ]
```

timeout clause

```
DROP AFTER integer { M | H }
```

trace file clause

```
TRACE
 [ AS 'filename' [ REUSE ] ]
 [ RESETLOGS | NORESETLOGS ]
```

truncate partition subpart

```
TRUNCATE { partition_extended_names | subpartition_extended_names }
   [ { DROP [ ALL ] | REUSE } STORAGE ]
   [ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ] [ CASCADE ]
```

undo_tablespace

```
[ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ]
UNDO TABLESPACE tablespace
  [ TABLESPACE file_specification [, file_specification ]...]
```

undo_tablespace_clause

```
UNDO TABLESPACE tablespace
  [ DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]... ]
  [ extent_management_clause ]
  [ tablespace_retention_clause ]
```

undrop_disk_clause

UNDROP DISKS

unpivot_clause

```
UNPIVOT [ {INCLUDE | EXCLUDE} NULLS ]
( { column | ( column [, column]... ) }
 pivot_for_clause
 unpivot_in_clause
```

unpivot_in_clause

```
( { column | ( column [, column]... ) }
     [ AS { literal | ( literal [, literal]... ) } ]
       [, { column | ( column [, column]... ) }
        [ AS {literal | ( literal [, literal]... ) } ]
```

unusable_editions_clause

```
[ UNUSABLE BEFORE { CURRENT EDITION | EDITION edition } ]
[ UNUSABLE BEGINNING WITH { CURRENT EDITION | EDITION edition | NULL EDITION } ]
```

update_all_indexes_clause

```
UPDATE INDEXES
  [ ( index ( update_index_partition
            update_index_subpartition
       [, index ( update_index_partition
                update_index_subpartition
       ]...
     )
```

update_global_index_clause

```
{ UPDATE | INVALIDATE } GLOBAL INDEXES
```

update_index_clauses

```
{ update_global_index_clause
| update_all_indexes_clause
```

update_index_partition

```
index_partition_description [ index_subpartition_clause ]
  [, index_partition_description [ index_subpartition_clause ] ]...
```

update_index_subpartition

```
SUBPARTITION [ subpartition ]
   [ TABLESPACE tablespace ]
[, SUBPARTITION [ subpartition ]
      [ TABLESPACE tablespace ]
1...
```

update_set_clause

```
SET
\{ \{ (column [, column ]...) = (subquery) \}
 column = { expr | (subquery) | DEFAULT }
     [, { (column [, column]...) = (subquery)
        | column = { expr | (subquery) | DEFAULT }
    ]...
```

```
| VALUE (t_alias) = { expr | (subquery) }
upgrade_table_clause
UPGRADE [ [NOT ] INCLUDING DATA ]
  [ column_properties ]
use_key
USE [ ENCRYPTION ] KEY 'key_id' [ USING TAG 'tag' ]
 IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password
 [ WITH BACKUP [ USING 'backup_identifier' ] ]
user_clauses
{ ADD USER user [, user]...
DROP USER user [, user]... [CASCADE]
REPLACE USER old_user WITH new_user [, old_user WITH new_user]...
user_tablespaces_clause
USER_TABLESPACES =
 { ( 'tablespace' [, 'tablespace' ]... )
  | ALL [ EXCEPT ( 'tablespace' [, 'tablespace' ]... ) ]
usergroup_clauses
{ ADD USERGROUP usergroup WITH MEMBER user [, user]...
| MODIFY USERGROUP usergroup { ADD | DROP } MEMBER user [, user]...
DROP USERGROUP usergroup
using_function_clause
USING [ schema. ] [ package. | type. ] function_name
using_index_clause
USING INDEX
  { [ schema. ] index
  | (create_index_statement)
  | index_properties
using_statistics_type
USING { [ schema. ] statistics_type | NULL }
using_type_clause
USING [ schema. ] implementation_type [ array_DML_clause ]
validation_clauses
{ VALIDATE REF UPDATE [ SET DANGLING TO NULL ]
| VALIDATE STRUCTURE
    [ CASCADE { FAST | COMPLETE { OFFLINE | ONLINE } [ into_clause ] } ]
values clause
VALUES ({ expr | DEFAULT }
         [, { expr | DEFAULT } ]...
```

varray_col_properties

```
VARRAY varray_item
{ [ substitutable_column_clause ] varray_storage_clause
| substitutable_column_clause
```

varray_storage_clause

```
STORE AS [SECUREFILE | BASICFILE] LOB
{ [LOB_segname] ( LOB_storage_parameters )
LOB_segname
```

virtual column definition

```
column [ datatype ] [ VISIBLE | INVISIBLE ]
 [ GENERATED ALWAYS ] AS (column_expression) [ VIRTUAL ]
 [ evaluation_edition_clause ] [ unusable_editions_clause ]
 [ inline_constraint [ inline_constraint ]... ]
```

where_clause

WHERE condition

windowing_clause

```
{ ROWS | RANGE }
{ BETWEEN
 { UNBOUNDED PRECEDING
 CURRENT ROW
 | value_expr { PRECEDING | FOLLOWING }
 AND
 { UNBOUNDED FOLLOWING
 | CURRENT ROW
 | value_expr { PRECEDING | FOLLOWING }
{ UNBOUNDED PRECEDING
 CURRENT ROW
 | value_expr PRECEDING
```

with clause

```
WITH [ plsql_declarations ] [ subquery_factoring_clause ]
```

XML_attributes_clause

```
XMLATTRIBUTES
 ( [ ENTITYESCAPING | NOENTITYESCAPING ]
   [ SCHEMACHECK | NOSCHEMACHECK ]
   value_expr [ { [AS] c_alias } | { AS EVALNAME value_expr } ]
     [, value_expr [ { [AS] c_alias } | { AS EVALNAME value_expr } ] ]...
```

XML namespaces clause

```
XMLNAMESPACES
  ( [ string AS identifier ]
      [ [, string AS identifier ]
      1...
   [ DEFAULT string ]
```

XML_passing_clause

```
PASSING [ BY VALUE ]
```

```
expr [ AS identifier ]
  [, expr [ AS identifier ]
  ] . . .
```

XML_table_column

```
column
    { FOR ORDINALITY
     | { datatype | XMLTYPE [ (SEQUENCE) BY REF ] }
    [ PATH string ] [ DEFAULT expr ]
```

XMLIndex_clause

```
[XDB.] XMLINDEX [ local_XMLIndex_clause ]
               [ parallel_clause ]
 [ XMLIndex_parameters_clause ]
```

XMLSchema_spec

```
[ XMLSCHEMA XMLSchema_URL ]
ELEMENT { element | XMLSchema_URL # element }
 [ STORE ALL VARRAYS AS { LOBS | TABLES } ]
  [ { ALLOW | DISALLOW } NONSCHEMA ]
  [ { ALLOW | DISALLOW } ANYSCHEMA ]
```

XMLTABLE_options

```
[ XML_passing_clause ]
[ RETURNING SEQUENCE BY REF ]
[ COLUMNS XML_table_column [, XML_table_column]...]
```

XMLType_column_properties

```
XMLTYPE [ COLUMN ] column
  [ XMLType_storage ]
  [ XMLSchema_spec ]
```

XMLType_storage

```
{ AS
{ OBJECT RELATIONAL
| [SECUREFILE | BASICFILE]
 { CLOB | BINARY XML }
   [ { LOB_segname [ (LOB_parameters) ]
     (LOB_parameters)
   ]
| { ALL VARRAYS AS { LOBS | TABLES } }
```

XMLType_table

```
OF XMLTYPE
 [ (oject_properties) ]
  [ XMLTYPE XMLType_storage ]
  [ XMLSchema_spec ]
  [ XMLType_virtual_columns ]
  [ ON COMMIT { DELETE | PRESERVE } ROWS ]
  [ OID_clause ]
  [ OID_index_clause ]
  [ physical_properties ]
  [ table_properties ]
```

XMLType_view_clause

```
OF XMLTYPE [ XMLSchema_spec ]
WITH OBJECT { IDENTIFIER | ID }
  { DEFAULT | ( expr [, expr ]...) }
```

XMLType_virtual_columns

```
VIRTUAL COLUMNS ( column AS (expr) [, column AS (expr) ]...)
```

ym_iso_format

```
[-] P [ years Y ] [months M] [days D]
  [T [hours H] [minutes M] [seconds [. frac_secs] S ] ]
```

zonemap_attributes

```
{ TABLESPACE tablespace
| SCALE integer
| PCTFREE integer
| PCTUSED integer
| { CACHE | NOCACHE }
} . . .
```

zonemap_clause

```
{ WITH MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP [ ( zonemap_name ) ] }
{ WITHOUT MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP }
```

zonemap_refresh_clause

```
REFRESH
[ FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE ]
[ ON { DEMAND | COMMIT | LOAD | DATA MOVEMENT | LOAD DATA MOVEMENT } ]
```

Data Types

This chapter presents data types that are recognized by Oracle and available for use within SQL.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Data Types
- Oracle Built-In Data Types
- Oracle-Supplied Data Types
- Converting to Oracle Data Types

Overview of Data Types

A data type is a classification of a particular type of information or data. Each value manipulated by Oracle has a data type. The data type of a value associates a fixed set of properties with the value. These properties cause Oracle to treat values of one data type differently from values of another.

The data types recognized by Oracle are:

ANSI-supported data types

```
{ CHARACTER [VARYING] (size)
| { CHAR | NCHAR } VARYING (size)
VARCHAR (size)
| NATIONAL { CHARACTER | CHAR }
    [VARYING] (size)
| { NUMERIC | DECIMAL | DEC }
   [ (precision [, scale ]) ]
| { INTEGER | INT | SMALLINT }
 FLOAT [ (size) ]
 DOUBLE PRECISION
REAL
```

Oracle built-in data types

```
{ character_datatypes
 number_datatypes
| long_and_raw_datatypes
| datetime_datatypes
| large_object_datatypes
rowid_datatypes
```

Oracle-supplied data types

```
{ any_types
```

```
XML_types
 spatial_types
media_types
```

User-defined data types

User-defined data types use Oracle built-in data types and other user-defined data types to model the structure and behavior of data in applications.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for more information about data types

Oracle Built-In Data Types

This section describes the kinds of Oracle built-in data types.

character_datatypes

```
{ CHAR [ (size [ BYTE | CHAR ]) ]
| VARCHAR2 (size [ BYTE | CHAR ])
NCHAR [ (size) ]
| NVARCHAR2 (size)
```

datetime datatypes

```
| TIMESTAMP [ (fractional_seconds_precision) ]
   [ WITH [ LOCAL ] TIME ZONE ]
| INTERVAL YEAR [ (year_precision) ] TO MONTH
| INTERVAL DAY [ (day_precision) ] TO SECOND
    [ (fractional_seconds_precision) ]
```

large_object_datatypes

```
{ BLOB | CLOB | NCLOB | BFILE }
```

long_and_raw_datatypes

```
{ LONG | LONG RAW | RAW (size) }
```

number_datatypes

```
{ NUMBER [ (precision [, scale ]) ]
| FLOAT [ (precision) ]
BINARY_FLOAT
BINARY_DOUBLE
```

rowid_datatypes

```
{ ROWID | UROWID [ (size) ] }
```

The codes listed for the data types are used internally by Oracle Database. The data type code of a column or object attribute is returned by the DUMP function.

Table 6–1 Built-in Data Type Summary

Code	Data Type	Description
1	VARCHAR2(size[BYTE CHAR])	Variable-length character string having maximum length $size$ bytes or characters. You must specify $size$ for VARCHAR2. Minimum $size$ is 1 byte or 1 character. Maximum size is:
		■ 32767 bytes or characters if MAX_STRING_SIZE = EXTENDED
		■ 4000 bytes or characters if MAX_STRING_SIZE = STANDARD
		Refer to <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i> for more information on the MAX_STRING_SIZE initialization parameter.
		BYTE indicates that the column will have byte length semantics. CHAR indicates that the column will have character semantics.
1	NVARCHAR2(size)	Variable-length Unicode character string having maximum length $size$ characters. You must specify $size$ for NVARCHAR2. The number of bytes can be up to two times $size$ for AL16UTF16 encoding and three times $size$ for UTF8 encoding. Maximum $size$ is determined by the national character set definition, with an upper limit of:
		■ 32767 bytes if MAX_STRING_SIZE = EXTENDED
		■ 4000 bytes if MAX_STRING_SIZE = STANDARD
		Refer to <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i> for more information on the MAX_STRING_SIZE initialization parameter.
2	NUMBER $[(p[,s])]$	Number having precision p and scale s . The precision p can range from 1 to 38. The scale s can range from -84 to 127. Both precision and scale are in decimal digits. A NUMBER value requires from 1 to 22 bytes.
2	FLOAT $[(p)]$	A subtype of the NUMBER data type having precision p . A FLOAT value is represented internally as NUMBER. The precision p can range from 1 to 126 binary digits. A FLOAT value requires from 1 to 22 bytes.
8	LONG	Character data of variable length up to 2 gigabytes, or 2 ³¹ -1 bytes. Provided for backward compatibility.
12	DATE	Valid date range from January 1, 4712 BC, to December 31, 9999 AD. The default format is determined explicitly by the NLS_DATE_FORMAT parameter or implicitly by the NLS_TERRITORY parameter. The size is fixed at 7 bytes. This data type contains the datetime fields YEAR, MONTH, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, and SECOND. It does not have fractional seconds or a time zone.
100	BINARY_FLOAT	32-bit floating point number. This data type requires 4 bytes.
101	BINARY_DOUBLE	64-bit floating point number. This data type requires 8 bytes.
180	TIMESTAMP [(fractional_seconds_precision)]	Year, month, and day values of date, as well as hour, minute, and second values of time, where <code>fractional_seconds_precision</code> is the number of digits in the fractional part of the <code>SECOND</code> datetime field. Accepted values of <code>fractional_seconds_precision</code> are 0 to 9. The default is 6. The default format is determined explicitly by the <code>NLS_TIMESTAMP_FORMAT</code> parameter or implicitly by the <code>NLS_TERRITORY</code> parameter. The size is 7 or 11 bytes, depending on the precision. This data type contains the datetime fields <code>YEAR</code> , <code>MONTH</code> , <code>DAY</code> , <code>HOUR</code> , <code>MINUTE</code> , and <code>SECOND</code> . It contains fractional seconds but does not have a time zone.

Table 6–1 (Cont.) Built-in Data Type Summary

Code	Data Type	Description	
181	TIMESTAMP [(fractional_seconds_precision)] WITH TIME ZONE	All values of TIMESTAMP as well as time zone displacement value, where <code>fractional_seconds_precision</code> is the number of digits in the fractional part of the <code>SECOND</code> datetime field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 6. The default format is determined explicitly by the <code>NLS_TIMESTAMP_FORMAT</code> parameter or implicitly by the <code>NLS_TERRITORY</code> parameter. The size is fixed at 13 bytes. This data type contains the datetime fields <code>YEAR</code> , <code>MONTH</code> , <code>DAY</code> , <code>HOUR</code> , <code>MINUTE</code> , <code>SECOND</code> , <code>TIMEZONE_HOUR</code> , and <code>TIMEZONE_MINUTE</code> . It has fractional seconds and an explicit time zone.	
231	TIMESTAMP [(fractional_seconds_precision)] WITH LOCAL TIME ZONE	All values of TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE, with the following exceptions:	
		 Data is normalized to the database time zone when it is stored in the database. 	
		When the data is retrieved, users see the data in the session time zone.	
		The default format is determined explicitly by the NLS_TIMESTAMP_FORMAT parameter or implicitly by the NLS_TERRITORY parameter. The size is 7 or 11 bytes, depending on the precision.	
182	INTERVAL YEAR [(year_precision)] TO MONTH	Stores a period of time in years and months, where <code>year_precision</code> is the number of digits in the <code>YEAR</code> datetime field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 2. The size is fixed at 5 bytes.	
183	INTERVAL DAY [(day_precision)] TO SECOND [(fractional_seconds_	Stores a period of time in days, hours, minutes, and seconds, where	
	precision)]	 day_precision is the maximum number of digits in the DAY datetime field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 2. 	
		• fractional_seconds_precision is the number of digits in the fractional part of the SECOND field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 6.	
		The size is fixed at 11 bytes.	
23	RAW(size)	Raw binary data of length <i>size</i> bytes. You must specify <i>size</i> for a RAW value. Maximum <i>size</i> is:	
		■ 32767 bytes if MAX_STRING_SIZE = EXTENDED	
		■ 2000 bytes if MAX_STRING_SIZE = STANDARD	
		Refer to <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i> for more information on the MAX_STRING_SIZE initialization parameter.	
24	LONG RAW	Raw binary data of variable length up to 2 gigabytes.	
69	ROWID	Base 64 string representing the unique address of a row in its table. This data type is primarily for values returned by the ROWID pseudocolumn.	
208	UROWID[(size)]	Base 64 string representing the logical address of a row of an index-organized table. The optional <code>size</code> is the size of a column of type <code>UROWID</code> . The maximum size and default is 4000 bytes.	
96	CHAR [(size [BYTE CHAR])]	Fixed-length character data of length <i>size</i> bytes or characters. Maximum <i>size</i> is 2000 bytes or characters. Default and minimum <i>size</i> is 1 byte.	
		BYTE and CHAR have the same semantics as for VARCHAR2.	

Table 6-1 (Cont.) Built-in Data Type Summary

Code	Data Type	Description
96	NCHAR[(size)]	Fixed-length character data of length <code>size</code> characters. The number of bytes can be up to two times <code>size</code> for <code>AL16UTF16</code> encoding and three times <code>size</code> for <code>UTF8</code> encoding. Maximum <code>size</code> is determined by the national character set definition, with an upper limit of 2000 bytes. Default and minimum <code>size</code> is 1 character.
112	CLOB	A character large object containing single-byte or multibyte characters. Both fixed-width and variable-width character sets are supported, both using the database character set. Maximum size is (4 gigabytes - 1) * (database block size).
112	NCLOB	A character large object containing Unicode characters. Both fixed-width and variable-width character sets are supported, both using the database national character set. Maximum size is (4 gigabytes - 1) * (database block size). Stores national character set data.
113	BLOB	A binary large object. Maximum size is (4 gigabytes - 1) * (database block size).
114	BFILE	Contains a locator to a large binary file stored outside the database. Enables byte stream I/O access to external LOBs residing on the database server. Maximum size is 4 gigabytes.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for more information about built-in data types

Oracle-Supplied Data Types

This section shows the syntax for the Oracle-supplied data types.

```
any_types
{ SYS.AnyData | SYS.AnyType | SYS.AnyDataSet }
media_types
{ ORDAudio
ORDImage
 ORDVideo
 ORDDoc
 ORDDicom
| still_image_object_types
spatial_types
{ SDO_Geometry | SDO_Topo_Geometry | SDO_GeoRaster }
XML_types
{ XMLType | URIType }
```

Converting to Oracle Data Types

SQL statements that create tables and clusters can also use ANSI data types and data types from the IBM products SQL/DS and DB2. Oracle recognizes the ANSI or IBM data type name that differs from the Oracle data type name, records it as the name of

the data type of the column, and then stores the column data in an Oracle data type based on the conversions shown in the following table.

Table 6–2 ANSI Data Types Converted to Oracle Data Types

ANSI SQL Data Type	Oracle Data Type	
CHARACTER(n)	CHAR(n)	
CHAR(n)		
CHARACTER VARYING(n)	VARCHAR2(n)	
CHAR VARYING(n)		
NATIONAL CHARACTER(n)	NCHAR(n)	
NATIONAL CHAR(n)		
NCHAR(n)		
NATIONAL CHARACTER VARYING(n)	NVARCHAR2(n)	
NATIONAL CHAR VARYING(n)		
NCHAR VARYING(n)		
NUMERIC[(p,s)]	NUMBER(p,s)	
DECIMAL[(p,s)] (Note 1)		
INTEGER	NUMBER(p,0)	
INT		
SMALLINT		
FLOAT (Note 2)	FLOAT(126)	
DOUBLE PRECISION (Note 3)	FLOAT(126)	
REAL (Note 4)	FLOAT(63)	

Notes:

- The NUMERIC and DECIMAL data types can specify only fixed-point numbers. For those data types, the scale (s) defaults to 0.
- The FLOAT data type is a floating-point number with a binary precision b. The default precision for this data type is 126 binary, or 38 decimal.
- The DOUBLE PRECISION data type is a floating-point number with binary precision 126.
- The REAL data type is a floating-point number with a binary precision of 63, or 18 decimal.

Do not define columns with the following SQL/DS and DB2 data types, because they have no corresponding Oracle data type:

- GRAPHIC
- LONG VARGRAPHIC
- VARGRAPHIC
- TIME

Note that data of type TIME can also be expressed as Oracle datetime data.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for more information on data types

Format Models

This chapter presents the format models for datetime and number data stored in character strings.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Format Models
- **Number Format Models**
- **Datetime Format Models**

Overview of Format Models

A format model is a character literal that describes the format of DATETIME or NUMBER data stored in a character string. When you convert a character string into a datetime or number, a format model tells Oracle how to interpret the string.

See Also: *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference* for more information on format models

Number Format Models

You can use number format models:

- In the TO_CHAR function to translate a value of NUMBER data type to VARCHAR2 data
- In the TO_NUMBER function to translate a value of CHAR or VARCHAR2 data type to NUMBER data type

Number Format Elements

A number format model is composed of one or more number format elements. The following table lists the elements of a number format model.

Table 7–1 Number Format Elements

Element	Example	Description
, (comma)	9,999	Returns a comma in the specified position. You can specify multiple commas in a number format model.
		Restrictions:
		 A comma element cannot begin a number format model.
		 A comma cannot appear to the right of a decimal character or period in a number format model.
. (period)	99.99	Returns a decimal point, which is a period (.) in the specified position.
		Restriction: You can specify only one period in a number format model.
\$	\$9999	Returns value with a leading dollar sign.
0	0999	Returns leading zeros.
	9990	Returns trailing zeros.
9	9999	Returns value with the specified number of digits with a leading space if positive or with a leading minus if negative. Leading zeros are blank, except for a zero value, which returns a zero for the integer part of the fixed-point number.
В	В9999	Returns blanks for the integer part of a fixed-point number when the integer part is zero (regardless of zeros in the format model).
С	C999	Returns in the specified position the ISO currency symbol (the current value of the NLS_ISO_CURRENCY parameter).
D	99D99	Returns in the specified position the decimal character, which is the current value of the NLS_NUMERIC_CHARACTER parameter. The default is a period (.).
		Restriction: You can specify only one decimal character in a number format model
EEEE	9.9EEEE	Returns a value using in scientific notation.
G	9G999	Returns in the specified position the group separator (the current value of the NLS_NUMERIC_CHARACTER parameter). You can specify multiple group separators in a number format model.
		Restriction: A group separator cannot appear to the right of a decimal character or period in a number format model.
L	L999	Returns in the specified position the local currency symbol (the current value of the NLS_CURRENCY parameter).
MI	9999MI	Returns negative value with a trailing minus sign (-).
		Returns positive value with a trailing blank.
		Restriction: The MI format element can appear only in the last position of a number format model.
PR	9999PR	Returns negative value in <angle brackets="">.</angle>
		Returns positive value with a leading and trailing blank.
		Restriction: The PR format element can appear only in the last position of a number format model.
RN	RN	Returns a value as Roman numerals in uppercase.
rn	rn	Returns a value as Roman numerals in lowercase.
		Value can be an integer between 1 and 3999.

Table 7–1 (Cont.) Number Format Elements

Element	Example	Description
S	S9999	Returns negative value with a leading minus sign (-).
		Returns positive value with a leading plus sign (+).
	9999S	Returns negative value with a trailing minus sign (-).
		Returns positive value with a trailing plus sign (+).
		Restriction: The S format element can appear only in the first or last position of a number format model.
TM	TM	The text minimum number format model returns (in decimal output) the smallest number of characters possible. This element is case insensitive.
		The default is TM9, which returns the number in fixed notation unless the output exceeds 64 characters. If the output exceeds 64 characters, then Oracle Database automatically returns the number in scientific notation.
		Restrictions:
		 You cannot precede this element with any other element.
		You can follow this element only with one 9 or one E (or e), but not with any combination of these. The following statement returns an error:
		SELECT TO_CHAR(1234, 'TM9e') FROM DUAL;
U	U9999	Returns in the specified position the Euro (or other) dual currency symbol, determined by the current value of the NLS_DUAL_CURRENCY parameter.
V	999V99	Returns a value multiplied by 10^n (and if necessary, round it up), where n is the number of 9's after the ∇ .
X	XXXX	Returns the hexadecimal value of the specified number of digits. If the specified
	xxxx	number is not an integer, then Oracle Database rounds it to an integer.
		Restrictions:
		 This element accepts only positive values or 0. Negative values return an error.
		You can precede this element only with 0 (which returns leading zeroes) or FM. Any other elements return an error. If you specify neither 0 nor FM with X, then the return always has one leading blank. Refer to Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for information on the FM format model modifier.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for more information on number format models

Datetime Format Models

You can use datetime format models:

- In the TO_CHAR, TO_DATE, TO_TIMESTAMP, TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ, TO_YMINTERVAL, and TO_DSINTERVAL datetime functions to translate a character string that is in a format other than the default datetime format into a DATETIME value
- In the TO_CHAR function to translate a DATETIME value that is in a format other than the default datetime format into a character string

Datetime Format Elements

A datetime format model is composed of one or more datetime format elements. The following table lists the elements of a date format model.

Table 7–2 Datetime Format Elements

If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are 00, then the century is the sar 2 digits of that year. For example, 2002 returns 21; 2000 returns 20. Dyes Day of week (1-7). This element depends on the NLS territory of the set Name of day. DD Yes Day of month (1-31). DDD Yes Day of year (1-366). DL Yes Returns a value in the long date format, which is an extension of Oracle DATE format, determined by the current value of the NLS_DATE_FORMAT Makes the appearance of the date components (day name, month number of the AMERICAN_AMERICA locale, this is equivalent to specifying the format Month da, yyyy'. In the GERMAN_GERMANY locale, it is equivalent to specific format 'fmDay, dd. Month yyyy'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, separ white space. DS Yes Returns a value in the short date format. Makes the appearance of the Components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NI and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA equivalent to specifying the format 'MM/DD/RRRR'. In the EMCLISH_UNITE locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'MM/DD/RRRR'. In the EMCLISH_UNITE locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'DD/MM/RRRR'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, separ white space. DY Yes Abbreviated name of day. E Yes Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Budo	da	O_* atetime unctions?	Description
AD Yes AD indicator with or without periods. A.D. MYes Meridian indicator with or without periods. BC Yes BC indicator with or without periods. CC Century. If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are between 01 and 99 (inclusive century is one greater than the first 2 digits of that year. If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are 00, then the century is the sar 2 digits of that year. For example, 2002 returns 21; 2000 returns 20. DYes Day of week (1-7). This element depends on the NLS territory of the set Name of day. DD Yes Day of month (1-31). DDD Yes Day of year (1-366). DL Yes Returns a value in the long date format, which is an extension of Oracle DATE format, determined by the current value of the NLS_DATE_FORMAT Makes the appearance of the date components (day name, month numforth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For the AMERICAN_MERICA locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format Month dd, yyyy'. In the GERMAN_GERMANY locale, it is equivalent to speciformat 'fmDay, dd. Month yyyy'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, sepan white space. DS Yes Returns a value in the short date format. Makes the appearance of the components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NL and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'MM/DD/RRRR'. In the ENGLISH_UNITE locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format be specifying the format 'DD/MM/RRRR'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, sepan white space. DY Yes Abbreviated name of day. Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Bude	- Ye	es	Punctuation and quoted text is reproduced in the result.
A.D. MYes Meridian indicator with or without periods. BC Yes BC indicator with or without periods. CC Century. SCC Century. If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are between 01 and 99 (inclusive century is one greater than the first 2 digits of that year. If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are 00, then the century is the sar 2 digits of that year. For example, 2002 returns 21; 2000 returns 20. DAY Yes Day of week (1-7). This element depends on the NLS territory of the set NAY Yes Name of day. DD Yes Day of month (1-31). DDD Yes Day of year (1-366). DL Yes Returns a value in the long date format, which is an extension of Oracle DATE format, determined by the current value of the NLS_DATE_FORMAT Makes the appearance of the date components (day name, month numl forth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For the AMMERICAN_AMERICA locale, this is equivalent to specifying the format Month dd, yyyyy'. In the GERMAN_GERMANY locale, it is equivalent to speciformat 'fmDay, dd. Month yyyy'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, sepai white space. DS Yes Returns a value in the short date format. Makes the appearance of the components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NL and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'MY/DD/RRRR'. In the ENGLISH_UNITE locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'DD/MM/RRRR'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, sepai white space. DY Yes Abbreviated name of day. Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Bude	; : "text"		
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components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NI and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA I equivalent to specifying the format 'MM/DD/RRRR'. In the ENGLISH_UNITE locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'DD/MM/RRRR'. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, separative space. DY Yes Abbreviated name of day. E Yes Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Budo			Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, separated by white space.
white space. DY Yes Abbreviated name of day. E Yes Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Budo	DS Ye	es	Returns a value in the short date format. Makes the appearance of the date components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA locale, this is equivalent to specifying the format 'MM/DD/RRRR'. In the ENGLISH_UNITED_KINGDOM locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'DD/MM/RRRR'.
E Yes Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Budo			Restriction: You can specify this format only with the \mbox{TS} element, separated by white space.
	DY Ye	es	Abbreviated name of day.
calendars).	E Ye	es	Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Buddha calendars).
EE Yes Full era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Buddha caler	EE Ye	es	Full era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Buddha calendars).

Table 7–2 (Cont.) Datetime Format Elements

Element	TO_* datetime functions?	Description
FF [19]	Yes	Fractional seconds; no radix character is printed. Use the X format element to add the radix character. Use the numbers 1 to 9 after FF to specify the number of digits in the fractional second portion of the datetime value returned. If you do not specify a digit, then Oracle Database uses the precision specified for the datetime data type or the data type's default precision. Valid in timestamp and interval formats, but not in DATE formats.
		Examples: 'HH:MI:SS.FF'
		SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSTIMESTAMP, 'SS.FF3') from dual;
FM	Yes	Returns a value with no leading or trailing blanks.
		See Also : <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i> for more information on the FM format model modifier
FX	Yes	Requires exact matching between the character data and the format model.
		See Also : <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i> for more information on the FX format model modifier
HH HH12	Yes	Hour of day (1-12).
нн24	Yes	Hour of day (0-23).
IW		Week of year (1-52 or 1-53) based on the ISO standard.
IYY IY I		Last 3, 2, or 1 digit(s) of ISO year.
IYYY		4-digit year based on the ISO standard.
J	Yes	Julian day; the number of days since January 1, 4712 BC. Number specified with J must be integers.
MI	Yes	Minute (0-59).
MM	Yes	Month (01-12; January = 01).
MON	Yes	Abbreviated name of month.
MONTH	Yes	Name of month.
PM P.M.	Yes	Meridian indicator with or without periods.
Q		Quarter of year (1, 2, 3, 4; January - March = 1).
RM	Yes	Roman numeral month (I-XII; January = I).
RR	Yes	Lets you store 20th century dates in the 21st century using only two digits.
		See Also: <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i> for more information on the RR datetime format element
RRRR	Yes	Round year. Accepts either 4-digit or 2-digit input. If 2-digit, provides the same return as RR. If you do not want this functionality, then enter the 4-digit year.
SS	Yes	Second (0-59).
SSSSS	Yes	Seconds past midnight (0-86399).

Table 7–2 (Cont.) Datetime Format Elements

Element	TO_* datetime functions?	Description
TS	Yes	Returns a value in the short time format. Makes the appearance of the time components (hour, minutes, and so forth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE initialization parameters.
		Restriction: You can specify this format only with the DL or DS element, separated by white space.
TZD	Yes	Daylight saving information. The TZD value is an abbreviated time zone string with daylight saving information. It must correspond with the region specified in TZR. Valid in timestamp and interval formats, but not in DATE formats.
		Example: PST (for US/Pacific standard time); PDT (for US/Pacific daylight time).
TZH	Yes	Time zone hour. (See TZM format element.) Valid in timestamp and interval formats, but not in DATE formats.
		Example: 'HH:MI:SS.FFTZH:TZM'.
TZM	Yes	Time zone minute. (See TZH format element.) Valid in timestamp and interval formats, but not in DATE formats.
		Example: 'HH:MI:SS.FFTZH:TZM'.
TZR	Yes	Time zone region information. The value must be one of the time zone regions supported in the database. Valid in timestamp and interval formats, but not in DATE formats.
		Example: US/Pacific
WW		Week of year (1-53) where week 1 starts on the first day of the year and continues to the seventh day of the year.
W		Week of month (1-5) where week 1 starts on the first day of the month and ends on the seventh.
X	Yes	Local radix character.
		Example: 'HH:MI:SSXFF'.
Y,YYY	Yes	Year with comma in this position.
YEAR SYEAR		Year, spelled out; S prefixes BC dates with a minus sign (-).
YYYY SYYYY	Yes	4-digit year; S prefixes BC dates with a minus sign.
YYY YY Y	Yes	Last 3, 2, or 1 digit(s) of year.

See Also: Oracle Database SQL Language Reference for more information on datetime format models

SQL*Plus Commands

This appendix presents many of the SQL*Plus commands.

This appendix includes the following section:

SQL*Plus Commands

SQL*Plus Commands

SQL*Plus is a command-line tool that provides access to the Oracle RDBMS. SQL*Plus enables you to:

- Enter SQL*Plus commands to configure the SQL*Plus environment
- Startup and shutdown an Oracle database
- Connect to an Oracle database
- Enter and execute SQL commands and PL/SQL blocks
- Format and print query results

SQL*Plus is available on several platforms.

The commands shown in Table A-1 are SQL*Plus commands available in the command-line interface. Not all commands or command parameters are shown.

See Also:

- SQL*Plus Quick Reference
- SQL*Plus User's Guide and Reference

Basic SQL*Plus Commands Table A-1

Database Operation	SQL*Plus Command
Log in to SQL*Plus	SQLPLUS [[{username[/password][@connect_identifier] / } [AS {SYSASM SYSBACKUP SYSDBA SYSDG SYSOPER SYSKM}] [edition=value]] /NOLOG]
List help topics available in SQL*Plus	HELP [INDEX topic]
Execute host commands	HOST [command]
Show SQL*Plus system variables or environment settings	SHOW { ALL ERRORS USER system_variable [, system_variable]}

Table A-1 (Cont.) Basic SQL*Plus Commands

Database Operation	SQL*Plus Command
Alter SQL*Plus system variables or environment settings	SET system_variable value
Start up a database	STARTUP { db_options cdb_options upgrade_options }
	Where <i>db_options</i> has the following syntax:
	[FORCE] [RESTRICT] [PFILE=filename] [QUIET] [MOUNT [dbname] [OPEN [open_db_options] [dbname]] NOMOUNT]
	Where open_db_options has the following syntax:
	READ {ONLY WRITE [RECOVER]} RECOVER
	Where cdb_options has the following syntax:
	root_connection_options pdb_connection_options
	Where root_connection_options has the following syntax:
	PLUGGABLE DATABASE pdbname [FORCE] [RESTRICT] [OPEN {open_pdb_options}]
	Where pdb_connection_options has the following syntax:
	[FORCE] [RESTRICT] [OPEN {open_pdb_options}]
	Where open_pdb_options has the following syntax:
	READ WRITE READ ONLY
	Where upgrade_options has the following syntax:
	[PFILE=filename] {UPGRADE DOWNGRADE} [QUIET]
Connect to a database	CONNECT [{username[/password] [@connect_identifier] /
	Note : The square brackets shown in boldface type are part of the syntax and do not imply optionality.
List column definitions for a table, view, or synonym, or specifications for a function or procedure	DESCRIBE [schema.] object
Edit contents of the SQL buffer or a file	EDIT [filename [.ext]]
Get a file and load its contents into the SQL buffer	GET filename [.ext] [LIST NOLLIST]
Save contents of the SQL buffer to a file	SAVE filename [.ext] [CREATE REPLACE APPEND]
List contents of the SQL buffer	LIST [n n m n LAST]
Delete contents of the SQL buffer	DEL [n n m n LAST]
Add new lines following current line in the SQL buffer	INPUT [text]

Table A-1 (Cont.) Basic SQL*Plus Commands

Database Operation	SQL*Plus Command
Append text to end of current line in the SQL buffer	APPEND text
Find and replace first occurrence of a text string in current line of the SQL buffer	CHANGE sepchar old [sepchar [new [sepchar]]] sepchar can be any nonalphanumeric ASCII character such as "/" or "!"
Capture query results in a file and, optionally, send contents of file to default printer	SPOOL [filename [.ext] [CREATE REPLACE APPEND OFF OUT]
Run SQL*Plus statements stored in a file	<pre>@ { url filename [.ext] } [arg] START { url filename [.ext] } [arg]</pre>
	ext can be omitted if the filename extension is .sql
Execute commands stored in the SQL buffer	/
List and execute commands stored in the SQL buffer	RUN
Execute a single PL/SQL statement or run a stored procedure	EXECUTE statement
Disconnect from a database	DISCONNECT
Shut down a database	SHUTDOWN [ABORT IMMEDIATE NORMAL TRANSACTIONAL [LOCAL]]
Log out of SQL*Plus	{ EXIT QUIT } [SUCCESS FAILURE WARNING n variable :BindVariable] [COMMIT ROLLBACK]

Index

Symbols	ALTER JAVA statement, 1-3
/ (slash) SQL*Plus command, A-3	ALTER LIBRARY statement, 1-4
@ (at sign) SQL*Plus command, A-3	ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG statement, 1-4
e (at sign) see Tras communa, 11 s	ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW statement, 1-4
	ALTER MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP statement, 1-4
<u>A</u>	ALTER OPERATOR statement, 1-4
ABS function, 2-1	ALTER OUTLINE statement, 1-5
ACOS function, 2-1	ALTER PACKAGE statement, 1-5
action_audit_clause, 5-1	ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE statement, 1-5
activate_standby_db_clause, 5-1	ALTER PROCEDURE statement, 1-5
add_binding_clause, 5-1	ALTER PROFILE statement, 1-5
add_column_clause, 5-1	ALTER RESOURCE COST statement, 1-5
add_disk_clause, 5-2	ALTER ROLE statement, 1-5
add_hash_index_partition, 5-2	ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT statement, 1-5
add_hash_partition_clause, 5-2	ALTER SEQUENCE statement, 1-6
add_hash_subpartition, 5-2	ALTER SESSION statement, 1-6
add_list_partition_clause, 5-2	ALTER SYNONYM statement, 1-6
add_list_subpartition, 5-2	ALTER SYSTEM statement, 1-6
add_logfile_clauses, 5-2	ALTER TABLE statement, 1-6
ADD_MONTHS function, 2-1	ALTER TABLESPACE statement, 1-7
add_mv_log_column_clause, 5-2	ALTER TRIGGER statement, 1-7
add_overflow_clause, 5-2	ALTER TYPE statement, 1-7
add_period_clause, 5-3	ALTER USER statement, 1-7
add_range_partition_clause, 5-3	ALTER VIEW statement, 1-8
add_range_subpartition, 5-3	alter_datafile_clause, 5-4
add_system_partition_clause, 5-3	alter_external_table, 5-4
add_table_partition, 5-3	alter_index_partitioning, 5-4
add_update_secret, 5-3	alter_interval_partitioning, 5-4
add_volume_clause, 5-3	alter_iot_clauses, 5-4
ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT statement, 1-1	alter_keystore_password, 5-4
advanced_index_compression, 5-3	alter_mapping_table_clauses, 5-5
aggregate functions, 2-1	alter_mv_refresh, 5-5
alias_file_name, 5-3	alter_overflow_clause, 5-5
allocate_extent_clause, 5-3	alter_query_rewrite_clause, 5-5
allow_disallow_clustering, 5-4	alter_session_set_clause, 5-5
ALTER AUDIT POLICY statement, 1-1	alter_system_reset_clause, 5-5
ALTER AUDIT TOLIC I statement, 1-1 ALTER CLUSTER statement, 1-1	alter_system_set_clause, 5-5
	alter_table_partitioning, 5-5
ALTER DATABASE LINK statement, 1-2 ALTER DATABASE statement, 1-1	alter_table_properties, 5-6
,	alter_tempfile_clause, 5-6
ALTER DISKCROUR statement, 1-2	alter_varray_col_properties, 5-6
ALTER DISKGROUP statement, 1-2	alter_XMLSchema_clause, 5-6
ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE statement, 1-3	alter_zonemap_attributes, 5-7
ALTER FUNCTION statement, 1-3	American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
ALTER INDEXTYPE statement, 1-3	converting to Oracle data types, 6-5
ALTER INDEXTYPE statement, 1-3	analytic functions, 2-1

1 1	CLUCTED DETAILS (22
analytic_clause, 5-7	CLUSTER_DETAILS function, 2-2
ANALYZE statement, 1-8	CLUSTER_DISTANCE (analytic) function, 2-3
ANSI-supported data types, 6-1	CLUSTER_DISTANCE function, 2-2
any_types, 6-5	CLUSTER_ID (analytic) function, 2-3
APPEND SQL*Plus command, A-3	CLUSTER_ID function, 2-3
APPENDCHILDXML function, 2-1	cluster_index_clause, 5-9
APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT function, 2-1	CLUSTER_PROBABILITY (analytic) function, 2-3
archive_log_clause, 5-7	CLUSTER_PROBABILITY function, 2-3
array_DML_clause, 5-7	cluster_range_partitions, 5-10
	CLUSTER_SET (analytic) function, 2-3
array_step, 5-7	
ASCII function, 2-1	CLUSTER_SET function, 2-3
ASCIISTR function, 2-2	clustering_column_group, 5-10
ASIN function, 2-2	clustering_columns, 5-10
ASM_filename, 5-7	clustering_join, 5-10
ASSOCIATE STATISTICS statement, 1-8	clustering_when, 5-10
ATAN function, 2-2	COALESCE function, 2-3
ATAN2 function, 2-2	coalesce_index_partition, 5-10
attribute_clause, 5-7	coalesce_table_partition, 5-10
attribute_clustering_clause, 5-7	coalesce_table_subpartition, 5-10
AUDIT (Traditional Auditing) statement, 1-8	COLLECT function, 2-3
AUDIT (Unified Auditing) statement, 1-8	
	column expressions, 3-1
audit_operation_clause, 5-8	column_association, 5-10
audit_schema_object_clause, 5-8	column_clauses, 5-10
auditing_by_clause, 5-8	column_definition, 5-10
auditing_on_clause, 5-8	column_properties, 5-11
autoextend_clause, 5-8	COMMENT statement, 1-9
AVG function, 2-2	COMMIT statement, 1-9
	commit_switchover_clause, 5-11
D	component_actions, 5-11
В	COMPOSE function, 2-3
backup_keystore, 5-8	composite_hash_partitions, 5-11
BETWEEN condition, 4-1	composite_list_partitions, 5-11
BFILENAME function, 2-2	composite_range_partitions, 5-11
BIN_TO_NUM function, 2-2	
binding_clause, 5-8	compound conditions, 4-1
9	compound expressions, 3-1
BITAND function, 2-2	CON_DBID_TO_ID function, 2-3
bitmap_join_index_clause, 5-8	CON_GUID_TO_ID function, 2-3
build_clause, 5-9	CON_NAME_TO_ID function, 2-3
built-in data types, 6-1, 6-2	CON_UID_TO_ID function, 2-3
	CONCAT function, 2-3
C	conditional_insert_clause, 5-11
	conditions, 4-1
CALL statement, 1-8	see also SQL conditions
CARDINALITY function, 2-2	CONNECT SQL*Plus command, A-2
CASE expressions, 3-1	constraint, 5-12
CAST function, 2-2	constraint_clauses, 5-12
CEIL function, 2-2	constraint_state, 5-12
cell_assignment, 5-9	
cell_reference_options, 5-9	container_data_clause, 5-12
CHANGE SQL*Plus command, A-3	containers_clause, 5-12
character_datatypes, 6-2	context_clause, 5-13
	controlfile_clauses, 5-13
character_set_clause, 5-9	CONVERT function, 2-3
CHARTOROWID function, 2-2	convert_database_clause, 5-13
check_datafiles_clause, 5-9	converting to Oracle data types, 6-5
check_diskgroup_clause, 5-9	CORR function, 2-4
checkpoint_clause, 5-9	CORR_K function, 2-4
CHR function, 2-2	CORR_S function, 2-4
close_keystore, 5-9	COS function, 2-4
cluster_clause, 5-9	COSH function, 2-4
	CO311 IUIICUOII, 2-4
CLUSTER_DETAILS (analytic) function, 2-2	cost_matrix_clause, 5-13

COUNT function, 2-4	currency
COVAR_POP function, 2-4	group separators, 7-2
COVAR_SAMP function, 2-4	currency symbol
CREATE AUDIT POLICY statement, 1-9	ISO, 7-2
CREATE CLUSTER statement, 1-9	local, 7-2
CREATE CONTEXT statement, 1-9	union, 7-3
CREATE CONTROLFILE statement, 1-10	CURRENT_DATE function, 2-4
CREATE DATABASE LINK statement, 1-10	CURRENT_TIMESTAMP function, 2-4
CREATE DATABASE statement, 1-10	CURSOR expressions, 3-1
CREATE DIMENSION statement, 1-10	CV function, 2-5
CREATE DIRECTORY statement, 1-10	cycle_clause, 5-15
CREATE DISKGROUP statement, 1-10	, = ,
CREATE EDITION statement, 1-11	D
CREATE FLASHBACK ARCHIVE statement, 1-11	D
CREATE FUNCTION statement, 1-11	data types
CREATE INDEX statement, 1-11	ANSI-supported, 6-1
CREATE INDEXTYPE statement, 1-11	converting to Oracle, 6-5
CREATE JAVA statement, 1-11	Oracle built-in, 6-1, 6-2
CREATE LIBRARY statement, 1-11	Oracle-supplied, 6-1, 6-5
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG	overview, 6-1
statement, 1-12	user-defined, 6-2
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW statement, 1-12	database_file_clauses, 5-15
CREATE MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP	database_logging_clauses, 5-15
statement, 1-12	datafile_tempfile_clauses, 5-15
CREATE OPERATOR statement, 1-12	datafile_tempfile_spec, 5-15
CREATE OUTLINE statement, 1-13	DATAOBJ_TO_PARTITION function, 2-5
CREATE PACKAGE BODY statement, 1-13	date format models, 7-3, 7-4
•	long, 7-4
CREATE PACKAGE statement, 1-13 CREATE PFILE statement, 1-13	short, 7-4
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE statement, 1-13	datetime expressions, 3-2
CREATE PROCEDURE statement, 1-13	datetime_datatypes, 6-2
CREATE PROFILE statement, 1-13	db_user_proxy_clauses, 5-15
CREATE RESTORE POINT statement, 1-13	DB2 data types
CREATE ROLE statement, 1-13	restrictions on, 6-6
CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT statement, 1-13	dblink, 5-16
CREATE SCHEMA statement, 1-14	dblink_authentication, 5-16
CREATE SEQUENCE statement, 1-14	DBTIMEZONE function, 2-5
CREATE SPFILE statement, 1-14	deallocate_unused_clause, 5-16
CREATE SYNONYM statement, 1-14	decimal characters
CREATE TABLE statement, 1-14	specifying, 7-2
CREATE TABLESPACE statement, 1-14	DECODE function, 2-5
CREATE TRIGGER statement, 1-14	DECOMPOSE function, 2-5
CREATE TYPE BODY statement, 1-14	default_cost_clause, 5-16
CREATE TYPE statement, 1-14	default_selectivity_clause, 5-16
CREATE USER statement, 1-15	default_settings_clauses, 5-16
CREATE VIEW statement, 1-15	default_tablespace, 5-16
create_datafile_clause, 5-13	default_temp_tablespace, 5-16
create_file_dest_clause, 5-13	deferred_segment_creation, 5-16
create_key, 5-13	DEL SQL*Plus command, A-2
create_keystore, 5-13	DELETE statement, 1-15
create_mv_refresh, 5-13	delete_secret, 5-16
create_pdb_clone, 5-14	DELETEXML function, 2-5
create_pdb_from_seed, 5-14	DENSE_RANK (aggregate) function, 2-5
create_pdb_from_xml, 5-14	DENSE_RANK (analytic) function, 2-5
create_zonemap_as_subquery, 5-14	dependent_tables_clause, 5-16
create_zonemap_on_table, 5-15	DEPTH function, 2-5
cross_outer_apply_clause, 5-15	DEREF function, 2-5
CUBE_TABLE function, 2-4	DESCRIBE SQL*Plus command, A-2
CUME_DIST (aggregate) function, 2-4	dimension_join_clause, 5-17
CUME DIST (analytic) function. 2-4	DISASSOCIATE STATISTICS statement, 1-15

DISCONNECT SQL*Plus command, A-3 DUMP function, 2-5 disk_offline_clause, 5-17 disk_online_clause, 5-17 Ε disk_region_clause, 5-17 EDIT SQL*Plus command, A-2 diskgroup_alias_clauses, 5-17 else_clause, 5-19 diskgroup attributes, 5-17 EMPTY_BLOB function, 2-5 diskgroup_availability, 5-17 diskgroup_directory_clauses, 5-17 EMPTY_CLOB function, 2-5 enable disable clause, 5-19 diskgroup_template_clauses, 5-17 enable_disable_volume, 5-19 diskgroup_volume_clauses, 5-18 enable_pluggable_database, 5-20 distributed_recov_clauses, 5-18 encryption_spec, 5-20 dml_table_expression_clause, 5-18 end_session_clauses, 5-20 domain_index_clause, 5-18 EQUALS_PATH condition, 4-1 DROP AUDIT POLICY statement, 1-16 error logging clause, 5-20 DROP CLUSTER statement, 1-16 evaluation_edition_clause, 5-20 DROP CONTEXT statement, 1-16 exceptions_clause, 5-20 DROP DATABASE LINK statement, 1-16 exchange_partition_subpart, 5-20 DROP DATABASE statement, 1-16 EXECUTE SQL*Plus command, A-3 DROP DIMENSION statement. 1-16 EXISTS condition, 4-1 DROP DIRECTORY statement, 1-16 EXISTSNODE function, 2-5 DROP DISKGROUP statement, 1-16 EXIT SQL*Plus command, A-3 DROP EDITION statement, 1-16 EXP function, 2-5 DROP FLASHBACK ARCHIVE statement, 1-16 EXPLAIN PLAN statement, 1-18 DROP FUNCTION statement, 1-16 export_keys, 5-20 DROP INDEX statement, 1-16 expr, 5-20 DROP INDEXTYPE statement, 1-16 expression_list, 5-21 DROP JAVA statement, 1-16 expressions, 3-1 DROP LIBRARY statement, 1-17 see also SQL expressions DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG statement, 1-17 extended_attribute_clause, 5-21 DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW statement, 1-17 extent_management_clause, 5-21 DROP MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP statement. 1-17 external_data_properties, 5-21 DROP OPERATOR statement, 1-17 external table clause, 5-21 DROP OUTLINE statement, 1-17 EXTRACT (datetime) function, 2-5 DROP PACKAGE statement, 1-17 EXTRACT (XML) function, 2-6 DROP PLUGGABLE DATABASE statement, 1-17 EXTRACTVALUE function, 2-6 DROP PROCEDURE statement, 1-17 DROP PROFILE statement, 1-17 DROP RESTORE POINT statement, 1-17 DROP ROLE statement, 1-17 failover_clause, 5-21 DROP ROLLBACK SEGMENT statement, 1-17 FEATURE_DETAILS (analytic) function, 2-6 DROP SEQUENCE statement, 1-17 FEATURE_DETAILS function, 2-6 DROP SYNONYM statement, 1-17 FEATURE_ID (analytic) function, 2-6 DROP TABLE statement. 1-17 FEATURE_ID function, 2-6 DROP TABLESPACE statement, 1-17 FEATURE_SET (analytic) function, 2-6 DROP TRIGGER statement, 1-18 FEATURE_SET function, 2-6 DROP TYPE BODY statement, 1-18 FEATURE_VALUE (analytic) function, 2-6 DROP TYPE statement, 1-18 FEATURE_VALUE function, 2-6 DROP USER statement, 1-18 file_name_convert, 5-21 DROP VIEW statement, 1-18 file_owner_clause, 5-21 drop_binding_clause, 5-18 file_permissions_clause, 5-22 drop_column_clause, 5-18 file_specification, 5-22 drop_constraint_clause, 5-18 FIRST function, 2-6 drop_disk_clause, 5-19 FIRST_VALUE function, 2-7 drop_diskgroup_file_clause, FLASHBACK DATABASE statement, 1-18 drop_index_partition, 5-19 FLASHBACK TABLE statement, 1-18 drop_logfile_clauses, 5-19 flashback_archive_clause, 5-22 drop_period_clause, 5-19 flashback_archive_quota, 5-22 drop_table_partition, 5-19 flashback_archive_retention, 5-22 drop_table_subpartition, 5-19 flashback_mode_clause, 5-22 ds_iso_format of TO_DSINTERVAL function, 5-19

flashback_query_clause, 5-22	implementation_clause, 5-25
floating-point conditions, 4-1	import_keys, 5-25
FLOOR function, 2-7	IN condition, 4-2
for_refresh_clause, 5-22	incomplete_file_name, 5-25
for_update_clause, 5-22	index_attributes, 5-25
format models, 7-1	index_compression, 5-26
date format models, 7-3	index_expr, 5-26
number format models, 7-1	index_org_overflow_clause, 5-26
FROM_TZ function, 2-7	index_org_table_clause, 5-26
full_database_recovery, 5-22	index_partition_description, 5-26
fully_qualified_file_name, 5-23	index_partitioning_clause, 5-26
function expressions, 3-2	index_properties, 5-26
function_association, 5-23	index_subpartition_clause, 5-27
functions, 2-1	indexing_clause, 5-27
see also SQL functions	individual_hash_partitions, 5-27
	individual_hash_subparts, 5-27
G	INITCAP function, 2-7
<u>a</u>	inline_constraint, 5-27
general_recovery, 5-23	inline_ref_constraint, 5-27
GET SQL*Plus command, A-2	inmemory_alter_table_clause, 5-27
global_partitioned_index, 5-23	inmemory_clause, 5-27
GRANT statement, 1-18	inmemory_column_clause, 5-27
grant_object_privileges, 5-23	inmemory_distribute, 5-27
grant_roles_to_programs, 5-24	inmemory_duplicate, 5-27
grant_system_privileges, 5-24	inmemory_memcompress, 5-28
grantee_clause, 5-24	inmemory_parameters, 5-28
grantee_identified_by, 5-24	inmemory_priority, 5-28
GRAPHIC data type	inmemory_table_clause, 5-28
DB2, 6-6	inner_cross_join_clause, 5-28
SQL/DS, 6-6	INPUT SQL*Plus command, A-2
GREATEST function, 2-7	INSERT statement, 1-18
group comparison conditions, 4-1	insert_into_clause, 5-28
group separator	INSERTCHILDXML function, 2-7
specifying, 7-2	INSERTCHILDXMLAFTER function, 2-7
group_by_clause, 5-24	INSERTCHILDXMLBEFORE function, 2-7
GROUP_ID function, 2-7	INSERTXMLAFTER function, 2-7
GROUPING function, 2-7	INSERTXMLBEFORE function, 2-7
grouping_expression_list, 5-24	instance_clauses, 5-28
GROUPING_ID function, 2-7	instances_clause, 5-28
grouping_sets_clause, 5-24	INSTR function, 2-7
	integer, 5-28
Н	INTERVAL expressions, 3-2
	interval_day_to_second, 5-28
hash_partitions, 5-24	interval_year_to_month, 5-28
hash_partitions_by_quantity, 5-24	into_clause, 5-28
hash_subparts_by_quantity, 5-24	invoker_rights_clause, 5-28
heap_org_table_clause, 5-24	IS A SET condition, 4-2
HELP SQL*Plus command, A-1	IS ANY condition, 4-2
hexadecimal value	IS EMPTY condition, 4-2
returning, 7-3	IS JSON condition, 4-2
HEXTORAW function, 2-7	IS OF <i>type</i> condition, 4-2
hierarchical_query_clause, 5-25	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2
hierarchy_clause, 5-25	ITERATION_NUMBER function, 2-8
HOST SQL*Plus command, A-1	•
	1
į	J

identity_clause, 5-25

ilm_clause, 5-25

identity_options, 5-25

ilm_policy_clause, 5-25

join_clause, 5-29

JSON object access expressions, 3-2

JSON_column_definition, 5-29

JSON_columns_clause, 5-29

Index-5

JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_exists_column, 5-29 JSON_exists_on_error_clause, 5-29 JSON_nested_path, 5-29 JSON_path_expression, 5-29 ISON OUERY function, 2-8 JSON_query_column, 5-29 JSON_query_on_error_clause, 5-29 JSON_query_return_type, 5-29 JSON_query_returning_clause, 5-29 JSON_query_wrapper_clause, 5-29 ISON TABLE function, 2-8 JSON_table_on_error_clause, 5-29 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 JSON_VALUE function, 2-8 JSON_value_column, 5-29 JSON_value_on_error_clause, 5-29 JSON_value_return_type, 5-30 JSON_value_returning_clause, 5-30

K

key_management_clauses, 5-30 keystore_management_clauses, 5-30

L

LAG function, 2-8 large_object_datatypes, 6-2 LAST function, 2-8 LAST_DAY function, 2-8 LAST_VALUE function, 2-8 LEAD function, 2-8 LEAST function, 2-9 LENGTH function, 2-9 level_clause, 5-30 LIKE condition, 4-2 LIST SQL*Plus command, A-2 list_partition_desc, 5-30 list_partitions, 5-30 list_subpartition_desc, 5-30 list_values_clause, 5-31 LISTAGG function, 2-9 LN function, 2-9 LNNVL function, 2-9 LOB_compression_clause, 5-31 LOB_deduplicate_clause, 5-31 LOB_parameters, 5-31 LOB_partition_storage, 5-31 LOB_partitioning_storage, 5-31 LOB_retention_storage, 5-31 LOB_storage_clause, 5-31 LOB_storage_parameters, 5-32 local_domain_index_clause, 5-32 local_partitioned_index, 5-32 local_XMLIndex_clause, 5-32 locale independent, 7-4 LOCALTIMESTAMP function, 2-9 LOCK TABLE statement, 1-19 LOG function, 2-9

logfile_clause, 5-32 logfile_clauses, 5-32 logfile_descriptor, 5-32 logging_clause, 5-32 logical conditions, 4-2 LONG VARGRAPHIC data type DB2, 6-6 SQL/DS, 6-6 long_and_raw_datatypes, 6-2 LOWER function, 2-9 LPAD function, 2-9 LTRIM function, 2-9

M

main_model, 5-33 MAKE_REF function, 2-9 managed_standby_recovery, 5-33 mapping_table_clauses, 5-33 materialized_view_props, 5-33 MAX function, 2-9 maximize_standby_db_clause, 5-33 maxsize_clause, 5-33 media_types, 6-5 MEDIAN function, 2-9 MEMBER condition, 4-3 MERGE statement, 1-19 merge_insert_clause, 5-33 merge_into_exist_keystore, 5-33 merge_into_new_keystore, 5-33 merge_table_partitions, 5-33 merge_table_subpartitions, 5-34 merge update clause, 5-34 migrate_key, 5-34 MIN function, 2-9 mining_analytic_clause, 5-34 mining_attribute_clause, 5-34 MOD function, 2-9 model expressions, 3-2 model_clause, 5-34 model_column, 5-34 model_column_clauses, 5-34 model_iterate_clause, 5-35 model_rules_clause, 5-35 modify col properties, 5-35 modify_col_substitutable, 5-35 modify_col_visibility, 5-35 modify_collection_retrieval, 5-35 modify_column_clauses, 5-35 modify_diskgroup_file, 5-35 modify_hash_partition, 5-35 modify_index_default_attrs, 5-36 modify_index_partition, 5-36 modify_index_subpartition, 5-36 modify_list_partition, 5-36 modify_LOB_parameters, 5-36 modify LOB storage clause, 5-36 modify_mv_column_clause, 5-37 modify_opaque_type, 5-37 modify_range_partition, 5-37

modify_table_default_attrs, 5-37 modify_table_partition, 5-37 modify_table_subpartition, 5-37 modify_virtcol_properties, 5-37 modify_volume_clause, 5-37 MONTHS BETWEEN function, 2-9 move_datafile_clause, 5-38 move_mv_log_clause, 5-38 move_table_clause, 5-38 move_table_partition, 5-38 move_table_subpartition, 5-38 multi column for loop, 5-38 multi_table_insert, 5-38 multiset_except, 5-38 multiset_intersect, 5-38 multiset_union, 5-39 mv_log_augmentation, 5-39 mv_log_purge_clause, 5-39

Ν

NANVL function, 2-10 NCHR function, 2-10 nested_table_col_properties, 5-39 nested_table_partition_spec, 5-39 NEW_TIME function, 2-10 new values clause, 5-39 NEXT_DAY function, 2-10 NLS_CHARSET_DECL_LEN function, 2-10 NLS_CHARSET_ID function, 2-10 NLS_CHARSET_NAME function, 2-10 NLS_INITCAP function, 2-10 NLS LOWER function, 2-10 NLS_UPPER function, 2-10 NLSSORT function, 2-10 NOAUDIT (Traditional Auditing) statement, 1-19 NOAUDIT (Unified Auditing) statement, 1-19 NTH_VALUE function, 2-10 NTILE function, 2-10 null conditions, 4-3 NULLIF function, 2-10 number, 5-39 number format elements, 7-1 number format models, 7-1 number datatypes, 6-2 numeric_file_name, 5-40 NUMTODSINTERVAL function, 2-10 NUMTOYMINTERVAL function, 2-10 NVL function, 2-10 NVL2 function, 2-11

0

object access expressions, 3-2 object_properties, 5-40 object_step, 5-40 object_table, 5-40 object_table_substitution, 5-40 object_type_col_properties, 5-40 object_view_clause, 5-40

OID_clause, 5-40 OID_index_clause, 5-40 on_comp_partitioned_table, 5-41 on_hash_partitioned_table, 5-41 on_list_partitioned_table, 5-41 on object clause, 5-41 on_range_partitioned_table, 5-41 open_keystore, 5-42 ORA_DST_AFFECTED function, 2-11 ORA_DST_CONVERT function, 2-11 ORA_DST_ERROR function, 2-11 ORA HASH function, 2-11 ORA_INVOKING_USER function, 2-11 ORA_INVOKING_USERID function, 2-11 Oracle built-in data types, 6-1, 6-2 Oracle-supplied data types, 6-1, 6-5 order_by_clause, 5-42 ordinality column, 5-42 out_of_line_constraint, 5-42 out_of_line_part_storage, 5-42 out_of_line_ref_constraint, 5-42 outer_join_clause, 5-42 outer_join_type, 5-43

P

parallel clause, 5-43 partial_database_recovery, 5-43 partial_index_clause, 5-43 partition_attributes, 5-43 partition_extended_name, 5-43 partition_extended_names, 5-43 partition extension clause, 5-43 partition_or_key_value, 5-43 partition_spec, 5-43 partitioning_storage_clause, 5-44 password_parameters, 5-44 PATH function, 2-11 path_prefix_clause, 5-44 pdb_change_state, 5-44 pdb_change_state_from_root, 5-44 pdb_close, 5-44 pdb_datafile_clause, 5-44 pdb_dba_roles, 5-44 pdb_force_logging_clause, 5-44 pdb_general_recovery, 5-44 pdb_logging_clauses, 5-45 pdb_open, 5-45 pdb_recovery_clauses, 5-45 pdb_save_or_discard_state, 5-45 pdb settings clauses, 5-45 pdb_storage_clause, 5-45 pdb_unplug_clause, 5-45 PERCENT_RANK (aggregate) function, 2-11 PERCENT_RANK (analytic) function, 2-11 PERCENTILE_CONT function, 2-11 PERCENTILE DISC function, 2-11 period_definition, 5-45 permanent_tablespace_clause, 5-45 physical_attributes_clause, 5-46

physical_properties, 5-46 pivot_clause, 5-46 pivot_for_clause, 5-46 pivot_in_clause, 5-46 placeholder expressions, 3-2 plsql_declarations, 5-46 POWER function, 2-11 POWERMULTISET function, 2-11 POWERMULTISET_BY_CARDINALITY function, 2-12 PREDICTION (analytic) function, 2-12 PREDICTION function, 2-12 PREDICTION_BOUNDS function, 2-12 PREDICTION_COST (analytic) function, 2-12 PREDICTION_COST function, 2-12 PREDICTION_DETAILS (analytic) function, 2-12 PREDICTION_DETAILS function, 2-12 PREDICTION_PROBABILITY (analytic) function, 2-12 PREDICTION_PROBABILITY function, 2-12 PREDICTION_SET (analytic) function, 2-12 PREDICTION_SET function, 2-12 prefix_compression, 5-46 PRESENTNNV function, 2-12 PRESENTV function, 2-12 PREVIOUS function, 2-13 privilege_audit_clause, 5-46 program_unit, 5-47 proxy_clause, 5-47 PURGE statement, 1-19

Q

qualified_disk_clause, 5-47 qualified_template_clause, 5-47 query_block, 5-47 query_partition_clause, 5-47 query_rewrite_clause, 5-47 query_table_expression, 5-47 quiesce_clauses, 5-47 QUIT SQL*Plus command, A-3

R

range_partition_desc, 5-48 range_partitions, 5-48 range_subpartition_desc, 5-48 range_values_clause, 5-48 RANK (aggregate) function, 2-13 RANK (analytic) function, 2-13 RATIO_TO_REPORT function, 2-13 RAWTOHEX function, 2-13 RAWTONHEX function, 2-13 rebalance_diskgroup_clause, 5-48 rebuild_clause, 5-48 records_per_block_clause, 5-48 recovery_clauses, 5-48 redo_log_file_spec, 5-49 redo_thread_clauses see instance_clauses

redundancy_clause, 5-49 REF function, 2-13 reference_model, 5-49 reference_partition_desc, 5-49 reference_partitioning, 5-49 references clause, 5-49 REFTOHEX function. 2-13 REGEXP_COUNT function, 2-13 REGEXP_INSTR function, 2-13 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 REGEXP_REPLACE function, 2-13 REGEXP_SUBSTR function, 2-14 register_logfile_clause, 5-49 REGR_AVGX function, 2-14 REGR_AVGY function, 2-14 REGR_COUNT function, 2-14 REGR_INTERCEPT function, 2-14 REGR R2 function, 2-14 REGR_SLOPE function, 2-14 REGR_SXX function, 2-14 REGR_SXY function, 2-14 REGR_SYY function, 2-14 relational_properties, 5-49 relational_table, 5-49 relocate_clause, 5-49 REMAINDER function, 2-14 RENAME statement, 1-19 rename_column_clause, 5-50 rename_disk_clause, 5-50 rename_index_partition, 5-50 rename_partition_subpart, 5-50 REPLACE function, 2-14 replace_disk_clause, 5-50 resize_disk_clause, 5-50 resource_parameters, 5-50 return rows clause, 5-50 returning_clause, 5-50 reverse_migrate_key, 5-50 REVOKE statement, 1-19 revoke_object_privileges, 5-51 revoke_roles_from_programs, 5-51 revoke_system_privileges, 5-51 revokee_clause, 5-51 role_audit_clause, 5-51 ROLLBACK statement, 1-19 rolling_migration_clauses, 5-51 rolling_patch_clauses, 5-51 rollup_cube_clause, 5-51 ROUND (date) function, 2-14 ROUND (number) function, 2-14 routine_clause, 5-51 row_limiting_clause, 5-51 row_movement_clause, 5-51 ROW_NUMBER function, 2-14 row_pattern, 5-51 row_pattern_aggregate_func, 5-51 row_pattern_classifier_func, 5-52 row_pattern_clause, 5-52 row_pattern_definition, 5-52 row_pattern_definition_list, 5-52

row_pattern_factor, 5-52	shutdown_dispatcher_clause, 5-55
row_pattern_match_num_func, 5-52	SIGN function, 2-15
row_pattern_measure_column, 5-52	simple comparison conditions, 4-3
row_pattern_measures, 5-52	simple expressions, 3-2
row_pattern_nav_compound, 5-52	simple_case_expression, 5-55
row_pattern_nav_logical, 5-52	SIN function, 2-15
row_pattern_nav_physical, 5-52	single_column_for_loop, 5-56
row_pattern_navigation_func, 5-52	single_table_insert, 5-56
row_pattern_order_by, 5-52	SINH function, 2-15
row_pattern_partition_by, 5-52	size_clause, 5-56
row_pattern_permute, 5-53	SOUNDEX function, 2-15
row_pattern_primary, 5-53	source_file_name_convert, 5-56
row_pattern_quantifier, 5-53	spatial_types, 6-5
row_pattern_rec_func, 5-53	split_index_partition, 5-56
row_pattern_rows_per_match, 5-53	split_nested_table_part, 5-56
row_pattern_skip_to, 5-53	split_table_partition, 5-56
row_pattern_subset_clause, 5-53	split_table_subpartition, 5-56
row_pattern_subset_item, 5-53	SPOOL SQL*Plus command, A-3
row_pattern_term, 5-53	
	SQL conditions, 4-1
rowid_datatypes, 6-2	BETWEEN condition, 4-1
ROWIDTOCHAR function, 2-14	compound conditions, 4-1
ROWTONCHAR function, 2-14	EQUALS_PATH condition, 4-1
RPAD function, 2-14	EXISTS condition, 4-1
RTRIM function, 2-14	floating-point conditions, 4-1
RUN SQL*Plus command, A-3	group comparison conditions, 4-1
	IN condition, 4-2
S	IS A SET condition, 4-2
	IS ANY condition, 4-2
sample_clause, 5-53	IS EMPTY condition, 4-2
SAVE SQL*Plus command, A-2	IS JSON condition, 4-2
SAVEPOINT statement, 1-20	IS OF <i>type</i> condition, 4-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2	IS OF <i>type</i> condition, 4-2 IS PRESENT condition, 4-2
	• •
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 CURSOR expressions, 3-1
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 CURSOR expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2 object access expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 nodel expressions, 3-2 placeholder expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 security_clauses, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET FUNCTION STATEMENT, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55 set_parameter_clause, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 curson expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2 object access expressions, 3-2 placeholder expressions, 3-2 scalar subquery expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55 set_parameter_clause, 5-55 set_subpartition_template, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2 placeholder expressions, 3-2 scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 simple expressions, 3-2
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55 set_parameter_clause, 5-55 set_subpartition_template, 5-55 set_time_zone_clause, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2 placeholder expressions, 3-2 scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 simple expressions, 3-2 type constructor expressions, 3-3
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55 set_parameter_clause, 5-55 set_subpartition_template, 5-55 set_time_zone_clause, 5-55 SHOW SQL*Plus command, A-1	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 function expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2 object access expressions, 3-2 scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 simple expressions, 3-2 type constructor expressions, 3-3 SQL functions, 2-1
scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 scientific notation, 7-2 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-15 scoped_table_ref_constraint, 5-53 scrub_clause, 5-54 search_clause, 5-54 searched_case_expression, 5-54 secret_management_clauses, 5-54 security_clause, 5-54 segment_attributes_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 segment_management_clause, 5-54 SELECT statement, 1-20 select_list, 5-54 SESSIONTIMEZONE function, 2-15 SET CONSTRAINT statement, 1-20 SET function, 2-15 SET ROLE statement, 1-20 SET SQL*Plus command, A-2 SET TRANSACTION statement, 1-20 set_encryption_key, 5-55 set_key_tag, 5-55 set_parameter_clause, 5-55 set_subpartition_template, 5-55 set_time_zone_clause, 5-55	IS PRESENT condition, 4-2 JSON_EXISTS condition, 4-2 JSON_TEXTCONTAINS condition, 4-2 LIKE condition, 4-2 logical conditions, 4-2 MEMBER condition, 4-3 null conditions, 4-3 REGEXP_LIKE condition, 4-3 simple comparison conditions, 4-3 SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 SQL expressions, 3-1 CASE expressions, 3-1 column expressions, 3-1 compound expressions, 3-1 datetime expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 INTERVAL expressions, 3-2 JSON object access expressions, 3-2 model expressions, 3-2 placeholder expressions, 3-2 scalar subquery expressions, 3-2 simple expressions, 3-2 type constructor expressions, 3-3

DEREF, 2-5 ADD_MONTHS, 2-1 DUMP, 2-5 aggregate functions, 2-1 analytic functions, 2-1 EMPTY_BLOB, 2-5 APPENDCHILDXML, 2-1 EMPTY_CLOB, 2-5 APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT, 2-1 EXISTSNODE, 2-5 ASCII, 2-1 EXP, 2-5 ASCIISTR, 2-2 EXTRACT (datetime), 2-5 ASIN, 2-2 EXTRACT (XML), 2-6 ATAN, 2-2 EXTRACTVALUE, 2-6 ATAN2, 2-2 FEATURE_DETAILS, 2-6 AVG, 2-2 FEATURE_DETAILS (analytic), 2-6 BFILENAME, 2-2 FEATURE_ID, 2-6 BIN_TO_NUM, 2-2 FEATURE_ID (analytic), 2-6 BITAND, 2-2 FEATURE_SET, 2-6 CARDINALITY, 2-2 FEATURE_SET (analytic), 2-6 CAST, 2-2 FEATURE_VALUE, 2-6 CEIL, 2-2 FEATURE_VALUE (analytic), 2-6 CHARTOROWID, 2-2 FIRST, 2-6 CHR, 2-2 FIRST_VALUE, 2-7 FLOOR, 2-7 CLUSTER_DETAILS, 2-2 FROM_TZ, 2-7 CLUSTER_DETAILS (analytic), 2-2 GREATEST, 2-7 CLUSTER_DISTANCE, 2-2 CLUSTER_DISTANCE (analytic), 2-3 GROUP_ID, 2-7 GROUPING, 2-7 CLUSTER_ID, 2-3 CLUSTER_ID (analytic), 2-3 GROUPING_ID, 2-7 CLUSTER_PROBABILITY, 2-3 HEXTORAW, 2-7 CLUSTER_PROBABILITY (analytic), 2-3 INITCAP, 2-7 CLUSTER_SET, 2-3 INSERTCHILDXML, 2-7 CLUSTER_SET (analytic), 2-3 INSERTCHILDXMLAFTER, 2-7 COALESCE, 2-3 INSERTCHILDXMLBEFORE, 2-7 COLLECT, 2-3 INSERTXMLAFTER, 2-7 COMPOSE, 2-3 INSERTXMLBEFORE, 2-7 CON_DBID_TO_ID, 2-3 INSTR, 2-7 CON_GUID_TO_ID, 2-3 ITERATION_NUMBER, 2-8 CON_NAME_TO_ID, 2-3 JSON_QUERY, 2-8 ISON_TABLE, 2-8 CON_UID_TO_ID, 2-3 CONCAT, 2-3 JSON_VALUE, 2-8 LAG, 2-8 CONVERT, 2-3 CORR, 2-4 LAST, 2-8 CORR_K, 2-4 LAST_DAY, 2-8 CORR_S, 2-4 LAST_VALUE, 2-8 COS, 2-4 LEAD, 2-8 COSH, 2-4 LEAST, 2-9 COUNT, 2-4 LENGTH, 2-9 COVAR_POP, 2-4 LISTAGG, 2-9 COVAR_SAMP, 2-4 LN, 2-9 CUBE_TABLE, 2-4 LNNVL, 2-9 CUME_DIST (aggregate), 2-4 LOCALTIMESTAMP, 2-9 CUME_DIST (analytic), 2-4 LOG, 2-9 CURRENT_DATE, 2-4 LOWER, 2-9 CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, 2-4 LPAD, 2-9 CV, 2-5 LTRIM, 2-9 DATAOBJ_TO_PARTITION, 2-5 MAKE_REF, 2-9 DBTIMEZONE, 2-5 MAX, 2-9 DECODE, 2-5 MEDIAN, 2-9 DECOMPOSE, 2-5 MIN, 2-9 MOD, 2-9 DELETEXML, 2-5 DENSE_RANK (aggregate), 2-5 MONTHS_BETWEEN, 2-9 DENSE_RANK (analytic), 2-5 NANVL, 2-10 DEPTH, 2-5 NCGR, 2-10

REGR_SLOPE, 2-14 NEW_TIME, 2-10 NEXT_DAY, 2-10 REGR_SXX, 2-14 REGR_SXY, 2-14 NLS_CHARSET_DECL_LEN, 2-10 NLS_CHARSET_ID, 2-10 REGR_SYY, 2-14 NLS_CHARSET_NAME, 2-10 REMAINDER, 2-14 NLS_INITCAP, 2-10 REPLACE, 2-14 NLS_LOWER, 2-10 ROUND (date), 2-14 NLS_UPPER, 2-10 ROUND (number), 2-14 NLSSORT, 2-10 ROW_NUMBER, 2-14 NTH_VALUE, 2-10 ROWIDTOCHAR, 2-14 NTILE, 2-10 ROWTONCHAR, 2-14 NULLIF, 2-10 RPAD, 2-14 NUMTODSINTERVAL, 2-10 RTRIM, 2-14 NUMTOYMINTERVAL, 2-10 SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP, 2-15 NVL, 2-10 SESSIONTIMEZONE, 2-15 NVL2, 2-11 SET, 2-15 ORA_DST_AFFECTED, 2-11 SIGN, 2-15 SIN, 2-15 ORA DST CONVERT, 2-11 ORA_DST_ERROR, 2-11 SINH, 2-15 SOUNDEX, 2-15 ORA_HASH, 2-11 ORA_INVOKING_USER, 2-11 SQRT, 2-15 ORA_INVOKING_USERID, 2-11 STANDARD_HASH, 2-15 PATH, 2-11 STATS_BINOMIAL_TEST, 2-15 PERCENT_RANK (aggregate), 2-11 STATS_CROSSTAB, 2-15 STATS_F_TEST, 2-15 PERCENT_RANK (analytic), 2-11 PERCENTILE_CONT, 2-11 STATS_KS_TEST, 2-16 PERCENTILE_DISC, 2-11 STATS_MODE, 2-16 POWER, 2-11 STATS_MW_TEST, 2-16 POWERMULTISET, 2-11 STATS_ONE_WAY_ANOVA, 2-16 POWERMULTISET_BY_CARDINALITY, 2-12 STATS T TEST INDEP, 2-16 PREDICTION, 2-12 STATS_T_TEST_INDEPU, 2-16 PREDICTION (analytic), 2-12 STATS_T_TEST_ONE, 2-16 PREDICTION_BOUNDS, 2-12 STATS_T_TEST_PAIRED, 2-16 STATS_WSR_TEST, 2-16 PREDICTION_COST, 2-12 PREDICTION_COST (analytic), 2-12 STDDEV, 2-16 STDDEV_POP, 2-17 PREDICTION_DETAILS, 2-12 PREDICTION_DETAILS (analytic), 2-12 STDDEV_SAMP, 2-17 SUBSTR, 2-17 PREDICTION_PROBABILITY, 2-12 PREDICTION_PROBABILITY (analytic), 2-12 SUM, 2-17 SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH, 2-17 PREDICTION_SET, 2-12 PREDICTION_SET (analytic), 2-12 SYS_CONTEXT, 2-17 PRESENTNNV, 2-12 SYS DBURIGEN, 2-17 PRESENTV, 2-12 SYS_EXTRACT_UTC, 2-17 PREVIOUS, 2-13 SYS_GUID, 2-17 SYS_OP_ZONE_ID, 2-17 RANK (aggregate), 2-13 RANK (analytic), 2-13 SYS_TYPEID, 2-17 RATIO_TO_REPORT, 2-13 SYS_XMLAGG, 2-17 RAWTOHEX, 2-13 SYS_XMLGEN, 2-17 RAWTONHEX, 2-13 SYSDATE, 2-18 REF, 2-13 SYSTIMESTAMP, 2-18 REFTOHEX, 2-13 TAN, 2-18 REGEXP_COUNT, 2-13 TANH, 2-18 REGEXP_INSTR, 2-13 TIMESTAMP_TO_SCN, 2-18 TO_BINARY_DOUBLE, 2-18 REGEXP_REPLACE, 2-13 REGEXP_SUBSTR, 2-14 TO_BINARY_FLOAT, 2-18 TO_BLOB, 2-18 REGR_AVGX, 2-14 REGR_AVGY, 2-14 TO_CHAR (character), 2-18 REGR_COUNT, 2-14 TO_CHAR (datetime), 2-18 REGR_INTERCEPT, 2-14 TO_CHAR (number), 2-18 REGR_R2, 2-14 TO_CLOB, 2-18

TO_DATE, 2-18	ALTER DISKGROUP, 1-2
TO_DSINTERVAL, 2-18	ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE, 1-3
TO_LOB, 2-18	ALTER FUNCTION, 1-3
TO_MULTI_BYTE, 2-18	ALTER INDEX, 1-3
TO_NCHAR (character), 2-18	ALTER INDEXTYPE, 1-3
TO_NCHAR (datetime), 2-19	ALTER JAVA, 1-3
TO_NCHAR (number), 2-19	ALTER LIBRARY, 1-4
TO_NCLOB, 2-19	ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW, 1-4
TO_NUMBER, 2-19	ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG, 1-4
TO_SINGLE_BYTE, 2-19	ALTER MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP, 1-4
TO_TIMESTAMP, 2-19	ALTER OPERATOR, 1-4
TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ, 2-19	ALTER OUTLINE, 1-5
TO_YMINTERVAL, 2-19	ALTER PACKAGE, 1-5
TRANSLATE, 2-19	ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE, 1-5
TRANSLATEUSING, 2-19	ALTER PROCEDURE, 1-5
TRANSLATEUSING, 2-19 TREAT, 2-19	ALTER PROFILE, 1-5
TRIM, 2-19	
•	ALTER ROLE 1.5
TRUNC (date), 2-19	ALTER ROLL BACK SEGMENT 1.5
TRUNC (number), 2-19	ALTER COLLBACK SEGMENT, 1-5
TZ_OFFSET, 2-20	ALTER SEQUENCE, 1-6
UID, 2-20	ALTER SESSION, 1-6
UNISTR, 2-20	ALTER SYNONYM, 1-6
UPDATEXML, 2-20	ALTER SYSTEM, 1-6
UPPER, 2-20	ALTER TABLE, 1-6
USER, 2-20	ALTER TABLESPACE, 1-7
user-defined functions, 2-20	ALTER TRIGGER, 1-7
USERENV, 2-20	ALTER TYPE, 1-7
VALUE, 2-20	ALTER USER, 1-7
VAR_POP, 2-20	ALTER VIEW, 1-8
VAR_SAMP, 2-20	ANALYZE, 1-8
VARIANCE, 2-20	ASSOCIATE STATISTICS, 1-8
VSIZE, 2-20	AUDIT (Traditional Auditing), 1-8
WIDTH_BUCKET, 2-20	AUDIT (Unified Auditing), 1-8
XMLAGG, 2-21	CALL, 1-8
XMLCAST, 2-21	COMMENT, 1-9
XMLCDATA, 2-21	COMMIT, 1-9
XMLCOLATTVAL, 2-21	CREATE AUDIT POLICY, 1-9
XMLCOMMENT, 2-21	CREATE CLUSTER, 1-9
XMLCONCAT, 2-21	CREATE CONTEXT, 1-9
XMLDIFF, 2-21	CREATE CONTROLFILE, 1-10
XMLELEMENT, 2-21	CREATE DATABASE, 1-10
XMLEXISTS, 2-21	CREATE DATABASE LINK, 1-10
XMLFOREST, 2-21	CREATE DIMENSION, 1-10
XMLISVALID, 2-21	CREATE DIRECTORY, 1-10
XMLPARSE, 2-21	CREATE DISKGROUP, 1-10
XMLPATCH, 2-21	CREATE EDITION, 1-11
XMLPI, 2-22	CREATE FLASHBACK ARCHIVE, 1-11
XMLQUERY, 2-22	CREATE FUNCTION, 1-11
XMLROOT, 2-22	CREATE INDEX, 1-11
XMLSEQUENCE, 2-22	CREATE INDEXTYPE, 1-11
XMLSERIALIZE, 2-22	CREATE JAVA, 1-11
XMLTABLE, 2-22	CREATE LIBRARY, 1-11
XMLTRANSFORM, 2-22	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW, 1-12
SQL statements, 1-1	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW, 1-12 CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG, 1-12
ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT, 1-1	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW EOG, 1-12 CREATE MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP, 1-12
ALTER AUDIT POLICY, 1-1	CREATE OPERATOR, 1-12
ALTER CLUSTER, 1-1	CREATE OF ERATOR, 1-12 CREATE OUTLINE, 1-13
ALTER CLUSTER, 1-1 ALTER DATABASE, 1-1	CREATE PACKAGE, 1-13
ALTER DATABASE, 1-1 ALTER DATABASE LINK, 1-2	CREATE PACKAGE BODY, 1-13
ALTER DIMENSION, 1-2	CREATE PFILE, 1-13

CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE, 1-13	LOCK TABLE, 1-19
CREATE PROCEDURE, 1-13	MERGE, 1-19
CREATE PROFILE, 1-13	NOAUDIT (Traditional Auditing), 1-19
CREATE RESTORE POINT, 1-13	NOAUDIT (Unified Auditing), 1-19
CREATE ROLE, 1-13	PURGE, 1-19
CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT, 1-13	RENAME, 1-19
	REVOKE, 1-19
CREATE SCHEMA, 1-14	
CREATE SEQUENCE, 1-14	ROLLBACK, 1-19
CREATE SPFILE, 1-14	SAVEPOINT, 1-20
CREATE SYNONYM, 1-14	SELECT, 1-20
CREATE TABLE, 1-14	SET CONSTRAINT, 1-20
CREATE TABLESPACE, 1-14	SET ROLE, 1-20
CREATE TRIGGER, 1-14	SET TRANSACTION, 1-20
CREATE TYPE, 1-14	TRUNCATE CLUSTER, 1-20
CREATE TYPE BODY, 1-14	TRUNCATE TABLE, 1-20
CREATE USER, 1-15	UPDATE, 1-20
CREATE VIEW, 1-15	sql_format of TO_DSINTERVAL function, 5-57
DELETE, 1-15	SQL*Plus commands, A-1
DISASSOCIATE STATISTICS, 1-15	/ (slash), A-3
DROP AUDIT POLICY, 1-16	@ (at sign), A-3
DROP CLUSTER, 1-16	APPEND, A-3
DROP CONTEXT, 1-16	CHANGE, A-3
DROP DATABASE, 1-16	CONNECT, A-2
DROP DATABASE LINK, 1-16	DEL, A-2
	DESCRIBE, A-2
DROP DIRECTORY 1.16	
DROP DISK CROUP, 1-16	DISCONNECT, A-3
DROP DISKGROUP, 1-16	EDIT, A-2
DROP EDITION, 1-16	EXECUTE, A-3
DROP FLASHBACK ARCHIVE, 1-16	EXIT, A-3
DROP FUNCTION, 1-16	GET, A-2
DROP INDEX, 1-16	HELP, A-1
DROP INDEXTYPE, 1-16	HOST, A-1
DROP JAVA, 1-16	INPUT, A-2
DROP LIBRARY, 1-17	LIST, A-2
DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW, 1-17	QUIT, A-3
DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG, 1-17	RUN, A-3
DROP MATERIALIZED ZONEMAP, 1-17	SAVE, A-2
DROP OPERATOR, 1-17	SET, A-2
DROP OUTLINE, 1-17	SHOW, A-1
DROP PACKAGE, 1-17	SHUTDOWN, A-3
DROP PLUGGABLE DATABASE, 1-17	SPOOL, A-3
DROP PROCEDURE, 1-17	SQLPLUS, A-1
DROP PROFILE, 1-17	START, A-3
DROP RESTORE POINT, 1-17	STARTUP, A-2
DROP ROLE, 1-17	SQL/DS data types
DROP ROLLBACK SEGMENT, 1-17	restrictions on, 6-6
DROP SEQUENCE, 1-17	SQLPLUS SQL*Plus command, A-1
DROP SYNONYM, 1-17	SQRT function, 2-15
DROP TABLE, 1-17	standard_actions, 5-57
DROP TABLESPACE, 1-17	STANDARD_HASH function, 2-15
DROP TRIGGER, 1-18	standby_database_clauses, 5-57
DROP TYPE, 1-18	standbys_clause, 5-57
DROP TYPE BODY, 1-18	START SQL*Plus command, A-3
DROP USER, 1-18	start_standby_clause, 5-57
DROP VIEW, 1-18	STARTUP SQL*Plus command, A-2
EXPLAIN PLAN, 1-18	startup_clauses, 5-57
FLASHBACK DATABASE, 1-18	statements, 1-1
FLASHBACK TABLE, 1-18	see also SQL statements
GRANT, 1-18	STATS_BINOMIAL_TEST function, 2-15
INSERT. 1-18	STATS_DINOMIAL_TEST function, 2-15
11 No. 21 (18.1 a. 1 = 10)	21/12 CIN 221/14/16/16/16 Z*12

51A15_F_1E51 function, 2-15	table_compression, 5-60
STATS_KS_TEST function, 2-16	table_index_clause, 5-60
STATS_MODE function, 2-16	table_partition_description, 5-60
STATS_MW_TEST function, 2-16	table_partitioning_clauses, 5-61
STATS_ONE_WAY_ANOVA function, 2-16	table_properties, 5-61
STATS_T_TEST_INDEP function, 2-16	table_reference, 5-61
STATS_T_TEST_INDEPU function, 2-16	tablespace_clauses, 5-61
STATS_T_TEST_ONE function, 2-16	tablespace_datafile_clauses, 5-61
STATS_T_TEST_PAIRED function, 2-16	tablespace_encryption_spec, 5-61
STATS_WSR_TEST function, 2-16	tablespace_group_clause, 5-61
STDDEV function, 2-16	tablespace_logging_clauses, 5-62
STDDEV_POP function, 2-17	tablespace_retention_clause, 5-62
STDDEV_SAMP function, 2-17	tablespace_state_clauses, 5-62
still_image_object_types, 5-58	TAN function, 2-18
stop_standby_clause, 5-58	TANH function, 2-18
storage_clause, 5-58	tempfile_reuse_clause, 5-62
storage_table_clause, 5-58	temporary_tablespace_clause, 5-62
string, 5-58	tiering_clause, 5-62
striping_clause, 5-58	TIME data type
SUBMULTISET condition, 4-3	DB2, 6-6
subpartition_by_hash, 5-58	SQL/DS, 6-6
subpartition_by_list, 5-58	time format models, 7-6
subpartition_by_range, 5-58	time zone formatting, 7-6
subpartition_extended_name, 5-58	timeout_clause, 5-62
subpartition_extended_names, 5-59	TIMESTAMP data type
subpartition_or_key_value, 5-59	DB2, 6-6
subpartition_spec, 5-59	SQL/DS, 6-6
subpartition_template, 5-59	TIMESTAMP_TO_SCN function, 2-18
subquery, 5-59	TO_BINARY_DOUBLE function, 2-18
subquery_factoring_clause, 5-59	TO_BINARY_FLOAT function, 2-18
subquery_restriction_clause, 5-59	TO_BLOB function, 2-18
substitutable_column_clause, 5-59	TO_CHAR (character) function, 2-18
	TO_CHAR (datatime) function, 2-18
SUBSTR function, 2-17	
SUM function, 2-17	TO_CHAR (number) function, 2-18
supplemental_db_logging, 5-59	TO_CLOB function, 2-18
supplemental_id_key_clause, 5-59	TO_DATE function, 2-18
supplemental_log_grp_clause, 5-59	TO_DSINTERVAL function, 2-18
supplemental_logging_props, 5-60	TO_LOB function, 2-18
supplemental_plsql_clause, 5-60	TO_MULTI_BYTE function, 2-18
supplemental_table_logging, 5-60	TO_NCHAR (character) function, 2-18
supplied data types, 6-1, 6-5	TO_NCHAR (datetime) function, 2-19
switch_logfile_clause, 5-60	TO_NCHAR (number) function, 2-19
switchover_clause, 5-60	TO_NCLOB function, 2-19
syntax for subclauses, 5-1	TO_NUMBER function, 2-19
SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH function, 2-17	TO_SINGLE_BYTE function, 2-19
SYS_CONTEXT function, 2-17	TO_TIMESTAMP function, 2-19
SYS_DBURIGEN function, 2-17	TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ function, 2-19
SYS_EXTRACT_UTC function, 2-17	TO_YMINTERVAL function, 2-19
SYS_GUID function, 2-17	trace_file_clause, 5-62
SYS_OP_ZONE_ID function, 2-17	TRANSLATE function, 2-19
SYS_TYPEID function, 2-17	TRANSLATEUSING function, 2-19
SYS_XMLAGG function, 2-17	TREAT function, 2-19
SYS_XMLGEN function, 2-17	TRIM function, 2-19
SYSDATE function, 2-18	TRUNC (date) function, 2-19
system_partitioning, 5-60	TRUNC (number) function, 2-19
SYSTIMESTAMP function, 2-18	TRUNCATE CLUSTER statement, 1-20
51011111201711111 Iunction, 2-10	TRUNCATE CLOSTER statement, 1-20 TRUNCATE TABLE statement, 1-20
_	truncate_partition_subpart, 5-62
Т	tuncate_partition_subpart, 5-62 type constructor expressions, 3-3
table_collection_expression, 5-60	TZ_OFFSET function, 2-20
more_concentri_expression, 0 00	1Z_Offset function, 2-20

U

UID function, 2-20 UNDER_PATH condition, 4-3 undo_tablespace, 5-62 undo_tablespace_clause, 5-62 undrop_disk_clause, 5-62 UNISTR function, 2-20 unpivot_clause, 5-63 unpivot_in_clause, 5-63 unusable_editions_clause, 5-63 UPDATE statement, 1-20 update_all_indexes_clause, 5-63 update_global_index_clause, 5-63 update_index_clauses, 5-63 update_index_partition, 5-63 update_index_subpartition, 5-63 update_set_clause, 5-63 UPDATEXML function, 2-20 upgrade_table_clause, 5-64 UPPER function, 2-20 use_key, 5-64 USER function, 2-20 user_clauses, 5-64 user_tablespaces_clause, 5-64 user-defined data types, 6-2 user-defined functions, 2-20 USERENV function, 2-20 usergroup_clauses, 5-64 using_function_clause, 5-64 using_index_clause, 5-64 using_statistics_type, 5-64 using_type_clause, 5-64

٧

validation_clauses, 5-64
VALUE function, 2-20
values_clause, 5-64
VAR_POP function, 2-20
VAR_SAMP function, 2-20
VARGRAPHIC data type
DB2, 6-6
SQL/DS, 6-6
VARIANCE function, 2-20
varray_col_properties, 5-65
varray_storage_clause, 5-65
virtual_column_definition, 5-65
VSIZE function, 2-20

W

where_clause, 5-65 WIDTH_BUCKET function, 2-20 windowing_clause, 5-65 with_clause, 5-65

X

XML_attributes_clause, 5-65 XML_namespaces_clause, 5-65

XML passing clause, 5-65 XML_table_column, 5-66 XML_types, 6-5 XMLAGG function, 2-21 XMLCast function, 2-21 XMLCDATA function, 2-21 XMLCOLATTVAL function, 2-21 XMLCOMMENT function, 2-21 XMLCONCAT function, 2-21 XMLDIFF function, 2-21 XMLELEMENT function, 2-21 XMLEXISTS function, 2-21 XMLFOREST function, 2-21 XMLIndex_clause, 5-66 XMLISVALID function, 2-21 XMLPARSE function, 2-21 XMLPATCH function, 2-21 XMLPI function, 2-22 XMLQUERY function, 2-22 XMLROOT function, 2-22 XMLSchema_spec, 5-66 XMLSEQUENCE function, 2-22 XMLSERIALIZE function, 2-22 XMLTABLE function, 2-22 XMLTABLE_options, 5-66 XMLTRANSFORM function, 2-22 XMLType_column_properties, 5-66 XMLType_storage, 5-66 XMLType_table, 5-66 XMLType_view_clause, 5-67 XMLType_virtual_columns, 5-67

Υ

ym_iso_format of TO_YMINTERVAL function, 5-67

Ζ

zonemap_attributes, 5-67 zonemap_clause, 5-67 zonemap_refresh_clause, 5-67