Statistics 2 - Problem Sheet 1

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Question - 1.

Derive the likelihood function and log-likelihood function for the following distributions.

Question 1.1 - $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$ with λ unknown.

Answer 1.1

Let $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$ with λ unknown. Then

$$L(\lambda; \mathbf{x}) \propto f_n(\mathbf{x}; \lambda)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i; \lambda)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{x_i} (x_i!)^{-1}$$

$$= e^{-\lambda n} \lambda^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} \prod_{i=1}^n (x_i!)^{-1}$$

$$\propto e^{-\lambda n} \lambda^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}$$

$$\ell(\lambda; \mathbf{x}) = \ln L(\lambda; \mathbf{x})$$

$$= -\lambda n + \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i\right) (\ln \lambda) + c$$

Question 1.2 - $X \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$ with n & p unknown.

Answer 1.2

Let $X \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$ with n & p unknown. Then

$$\begin{array}{lcl} L(n,p;x) & \propto & f(x;n,p) \\ & = & \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x} \\ \ell(n,p;x) & = & \ln L(n,p;x) \\ & = & \ln \binom{n}{x} + x \ln p + (n-x) \ln(1-p) + c \end{array}$$

Question 1.3 - $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Normal}(\mu, \sigma^2)$ with $\mu \& \sigma$ unknown.

Answer 1.3

Let $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Normal}(\mu, \sigma^2)$ with $\mu \& \sigma$ unknown. Then

$$L(\mu, \sigma^{2}); \mathbf{x}) \propto f_{n}(\mathbf{x}; \mu, \sigma^{2})$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^{n} (2\pi\sigma^{2})^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{(x_{i}-\mu)^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}}}$$

$$= (2\pi\sigma^{2})^{-\frac{n}{2}} \prod_{i=1}^{n} e^{-\frac{(x_{i}-\mu)^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}}}$$

$$\propto (\sigma^{2})^{-\frac{n}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i}-\mu)^{2}}$$

$$\ell(\mu, \sigma^{2}; \mathbf{x}) = \ln L(\mu, \sigma^{2}; \mathbf{x})$$

$$= -\frac{n}{2} \ln \sigma^{2} - \frac{1}{2\sigma^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - \mu)^{2} + c$$

Question 1.4 - $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Uniform}(a, b)$ with a & b unknown.

Answer 1.4

Let $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Uniform}(a, b)$ with a & b unknown. Then

$$L(a, b; \mathbf{x}) \propto f_n(\mathbf{x}; a, b)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & , x_i \in [a, b] \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{b-a}\right)^n \mathbb{1}\{\forall x_i \in \mathbf{x}, x_i \in [a, b]\}$$

$$\ell(a, b; \mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} -n \ln(b-a) + c & , \text{ if } \forall x_i \in \mathbf{x}, x_i \in [a, b] \\ \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Question - 2.

Suppose that $X_1, X_2, X_3 \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$ represent the lifetimes of three lightbulbs in my living room. I installed then $2\frac{1}{2}$ years ago, and one has just blown (the others are still working). Show that the likelihood function corresponding to this is

$$L(\lambda; 2.5) \propto \lambda e^{-7.5\lambda}$$

Answer 2

Let $X_1, X_2, X_3 \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$. Define $Y = \min(X_1, X_2, X_3)$. Then

$$F_Y(y;\lambda) = \mathbb{P}(Y \leq y)$$

$$= 1 - \mathbb{P}(Y > y)$$

$$= 1 - \mathbb{P}(X_1 > y, X_2 > y, X_3 > y) \text{ By independece}$$

$$= 1 - \mathbb{P}(X_1 > y)^3 \text{ By identical distribution}$$

$$= 1 - (e^{-\lambda y})^3$$

$$= 1 - e^{-3\lambda y}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_Y(y;\lambda) = F'_Y(y;\lambda)$$

$$= 3\lambda y e^{-3\lambda y}$$

$$\Rightarrow L(\lambda; 2.5) \propto f_Y(2.5;\lambda)$$

$$= 3\lambda e^{-7.5\lambda}$$

$$\propto \lambda e^{-7.5\lambda}$$

Question - 3.

Suppose I construct a random variable X in the following way. First, I toss a biased coin with probability of heads p. If it comes up heads, then X=0, otherwise $X\sim \operatorname{Poisson}(\lambda)$. We call this the Zero-Inflated Poisson distribution, and write $X\sim ZIP(p,\lambda)$. Derive the probability mass function for X and the likelihood function for a realisation \mathbf{x} of $\mathbf{X}\stackrel{\mathrm{iid}}{\sim} \operatorname{ZIP}(p,\lambda)$.

Answer 3

Let $X \sim \text{ZIP}(p, \lambda)$, $Y \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p) \& Z \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$. Then

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{P}(Y=1) + \mathbb{P}(Z=0|Y=0) &, x = 0 \\ \mathbb{P}(Z=x|Y=0) &, x \in \mathbb{N} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} p + \mathbb{P}(Z=0)\mathbb{P}(Y=0) &, x = 0 \\ \mathbb{P}(Z=x)\mathbb{P}(Y=0) &, x \in \mathbb{N} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} p + e^{-\lambda}\lambda^0(0!)^{-1}(1-p) &, x = 0 \\ (e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x(x!)^{-1})(1-p) &, x \in \mathbb{N} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} p + e^{-\lambda}(1-p) &, x = 0 \\ \frac{1}{x!}(e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x)(1-p) &, x \in \mathbb{N} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= p\mathbb{1}\{x=0\} + \frac{1}{x!}(e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x)(1-p)$$

Let $\mathbf{X} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathrm{ZIP}(p,\lambda)$ with $p \& \lambda$ unknown. Then

$$\begin{array}{lcl} L(p,\lambda;\mathbf{x}) & \propto & f_n(\mathbf{x};p,\lambda) \\ & = & \prod\limits_{i=1}^n \left[p \mathbb{1}\{x=0\} + \frac{1}{x!}(e^{-\lambda}\lambda^x)(1-p) \right] \end{array}$$