## **Experiment 1**

# **Recollection of MATLAB Basics**

Recollected the basics on Indexing/Slicing/Concatenating of Matrices and Vectors. Also different functions of/on Matrices. Recollected the plotting commands such as plot/plot3/ezplot/surf etc.

## Question - 1 Goldbach Conjecture

#### Code:

```
%Goldbach Conjucture - 16BCE0783 -> Number input = 783
n = input('Enter the number n: ');
list = [];
c = 0;
while n>1
    if (rem(n,2)==0)
        f = n/2;
else
        f = (3*n) + 1;
end
    c = c+1;
    n = f;
    list(c) = f;
end
list
disp(['Number of steps is: ',num2str(c)])
```

Output: (Entered n = 783)

```
ூ
Editor - D:\VIT\Sem 2\MAT 2002\MATLAB\goldbach_conjucture.m
  goldbach_conjucture.m × +
1 %Goldbach Conjucture - 16BCE0783 -> Number input = 783
2 -
     n = input('Enter the number n: ');
3 -
     list = [];
4 -
     c = 0;
5 - Fwhile n>1
6 -
        if (rem(n,2)==0)
7 -
           f = n/2;
8 -
        else
9 -
         f = (3*n) + 1;
10 -
        end
11 -
       c = c+1;
12 -
       n = f;
13 -
        list(c) = f;
14 -
15 -
    disp(['Number of steps is: ',num2str(c)])
Command Window
   Columns 109 through 117
         106 53 160 80 40 20 10 5
                                                                                          16
   Columns 118 through 121
             4
                       2
                                  1
 Number of steps is: 121
f_{x} >>
```

### Question 2: AB = C

#### Code:

```
%Question 1 - 16BCE0783
1 = [];
for i=1:8;1(i) = 0.25*(2^(i-1));end
A = cat(1,1:2:15,2.5:-0.5:-1,1)
C = A(:,[1,4,7])
B = A\C
```

## **Output:**

```
D: F VII F Sem 2 F IVIAT 2002 F IVIATLAB F FFCS
Command Window
  >> exp1q1
  A =
                                7.0000 9.0000 11.0000
     1.0000
              3.0000
                        5.0000
                                                          13.0000
                                                                     15.0000
                                                   0 -0.5000
     2.5000
             2.0000
                       1.5000
                                1.0000 0.5000
                                                                     -1.0000
                        1.0000
                                2.0000 4.0000 8.0000
     0.2500
              0.5000
                                                          16.0000
                                                                     32.0000
  C =
     1.0000
             7.0000 13.0000
     2.5000
              1.0000 -0.5000
     0.2500
              2.0000 16.0000
  B =
     1.0000
             0.3445
                      -0.0766
          0
                   0
                            0
                   0
          0
                            0
          0
                   0
                            0
          0
                   0
                            0
     0.0000
              0.7943
                        0.7679
          0
                   0
                            0
     -0.0000
             -0.1388
                      0.3086
fx >>
|||||
```

## **Question 3: Verifying Calyley Hamilton Theorem**

#### Code:

```
%Cayley Hamilton Theorem - 16BCE0783
A = input('Enter the Matrix: ');
k = size(A);
RHS = zeros(k)
if k(1) \sim = k(2)
    disp('Not a square matrix!!')
    return;
end
coeff = poly(A);
LHS = zeros(k);
for i=1:numel(coeff)
    LHS = LHS + round(coeff(i)) *A^(k(1)+1-i);
end
LHS
if (LHS == RHS)
    disp('Hence, Caley-Hamilton theorem is verified for your matrix.')
else
```

```
{\tt disp}({\tt 'Caley-Hamilton}\ {\tt theorem}\ {\tt is}\ {\tt not}\ {\tt verified}\ {\tt for}\ {\tt your}\ {\tt matrix.')} end
```

### **Input & Output:**

```
Gommand Window
>> exp1q2
Enter the Matrix: [0 7;8 3]

RHS =

0 0
0 0
0 0

LHS =

0 0
0 0
Hence, Caley-Hamilton theorem is verified for your matrix.

fx >>>
```

## **Question 4: Newton-Raphson Approximation Method**

#### Code:

```
%Newton - Raphson Approximation - 16BCE0783
syms x
f = input('Input an algebraic or trancedental function of x: ');
a0 = input('Input the value of initial Approximation for your function: ');
l = [a0];
df = diff(f,x);
for i=2:11
    l(i) = l(i-1) - (subs(f,x,l(i-1))/subs(df,x,l(i-1)));
end
disp('The list of roots from x1 to x10 are:')
disp(l(2:11))
fprintf('The fifth root of the given number is %f\n',l(11))
```

## **Input & Output:**

```
The fifth root of the given number is %f\n', \( \begin{align*} \( \begin{align*} \propto \text{total fifth root of the given number is \%f\n', \( \begin{align*} \begin{align*} \propto \text{total fifth root of the given number is \%f\n', \( \begin{align*} \begin{align*} \propto \text{total fifth root of the given number is 2.420001} \)

The fifth root of the given number is 2.420001

The fifth root of the given number is 2.420001

The fifth root of the given number is 2.420001
```