

HISTORY & CIVICS (THAILAND)
(H.G.T. PAPER – 1)

Maximum Marks: 80

Time allowed: Two hours

Answers to this Paper must be written on the answer sheet provided separately.

*You will **not** be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.*

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory).

*A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part II,
two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.*

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

PART I (30 Marks)

(Attempt all questions from this Part.)

Question 1

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

[16]

(Do not copy the questions. Write the correct answers only.)

- (i) _____ is considered to be the Head of the State.
- (a) The King
(b) The President
(c) The Vice President
(d) The Prime Minister

This paper consists of 8 printed pages.

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Turn Over

- (ii) Who has the right to dissolve the House of Representatives?
- (a) The National Assembly
 - (b) The Senator
 - (c) The King
 - (d) The President of the House of Representatives
- (iii) All the ministers are individually responsible to the _____.
- (a) The Senate
 - (b) The Privy Councilor
 - (c) The President
 - (d) The Prime Minister
- (iv) An Emergency Decree may be issued by the King for the purpose of _____.
- (a) maintaining national security
 - (b) world economic security
 - (c) support during public calamity
 - (d) private protection
- (v) The House of Representatives consist of _____ members.
- (a) 150
 - (b) 250
 - (c) 350
 - (d) 400

(vi) An annual appropriation bill has to be approved within a period of _____ days.

- (a) 105
- (b) 115
- (c) 150
- (d) 120

(vii) King _____ accurately predicted a solar eclipse.

- (a) Rama IV
- (b) Rama V
- (c) Rama VI
- (d) Rama VII

(viii) _____ was the city created by Rama VI.

- (a) Dusit Thani
- (b) Siam
- (c) Thailand
- (d) Chiang Mai

(ix) King Chulalongkorn's first official act was to _____.

- (a) abolish slavery
- (b) influence Buddhist morality
- (c) forbid prostration in presence of royalty
- (d) improve the communication system

(x) King Chom Klao abolished the _____.

- (a) freedom of religion
- (b) use of drum Winitchayplaerea
- (c) laws of the Courts
- (d) printing house for news

(xi) Complete the given analogy.

King Chulalongkorn : King Monkut : : _____ : Rama VI

- (a) King Cham Klao
- (b) King Vajiravudh
- (c) Chao Phraya Chakri
- (d) King Phra Buddha Lertla

(xii) King Rama VI set up the _____.

- (a) Harrow School
- (b) Chulalongkorn University
- (c) Vajiravudh College
- (d) English Public School

(xiii) _____ was the Indian leader who had a close association with Thailand.

- (a) Subash Chandra Bose
- (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (c) Mahatma Gandhi
- (d) Sardar Vallabhai Patel

- (xiv) The Thai Corps was awarded the Croix de Guerre (Medal of War) at the conclusion of the First World War on behalf of the people of _____.
- (a) Great Britain
(b) Russia
(c) France
(d) Thailand
- (xv) Who changed the name of the country from Siam to Thailand?
- (a) Prince Ananda Mahidol
(b) King Prajadhipok
(c) Plaek Phibun Songkharan
(d) Pridi Phanomyung
- (xvi) The First World War began in the year _____.
- (a) 1914
(b) 1915
(c) 1916
(d) 1919

Question 2

- (i) What are Military Courts? [2]
- (ii) What is meant by the term session? [2]
- (iii) Mention *any two* changes in taxation introduced by King Rama V. [2]
- (iv) Name *any two* countries which formed the Axis Bloc during the First World War. [2]
- (v) How many judges does the International Court of Justice consist of?
What is their term? [2]
- (vi) How did Thailand help the United States of America during the Vietnam War? [2]
- (vii) Mention *any two* reasons for Hitler's attack on Poland. [2]

PART II (50 Marks)

SECTION A

(Attempt any two questions from this Section.)

Question 3

With reference to the National Assembly and its powers, answer the following questions:

- (i) State *three* qualifications required to be elected as a member of the House of Representatives. [3]
- (ii) What is the composition of the National Assembly? [3]
What is the term of office of the members?
- (iii) How is the Speaker of the National Assembly elected? [4]
Mention *two* legislative powers of the National Assembly.

Question 4

With reference to the Prime Minister and ministers of the Cabinet, answer the following questions:

- (i) Mention the procedure of election of the Prime Minister of Thailand. [3]
- (ii) Who appoints the Prime Minister in Thailand? [3]
What is his term?
On whose advice is the Council of Ministers appointed?
- (iii) What is meant by the term ‘collective responsibility of the ministers’? [4]

Question 5

With reference to the Supreme Court and the Constitutional Court, answer the following questions:

- (i) State the composition of the Supreme Court. [3]
- (ii) How many judges constitute the Constitutional court in Thailand? [3]
What is the term of office?
Who appoints the judges of the Constitutional Court?
- (iii) Why is the Constitutional Court called the Court of Record? [4]

SECTION B

(Attempt any three questions from this Section.)

Question 6

With reference to the period of reform and change, answer the following:

- (i) Mention *any three* reforms made by Rama V or King Chulalongkorn. [3]
- (ii) Between whom was the Bowring Treaty signed? [3]
Mention *any two* terms of the Treaty.
- (iii) Mention *four* reforms made by Rama IV or King Chom Klao. [4]

Question 7

With reference to the economic depression and the Revolt of 1932, answer the following questions:

- (i) Mention *any three* causes responsible for the outbreak of the Revolt. [3]
- (ii) Mention *any three* results of the Siamese revolt of 1932. [3]
- (iii) Mention *any two* features of the economic depression during the reign of Rama VII. [4]
State *any two* measures adopted by him to overcome the condition.

Question 8

With reference to the First World War, answer the following questions:

- (i) Mention *any three* causes of the First World War. [3]
- (ii) Mention *any three* objectives of the League of Nations. [3]
- (iii) Mention *any four* terms of the Treaty of Versailles. [4]

Question 9

With reference to the rise of dictatorships and the Second World War, answer the following questions:

- (i) Mention *any three* similar ideologies of Hitler and Mussolini. [3]
- (ii) Give *any three* points to describe the role of Thailand in World War II. [3]
- (iii) Which Harbour was attacked by Japan? [4]

Mention *any three* consequences of the Second World War.

Question 10

Look at the picture given and answer the questions that follow:



- (i) Which organisation is associated with this emblem? [3]
Name *any two* of its objectives.
- (ii) Name *any three* countries which are the permanent members of the Security Council. [3]
- (iii) Give the expansion of WHO. [4]
Mention *any three* of its functions.