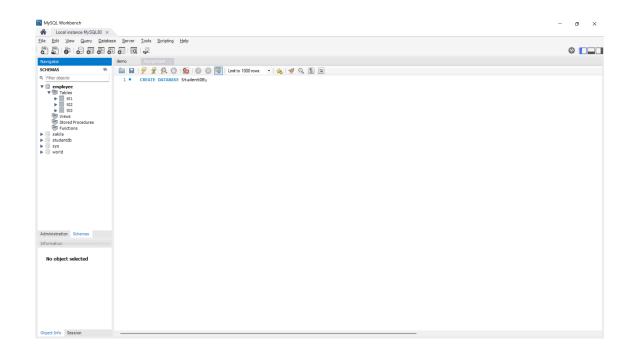




Assignment 1

CREATE DATABASE StudentDB;



Assignment 2

```
-- Courses
CREATE TABLE T02
(
    T02F01 INT PRIMARY KEY, -- course_id
    T02F02 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- course_nae
    T02F03 INT NOT NULL -- duration
);
-- Students
CREATE TABLE T01
(
```

```
T01F01 INT PRIMARY KEY, -- student_id
  T01F02 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- name
  T01F03 INT NOT NULL, -- age
  T01F04 ENUM("MALE", "FEMALE", "OTHER"), -- gender
  T01F05 INT, -- course_id
  CONSTRAINT T01F05_FK FOREIGN KEY (T01F05) REFERENCES T02(T02F01) ON DELETE RE
STRICT
);
-- Marks
CREATE TABLE T03
    T03F01 INT PRIMARY KEY, -- mark_id
  T03F02 INT, -- student_id
  T03F03 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- subject
  T03F04 DECIMAL(5, 2) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT T03F02_FK FOREIGN KEY (T03F02) REFERENCES T01(T01F01) ON DELETE CA
SCADE
);
ALTER TABLE T01 ADD COLUMN T01F06 VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE; -- email
DROP TABLE T03;
```

Assignment 3

```
INSERT INTO T02 (T02F01, T02F02, T02F03) VALUES
(101, 'Computer Science', 4),
(102, 'Business Administration', 3),
(103, 'Data Analytics', 1),
(104, 'MACHINE LEARNING', 2),
(105, 'WEB DEVELOPMENT', 2);
INSERT INTO T01 (T01F01, T01F02, T01F03, T01F04, T01F05, T01F06) VALUES
(1, 'Alice Johnson', 21, 'Female', 101, 'alice@gmail.com'),
(2, 'Bob Smith', 22, 'Male', 101, 'bob@gmail.com'),
(3, 'Charlie Brown', 20, 'Male', 102, 'charlie@gmail.com'),
(4, 'Diana Prince', 23, 'Female', 103, 'diana@gmail.om'),
(5, 'Eve Adams', 21, 'Female', 102, 'eve@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO T03 (T03F01, T03F02, T03F03, T03F04) VALUES
(1, 1, 'OS', 85),
(2, 2, 'ACCOUNTS', 91),
(3, 3, 'PYTHON', 76),
(4, 4, 'TENSORFLOW', 95),
```

```
(5, 5, 'COA', 88);

UPDATE T01 SET T01F05 = 104 WHERE T01F01 = 1;

DELETE FROM T01 WHERE T01F01 = 1;
```

Assignment 4

```
-- 1. Fetch all students above age 20
SELECT
  T01F02,
  T01F03
FROM
  T01
WHERE
  T01F03 > 20;
-- 2. Fetch all students ordered by name alphabetically.
SELECT
  T01F02
FROM
  T01
ORDER BY
  T01F02;
-- 3. Show total number of students enrolled in each course using GROUP BY.
SELECT
 T02F01,
 T02F02,
 COUNT(T01F05)
FROM
  T01
 INNER JOIN T02 ON T02F01 = T01F05
GROUP BY
  T01F05;
-- 4. Show courses that have more than 2 students using HAVING.
SELECT
 T02F01,
T02F02,
COUNT(T01F05)
FROM
  T01
 INNER JOIN T02 ON T02F01 = T01F05
GROUP BY
```

```
T01F05
HAVING
COUNT(T01F05) > 2;
```

Assignment 5

```
-- 1. Display students with their enrolled course names using INNER JOIN.
SELECT
 T01F01,
 T01F02,
 T02F02
FROM
  T01
  INNER JOIN T02 ON T01F05 = T02F01;
-- 2. Display all students even if they are not enrolled in any course (LEFT JOIN).
SELECT
 T01F01,
 T01F02,
  COALESCE(T02F02, 'Not Enrolled')
FROM
  LEFT JOIN T02 ON T01F05 = T02F01;
-- 3. Display all courses and their students (RIGHT JOIN).
SELECT
 T02F01,
 T02F02,
  COUNT(T01F05)
FROM
  T01
  RIGHT JOIN T02 ON T01F05 = T02F01
GROUP BY
 T02F01;
-- 4. Find highest, lowest, and average marks per subject.
SELECT
 T03F03,
  MAX(T03F04),
  MIN(T03F04),
  AVG(T03F04)
FROM
  T03
GROUP BY
  T03F03;
```

```
-- 5. Count how many male and female students exist.

SELECT
T01F04,
COUNT(T01F04)

FROM
T01

GROUP BY
T01F04;
```

LibraryDB

```
CREATE DATABASE LibraryDB;
USE LibraryDB;
-- Authors
CREATE TABLE T01
  T01F01 INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, -- author_id
  T01F02 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- first_name
  T01F03 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL -- last_name
);
-- Books
CREATE TABLE T02
  T02F01 INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, -- book_id
  T02F02 VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL, -- title
  T02F03 INT, -- author_id
  T02F04 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- genre
  T02F05 INT NOT NULL, -- publication_year
  T02F06 VARCHAR(13) UNIQUE, -- isbn
  FOREIGN KEY (T02F03) REFERENCES T01(T01F01)
);
-- Borrowers
CREATE TABLE T03
  T03F01 INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, -- borrower_id
  T03F02 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- first_name
  T03F03 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- last_name
  T03F04 VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL, -- email
  T03F05 DATE -- registration_date
```

```
);
-- Borrowing_Records
CREATE TABLE T04
  T04F01 INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, -- record_id
  T04F02 INT, -- book_id
  T04F03 INT, -- borrower_id
  T04F04 DATE NOT NULL, -- borrow_date
  T04F05 DATE NOT NULL, -- due_date
  T04F06 DATE, -- return date
  FOREIGN KEY (T04F02) REFERENCES T02(T02F01),
  FOREIGN KEY (T04F03) REFERENCES T03(T03F01)
);
INSERT INTO T01 (T01F02, T01F03) VALUES
('George', 'Orwell'),
('J.K.', 'Rowling'),
('Haruki', 'Murakami'),
('Gabriel', 'Garcia Marque'),
('Isaac', 'Asimov');
INSERT INTO T03 (T03F02, T03F03, T03F04, T03F05) VALUES
('John', 'Smith', 'john.smith@email.com', '2023-01-15'),
('Jane', 'Doe', 'jane.doe@email.com', '2023-03-22'),
('Peter', 'Jones', 'peter.jones@email.com', '2024-05-30'),
('Mary', 'Williams', 'mary.w@email.com', '2024-08-01');
INSERT INTO T02 (T02F02, T02F03, T02F04, T02F05, T02F06) VALUES
('1984', 1, 'Dystopian', 1949, '9780451524935'),
('Animal Farm', 1, 'Political Satire', 1945, '9780451526342'),
('Harry Potter and the Sorcerer''s Stone', 2, 'Fantasy', 1997, '9780590353427'),
('Norwegian Wood', 3, 'Fiction', 1987, '9780375704024'),
('Kafka on the Shore', 3, 'Magical Realism', 2002, '9781400079278'),
('One Hundred Years of Solitude', 4, 'Magical Realism', 1967, '9780060883287'),
('I, Robot', 5, 'Science Fiction', 1950, '9780553382563');
INSERT INTO T04 (T04F02, T04F03, T04F04, T04F05, T04F06) VALUES
(1, 1, '2025-07-01', '2025-07-15', '2025-07-14'),
(4, 2, '2025-08-15', '2025-08-29', '2025-08-28'),
(3, 1, '2025-08-10', '2025-08-24', NULL),
(7, 3, '2025-08-20', '2025-09-03', NULL),
(1, 2, '2025-08-25', '2025-09-08', NULL),
(6, 4, '2025-09-01', '2025-09-15', NULL);
-- List books which are currently borrowed and who has it and when its due date
SELECT
  T02F01,
```

```
T02F02,
T03F02,
T03F03
FROM
 T02
INNER JOIN T04 ON T02F01 = T04F02 AND T04F06 IS NULL
INNER JOIN T03 ON T04F03 = T03F01;
-- List author with more than one book in library
SELECT
 T01F01,
T01F02,
T01F03,
COUNT(T02F03)
FROM
 T01
INNER JOIN T02 ON T01F01 = T02F03
GROUP BY
  T02F03
HAVING
  COUNT(T02F03) > 1;
-- Identify Overdue Books and Borrower Contact Info
SELECT
 T03F01,
T03F02,
T03F03,
T03F04,
T04F05
FROM
  T03
INNER JOIN T04 ON T03F01 = T04F03
WHERE
 T04F06 IS NULL AND
 T04F05 < (CURRENT_DATE());
-- Find the Most Actively Borrowed Book
SELECT
 T02F01,
T02F02,
T02F06,
COUNT(T02F04)
FROM
 T02
INNER JOIN T04 ON T02F01 = T04F02
GROUP BY
 T02F01,
T02F02,
```

```
T02F06,
 T02F04
ORDER BY
  COUNT(T02F04) DESC
LIMIT 1;
-- List All Books That Have Never Been Borrowed
SELECT
 T02F01,
T02F02
FROM
 T02
LEFT JOIN T04 ON T02F01 = T04F02
WHERE
 T04F02 IS NULL;
-- Find Borrowers Who Read Across Multiple Genres
WITH BORROWERGENERECOUNT AS
 SELECT
   T03F01,
 T03F02,
 T03F03,
  COUNT(DISTINCT T02F04) AS DISTINCT_GENERE
 FROM
    T03
  INNER JOIN T04 ON T03F01 = T04F03
 INNER JOIN T02 ON T02F01 = T04F02
  GROUP BY
    T03F01,
 T03F02,
 T03F03
)
SELECT
 T03F01,
T03F02,
T03F03,
DISTINCT_GENERE
FROM
  BORROWERGENERECOUNT
WHERE
  DISTINCT_GENERE > 1;
```