3. Theoritical limit of Gaussian Classification Following things are given Classes - XI & X2 mean (M1)=1 Mean (Alr) > 2 Variance (02) = 1 Variance (02) = 1 NICE TOURS Wher o = Standard deviation From the above graph, we can see that two different classification intersed each other is near about 1.5 which is quite clear from the graph too. Now, the equation to calculate the $F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{(x-y)^2} dx$ where $\sigma = 8$ tandard deviation M = Mean2 = variance.

But, we have two classification: (x, 32) x $f(x_1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{2\pi} \frac{e^{-(x_1 - y_1)^2}}{e^{-x_2}} dx$ Substituting value of 5 =1, 4 = 1 & 52 > 1 $= \frac{1}{6\sqrt{2}} \int_{-20}^{15} e^{-\frac{(2-1)^2}{2}} dx$ a NOW, Substitution method can help to integrate $u = \frac{x-1}{2}$:. du = (1/2 -1)dr = -1 dx $= \lim_{t \to -\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2t}} \int_{t}^{2e^{-t}} du = \sqrt{2} \left[e^{-t} \frac{1}{2} \right] - e^{-\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)}$ E by integrating term we will get, F(21) \$ 0.69 :. F(x1) \$ 0.69

Now, Similarly for classification occ.

$$F(32) = 1 \qquad e^{-(x-1)/2} dx$$

$$F(32) = 1 \qquad e^{-(x-2)} dx \qquad (Mz > 2 & 0 = 1)$$

Now, Similar talculation can be perform

as previous

$$F(x_1) + F(32) = 1$$

$$0.691 + 0.308 \approx 1$$

Hene, $F(x_1) = 0.69$ $F(x_2) = 0.308$