

1.

a.create table employees(emp\_id integer primary key,first\_name varchar2(20),last\_name varchar2(20),salary float,joining\_date getdate(),department varchar2(10));

b.create table variables(emp\_ref\_id integer,variables\_date getdate(),variables\_amount integer,foreign key(emp\_ref\_id) references employees(emp\_id));

b.create table designation(emp\_ref\_id integer,emp\_title varchar2(20),affected\_form getdate(),foreign key(emp\_ref\_id) references employees(emp\_id));

2.

Four joins are:

1.Inner join

2.Cross Join

3.Left join

4.Right join

a.select first\_name,last\_name,department from employees inner join variables on employees.emp\_id =(select emp\_ref\_id from variables where emp\_ref\_id in(select max(variables\_amount),min(variables\_amount) from variables));

C.If we use the cross join to combine two different tables, then we will get the Cartesian product of the sets of rows from the joined table. When each row of the first table is combined with each row from the second table, it is known as Cartesian join or cross join.

select \* from employees cross join designation;

D.These SQL Clauses support in many ways for MySQL database access and data extraction by applying any filter which describes the conditions and if the conditions qualify for satisfying it then we get the particular result rows.

The ORDER BY command is used to sort the result set in ascending or descending order.

The ORDER BY command sorts the result set in ascending order by default. To sort the records in descending order, use the DESC keyword.