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HW2 Newton-Raphson
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import scipy.optimize as sciOp
 ef newtonRaphson(f, dfdx, initialGuess, tolerence):
    Given a function and its derivative, an initial guess for a root value, and a termination toler
    will attempt to find a root of the original function and return it along with the iterations is
    UPPER LIMIT ON ITERATIONS = 100000
    x = initialGuess #will hold current x value
    lastX = initialGuess #will hold last x value
    Ea = 100 #approximate relative error, in percent, start arbitrarily at 100 to get while loop to
    while(abs(Ea) > tolerence):
        if(f(x) == 0): #method cannot be computed if dervivative at point we are looking at is 0
            raise Exception("The derivative at a point was 0")
        x = x - (f(x) / dfdx(x)) #netwton-raphson
        Ea = ((x - lastX) / x) * 100 #calculate current approximate relative error
        lastX = x
        i += 1
        if(i == UPPER_LIMIT_ON_ITERATIONS): #sets limit on number of iterations to find root
            raise Exception("The root could not be found under the limit of iterations")
   return (x,i)
E = 29 * 10**4 #psi
w0 = 250 #3000 lbs/ft in lbs/in
I = 723 #in^4
L = 180 #15 ft in inches
y = lambda x: (w0/(120*E*I*L)) * (-x**5 + 2*L**2*x**3 - L**4*x)
f = lambda x: (w0/(120*E*I*L)) * (-5*x**4 + 6*L**2*x**2 - L**4) #dy/dx
dfdx = lambda x: (w0/(120*E*I*L)) * (-20*x**3 + 12*L**2*x)
tol = .001 #tolerence for newton raphson in percent
intialGuess = 90 #inches
newtonRaphsonInfo = newtonRaphson(f, dfdx, intialGuess, tol) #0 index is root, 1
scipyRoot = sciOp.fsolve(f, 90)
print("Newton Raphson, root = \{\}inches iterations = \{\} tolerence = \{\}\% initial guess = \{\}inches".fo
print("Scipy fsolve, root = {}inches".format(scipyRoot[0]))
maxDisplacement = y(newtonRaphsonInfo[0])
print("Max displacement = {}inches".format(maxDisplacement))
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