Abstract	Interface	
Could extend <b>one</b> class	Could extends any number of interfaces	
Can extend class or abstract class	Can only extends interface	
Can have abstract and concrete methods	Can only have abstract methods	
A class can extend only <b>one</b> abstract class	A class can implement any number interfaces	
Keyword 'abstract' is <b>mandatory</b> to declare a method as an abstract	Keyword 'abstract' is <b>optional</b> because all methods are abstract by default	
Can have <b>protected</b> , <b>public</b> and <b>public abstract</b> method	Can have <b>public</b> abstract method by default	
Can have static, final, static final variable	Can have only static final(constant) variable	

## Java 8 primitive types

Byte 8bits, short 16bits, int 32bits, long 64bits, float 32bits, double 64bits, boolean is not precisely defined, char 16bits.

Final	Finally	Finalize
Used to apply restrictions on class, method	Used to place important	Used to perform clean up
and variable. Final class can't be inherited,	code, it will be executed	processing just before
final method can't be overridden and final	whether exception is	object is garbage
variable value can't be changed.	handled or not.	collected.
Keyword	Block	method

Object	Class
an <b>instance</b> of a class	a blueprint or template of objects
a real world <b>entity</b>	a <b>group</b> of <b>similar</b> objects
physical entity	logical entity
created through <b>new</b> keyword mainly	declared using <b>class</b> keyword
created <b>many</b> times	declared <b>once</b>
Allocates memory when created	Doesn't allocated memory when created
many ways to create object in java such as new	only <b>one way</b> to define class in java using class
keyword, newInstance() method, clone() method,	keyword
factory method and deserialization	