You manage a plant that mass-produces engines by teams of workers using assembly machines. The technology is summarised by the production function.

$$q = 5KL$$

Where q is the number of engines per week, K is the number of assembly machines, and L is the number of labor teams. Each assembly machine rents for r = \$10000 per week, and each team cost w = \$5000 per week. Engine cost are given by the cost of labor teams and machines, plus \$2000 per engine for raw materials. Your plant has a fixed installation of 5 assembly machines as part of its design.

Q(1) What is the marginal cost for producing q engines

1/1

1100

2200

3300

4400

| Q(2) How many labor teams are required to produce 250 engines | 1/1 |
|---|-----|
| 10 | |
| O 20 | |
| O 30 | |
| O 40 | |
| | |
| Q(3) What is the average cost per engine if the firm produces 250 engines. | 1/1 |
| O 800 | |
| O 2000 | |
| 2400 | |
| 2880 | |
| Q(4) You are asked to make recommendations for the design of a new production facility. What capital/labor (K/L) ratio should the new plant accommodate if it wants to minimize the total cost of producing at any level of | 2/2 |
| output. | |
| 0.5 | |
| O 2 | |
| O 2.5 | |
| 4 | |
| | |

| Q(5) The cost of flying a passenger plane from point A to point B is \$50000. The 1/1 airline flies this route four times per day at 7 Am, 10 Am, 1 Pm, and 4 Pm. The first and last flights are fulfilled 1 to capacity with 240 people. The second and third flights are only half full. Find the average cost per passenger for each flight. |
|---|
| \$208.33, \$416.67 |
| \$378, \$516.80 |
| \$308.47, \$216.9 |
| \$251, \$326 |
| |
| Q(6) Suppose the airline hires you as a marketing consultant and wants to know which type of customer it should try to attract, what advice would you offer. |
| O Peak flights |
| Night flights |
| Off-peak flights |
| Can't say |
| The market demand curve D_m is given by $P=100-Q_1-Q_2$, where Q_1 is the amount of output Samsung produces and Q_2 is LG's level of output. The marginal cost of each firm is \$10. |

$$Q_1 = 20 - Q_2/2$$

 $Q_1 = 20 - Q_2$

Option 1

Option 2

$$Q_1 = 45 - Q_2/2$$

 $Q_1 = 55 - Q_2/2$

Option 3

Option 4

Q(8) Compute the Cournot equilibrium quantities in this market.

2/2

- 30
- O 25
- 28
- O 20

| Q(9) Compute the Cournot equilibrium price in this market. | 1/1 |
|--|-----|
| 40 | |
| O 60 | |
| O 70 | |
| O 75 | |
| | |

A drug company has a monopoly on a new patented medicine. The product can be made in either of the two plants. The cost of production for the two plants are $MC_1=20+2Q_1$ and $MC_2=10+5Q_2$. The firm estimates of demand for the product is $P=20-3(Q_1+Q_2)$.

Q(10) How much should the firm plan to produce in plant - 1 (Q^1) 1/1

0 0
0.55
0.91
0.98

| Q(11) How much should the firm plan to produce in plant - 2 (Q^2) | 1/1 |
|---|-----|
| O 0 | |
| 0.55 | |
| 0.91 | |
| 0.98 | |
| | |
| | |
| Q(12) At what price should it plan to sell the product | 1/1 |
| Q(12) At what price should it plan to sell the product \$7.85 | 1/1 |
| | 1/1 |
| \$7.85 | 1/1 |
| \$7.85\$11.46 | 1/1 |

This form was created inside of IIT Dharwad.

Google Forms