

**MA 201 Complex Analysis**  
**Quiz 1**  
**IIT Dharwad (Autumn 2021)**

**Total Marks: 15**

**Date & Time: 21 Aug 2021, 04:00 pm to 04:30 p.m.**

- (1) [2M] (a) Find all the 4th roots of  $ci$  where  $c$  is the last two digits of your roll number (for example, if your roll number is 190010023, then  $c=23$ ).  
(b) Find all the 4th roots of  $-ci$  where  $c$  is the last two digits of your roll number (for example, if your roll number is 190010023, then  $c=23$ ).

- (2) [4M] (a) Determine the set of all the limit points, the boundary points and the interior points of the set

$$S := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\} : |z| \leq 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq \text{Arg}(z) < \pi/4\} \cup \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| > 1 \text{ and } \pi/4 < \text{Arg}(z) < 2\pi\}$$

where  $\text{Arg}(z)$  is the principal argument of  $z$  that lies in  $[0, 2\pi)$ . Also, find the  $\bar{S}$ , the closure of the set  $S$ .

- (b) Determine the set of all the limit points, the boundary points and the interior points of the set

$$S := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\} : |z| \leq 1 \text{ and } \pi/4 < \text{Arg}(z) < 2\pi\} \cup \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq \text{Arg}(z) < \pi/4\}$$

where  $\text{Arg}(z)$  is the principal argument of  $z$  that lies in  $[0, 2\pi)$ . Also, find the  $\bar{S}$ , the closure of the set  $S$ .

- (3) [1M] (a) Determine whether the set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| \leq 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq \text{Arg}(z) \leq \pi/4\} \cup \{0\}$$

is compact where  $\text{Arg}(z)$  is the principal argument of  $z$  that lies in  $[0, 2\pi)$ . Justify your answer.

- (b) Determine whether the set

$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| \leq 1 \text{ and } 0 < \text{Arg}(z) \leq \pi/4\} \cup \{0\}$$

is compact where  $\text{Arg}(z)$  is the principal argument of  $z$  that lies in  $[0, 2\pi)$ . Justify your answer.

- (4) [3M] (a) Determine whether the function defined by  $f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{|z|}{\text{Im}(z)} & \text{if } \text{Im}(z) \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } \text{Im}(z) = 0 \end{cases}$  is continuous at 0. Justify your answer (in case the limit exists, prove using  $\epsilon - \delta$  definition).

- (b) Determine whether the function defined by  $f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{|z|}{\text{Re}(z)} & \text{if } \text{Re}(z) \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } \text{Re}(z) = 0 \end{cases}$  is continuous at 0. Justify your answer (in case the limit exists, prove using  $\epsilon - \delta$  definition).

- (5) [3M] (a) Consider the function  $f(z) = z \text{Re}(z)$  defined on  $\mathbb{C}$ . Determine where the function is complex differentiable and find the derivative  $f'(z)$  at those points. Justify your answer.

- (b) Consider the function  $f(z) = z \operatorname{Im}(z)$  defined on  $\mathbb{C}$ . Determine where the function is complex differentiable and find the derivative  $f'(z)$  at those points. Justify your answer.
- (6) [2M] (a) Let  $c$  be the last two digits of your roll number (for example, if your roll number is 190010023, then  $c=23$ ). Determine whether the sequence  $(x_n)$  converges where  $x_n = c + i \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$ . If so, find its limit. Justify your answer.
- (b) Let  $c$  be the last two digits of your roll number (for example, if your roll number is 190010023, then  $c=23$ ). Determine whether the sequence  $(x_n)$  converges where  $x_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{n} + ic$ . If so, find its limit. Justify your answer.