Question 1
Complete
Marked out of

Flag
 question

Find the impulse response h[n] for the LTI discrete-time system satisfying the following difference equation. $y[n] = a_1 x[n] + a_2 x[n-1] + a_3 x[n-2]$

a₁=1st index of your roll.no

a₂=5th index of your roll.no

a₃=9th index of your roll.no

Question **2** Not answered

Marked out of 3.00

Flag
 question

Find the output response y[n] for the LTI discrete-time system satisfying the following difference equation and the input is x[n] = [1,1,1]

$$y[n] = a_1 x[n] + a_2 x[n - 1] + a_3 x[n - 2]$$

a₁=1st index of your roll.no

a₂=5th index of your roll.no

a₃=9th index of your roll.no

Question 3

Complete

Marked out of 5.00

▼ Flag

question

Find the output of the system defined by the differential equation,

$$rac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 6rac{dy(t)}{dt} + 9y(t) = a_2x(t); x(t) = e^{-3t}u(t)$$

 a_1 is the 1st index of your roll no; a_2 is the 5th index of your roll no.

The initial condition are as follows: $y(0) = a_1$; $y'(0) = a_2$

Comment on the BIBO stability of the system. Justify your comment.

Is this system time invariant? [3+1+1 marks]

Question 4

Not answered

Marked out of 5.00

Flag
 question

Convert the integral equation to differential equation, and draw direct form I and direct form II implementation of

$$y(t) + 6 \int y(t) + 9 \iint y(t) = a_1 \iint x(t) + a_2 \int x(t) + a_3 x(t)$$

a₁=1st index of your roll.no

a₂=5th index of your roll.no

a₃=9th index of your roll.no

[1+2+2] marks

Question **5**

Not answered Marked out of 3.00

V Flag question

Let h(t) be the triangular pulse shown in Figure 1, and let x(t) be the impulse train depicted in Figure 2.

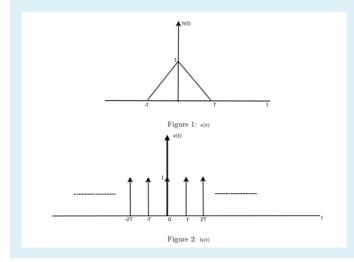
$$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty}\delta(t-kT)=1$$

. Determine and sketch

$$y(t) = x(t) \ast h(t)$$

for $T=a_2/2$.

(a₂ is the 5th index of your roll. no)



Question **6**

Complete

Marked out of 3.00

Flag
 question

Determine whether or not each of the following signals is periodic. If a signal is periodic, specify its fundamental period.

- $\bullet \ \ x_1(t)=e^{(-a_1+ja_2)t}$
- $ullet x_2(t) = 2cos(a_1t+1) sin(a_2t-1)$

a₁=1st index of your roll.no

a₂=5th index of your roll.no

[1.5+1.5 marks]

Question **7**

Complete

Marked out of 2.00

▼ Flag

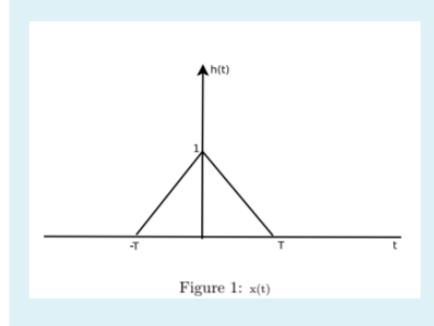
question

For the signal x(t) in figure 1 sketch the $y(t) = x(a_1t-a_2)$.

 $T=a_1$

a₁=1st index of your roll.no

a2=5th index of your roll.no



Question **8**Complete
Marked out of 1.00

1.00

A rectangular pulse of unit amplitude which exists from $t=-a_1$ to $t=a_2$ is convolved with itself. Sketch the output of the convolution. $a_1=1$ st index of your roll.no

a₂=5th index of your roll.no