### convert\_units

#### v. 1.x

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convert\_units performs unit conversions, providing a command-line interface to the Units module that accompanies rxntoarb (lib/units.rb in the rxntoarb root directory). convert\_units requires Ruby 1.9.3 or newer.

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# 1 Invocation and command-line options

convert\_units is invoked as follows:

convert\_units [options\_list] <input\_string> [output\_units].

input\_string should consist of an optional numerical value (assumed to be 1.0 if not specified) and a list of unit abbreviations, all of which should be separated by spaces (or alternatively by the . or \* characters). Any valid SI prefix (see Table 1) may immediately precede the unit name. (Note the difference between, e.g., ms-1 (per millisecond) and m s-1 (metre per second).) Exponents on units should immediately follow the unit name, optionally preceded by the ^ character. Use of a solidus (/) to indicate reciprocal units is not supported; use negative exponents instead. Accepted unit abbreviations are listed by calling convert\_units with the -1 flag.

The optional output\_units should contain the units into which the input is to be converted, following the same conventions described above. If output\_units is present then it must have the same dimensions as input\_string. If output\_units is omitted (or an empty string) then conversion to SI base units will be performed.

The optional options\_list may include any of the following:

Table 1 SI prefixes.

name	prefix	factor	name	prefix	factor
yotta	Y	$10^{24}$	deci	d	$10^{-1}$
zetta	$\mathbf{Z}$	$10^{21}$	centi	$\mathbf{c}$	$10^{-2}$
exa	$\mathbf{E}$	$10^{18}$	milli	$\mathbf{m}$	$10^{-3}$
peta	Р	$10^{15}$	micro	$\mu^*$	$10^{-6}$
tera	${ m T}$	$10^{12}$	nano	$\mathbf{n}$	$10^{-9}$
giga	$\mathbf{G}$	$10^{9}$	pico	p	$10^{-12}$
mega	$\mathbf{M}$	$10^{6}$	femto	$\mathbf{f}$	$10^{-15}$
kilo	k	$10^{3}$	atto	a	$10^{-18}$
hecto	h	$10^{2}$	zepto	${f z}$	$10^{-21}$
deka	da	$10^{1}$	yocto	У	$10^{-24}$

<sup>\*</sup> convert\_units allows the ASCII character u as well as the Unicode symbols  $\mu$  (U+00B5) and  $\mu$  (U+03BC) to represent the micro prefix.

- -a|--arb Output in *arb* format, i.e. with units in square brackets before the numerical value. Implies -d.
- -d|--double-precision Output is formatted using the letter d for exponents (Fortran double precision copy-and-paste mode). This option is applied automatically if input\_string contains a double precision numerical value.
- -f|--format <format> Output is formatted using the specified format string. Any format string recognised by Ruby's Kernel#sprintf method is valid.
- -1|--list List all recognised units and their abbreviations.
- -s|--sig-figs Output with the same number of significant figures as the input. Over-rides -f.
- -t|--tdiff Specifies that input temperatures should be interpreted as temperature differences rather than references to absolute temperatures. See § 2 for examples.
- -v|--version Print version information.

### 2 Examples

```
> convert_units 'nM'
1e-06 mol m-3
> convert_units '2.5e-3 V cm-1'
0.25 kg m A-1 s-3
> convert_units '11.893 mile h-1' 'ft s-1'
17.4431 ft s-1
```

```
arb format:
> convert_units -a '0.84 pmol cm-2 min-1'
[mol m-2 s-1] 1.4d-10
Double precision mode:
> convert_units '2.5d-3 V cm-1'
0.25d0 \text{ kg m A-1 s-3}
> convert_units -d '2.5e-3 V cm-1'
0.25d0 \text{ kg m A-1 s-3}
Custom output formats:
> convert_units -f '%.3e' '1478.5 kJ kg-1 K-1' 'BTU lb-1 degF-1'
3.531e+02 BTU lb-1 degF-1
> convert_units -f '%.3f' '1478.5 kJ kg-1 K-1' 'BTU lb-1 degF-1'
353.132 BTU lb-1 degF-1
> convert_units -f '%.3g' '1478.5 kJ kg-1 K-1' 'BTU lb-1 degF-1'
353 BTU lb-1 degF-1
Significant figures mode:
> convert_units -s '10 atm' 'kPa'
1.0e+03 kPa
Temperature conversions:
> convert_units '100 degC'
373.15 K
> convert_units -t '100 degC'
> convert_units -- '-40 degC' 'degF'
-40 degF
> convert_units -t -- '-40 degC' 'degF'
-72 degF
```

# 3 Copyright and licence

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