

convert_units

v. 1.7+

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`convert_units` performs unit conversions, providing a command-line interface to the `Units` module that accompanies `rxntoarb` (`lib/units.rb` in the `rxntoarb` root directory). `convert_units` requires Ruby 1.9.3 or newer.

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1 Invocation and command-line options

`convert_units` is invoked as follows:

```
convert_units [options_list] <input_string> [output_units].
```

`input_string` should consist of an optional numerical value (assumed to be 1.0 if not specified) and a list of unit abbreviations, all of which should be separated by spaces (or alternatively by the `.` or `*` characters). Any valid SI prefix (see [Table 1](#)) may immediately precede the unit name. Note the difference between, e.g., `ms-1` (per millisecond) and `m s-1` (metre per second). Exponents on units should immediately follow the unit name, optionally preceded by the `^` character. Exponents may be integers, fractions, or decimals. Use of a solidus (`/`) to indicate reciprocal units is not supported; use negative exponents instead. Accepted unit abbreviations are listed by calling `convert_units` with the `-l` flag.

The optional `output_units` should contain the units into which the input is to be converted, following the same conventions described above. If `output_units` is present then it must have the same dimensions as `input_string`. If `output_units` is omitted (or an empty string) then conversion to SI base units will be performed.

Table 1 SI prefixes.

name	prefix	factor	name	prefix	factor
yotta	Y	10^{24}	deci	d	10^{-1}
zetta	Z	10^{21}	centi	c	10^{-2}
exa	E	10^{18}	milli	m	10^{-3}
peta	P	10^{15}	micro	μ*	10^{-6}
tera	T	10^{12}	nano	n	10^{-9}
giga	G	10^9	pico	p	10^{-12}
mega	M	10^6	femto	f	10^{-15}
kilo	k	10^3	atto	a	10^{-18}
hecto	h	10^2	zepto	z	10^{-21}
deka	da	10^1	yocto	y	10^{-24}

* `convert_units` allows the ASCII character `u` as well as the Unicode symbols μ (U+00B5) and µ (U+03BC) to represent the micro prefix.

The optional `options_list` may include any of the following:

- a|--arb Output in *arb* format, i.e. with units in square brackets before the numerical value. Implies -d.
- d|--double-precision Output is formatted using the letter `d` for exponents (Fortran double precision copy-and-paste mode). This option is applied automatically if `input_string` contains a double precision numerical value.
- f|--format <format> Output is formatted using the specified format string. Any format string recognised by Ruby's `Kernel#sprintf` method is valid.
- l|--list List all recognised units and their abbreviations.
- s|--sig-figs Output with the same number of significant figures as the input. Overrides -f.
- t|--tdiff Specifies that input temperatures should be interpreted as temperature differences rather than references to absolute temperatures. See § 2 for examples.
- v|--version Print version information.

2 Examples

```
> convert_units 'nM'
1e-06 mol m-3
> convert_units '2.5e-3 V cm-1'
0.25 kg m A-1 s-3
> convert_units '11.893 mile h-1' 'ft s-1'
17.4431 ft s-1
```

Fractional and decimal exponents:

```
> convert_units '8.34e-8 cP Da1/3 K-1 cm2 s-1' 'Pa s kDa1/3 K-1 m2 s-1'
8.34e-16 Pa s kDa1/3 K-1 m2 s-1
> convert_units '1 M0.5'
31.6228 mol0.5 m-1.5
```

arb format:

```
> convert_units -a '0.84 pmol cm-2 min-1'
[mol m-2 s-1] 1.4d-10
```

Double precision mode:

```
> convert_units '2.5d-3 V cm-1'
0.25d0 kg m A-1 s-3
> convert_units -d '2.5e-3 V cm-1'
0.25d0 kg m A-1 s-3
```

Custom output formats:

```
> convert_units -f '%.3e' '1478.5 kJ kg-1 K-1' 'BTU lb-1 °F-1'
3.531e+02 BTU lb-1 °F-1
> convert_units -f '%.3f' '1478.5 kJ kg-1 K-1' 'BTU lb-1 °F-1'
353.132 BTU lb-1 °F-1
> convert_units -f '%.3g' '1478.5 kJ kg-1 K-1' 'BTU lb-1 °F-1'
353 BTU lb-1 °F-1
```

Significant figures mode:

```
> convert_units -s '10 atm' 'kPa'
1.0e+03 kPa
```

Temperature conversions:

```
> convert_units '100 °C'
373.15 K
> convert_units -t '100 °C'
100 K
> convert_units -- '-40 °C' '°F'
-40 °F
```

3 Copyright and licence

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