# NEW JERSEY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY CS634 DATA MINING

# FINAL PROJECT

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION:

In this final project, I implemented three machine learning algorithms: Support Vector Machine, Random Forrest and Naïve Bayes - to predict breast cancer base on the patient's features. Every year, thousands of patients pass away because of breast cancer and most of them found out about their own disease when they already have symptoms like breast pain. Predicting breast cancer early through the bodies' feature will help reduce the number of deaths every year which is a very essential task in healthcare and medical service.

I used scikit-learn package – a python package for machine learning – to implement the algorithms. To evaluate my models for this task, I re-implement twelve metrics based on the confusion matrix and the results are significantly great which implies the models are goof and trustable for this task.

The structure of this report is as follow: in section 2, I will introduce the datasets; in section 3, I will go through the codes and implementation of the algorithms; finally, results will be displayed in the section 4.

Github link: https://github.com/khangtran2020/CS634 finalproject.git

### 2. DATASET:

Link to dataset: https://www.kaggle.com/c/breast-cancer-detection/data

I downloaded the breast cancer dataset from a Kaggle competition from the link above. This dataset contains a train file and a test file. However, in this project, I only used the train file sinc e the test-set's labels are hidden by the competition's organizers. In this training set, it contains 33 columns: 32 features columns and 1 label column — ['id', 'radius\_mean', 'texture\_mean', 'perimeter\_mean', 'area\_mean', 'smoothness\_mean', 'compactness\_mean', 'concavity\_mean', 'concave points\_mean', 'symmetry\_mean', 'fractal\_dimension\_mean', 'radius\_se', 'texture\_se', 'perimeter\_se', 'area\_se', 'smoothness\_se', 'concavity\_se', 'concave points\_se', 'symmetry\_se', 'fractal\_dimension\_se', 'radius\_worst', 'texture\_worst', \_worst', 'area\_worst', 'smoothness\_worst', 'compactness\_worst', 'concavity\_worst', 'concave points\_worst', 'symmetry\_worst', 'fractal\_dimension\_worst', 'Unname d: 32', 'diagnosis']. However, there are 2 useless feature columns: 'Unnamed: 32' and 'id', so I dropped these columns.

There's not null value in the dataset, so I don't have to fill in the null value. All of the column s are numerical value except the label. Therefore, I normalized the data before training and also applied the label encoder to the label columns.

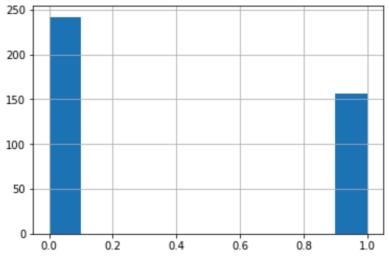


Figure 1: Distribution of the labels

The labels are imbalanced, so having a right and trustable metrics for this task is essential step. In the implementation I will go more detail how I deal with the data, but briefly, the data consists of 398 rows represent for the patients. I also implement k-Fold with 10-Fold, so each fold contains about 39 - 40 data points.

#### 3. IMPLEMENTATION:

In this part, I will report my implementation for this project. I will go through the libraries, data processing, metrics implementation and training process.

#### a. Libraries:

In this project, I used the libraries as in figure 2. First of all, I used pandas and os to read files and read the datasets since they're very strong in data processing. Pandas changes read the csv files and put it into a dataframe which can be easily manipulated and processed. I also used seaborn and matplotlib to plot the distribution of the features. Finally, for the machine learning algorithms, I used sklearn – scikit learn package which has many implemented machine learning algorithms in an optimized way.

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import or sklearn import preprocessing from sklearn.model_selection import KFold from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier from sklearn.svm import SVC from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Figure 2: Libraries used

And also, I used numpy combining with sklearn confusion matrix to implement the metrics.

# b. Data preprocessing:

As mention in section 2, some of the columns are not useful since they don't carry any information regards to the labels. Therefore, I dropped the useless features. For the rest of the columns, they are numerical value and have different scales, so I use standard scaler to scale the columns so that they all have the same range from 0 to 1.



Figure 3: Data preprocessing

And finally, for the diagnosis columns, since it's the label for the patients and originally its type is object, I use the label encoder of sklearn to change it into numerical: 1 for not normal and 0 for normal.

#### c. Metrics:

I used the sklearn confusion matrix to get the confusion matrix given the prediction and the true value. Then, from the confusion matrix, I got the true positive (tp), false positive (fp), true negative (tn) and false negative (fn) from the confusion matrix and put it in a metrics function which is re-implemented.

```
def metric(tn, fp, fn, tp):
    result = []
    tpr = tp/(tp+fn)
    result append(tpr)
    tnr = tn/(tn+fp)
    result append(trr)
    tnr = tn/(tn+fp)
    result append(trr)
    fpr = fp/(tn+fp)
    result append(fpr)
    fnr = fn/(tp+fn)
    result append(frr)
    recall = tp/(tp+fn)
    result append(recall)
    precision = tp/(tp+fp)
    presision = tp/(tp+fp)
    result append(precision)
    f1 = (2*tp)/(2*tp+fp+fn)
    result append(precision)
    f1 = (2*tp)/(2*tp+fp+fn)
    result append(frecision)
    result append(fr
```

Figure 4: Metrics

The metrics I used includes:

```
True positive rate: tp/(tp+fn)
False negative rate: fn/(tp+fn)
False positive rate: fp/(tn+fp)
True negative rate: tn/(tn+fp)
Recall: tp/(tp+fn)
Precision: tp/(tp+fp)
F1-score: (2tp)/(2tp+fp+fn)
Accuracy: (tp+tn)/(tp+fp+fn+tn)
Error: (fp+fn)/(tp+fp+fn+tn)
BACC: (tpr+tnr)/2
TSS: tp/(tp+fn) - fp/(fp+tn)
HSS: 2(tp*tn - fp*fn)/((tp+fn)*(fn+tn) + (tp+fp)*(fp+tn))
```

## d. Training:

For this project, I did 10-fold cross-validation. To implement cross-validation, I used sklearn to generate 10-fold data. For each fold, I created new models, re-trained them and performed validate on 1-fold data.

```
[11]: kf = KFold(n_splits=10, random_state=123)
    fold = 0
    svc_mean = np.zeros(12)
    rf_mean = np.zeros(12)
    gnb_mean = np.zeros(12)
    for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X, y):
        fold += 1
        print("Fold", str(fold))
        X_train, X_test = X[train_index], X[test_index]
        y_train, y_test = y[train_index], y[test_index]
```

Figure 5: 10-fold split

For SVM, I used the SVC class of sklearn package with gamma as "auto". At each fold I recreated a new SVC model and train it on the X\_train and y\_train of that fold. Then I used the trained model to predict on X\_test and apply the metric function to get the evaluation of that fold. Before the cross-validation process, I created a svc\_mean list to keep up the evaluation for svc model of each fold.

```
print("\tSVM model result:")
svc = SVC(gamma='auto')
svc.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_svc = svc.predict(X_test)
tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_svc).ravel()
svc_result = metric(tn, fp, fn, tp)
svc_mean += svc_result
print("\t\tTrue positive rate:", svc_result[0])
print("\t\tTrue negative rate:", svc_result[1])
print("\t\tFalse positive rate:", svc_result[2])
print("\t\tFalse negative rate:", svc_result[3])
print("\t\tRecall:", svc_result[4])
print("\t\tPrecision:", svc_result[5])
print("\t\tF1:", svc_result[6])
print("\t\tAccuracy:", svc_result[7])
print("\t\tError Rate:", svc_result[8])
print("\t\tBalance Accuracy:", svc_result[9])
print("\t\True skill statistics:", svc_result[10])
print("\t\tHeidke skill score:", svc_result[11])
```

Figure 6: SVM model

For Random Forrest, I used the Random Forrest Classifier (RandomForestClassifier) class of sklearn package with max\_depth equal 4 and 100 estimator. At each fold I re-created a new Random Forrest model and train it on the X\_train and y\_train of that fold. Then I used the trained model to predict on X\_test and apply the metric function to get the evaluation of that fold. The same as SVC, before the cross-validation process, I created a rf\_mean list to keep up the evaluation for random forrest model of each fold.

```
#Random Forrest
print("\tRandom Forest model result:")
rf = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=5, random_state=0)
rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_rf = rf.predict(X_test)
tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_rf).ravel()
rf_result = metric(tn, fp, fn, tp)
rf_mean += rf_result
print("\t\tTrue positive rate:", rf_result[0])
print("\t\tTrue negative rate:", rf_result[1])
print("\t\tFalse positive rate:", rf_result[2])
print("\t\tFalse negative rate:", rf_result[3])
print("\t\tRecall:", rf_result[4])
print("\t\tPrecision:", rf_result[5])
print("\t\tF1:", rf_result[6])
print("\t\tAccuracy:", rf_result[7])
print("\t\tError Rate:", rf_result[8])
print("\t\tBalance Accuracy:", rf_result[9])
print("\t\tTrue skill statistics:", rf_result[10])
print("\t\tHeidke skill score:", rf_result[11])
```

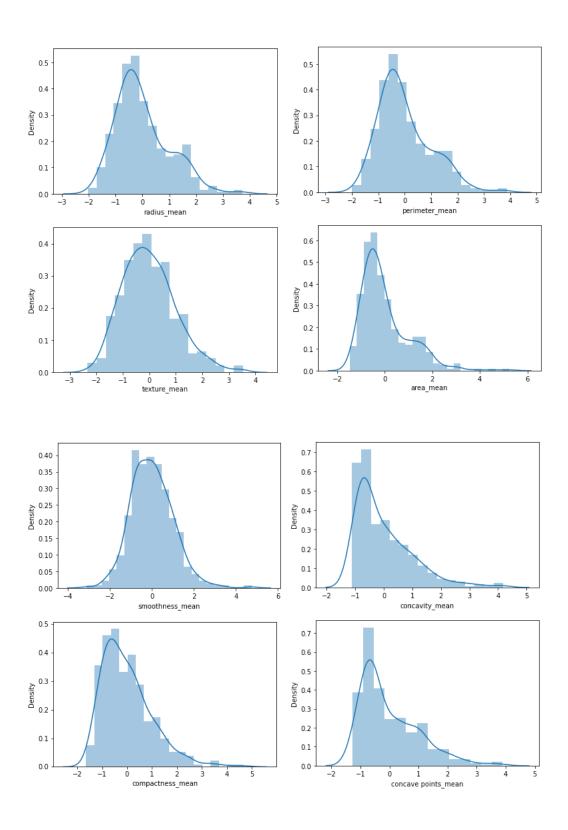
Figure 7: Random Forrest Classifier

For Naïve Bayes, I used the Gaussian Naïve Bayes (GaussianNB) class of sklearn package with default setting since the features are numerical values. At each fold I re-created a new GaussianNB model and train it on the X\_train and y\_train of that fold. Then I used the trained model to predict on X\_test and apply the metric function to get the evaluation of that fold. The same as SVC, before the cross-validation process, I created a gnb\_mean list to keep up the evaluation for naïve bayes model of each fold.

```
#Naive Bayes
print("\tNaive Bayes model result:")
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_gnb = gnb.predict(X_test)
tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_gnb).ravel()
gnb_result = metric(tn, fp, fn, tp)
gnb_mean += gnb_result
print("\t\tTrue positive rate:", gnb_result[0])
print("\t\tTrue negative rate:", gnb_result[1])
print("\t\tFalse positive rate:", gnb_result[2])
print("\t\tFalse negative rate:",
print("\t\tRecall:", gnb_result[4])
print("\t\tPrecision:", gnb_result[5])
print("\t\tF1:", gnb_result[6])
print("\t\tAccuracy:", gnb_result[7])
print("\t\tError Rate:", gnb_result[8])
print("\t\tBalance Accuracy:", gnb_result[9])
print("\t\tTrue skill statistics:", gnb_result[10])
print("\t\tHeidke skill score:", gnb_result[11])
                     Figure 8: Naive Bayes
```

## 4. RESULTS:

# a. Data Distribution:



# b. Model Evaluation:

Fold 1		Herane surve seelet eteseresesereseser
	SVM model result:	Fold 2
	True positive rate: 1.0	SVM model result: True positive rate: 1.0
	True negative rate: 1.0 False positive rate: 0.0	True negative rate: 1.0
	False negative rate: 0.0	False positive rate: 0.0
	Recall: 1.0	False negative rate: 0.0
	Precision: 1.0	Recall: 1.0
	F1: 1.0	Precision: 1.0 F1: 1.0
	Accuracy: 1.0 Error Rate: 0.0	Accuracy: 1.0
	Balance Accuracy: 1.0	Error Rate: 0.0
	True skill statistics: 1.0	Balance Accuracy: 1.0
	Heidke skill score: 1.0	True skill statistics: 1.0
	Random Forest model result:	Heidke skill score: 1.0 Random Forest model result:
	True positive rate: 0.9411764705882353 True negative rate: 1.0	True positive rate: 0.9411764705882353
	False positive rate: 0.0	True negative rate: 0.9565217391304348
	False negative rate: 0.058823529411764705	False positive rate: 0.043478260869565216
	Recall: 0.9411764705882353	False negative rate: 0.058823529411764705
	Precision: 1.0	Recall: 0.9411764705882353
	F1: 0.96969696969697	Precision: 0.9411764705882353 F1: 0.9411764705882353
	Accuracy: 0.975 Error Rate: 0.025	Accuracy: 0.95
	Balance Accuracy: 0.9705882352941176	Error Rate: 0.05
	True skill statistics: 0.9411764705882353	Balance Accuracy: 0.948849104859335
	Heidke skill score: 0.9484536082474226	True skill statistics: 0.8976982097186701
	Naive Bayes model result:	Heidke skill score: 0.8976982097186701 Naive Bayes model result:
	True positive rate: 0.8823529411764706 True negative rate: 1.0	True positive rate: 0.9411764705882353
	False positive rate: 0.0	True negative rate: 1.0
	False negative rate: 0.11764705882352941	False positive rate: 0.0
	Recall: 0.8823529411764706	False negative rate: 0.058823529411764705
	Precision: 1.0	Recall: 0.9411764705882353
	F1: 0.9375	Precision: 1.0 F1: 0.969696969697
	Accuracy: 0.95 Error Rate: 0.05	Accuracy: 0.975
	Balance Accuracy: 0.9411764705882353	Error Rate: 0.025
	True skill statistics: 0.8823529411764706	Balance Accuracy: 0.9705882352941176
	Heidke skill score: 0.8961038961038961	True skill statistics: 0.9411764705882353
		Heidke skill score: 0.9484536082474226
Fold 3	CVM model models	Fold 4
	SVM model result:	SVM model result:
	True positive rate: 1.0	True positive rate: 0.8947368421052632
	True negative rate: 1.0 False positive rate: 0.0	True negative rate: 0.9523809523809523 False positive rate: 0.047619047619047616
	False negative rate: 0.0	False negative rate: 0.10526315789473684
	Recall: 1.0	Recall: 0.8947368421052632
	Precision: 1.0	Precision: 0.94444444444444
	F1: 1.0	F1: 0.918918918919
	Accuracy: 1.0	Accuracy: 0.925
	Error Rate: 0.0	Error Rate: 0.075
	Balance Accuracy: 1.0	Balance Accuracy: 0.9235588972431077
	True skill statistics: 1.0	True skill statistics: 0.8471177944862156
	Heidke skill score: 1.0	Heidke skill score: 0.8492462311557789
	Random Forest model result:	Random Forest model result:
	True positive rate: 0.88888888888888888	True positive rate: 0.8947368421052632
	True negative rate: 1.0	True negative rate: 0.9523809523809523
	False positive rate: 0.0	False positive rate: 0.047619047619047616
	False negative rate: 0.111111111111111111111111111111111111	False negative rate: 0.10526315789473684 Recall: 0.8947368421052632
	Recall: 0.888888888888888888888888888888888888	Precision: 0.9444444444444444444444444444444444444
	F1: 0.9411764705882353	F1: 0.918918918919
	Accuracy: 0.975	Accuracy: 0.925
	Error Rate: 0.025	Error Rate: 0.075
	Balance Accuracy: 0.944444444444444	Balance Accuracy: 0.9235588972431077
	True skill statistics: 0.8888888888888888	True skill statistics: 0.8471177944862156
	Heidke skill score: 0.9253731343283582	Heidke skill score: 0.8492462311557789
	Naive Bayes model result:	Naive Bayes model result:
	True positive rate: 0.7777777777778	True positive rate: 0.8947368421052632
	True negative rate: 1.0	True negative rate: 0.9523809523809523
	False positive rate: 0.0	False positive rate: 0.047619047619047616
	False negative rate: 0.222222222222222	False negative rate: 0.10526315789473684
	Recall: 0.7777777777778	Recall: 0.8947368421052632
	Precision: 1.0	Precision: 0.944444444444444
	F1: 0.875	F1: 0.918918918919
	Accuracy: 0.95	Accuracy: 0.925
	Error Rate: 0.05	Error Rate: 0.075
	Balance Accuracy: 0.888888888888888888888888888888888888	Balance Accuracy: 0.9235588972431077 True skill statistics: 0.8471177944862156
	Heidke skill score: 0.8443579766536965	Heidke skill score: 0.847117/944802150
	SELEC SCO.CI 0107733/3/00330303	

```
Fold 9
                                                                          Fold 10
        SVM model result:
                                                                                   SVM model result:
                 True positive rate: 0.9473684210526315
                                                                                             True positive rate: 0.9411764705882353
                 True negative rate: 1.0
                                                                                             True negative rate: 1.0
                 False positive rate: 0.0
False negative rate: 0.05263157894736842
                                                                                             False positive rate: 0.0
                                                                                             False negative rate: 0.058823529411764705
                 Recall: 0.9473684210526315
                                                                                             Recall: 0.9411764705882353
                 Precision: 1.0
                                                                                             Precision: 1.0
                 F1: 0.972972972973
                                                                                             F1: 0.96969696969697
                 Accuracy: 0.9743589743589743
                                                                                             Accuracy: 0.9743589743589743
                 Error Rate: 0.02564102564102564
                                                                                             Error Rate: 0.02564102564102564
                 Balance Accuracy: 0.9736842105263157
                                                                                             Balance Accuracy: 0.9705882352941176
                  True skill statistics: 0.9473684210526315
                                                                                             True skill statistics: 0.9411764705882353
                 Heidke skill score: 0.9486166007905138
                                                                                             Heidke skill score: 0.9475100942126514
        Random Forest model result:
                                                                                   Random Forest model result:
                 True positive rate: 0.9473684210526315
                                                                                             True positive rate: 0.9411764705882353
True negative rate: 1.0
                 True negative rate: 1.0
                 False positive rate: 0.0
False negative rate: 0.05263157894736842
Recall: 0.9473684210526315
                                                                                             False positive rate: 0.0
False negative rate: 0.058823529411764705
                                                                                             Recall: 0.9411764705882353
                 Precision: 1.0
                                                                                             Precision: 1.0
                 F1: 0.972972972973
                                                                                             F1: 0.9696969696969697
                 Accuracy: 0.9743589743589743
Error Rate: 0.02564102564102564
                                                                                             Accuracy: 0.9743589743589743
                                                                                             Error Rate: 0.02564102564102564
                 Balance Accuracy: 0.9736842105263157
                                                                                             Balance Accuracy: 0.9705882352941176
                  True skill statistics: 0.9473684210526315
                                                                                             True skill statistics: 0.9411764705882353
                 Heidke skill score: 0.9486166007905138
                                                                                             Heidke skill score: 0.9475100942126514
        Naive Bayes model result:
True positive rate: 0.8947368421052632
                                                                                   Naive Bayes model result:
True positive rate: 0.8235294117647058
                 True negative rate: 1.0
                                                                                             True negative rate: 1.0
                 False positive rate: 0.0
False negative rate: 0.10526315789473684
Recall: 0.8947368421052632
                                                                                             False positive rate: 0.0
                                                                                             False negative rate: 0.17647058823529413
                  Precision: 1.0
                                                                                             Recall: 0.8235294117647058
                 F1: 0.9444444444444444
                                                                                             Precision: 1.0
                                                                                             F1: 0.9032258064516129
                  Accuracy: 0.9487179487179487
                                                                                             Accuracy: 0.9230769230769231
                 Error Rate: 0.05128205128205128
                 Balance Accuracy: 0.9473684210526316
                                                                                             Error Rate: 0.07692307692307693
                  True skill statistics: 0.8947368421052632
                                                                                             Balance Accuracy: 0.9117647058823529
                 Heidke skill score: 0.8970976253298153
                                                                                             True skill statistics: 0.8235294117647058
                                                                                             Heidke skill score: 0.8403819918144612
```

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#### c. Overall Evaluation:

```
svc_mean /= 10
rf_mean /= 10
gnb_mean /= 10
```

Figure 9: Calculate overall evaluation

print("Overall result for SVM model:")

```
print( "vtTrue positive rate:", svc_mean[0])
print("\tTrue negative rate:", svc_mean[1])
print("\tFalse positive rate:", svc_mean[2])
print("\tFalse negative rate:", svc_mean[3])
print("\tRecall:", svc_mean[4])
print("\tPrecision:", svc_mean[5])
print("\tF1:", svc_mean[6])
print("\tAccuracy:", svc_mean[7])
print("\tError Rate:", svc_mean[8])
print("\tBalance Accuracy:", svc_mean[9])
print("\tTrue skill statistics:", svc_mean[10])
print("\tHeidke skill score:", svc_mean[11])
Overall result for SVM model:
            True positive rate: 0.9629435579899976
True negative rate: 0.9743915343915344
             False positive rate: 0.025608465608465608
            False negative rate: 0.03705644201000238
Recall: 0.9629435579899976
            Precision: 0.9633755133755134
            F1: 0.9620123660123661
            Accuracy: 0.9698717948717949
            Error Rate: 0.030128205128205132
            Balance Accuracy: 0.968667546190766
True skill statistics: 0.9373350923815321
            Heidke skill score: 0.9359636913678747
            Figure 10: Overall results for SVM
```

```
: print("Overall result for Random Forest model:")
  print("\tTrue positive rate:", rf_mean[0])
  print("\tTrue negative rate:", rf_mean[1])
print("\tFalse positive rate:", rf_mean[2])
print("\tFalse negative rate:", rf_mean[3])
  print("\tRecall:", rf_mean[4])
  print("\tPrecision:", rf_mean[5])
  print("\tF1:", rf_mean[6])
  print("\tAccuracy:", rf_mean[7])
  print("\tError Rate:", rf_mean[8])
  print("\tBalance Accuracy:", rf_mean[9])
  print("\tTrue skill statistics:", rf_mean[10])
  print("\tHeidke skill score:", rf_mean[11])
  Overall result for Random Forest model:
           True positive rate: 0.9427600486888412
           True negative rate: 0.9734828617437312
           False positive rate: 0.02651713825626869
           False negative rate: 0.057239951311158735
           Recall: 0.9427600486888412
           Precision: 0.9642031171442937
           F1: 0.952650792679487
           Accuracy: 0.9623717948717948
           Error Rate: 0.03762820512820513
           Balance Accuracy: 0.9581214552162862
           True skill statistics: 0.9162429104325724
           Heidke skill score: 0.9197071842705571
           Figure 11: Overall Results for Random Forrest
```

```
print("Overall result for Naive Bayes model:")
print("\tTrue positive rate:", gnb_mean[0])
print("\tTrue negative rate:", gnb_mean[1])
print("\tFalse positive rate:", gnb_mean[2])
print("\tFalse negative rate:", gnb_mean[3])
print("\tRecall:", gnb_mean[4])
print("\tPrecision:", gnb_mean[5])
print("\tF1:", gnb_mean[6])
print("\tAccuracy:", gnb_mean[7])
print("\tError Rate:", gnb_mean[8])
print("\tBalance Accuracy:", gnb_mean[9])
print("\tTrue skill statistics:", gnb_mean[10])
print("\tHeidke skill score:", gnb_mean[11])
Overall result for Naive Bayes model:
        True positive rate: 0.8800207721415152
        True negative rate: 0.969126984126984
        False positive rate: 0.030873015873015868
        False negative rate: 0.11997922785848483
        Recall: 0.8800207721415152
        Precision: 0.957081807081807
        F1: 0.9152587428360954
        Accuracy: 0.9371794871794872
        Error Rate: 0.06282051282051282
        Balance Accuracy: 0.9245738781342496
        True skill statistics: 0.8491477562684994
        Heidke skill score: 0.8622785377668631
        Figure 12: Overall results of Naive Bayes
```

## 5. CONCLUSION:

In this project, I implement SVM, Random Forrest and Naïve Bayes for Breast Cancer Classification task. The results of three models are very good and trustable since the evaluation have great value. From these results, I believe that these models can be used for this task in the futures.