

# Emir's R Notebook

MidTerm Project

01/11/2019

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## Software Tools

### 5th Week - R Language Part 1

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#### Part 1 - Basic Math

```
#arithmetic operators
```

#### Part 2 - Assignment

- Create a new object with the value. (Use Part 1 for value)
- Print your new object

```
#assignment arrow  
#print()
```

#### Part 3 - Class

- Print your name as a character string.
- Print your age as a numeric type.
- Print your age as a character type.
- Try to print your name as a numeric type. (!) kidding
- Check classes for all.
- What is the class of TRUE and NA ?

```
# print()  
# " ... "  
# class()
```

#### Part 4 - Vector

- Create a new vector which has 4 elements with **numeric** class.
- Print you vector with **sorting**. (decreasing = TRUE)
- Add a new **character** element at your new vector.
- Now you must have 5 elemets. Learn the **length** of your vector.
- Check the class of your vector. Numeric or Character ?
- Now create another new vector, but now use **sequence** function.

$$2^{2+1} - 4 + 64^{-2^{2.25-\frac{1}{4}}}$$

Figure 1:

```
# combine them
# my_new_vector <-
# sort
# length()
# seq()
```

## Part 5 - Matrice

- Create a new **matrice** with 4 rows and 5 columns, using **random** variables.
- Select the grid located in 2nd row and 3rd columns. Change it with **TRUE** (assignment).
- Check the **dimension**, **structure**, **length** and **class** of your matrix.

```
# runif()
# matrix()
# indexing with []
# length()
# dim()
# str()
# class()
```

## Part 6 - Array

- Create a new **vector** which has 4 elements, **character**.
- Create a new **matrice** with 2 rows and 4 columns, **character**.
- Combine them, and create a new **array** with 2 rows, 4 columns and 2 layers. (first row must be vector, second and third rows must be matrix for each layer)
- Add **+2** for each values of 2nd layer of **matrix**.
- Check the **dimension**, **structure**, **length** and **class** of your matrix.
- Print values **which** is greater than or equal to 5

```
# vector()
# matrix()
# array()
# length()
# dim()
# str()
# length
# class()
# which()
# >=
```

## Part 7 - Data Frame

- **Read** and assign the data “18397\_Cekmekoy\_Omerli\_15dk.txt”. (*header=TRUE, sep = “;”*) (for example, `<my_txt_data>`)
- Check the **class** and **structure** of your new data. It must be **data.frame**.
- Take the “*Temperature*” parameter and save it as a new variable. (It will look like a vector)
- **Plot** the “temperature” vector.
- Find values **which** is lower than 20 and change them with **NA**.
- Print and Plot the new “temperature” vector
- Replace these new temperature values with old temperature values located in your data frame. (`my_txt_data`)
- Write your data frame as a new csv file.

```
# read.table()
# my_txt_data <-
# class()
```

```
# my_txt_data$  
# plot()  
# which()  
# <20
```