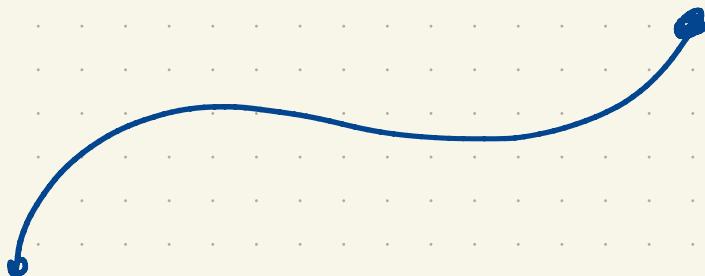


$$\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} |\gamma'(t_k)| \Delta t \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_a^b |\gamma'(t)| dt$$

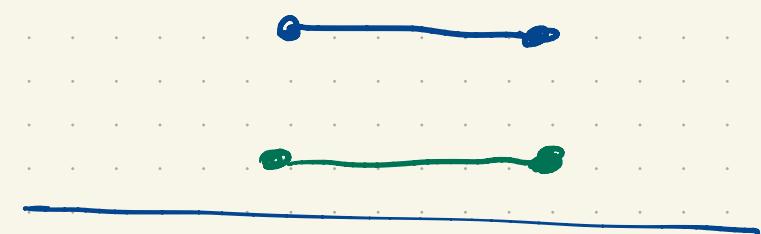


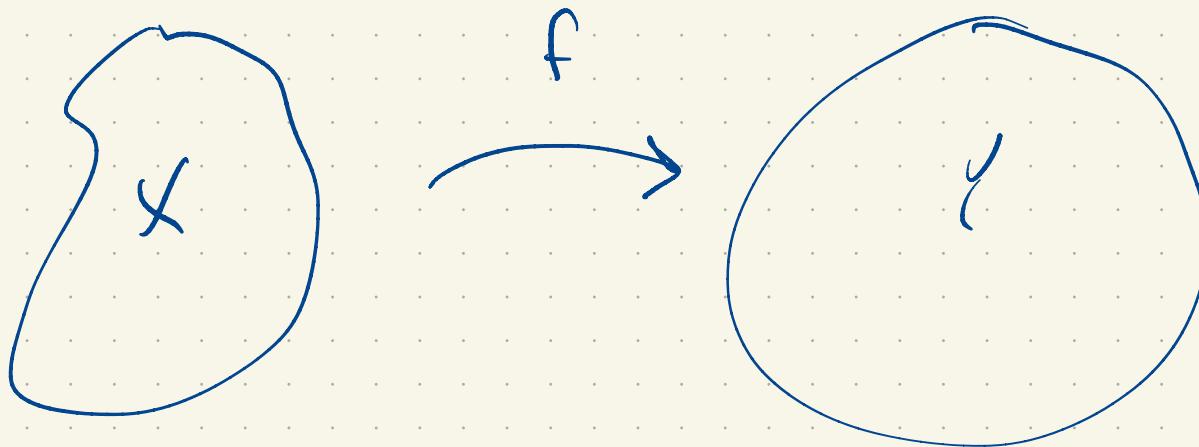
$$z(t) = x(t) + iy(t)$$

H1

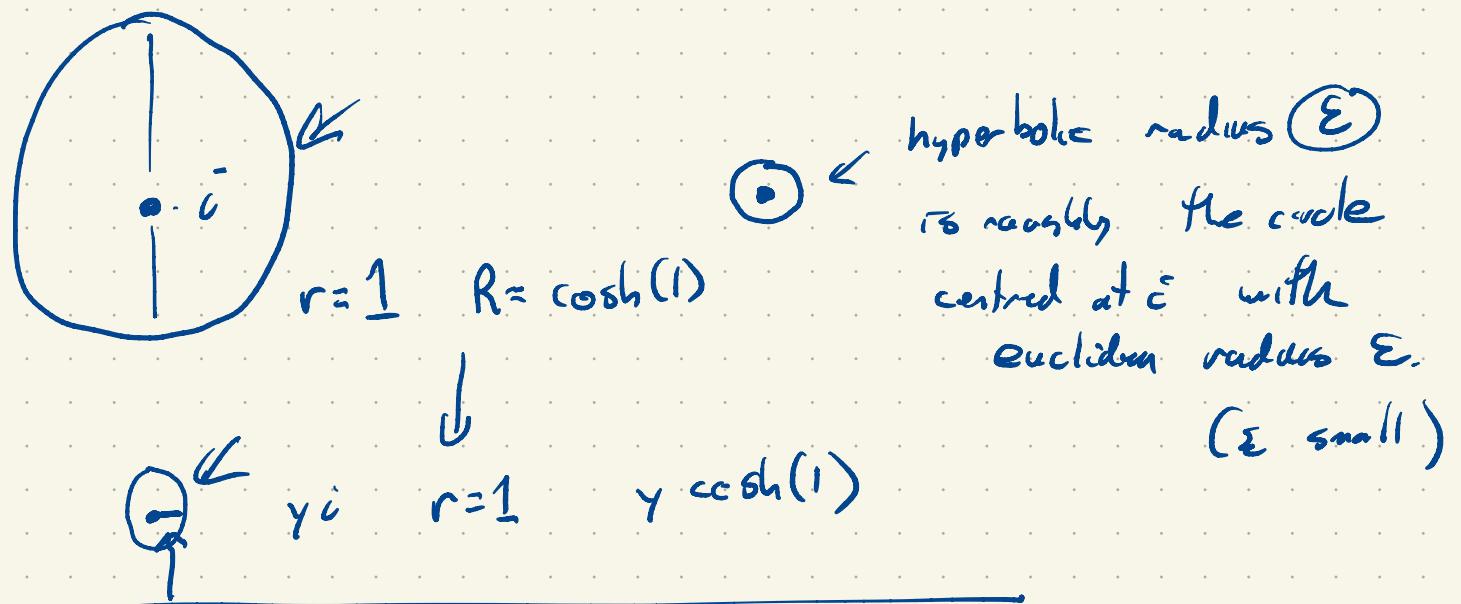


$$\int_a^b \frac{|z'(t)|}{y(t)} dt$$

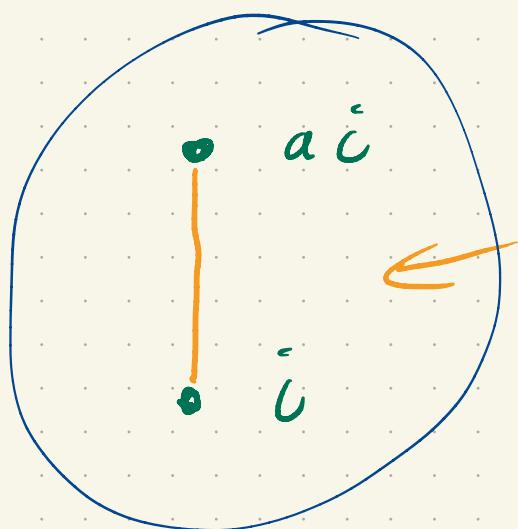




f is onto if $\forall y \in Y \exists x \in X$ with $f(x) = y$.



A tiny ball centred at yc with Euclidean radius ϵ
 \hookrightarrow roughly be hyperbolic ball centred at yc with
 hyperbolic radius ϵ_y



$$\underline{\epsilon_y}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} a^t$$

arcsinh

$$z(t) = e^{\ln(a)t} \cdot i$$

$$z(0) = i \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$z(1) = ai$$

$$z'(t) = \ln(a) e^{\ln(a)t} \cdot i$$

$$y(t) = e^{\ln(a)t}$$

$$d_H(i, ai) = \left| \ln\left(\frac{ai}{i}\right) \right|$$

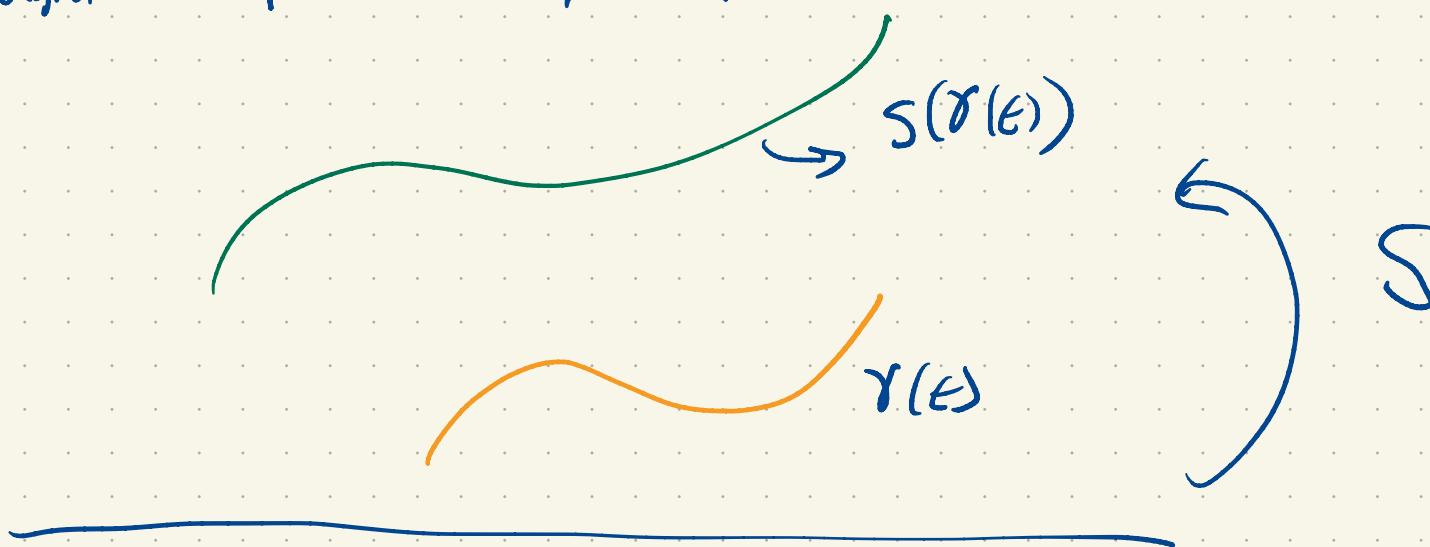
$\approx |\ln(a)|$

$$|z'(t)| = |\ln(a)| e^{|\ln(a)|t}$$

$$\frac{|z'(t)|}{\gamma(t)} = |\ln(a)|$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{|z'(t)|}{\gamma(t)} dt = \int_0^1 |\ln(a)| dt = |\ln(a)|$$

Arclength is preserved by hyperbolic transformations.



$$l_H(\gamma) \quad \gamma: [a, b] \rightarrow H$$

$$\hookrightarrow \int_a^b \frac{|\gamma'(t)|}{\gamma(t)} dt$$

$$l_H(\gamma) = l_H(S \circ \gamma)$$

$$z \equiv \gamma$$

$$w(t) = S(z(t))$$

$$w'(t) = ?$$

$$S(z) = \frac{az + b}{cz + d}$$

a, b, c, d are real

$$ad - bc = 1$$

$$w(t) = \frac{az(t) + b}{cz(t) + d}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} w(t) = \frac{az'(cz+d) - (az+b)cz'}{(cz+d)^2}$$

$$= \frac{(ad-bc)z'}{(cz+d)^2} = \frac{z'}{(cz+d)^2}$$

$$w(t) = X(t) + c Y(t) \quad Y(t) = \frac{w(t) - \bar{w}(t)}{2i}$$

$$\frac{|w'(t)|}{Y(t)}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{1}{2i} \left[\frac{az+b}{cz+d} - \frac{a\bar{z}+b}{c\bar{z}+d} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \frac{(az+b)(c\bar{z}+d) - (a\bar{z}+b)(cz+d)}{|cz+d|^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \frac{adz + bc\bar{z} - ad\bar{z} - bcz}{|cz+d|^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \frac{(ad - bc)(z - \bar{z})}{|cz+d|^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(cz+d)^2} \frac{z - \bar{z}}{2i}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(cz+d)^2} Y(t)$$

$$z = x(t) + iy(t)$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{1}{|cz+d|^2} \gamma(t)$$

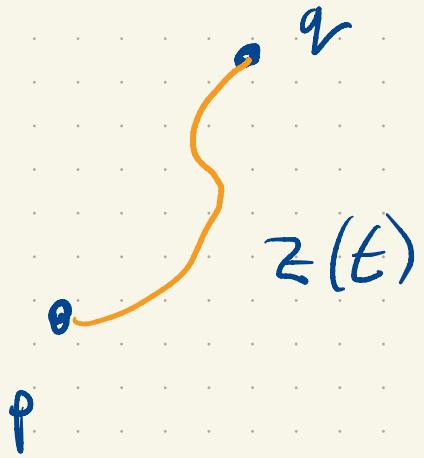
$$w'(t) = \frac{z'}{(cz+d)^2} \quad |w'| = \frac{|z'|}{|cz+d|^2}$$

$$\frac{|w'|}{Y} = \frac{|z'|}{|cz+d|^2} \quad \frac{|cz+d|^2}{Y} = \frac{|z'|}{Y}$$

$$\int_a^b \frac{|w'(t)|}{Y} dt = \int_a^b \frac{|z'(t)|}{Y} dt$$

↙

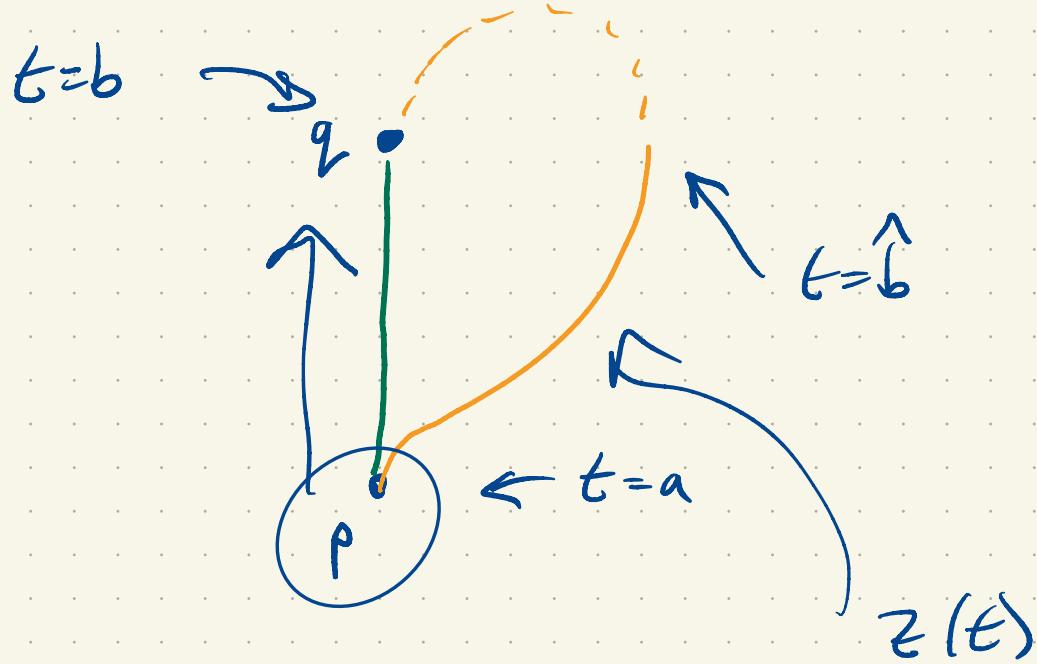
w length is preserved.



$$z(a) = p$$

$$d_H(p, q) \leq \int_a^b \frac{|z'(t)|}{\gamma(t)} dt$$

arc length



$$|z'| = \sqrt{(x')^2 + (y')^2} \geq |y'|$$

$$\int_a^b \frac{|z'(t)|}{|y(t)|} dt \geq \int_a^b \frac{|z'(t)|}{|y(t)|} dt \\ \geq \int_a^b \frac{|y'(t)|}{|y(t)|} dt$$

$$\geq \int_a^b \frac{y'(t)}{y(t)} dt \quad u = y(t)$$

$$du = y'(t) dt$$

$$= \ln \left(\frac{y(\hat{b})}{y(a)} \right)$$

$$= \left| \ln \left(\frac{y(\hat{b})}{y(a)} \right) \right|$$

$$= \left| \ln \left(\frac{q(p)}{p(q)} \right) \right|$$

$$= d_H(p, q)$$

$$d_H(p, q) \leq d_H(p, r) + d_H(r, q) \quad p, q, r \in H$$

