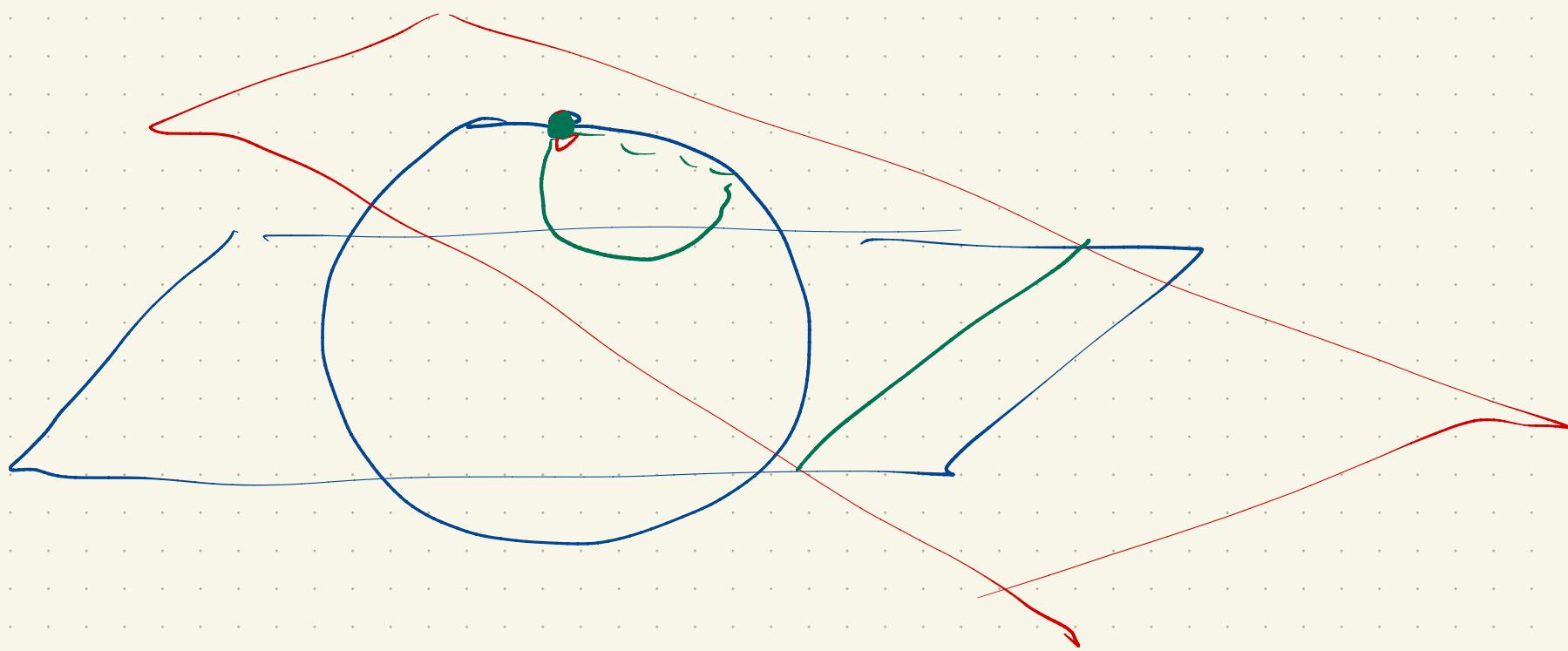
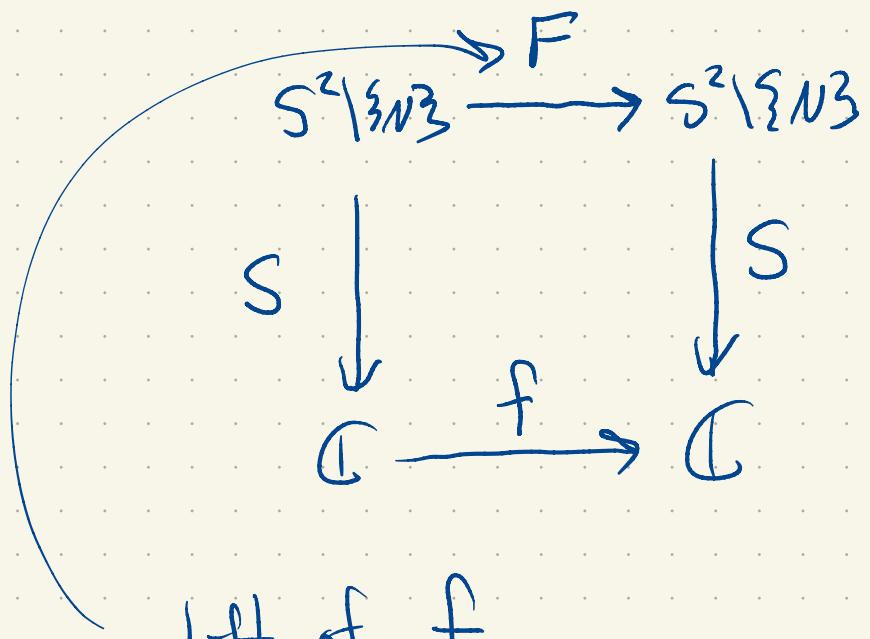


Stereographic projection is conformal. (!!)



$$S^2 \setminus \{N\} \xrightarrow{S} \mathbb{C}$$
$$\xleftarrow[S^{-1}]{\quad} \text{Your job (HW)}$$



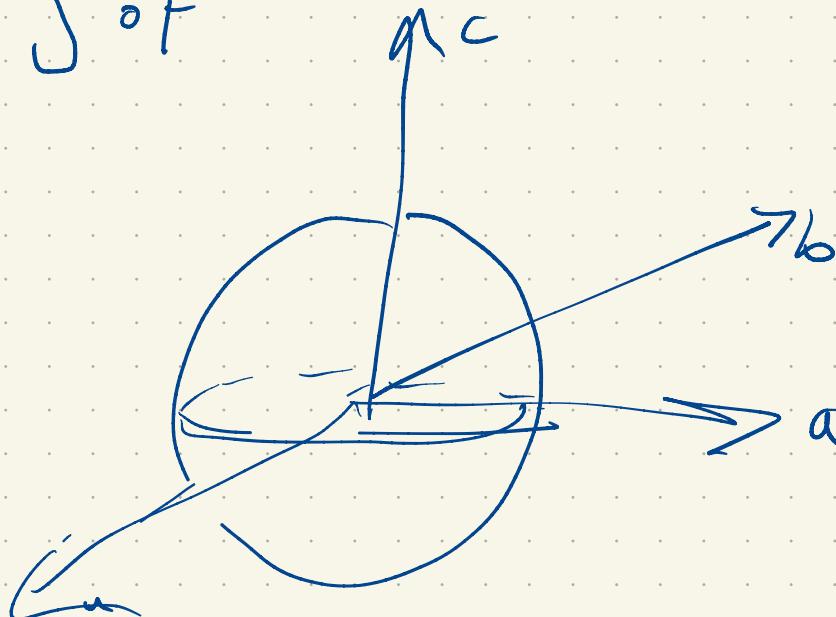
$$f(z) = z^2$$

$$f(z) = \bar{z}$$

a lift of f .

$$f \circ S = S \circ F$$

$$f(z) = \bar{z}$$



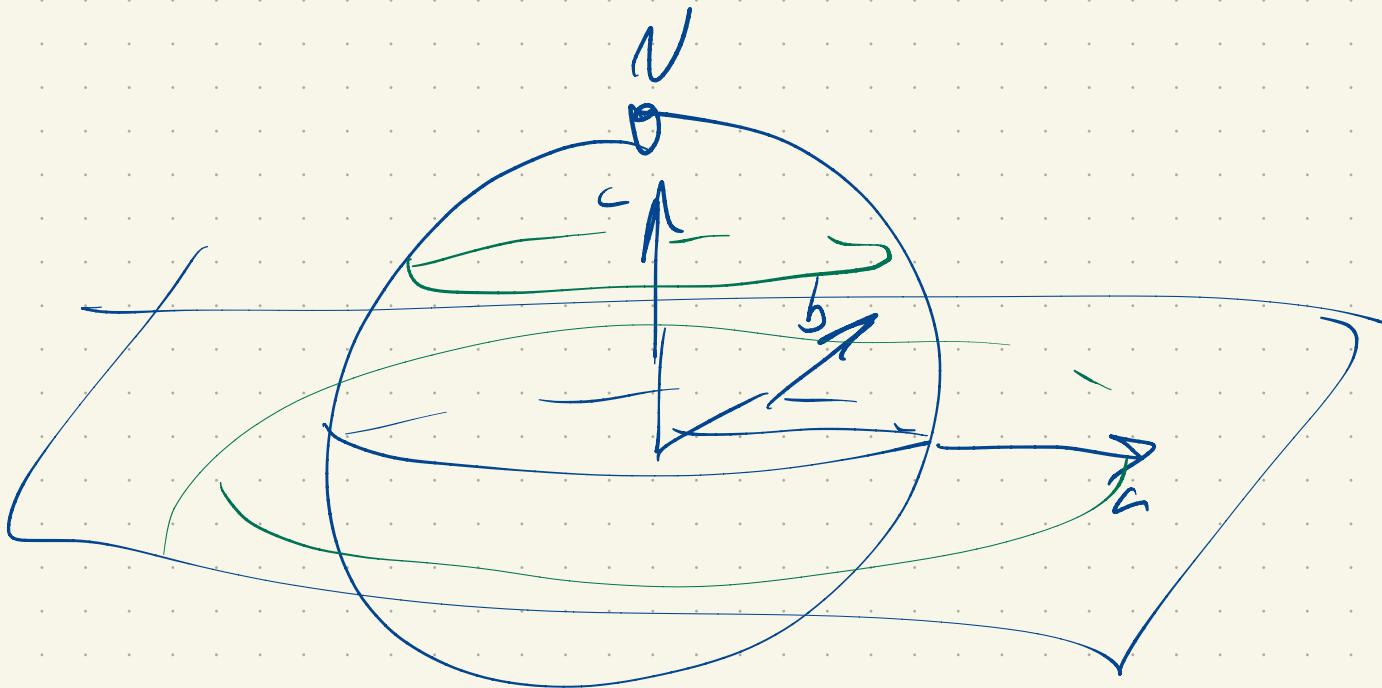
$$F(a, b, c) = (a, -b, c)$$

$$\underbrace{f \circ S}_{=} = S \circ F$$

$$f \circ S(a, b, c) = f\left(\frac{a}{1-c} + \frac{c}{1-c}b\right) = \frac{a}{1-c} - \frac{c}{1-c}b$$

$$S \circ F(a, b, c) = S(a, -b, c) = \frac{a}{1-c} - \frac{c}{1-c}b$$

$$f(z) = e^{i\theta} z \quad \theta \in \mathbb{R}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta a - \sin\theta b \\ \sin\theta a + \cos\theta b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$

rotation matrix
about c-axis by angle θ

$$F(a, b, c) = (\cos\theta a - \sin\theta b, \sin\theta a + \cos\theta b, c)$$

$$S \circ F(a, b, c) = \frac{\cos \theta a - \sin \theta b}{1-c} + i \left(\frac{\sin \theta a + \cos \theta b}{1-c} \right)$$

$$f \circ S(a, b, c) = f\left(\frac{a}{1-c} + i \frac{b}{1-c}\right)$$

$$= e^{ic\theta} \left(\frac{a}{1-c} + i \frac{b}{1-c} \right)$$

$$= (\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) \left(\underbrace{\frac{a}{1-c} + i \frac{b}{1-c}}_{=} \right) =$$



$$\bar{I}(z) = \frac{1}{\bar{z}} = \frac{z}{|z|^2}$$

$$f \circ S = S \circ F$$

$$|z|^2 = \frac{a^2 + b^2}{(1-c)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{I}(S(a, b, c)) &= \bar{I}\left(\frac{a}{1-c} + i \frac{b}{1-c}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\frac{(1-c)^2}{a^2+b^2}} \frac{1}{1-c} (a+ib) \end{aligned}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 1 \quad = \frac{(1-c)^3}{1-c^2} \frac{1}{1-c} (a+cb)$$

$$= \frac{1-c}{1-c^2} (a+cb)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+c} (a+cb)$$

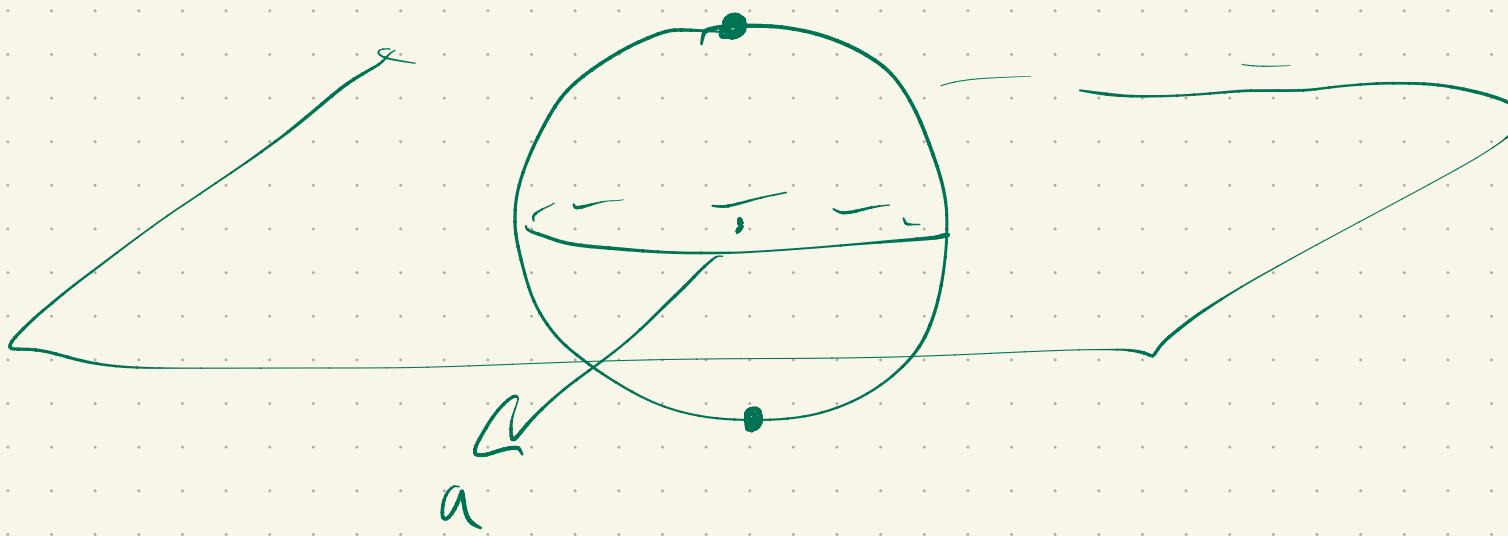
$$= \frac{a}{1+c} + c \frac{b}{1+c}$$



$$F(a, b, c) = (a, b, -c)$$

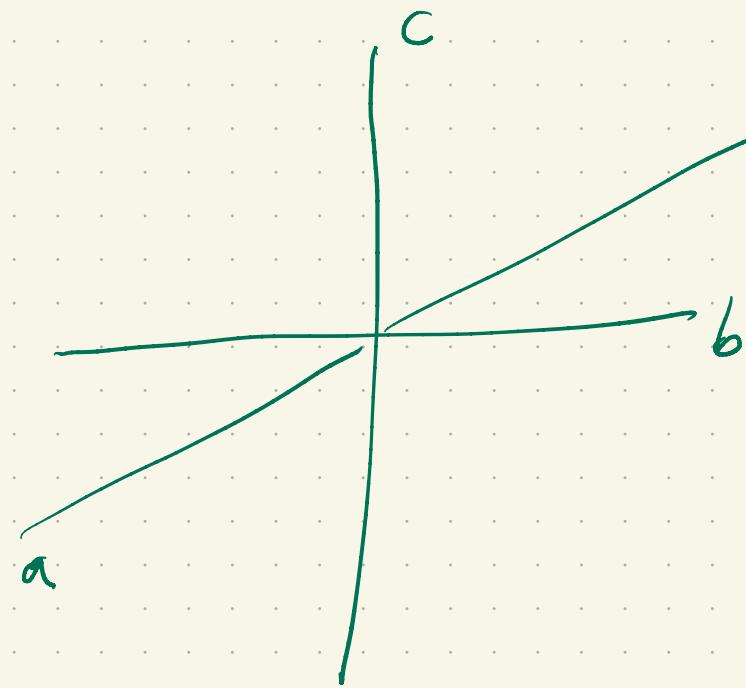
$$S \circ F(a, b, c) = S(a, b, -c) = \frac{a}{1-(c)} + c \frac{b}{1-(c)}$$

$$= \frac{a}{1+c} + c \frac{b}{1+c}$$



$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z} = \overline{I(z)}$$

$$F(a, b, c) = (a, -b, -c)$$



The lift of complex inversion is simply a rotation
by π radians about the σ axis.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S^2 & \xrightarrow{F} & S^2 \\ \downarrow S & & \downarrow S \\ \overline{\mathbb{C}} & \xrightarrow{f} & \overline{\mathbb{C}} \end{array}$$

$$S^2 \setminus \text{SN,SB}$$

$$S \downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$re^{i\theta}$$

$$z^2 + c = 0$$

$$z = a + ib$$

$$z^2 = -c$$

$$z = \pm \sqrt{-c}$$

