Međusektorska analiza

Matematika za ekonomiste 1

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Zadatak 1

Zadana je input-output tablica dvosektorskog modela ekonomije.

	X_{ij}		V.	X_i	
	1	2	1 j	λ_i	
1	220	540	340	1100	
2	330	202.5	817.5	1350	

- Odredite matricu tehničkih koeficijenata.
- Odredite matricu tehnologije.
- Odredite matricu multiplikator.
- Odredite novu ukupnu proizvodnju ako je nova finalna potražnja Y = (388, 888).
- e) Napravite novu međusektorsku tablicu na temelju nove finalne potražnje.

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Međusektorska analiza (input – output analiza)

• Matrica tehničkih koeficijenata

$$A = [a_{ij}], \qquad a_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij}}{X_i}$$

• Matrica tehnologije

$$T = I - A$$

• Matrica multiplikator

$$M = T^{-1} = (I - A)^{-1}$$

• Strukturni oblik input-output modela

$$(I-A)X=Y$$

vektor ukupne proizvodnje

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \end{bmatrix}$$

vektor finalne potražnje

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ \vdots \\ Y_n \end{bmatrix}$$

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Rješenje

a) Matrica tehničkih koeficijenata

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \qquad A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \\ \frac{3}{10} & \frac{3}{20} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = \frac{X_{11}}{X_1} = \frac{220}{1100} = \frac{1}{5}$$
 $a_{12} = \frac{X_{12}}{X_2} = \frac{540}{1350} = \frac{2}{5}$

$$a_{12} = \frac{X_{12}}{X_2} = \frac{540}{1350} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$a_{21} = \frac{X_{21}}{X_1} = \frac{330}{1100} = \frac{3}{100}$$

$$a_{21} = \frac{X_{21}}{X_1} = \frac{330}{1100} = \frac{3}{10}$$
 $a_{22} = \frac{X_{22}}{X_2} = \frac{202.5}{1350} = \frac{3}{20}$

$$a_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij}}{X_j}$$

$$\frac{202.5}{1350} = \frac{202.5 \cdot 10}{1350 \cdot 10} = \frac{2025}{13500} = \frac{3}{20}$$

b) Matrica tehnologije

$$T = I - A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \\ \frac{3}{10} & \frac{3}{20} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} \\ -\frac{3}{10} & \frac{17}{20} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{20} \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -8 \\ -6 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

d) (I - A)X = Y $X = (I - A)^{-1}Y$ $5 \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 388 \end{bmatrix}$ $X = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{17125}{14} \\ \frac{10335}{7} \end{bmatrix}$

 $X = \frac{5}{56} \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 8 \\ 6 & 16 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 388 \\ 888 \end{bmatrix}$

 $X = \frac{5}{56} \begin{bmatrix} 13700 \\ 16536 \end{bmatrix}$

 $X = \begin{bmatrix} 1223.21 \\ 1476.43 \end{bmatrix}$

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c) Matrica multiplikator

$$T = \frac{1}{20} \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -8 \\ -6 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$M = (I - A)^{-1} = T^{-1}$$

$$M = \left(\frac{1}{20}\right)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -8 \\ -6 & 17 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$M = 20 \cdot \frac{1}{16 \cdot 17 - (-6) \cdot (-8)} \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 8 \\ 6 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = 20 \cdot \frac{1}{224} \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 8 \\ 6 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $M = \frac{5}{56} \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 8 \\ 6 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \\ \frac{3}{10} & \frac{3}{20} \end{bmatrix}$$

 $X = \begin{bmatrix} 1223.21 \\ 1476.43 \end{bmatrix}$

$$X_{11} = a_{11}X_1 = \frac{1}{5} \cdot 1223.21 = 244.642 \approx 244.64$$

$$X_{12} = a_{12}X_2 = \frac{2}{5} \cdot 1476.43 = 590.572 \approx 590.57$$

$$X_{21} = a_{21}X_1 = \frac{3}{10} \cdot 1223.21 = 366.963 \approx 366.96$$

$$X_{22} = a_{22}X_2 = \frac{3}{20} \cdot 1476.43 = 221.4645 \approx 221.46$$

$$a_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij}}{X_i} \qquad X_{ij} = a_{ij}X_j$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 388 \\ 888 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Zadatak 2

Zadana je matrica tehnologije

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.5 \\ -0.1 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.2 & -0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

a) Odredite matricu tehničkih koeficijenata i matricu finalne potražnje ako je zadana matrica ukupnog outputa pojedinog sektora

- b) Napravite pripadnu input-output tablicu.
- c) Napravite novu međusektorsku tablicu tako da finalna potražnja bude vektor (800, 350, 400).

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$$(I-A)X=Y$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.5 \\ -0.1 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.2 & -0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 750 \\ 340 \\ 420 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 540 \\ 265 \\ 100 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Rješenje

a) Matrica tehnologije T = I - A

$$T = egin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.5 \ -0.1 & 1 & 0 \ -0.2 & -0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrica tehničkih koeficijenata

$$A = I - T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.5 \\ -0.1 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.2 & -0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0.1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.2 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{vmatrix} X_{21} = a_{21}X_1 = 0.1 \cdot 750 = 75 \\ X_{22} = a_{22}X_2 = 0 \cdot 340 = 0 \\ X_{23} = a_{23}X_3 = 0 \cdot 420 = 0 \end{vmatrix}$$
$$X_{31} = a_{31}X_1 = 0.2 \cdot 750 = 150$$
$$X_{32} = a_{32}X_2 = 0.5 \cdot 340 = 170$$
$$X_{23} = a_{23}X_3 = 0 \cdot 420 = 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

b) X_{ij} Y_i 3 210 540 750 75 265 340 0 150 170 100 420

$$X_{11} = a_{11}X_1 = 0 \cdot 750 = 0$$

$$X_{12}=a_{12}X_2=0\cdot 340=0$$

$$X_{13} = a_{13}X_3 = 0.5 \cdot 420 = 210$$

$$X_{21} = a_{21}X_1 = 0.1 \cdot 750 = 75$$

$$X_{22} = a_{22}X_2 = 0 \cdot 340 = 0$$

$$X_{23} = a_{23}X_3 = 0.420 = 0$$
 $X_{33} = a_{33}X_3 = 0.420 = 0$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.1 & 0 \\ 0.2 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 750 \\ 340 \\ 420 \end{bmatrix} \qquad Y = \begin{bmatrix} 540 \\ 265 \\ 100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{31} = a_{31}X_1 = 0.2 \cdot 750 = 150$$

$$X_{32} = a_{32}X_2 = 0.5 \cdot 340 = 170$$

$$X_{33} = a_{33}X_3 = 0.420 = 0$$

$$a_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij}}{X_i} \qquad X_{ij} = a_{ij}X_j$$

c) Matrica multiplikator
$$M = (I - A)^{-1} = T^{-1}$$
 $(I - A)X = Y$

$$T = I - A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.5 \\ -0.1 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.2 & -0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{10} & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{5} & -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 875$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 875$$

$$I - A = \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det B} \cdot B^*$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det B} \cdot B^*$$

$$(I - A)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = 10B^{-1}$$

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$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_{11} = 100, \quad B_{12} = 10, \quad B_{13} = 25$$

$$B_{21} = 25, \quad B_{22} = 90, \quad B_{23} = 50$$

$$B_{31} = 50, \quad B_{32} = 5, \quad B_{33} = 100$$

$$\det B = 875$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{875} \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 10 & 25 \\ 25 & 90 & 50 \\ 50 & 5 & 100 \end{bmatrix}^{T} = \frac{1}{875} \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 25 & 50 \\ 10 & 90 & 5 \\ 25 & 50 & 100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(I - A)^{-1} = 10B^{-1} = 10 \cdot \frac{1}{875} \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 25 & 50 \\ 10 & 90 & 5 \\ 25 & 50 & 100 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{2}{175} \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 25 & 50 \\ 10 & 90 & 5 \\ 25 & 50 & 100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det B} \cdot B^*$$

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$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} A_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} M_{ij} \\ B_{22} = (-1)^{2+2} & \begin{vmatrix} 10 & -5 \\ -2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 90$$

$$B_{11} = (-1)^{1+1} \begin{vmatrix} 10 & 0 \\ -5 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 100$$
 $B_{23} = (-1)^{2+3} \begin{vmatrix} 10 & 0 \\ -2 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = 50$

$$B_{12} = (-1)^{1+2} \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 10$$
 $B_{31} = (-1)^{3+1} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -5 \\ 10 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 50$

$$B_{13} = (-1)^{1+3} \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 10 \\ -2 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = 25$$
 $B_{32} = (-1)^{3+2} \begin{vmatrix} 10 & -5 \\ -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 5$

$$B_{21} = (-1)^{2+1} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -5 \\ -5 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 25$$
 $B_{33} = (-1)^{3+3} \begin{vmatrix} 10 & 0 \\ -1 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 100$

$$(I - A)X = Y$$

$$X = (I - A)^{-1}Y$$

$$X = \frac{2}{175} \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 25 & 50 \\ 10 & 90 & 5 \\ 25 & 50 & 100 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 800 \\ 350 \\ 400 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{8700}{7} \\ \frac{3320}{7} \\ \frac{6200}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \frac{2}{175} \begin{bmatrix} 108750 \\ 41500 \\ 77500 \end{bmatrix} \qquad X = \begin{bmatrix} 1242.86 \\ 474.29 \\ 885.71 \end{bmatrix}$$

	X_{ij}			Y_i	X_i
	1	2	3	1 ;	λ_i
1	0	0	442.86	800	1242.86
2	124.29	0	0	350	474.29
3	248.57	237.14	0	400	885.71

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0.1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.2 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{11} = a_{11}X_1 = 0 \cdot 1242.86 = 0$$

 $X_{12} = a_{12}X_2 = 0 \cdot 474.29 = 0$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 800 \\ 350 \\ 400 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1242.86 \\ 474.29 \\ 885.71 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{13} = a_{13}X_3 = 0.5 \cdot 885.71 = 442.86$$

$$X_{21} = a_{21}X_1 = 0.1 \cdot 1242.86 = 124.29$$

$$X_{22} = a_{22}X_2 = 0 \cdot 474.29 = 0$$

$$X_{23} = a_{23}X_3 = 0.885.71 = 0$$

$$\boxed{a_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij}}{X_i}} \qquad \boxed{X_{ij} = a_{ij}X_j}$$

$$X_{31} = a_{31}X_1 = 0.2 \cdot 1242.86 = 248.57$$

$$X_{32} = a_{32}X_2 = 0.5 \cdot 474.29 = 237.14$$

$$X_{33} = a_{33}X_3 = 0.885.71 = 0$$

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Rješenje

a) Matrica multiplikator

$$M = (I - A)^{-1}, \quad M = T^{-1}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 3.2 & 3.2 \\ 1.75 & 3.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrica tehnologije

$$T = I - A$$
, $T = M^{-1}$

$$\det M = 3.2 \cdot 3.5 - 1.75 \cdot 3.2 = 5.6$$

$$T = \frac{1}{5.6} \begin{bmatrix} 3.5 & -3.2 \\ -1.75 & 3.2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{8} & -\frac{4}{7} \\ -\frac{5}{16} & \frac{4}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\frac{-1.75}{5.6} = \frac{-175}{560} = \frac{-5}{16}$$

$$A = I - T$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} (I - A)^{-1}, & M = T^{-1} \\ M = \begin{bmatrix} 3.2 & 3.2 \\ 1.75 & 3.5 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{8} & -\frac{4}{7} \\ -\frac{5}{16} & \frac{4}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & \frac{4}{7} \\ \frac{5}{16} & \frac{3}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{5.6} \begin{bmatrix} 3.5 & -3.2 \\ -1.75 & 3.2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{8} & -\frac{4}{7} \\ -\frac{5}{16} & \frac{4}{7} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \frac{3.5}{5.6} = \frac{35}{56} = \frac{5}{8}$$
$$\frac{-3.2}{5.6} = \frac{-32}{56} = \frac{-4}{7}$$

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Zadatak 3

Zadana je matrica multiplikator

- a) Napravite input-output tablicu ako je vektor finalne potražnje jednak (130, 95).
- b) Za koliko posto se mora povećati proizvodnja u pojedinom sektoru ako se finalna potražnja u prvom sektoru poveća za 20%?

$$(I - A)X = Y$$
$$X = (I - A)^{-1}Y$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 3.2 & 3.2 \\ 1.75 & 3.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 130 \\ 95 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 720 \\ 560 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{8} & \frac{4}{7} \\ \frac{5}{16} & \frac{3}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_{11} = a_{11}X_1 = \frac{3}{8} \cdot 720 = 270$$

$$X_{12} = a_{12}X_2 = \frac{4}{7} \cdot 560 = 320$$

$$X_{21} = a_{21}X_1 = \frac{5}{16} \cdot 720 = 225$$

$$X_{22} = a_{22}X_2 = \frac{3}{7} \cdot 560 = 240$$

$$a_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij}}{X_j} \qquad \boxed{X_{ij} = a_{ij}X_j}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 720 \\ 560 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow X_1 \\ \leftarrow X_2$$

$$Y' = \begin{bmatrix} 156 \\ 95 \\ \longleftarrow Y_2' \end{bmatrix}$$

 Y_1 se poveća za 20%

$$Y_1' = 130 + \frac{20}{100} \cdot 130$$

$$Y_1' = 130 + 26 = 156$$

$$(I-A)X'=Y'$$

$$X' = (I - A)^{-1}Y'$$

$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} 3.2 & 3.2 \\ 1.75 & 3.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 156 \\ 95 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} 803.2 \\ 605.5 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow X_1'$$

Prvi sektor

$$X_1 = 720, \ X_1' = 803.2, \ X_1' - X_1 = 83.2$$

$$p_1 = \frac{100 \cdot 83.2}{720} \approx 11.56$$

Proizvodnja se mora povećati za 11.56%.

Drugi sektor

$$X_2 = 560, \ X_2' = 605.5, \ X_2' - X_2 = 45.5$$

$$p_2 = \frac{100 \cdot 45.5}{560} = 8.125$$

Proizvodnja se mora povećati za 8.125%.

$$y = \frac{p}{100} \cdot x \qquad p = \frac{100y}{x}$$

$$p = \frac{100y}{x}$$

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Riešenie

a) Matrica tehničkih koeficijenata

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrica tehnologije

$$I - A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & -0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.7 & -0.1 \\ -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

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(I-A)X=Y

Zadatak 4

Zadana je matrica tehničkih koeficijenata

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

jednog trosektorskog modela ekonomije.

- a) Koliko je od proizvodnje prvog i trećeg sektora namijenjeno zadovoljenju finalne potražnje ako je ukupna proizvodnja u prvom sektoru jednaka 140 jedinica, u trećem 200 jedinica, a od proizvodnje drugog sektora za finalnu potražnju se odvaja 85 iedinica?
- b) Koliko se od proizvodnje pojedinog sektora troši u procesu reprodukcije?

$$(I-A)X=Y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_3 = 200 \\ Y_2 = 85 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & -0.1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.7 & -0.1 \\ -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 140 \\ X_2 \\ 200 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ 85 \\ Y_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
0.8 \cdot 140 - 0.1 \cdot X_2 + 0 \cdot 200 \\
0 \cdot 140 + 0.7 \cdot X_2 - 0.1 \cdot 200 \\
-0.1 \cdot 140 - 0.1 \cdot X_2 + 0.8 \cdot 200
\end{vmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
112 - 0.1X_2 \\
0.7X_2 - 20 \\
146 - 0.1X_2
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
Y_1 \\
85 \\
Y_3
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$112 - 0.1X_2 = Y_1 \longrightarrow Y_1 = 112 - 0.1 \cdot 150$$

$$|Y_1 = 97$$

$$0.7X_2 - 20 = 85 \longrightarrow 0.7X_2 = 105$$

$$X_2 = 150$$

$$146 - 0.1X_2 = Y_3 \longrightarrow Y_3 = 146 - 0.1 \cdot 150$$

$$Y_3 = 131$$

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dio proizvodnje prvog sektora koji se troši u procesu reprodukcije

$$X_2 = X_{21} + X_{22} + X_{23} + Y_2$$

dio proizvodnje drugog sektora koji se troši u procesu reprodukcije

$$X_3 = X_{31} + X_{32} + X_{33} + Y_3$$

dio proizvodnje trećeg sektora koji se troši u procesu reprodukcije

$$X_1 - Y_1 = 140 - 97 = 43$$

Od ukupne proizvodnje prvog sektora u procesu reprodukcije troše se 43 jedinice.

$$X_2 - Y_2 = 150 - 85 = 65$$

Od ukupne proizvodnje drugog sektora u procesu reprodukcije troši se 65 jedinica.

$$X_3 - Y_3 = 200 - 131 = 69$$

Od ukupne proizvodnje trećeg sektora u procesu reprodukcije troši se 69 jedinica.

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Domaća zadaća

Napravite međusektorsku tablicu.

	X_{ij}			V.	X_i
	1	2	3	1 1	Λ,
1	28	15	0	97	140
2	0	45	20	85	150
3	14	15	40	131	200

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