Damir Horvat

FOI, Varaždin

a) $a_n = \begin{cases} 2 + \frac{1}{n}, & \text{ako je } n \text{ paran} \\ -2 + \frac{1}{n}, & \text{ako je } n \text{ neparan} \end{cases}$

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(2+\frac{1}{n}\right) = 2, \qquad \lim_{n\to\infty} \left(-2+\frac{1}{n}\right) = -2$$

- Broj 2 je gomilište niza (a_n) jer svaka okolina tog broja sadrži beskonačno mnogo članova tog niza koji se nalaze na parnim pozicijama, tj. podniz $(a_{2k})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ konvergira broju 2.
- Broj -2 je gomilište niza (a_n) jer svaka okolina tog broja sadrži beskonačno mnogo članova tog niza koji se nalaze na neparnim pozicijama, tj. podniz $(a_{2k-1})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ konvergira broju -2.
- Niz (a_n) nije konvergentan jer ima više od jednog gomilišta.

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Zadatak 1

Odredite gomilišta sljedećih nizova:

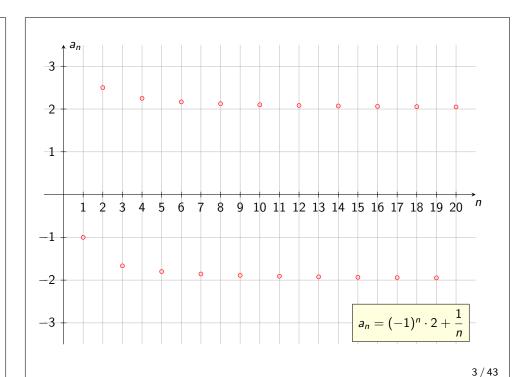
a)
$$a_n = (-1)^n \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{n}$$

b)
$$b_n = 1 + \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

c)
$$c_n = \begin{cases} rac{1}{n}, & ext{ako je n paran} \\ \sqrt{n}, & ext{ako je n neparan} \end{cases}$$

d)
$$d_n = \begin{cases} p + rac{1}{p^k}, & ext{ako je } n = p^k ext{ za neki prosti broj p i neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \\ n, & ext{inače} \end{cases}$$

Jesu li zadani nizovi konvergentni?



$$b_n = 1 + \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$\sin \frac{n\pi}{2} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{ako je } n = 2k \text{ za neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \\ 1, & \text{ako je } n = 4k - 3 \text{ za neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \\ -1, & \text{ako je } n = 4k - 1 \text{ za neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

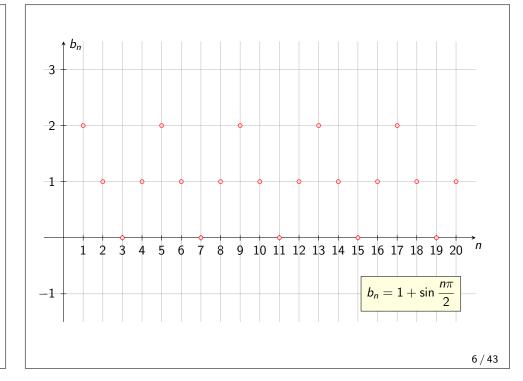
$$b_n = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{ako je } n = 2k \text{ za neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \\ 2, & \text{ako je } n = 4k - 3 \text{ za neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \\ 0, & \text{ako je } n = 4k - 1 \text{ za neki } k \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$$

$$(b_n)$$
 \longrightarrow 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 1,...

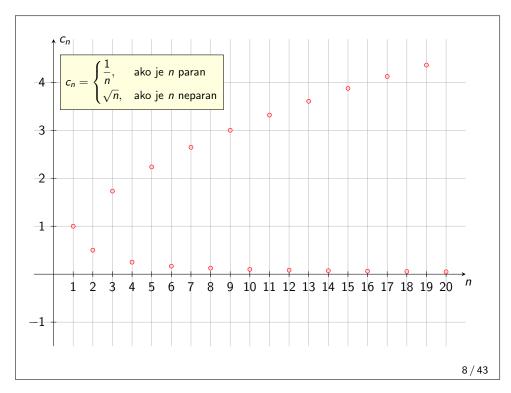
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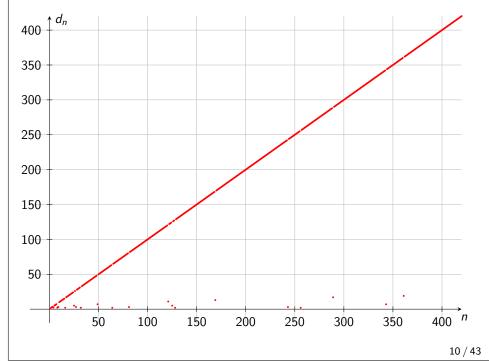
2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 1, ...
$$b_n = 1 + \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

- Broj 2 je gomilište niza (b_n) jer svaka okolina tog broja sadrži beskonačno mnogo članova tog niza koji se nalaze na pozicijama s indeksima oblika 4k-3 za $k\in\mathbb{N}$, tj. podniz $(b_{4k-3})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ konvergira broju 2.
- Broj 1 je gomilište niza (b_n) jer svaka okolina tog broja sadrži beskonačno mnogo članova tog niza koji se nalaze na parnim pozicijama, tj. podniz $(b_{2k})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ konvergira broju 1.
- Broj 0 je gomilište niza (b_n) jer svaka okolina tog broja sadrži beskonačno mnogo članova tog niza koji se nalaze na pozicijama s indeksima oblika 4k-1 za $k\in\mathbb{N}$, tj. podniz $(b_{4k-1})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ konvergira broju 0.
- Niz (b_n) nije konvergentan jer ima više od jednog gomilišta.



- c) $c_n = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n}, & \text{ako je } n \text{ paran} \\ 1, \frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \sqrt{5}, \frac{1}{6}, \sqrt{7}, \frac{1}{8}, 3, \frac{1}{10}, \dots \end{cases}$
 - Broj 0 je gomilište niza (c_n) jer svaka okolina tog broja sadrži beskonačno mnogo članova tog niza koji se nalaze na parnim pozicijama, tj. podniz $(c_{2k})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ konvergira broju 0.
 - Niz (c_n) ima samo jedno gomilište, ali ipak nije konvergentan.
 - U svakoj okolini broja 0 se nalazi beskonačno mnogo članova niza (c_n) koji se nalaze na parnim pozicijama (jer je 0 gomilište).
 - Međutim, izvan svake dovoljno male okoline broja 0 se nalazi također beskonačno mnogo članova niza (c_n) koji se nalaze na neparnim pozicijama pa 0 ne može biti limes niza (c_n) .
 - Naime, podniz $(c_{2k-1})_{k\in\mathbb{N}}$ divergira $u + \infty$.





d) $d_n=egin{cases} p+rac{1}{p^k}, & ext{ako je } n=p^k ext{ za neki prosti broj } p ext{ i neki } k\in\mathbb{N} \ n, & ext{inače} \end{cases}$

• Za svaki prosti broj p, podniz $(d_{p^k})_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ je oblika

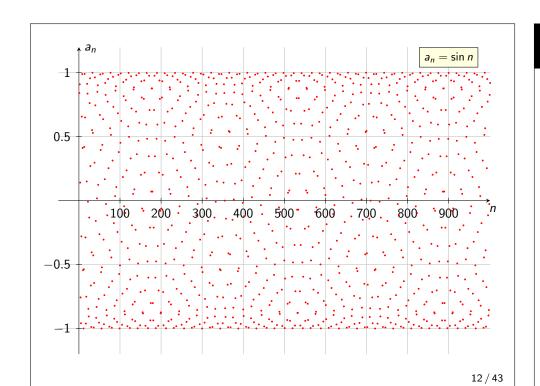
$$p+\frac{1}{p}, p+\frac{1}{p^2}, p+\frac{1}{p^3}, p+\frac{1}{p^4}, \dots$$

i konvergira broju *p*.

- Dakle, svaki prosti broj p je gomilište niza (d_n) . Stoga niz (d_n) ima prebrojivo beskonačno mnogo gomilišta.
- Također, podniz niza (d_n) čiji članovi se nalaze na pozicijama koje nisu potencije prostog broja divergira u $+\infty$.
- Niz (d_n) nije konvergentan jer ima više od jednog gomilišta i još k tome sadrži podniz koji divergira u $+\infty$.

Napomena

- Niz $a_n = \sin n$ ima neprebrojivo beskonačno mnogo gomilišta i skup svih njegovih gomilišta jednak je segmentu [-1,1].
- Članovi niza (a_n) su gusto raspoređeni unutar segmenta [-1, 1], tj. u svakoj okolini bilo kojeg broja iz segmenta [-1, 1] se nalazi beskonačno mnogo članova niza (a_n) .
- Niz $b_n = \cos n$ ima neprebrojivo beskonačno mnogo gomilišta i skup svih njegovih gomilišta jednak je segmentu [-1,1].
- Članovi niza (b_n) su gusto raspoređeni unutar segmenta [-1,1], tj. u svakoj okolini bilo kojeg broja iz segmenta [-1,1] se nalazi beskonačno mnogo članova niza (b_n) .



Napomena

 $\bullet\,$ Ako je $\omega\in\mathbb{R}$ takav da je $\frac{\omega}{\pi}\in\mathbb{R}\setminus\mathbb{Q}$, tada su članovi nizova

$$c_n = \sin(\omega n)$$
 i $d_n = \cos(\omega n)$

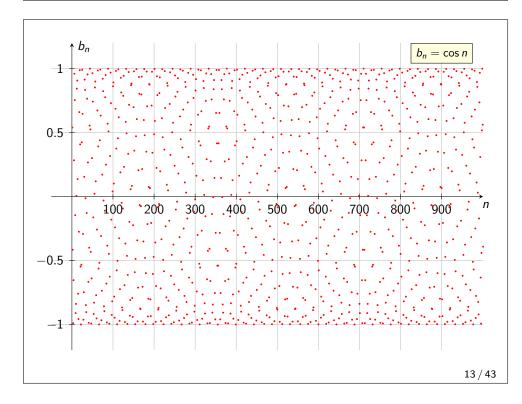
gusto raspoređeni unutar segmenta [-1,1], tj. skup njihovih gomilišta jednak je segmentu [-1, 1].

• Članovi nizova

$$u_n = \operatorname{tg} n$$
 i $v_n = \operatorname{ctg} n$

gusto su raspoređeni na skupu \mathbb{R} , tj. svaki realni broj je gomilište tih nizova.

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Zadatak 2

Izračunajte sljedeće limese:

a)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{5n^2 - n - 7}{6n^3 - 5n^2 + 1}$$
 c) $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{(n-1)^8}{3n^3(5+n)^5}$

c)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{(n-1)^8}{3n^3(5+n)^5}$$

b)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{5n^3 + 2n + 9}{6n^2 - 5n + 8}$$



- Najveća potencija u nazivniku je n^3 .
- Dijelimo brojnik i nazivnik s n^3 .

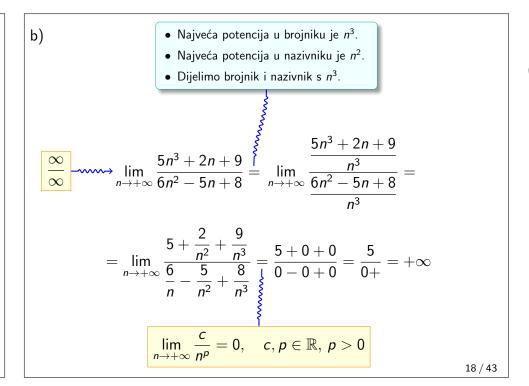
Rješenje

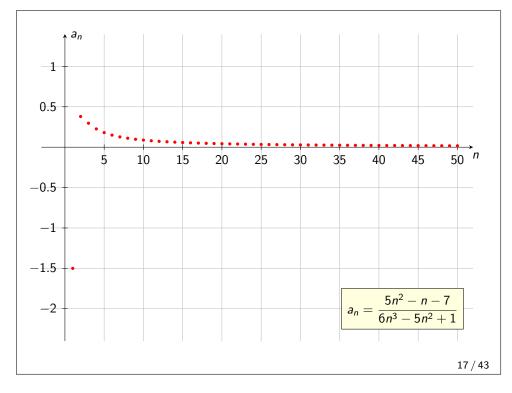
a)

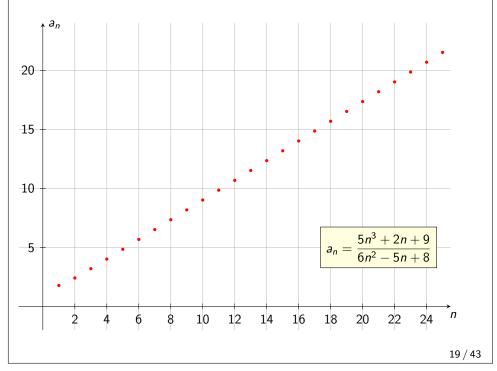
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{5n^2 - n - 7}{6n^3 - 5n^2 + 1} \stackrel{\text{for } n \to +\infty}{=} \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{5n^2 - n - 7}{n^3}}{\frac{6n^3 - 5n^2 + 1}{n^3}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{5}{n} - \frac{1}{n^2} - \frac{7}{n^3}}{6 - \frac{5}{n} + \frac{1}{n^3}} = \frac{0 - 0 - 0}{6 - 0 + 0} = \frac{0}{6} = 0$$

$$\lim_{n\to+\infty}\frac{c}{n^p}=0,\quad c,p\in\mathbb{R},\ p>0$$







c)

- Najveća potencija u nazivniku je n⁸.
- Dijelimo brojnik i nazivnik s n⁸.

$$\frac{\infty}{\infty} - \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{(n-1)^8}{3n^3(5+n)^5} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{(n-1)^8}{n^8}}{\frac{3n^3(5+n)^5}{n^8}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right)^{8}}{\frac{3n^{3}}{n^{3}} \cdot \left(\frac{5+n}{n}\right)^{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)^{8}}{3 \cdot \left(\frac{5}{n} + 1\right)^{5}} = \frac{(1-0)^{8}}{3 \cdot (0+1)^{5}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{c}{n^{p}} = 0, \quad c, p \in \mathbb{R}, p > 0$$

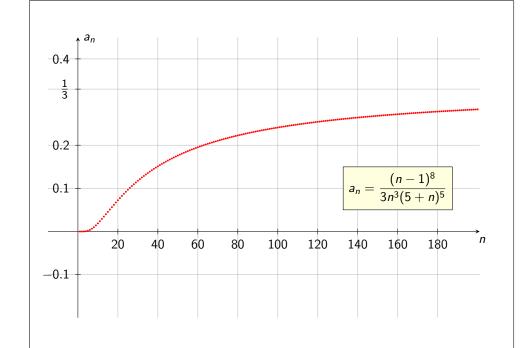
Izračunajte sljedeće limese:

a)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}}$$

a)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}}$$
 c) $\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n} + n}{n^2 + n}$

b)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n+2}}$$

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Rješenje

a)

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• Najveća potencija u brojniku je $\sqrt[3]{n^3} = n$.

• Najveća potencija u nazivniku je $\sqrt{n^2} = n$.

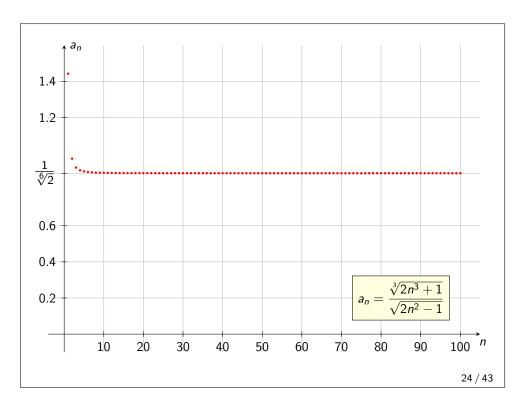
• Dijelimo brojnik i nazivnik s n.

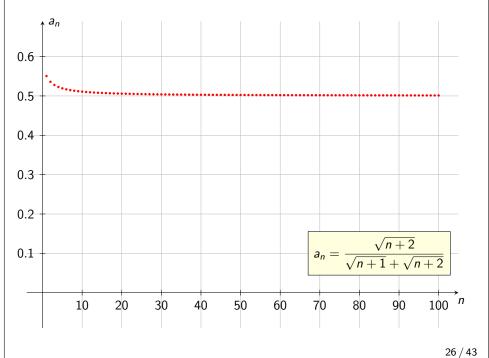
 $\sqrt[n-k]{a^{m\cdot k}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}} \stackrel{\text{furth}}{=} \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{n}}{\frac{\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}}{n}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{n}}}{\frac{\sqrt{2n^2 - 1}}{\sqrt{n^2}}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}}{\frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt{n^2}}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{2n^3 + 1}} = \sum$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{2n^3 + 1}{n^3}}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{2n^2 - 1}{n^2}}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2 + \frac{1}{n^3}}}{\sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{n^2}}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{2 + 0}}{\sqrt[3]{2 - 0}} =$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt{2}}=\frac{\sqrt[6]{2^2}}{\sqrt[6]{2^3}}=\sqrt[6]{\frac{2^2}{2^3}}=\sqrt[6]{\frac{1}{2}}=\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{2}}\lim_{\substack{n\to+\infty\\n\to+\infty}}\frac{c}{n^p}=0,\quad c,p\in\mathbb{R},\,p>0$$





Najveća potencija u brojniku je √n.
Najveća potencija u nazivniku je √n.
Dijelimo brojnik i nazivnik s √n.

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n+2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{\sqrt{n}}}{\frac{\sqrt{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}} + \frac{\sqrt{n+2}}{\sqrt{n}}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{n+2}{n}}}{\sqrt{\frac{n+1}{n}} + \sqrt{\frac{n+2}{n}}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{2}{n}}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n}} + \sqrt{1+\frac{2}{n}}} =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+0}}{\sqrt{1+0} + \sqrt{1+0}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$c, p \in \mathbb{R}, p > 0$$

- Najveća potencija u nazivniku je n².
- Dijelimo brojnik i nazivnik s n^2 .

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n} + n}{n^2 + n} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{3n^3 - 2n}}{\frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{n}{n^2}} = \lim_{n$$

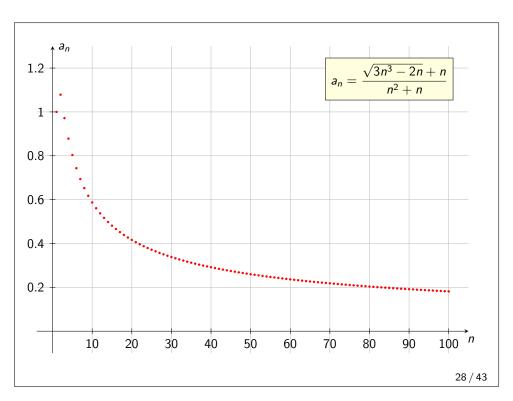
$$n^{2} = \sqrt{n^{4}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3n^{3} - 2n}{n^{4}} + \frac{1}{n}}}{1 + \frac{1}{n}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{n} - \frac{2}{n^{3}} + \frac{1}{n}}}{1 + \frac{1}{n}} = \frac{\sqrt{0 - 0} + 0}{1 + \frac{1}{n}} = \frac{\sqrt{$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{0-0}+0}{1+0} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{c}{n^p} = 0, \quad c, p \in \mathbb{R}, p > 0$$

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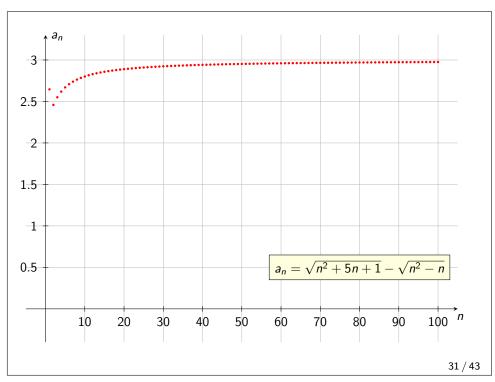
Zadatak 4

Izračunajte sljedeće limese:

a)
$$\lim_{n\to+\infty} \left(\sqrt{n^2+5n+1}-\sqrt{n^2-n}\right)$$

b)
$$\lim_{n\to+\infty} \left(\sqrt{6n-5}-\sqrt{n+2}\right)$$

c)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 - 4 \cdot 5^n}{5 \cdot 3^{n+1} + 6 \cdot 5^{n-1}}$$



b)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(\sqrt{6n - 5} - \sqrt{n + 2} \right) = \frac{a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)}{a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(\sqrt{6n - 5} - \sqrt{n + 2} \right) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6n - 5} + \sqrt{n + 2}}{\sqrt{6n - 5} + \sqrt{n + 2}} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

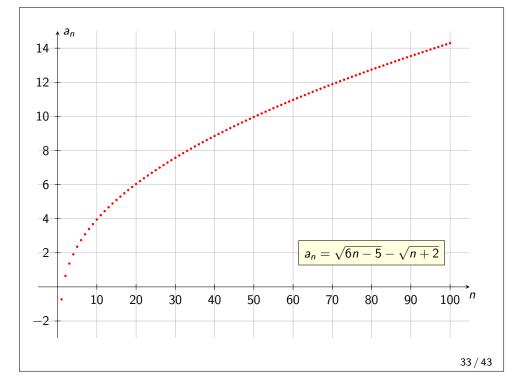
$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{(6n - 5) - (n + 2)}{\sqrt{6n - 5} + \sqrt{n + 2}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{5n - 7 / : n}{\sqrt{6n - 5} + \sqrt{n + 2} / : n} = \frac{5n - 7}{n}$$

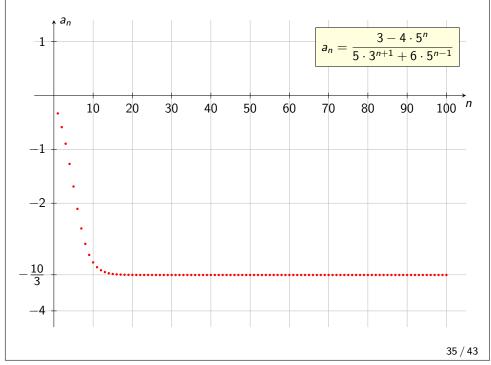
$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{5n - 7}{n}}{\sqrt{6n - 5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{5n - 7}{n}}{\sqrt{\frac{6n - 5}{n^2} + \sqrt{\frac{n + 2}{n^2}}}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{5 - 0}{\sqrt{0 - 0} + \sqrt{0 + 0}} = \frac{5}{0 + 0} = +\infty$$

$$= \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{5 - \frac{7}{n}}{\sqrt{\frac{6}{n} - \frac{5}{n^2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} + \frac{2}{n^2}}}} = \frac{5 - 0}{\sqrt{0 - 0} + \sqrt{0 + 0}} = \frac{5}{0 + 0} = +\infty$$

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c)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 - 4 \cdot 5^{n}}{5 \cdot 3^{n+1} + 6 \cdot 5^{n-1}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 - 4 \cdot 5^{n}}{5 \cdot 3^{n} \cdot 3 + 6 \cdot 5^{n} \cdot 5^{-1}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 - 4 \cdot 5^{n}}{15 \cdot 3^{n} + \frac{6}{5} \cdot 5^{n}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{3 - 4 \cdot 5^{n}}{5^{n}}}{\frac{15 \cdot 3^{n} + \frac{6}{5} \cdot 5^{n}}{5^{n}}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{\frac{3}{5^{n}} - 4}{15 \cdot \frac{3^{n}}{5^{n}} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} + \frac{6}{5}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4}{15 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{n} - 4} = \lim_{n$$





Zadatak 5

Izračunajte sljedeće limese:

a)
$$\lim_{n\to+\infty} \left(\frac{n+2}{n}\right)^{3n}$$

b)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}n^2}$$

Rješenje
a)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n+2}{n} = 1 \qquad \lim_{n \to +\infty} 3n = +\infty \qquad \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = e$$

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(\frac{n+2}{n}\right)^{3n} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{n+2}{n} - 1\right)^{3n} = \lim_{\substack{\text{swedemo na} \\ \text{zajednički nazivnik}}} \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)^{3n} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)^{\frac{n}{2} \cdot 3n \cdot \frac{2}{n}} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} = e$$

$$= \left[\lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}}\right]^6 = e^6$$

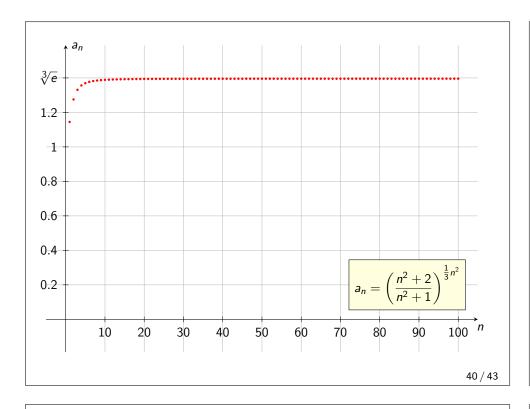
$$(1 + \text{jako mali broj})^{\text{recipročna vrijednost tog jako malog broja teži broju e}}$$

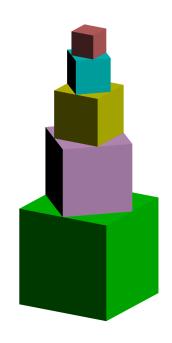
b)
$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 + 1} = 1 \qquad \lim_{n \to +\infty} \frac{1}{3} n^2 = +\infty \qquad \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = e$$

$$\lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(\frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 + 1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}n^2} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{n^2 + 2}{n^2 + 1} - 1\right)^{\frac{1}{3}n^2} = \sup_{\substack{\text{swedemo na} \\ \text{zajednički nazivnik}}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}n^2} = \lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}n^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}} = \left(\frac{n^n}{n^n}\right)^m = a^{nm}$$

$$= \left[\lim_{n \to +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}n^2}\right]^{\frac{1}{3}n^2} = e^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{e}$$

$$(1 + \text{jako mali broj})^{\text{recipročna vrijednost tog jako malog broja}} \text{ teži broju } e$$





Zadatak 7

Na kocku duljine brida a postavi se nova kocka kojoj vrhovi donje osnovice leže u polovištima bridova gornje osnovice prve kocke. Na isti način se na drugu kocku postavi treća kocka, na treću kocku četvrta kocka itd. Odredite zbroj volumena svih ovih kocaka.

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Zadatak 6

Zapišite periodički decimalni broj 0.43 u obliku razlomka.

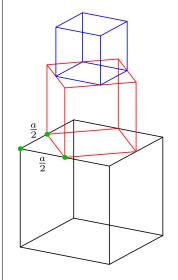
Rješenje

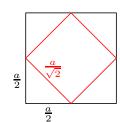
$$\begin{aligned} 0.\dot{4}\dot{3} &= 0.43434343 \cdots = 0.43 + 0.0043 + 0.000043 + \cdots = \\ &= \frac{43}{10^2} + \frac{43}{10^4} + \frac{43}{10^6} + \cdots = \frac{43}{100} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100^2} + \cdots\right) = \\ &= \frac{43}{100} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{43}{100} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{99}{100}} = & \text{suma geometrijskog reda} \\ &= \frac{43}{100} \cdot \frac{100}{99} = \frac{43}{99} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_1 + a_1 q + a_1 q^2 + a_1 q^3 + \dots = rac{a_1}{1-q}, \quad |q| < 1$$

Rješenje

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$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_1 q^{n-1} = \frac{a_1}{1-q}$$

$$a_1 = a^3, \ q = rac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$
 $|q| < 1$

Duljine bridova kocki su redom

$$a, \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{a}{4}, \dots$$

Volumeni kocki su redom

$$a^3$$
, $\frac{a^3}{2\sqrt{2}}$, $\frac{a^3}{8}$, $\frac{a^3}{16\sqrt{2}}$, $\frac{a^3}{64}$, ...

$$a^{3} + \frac{a^{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{a^{3}}{8} + \frac{a^{3}}{16\sqrt{2}} + \frac{a^{3}}{64} + \dots = \frac{a^{3}}{1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{4a^{3}}{4 - \sqrt{2}}$$