# Lenguajes Formales y Computabilidad J. T. P.

Damian Ariel Marotte

19 de marzo de 2025

#### Enunciado de la companya della compa

Construya un AEF determinista para los lenguajes:

- **1**  $L_1 = \{ w \in \{0,1\}^* / w \text{ contiene la subcadena } 110 \}.$
- ②  $L_2 = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* / w \text{ es cualquier cadena excepto } 11 \text{ y } 111\}.$

$$\{0,1\}^* =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{0,1\}^* &= \\ &= \{\lambda,0,1,00,01,10,11, \end{aligned}$$

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$$L_1 = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* / w \text{ contiene la subcadena } 110\}$$

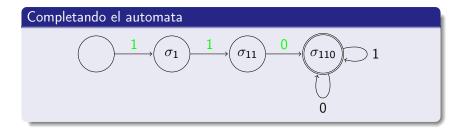
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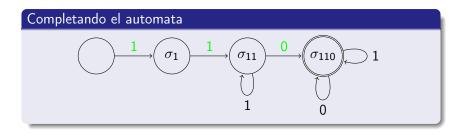
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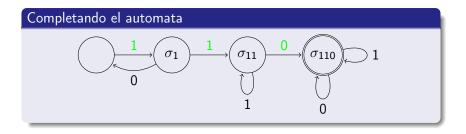
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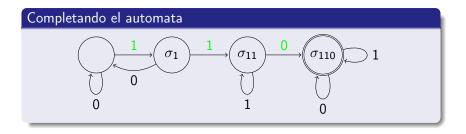
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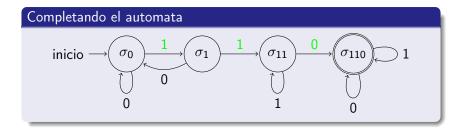
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 $L_2 = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* / w \text{ es cualquier cadena excepto } 11 \text{ y } 111\}$ 



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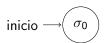
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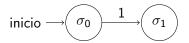
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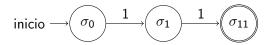
$$\overline{L_2} = \{11,111\}$$



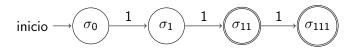
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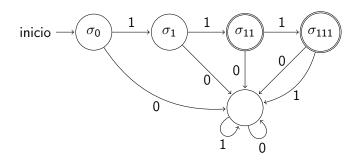
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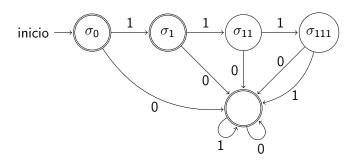
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$$\overline{\overline{L_2}} = L_2 = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* \, / w \text{ es cualquier cadena excepto } 11 \text{ y } 111\}$$

Construya una máquina de Turing sobre el alfabeto  $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ , que reciba una cinta con un número en binario y lo transforme en octal.

#### Ejemplo:

• Si la máquina comienza con esta cinta:

$$\cdots \Box \Box \Box 101010110 \Box \Box \cdots$$

• Deberá terminar con una cinta como esta:

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