PRÁCTICA 5: Soluciones

Pablo Verdes

Dante Zanarini

Pamela Viale

Alejandro Hernandez

Mauro Lucci

1.

$$a) \begin{bmatrix} \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{1}, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 3, 7, 5, 9, \mathbf{9}] \\ = \Box_i \Box_d \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{1}, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 3, 7, 5, 9, 9] = \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{3}, 5, 7, 9, 2, 3, 7, 5, \mathbf{9}] \\ = \Box_i \Box_d \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{3}, 5, 7, 9, 2, 3, 7, 5, 9] = \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{5}, 7, 9, 2, 3, 7, \mathbf{5}] \\ = [\mathbf{5}, 7, 9, 2, 3, 7, \mathbf{5}] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{1}, 2, 3, 4, 5, \mathbf{6}] = \Box_i \Box_d \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{1}, 2, 3, 4, 5, \mathbf{6}] \\ = \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{2}, 3, 4, \mathbf{5}] = \Box_i \Box_d \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{2}, 3, 4, \mathbf{5}] = \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{4}] \\ = \Box_i \Box_d \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{4}] = \langle \Box_i \Box_d \rangle [] = \nexists \end{vmatrix}$$

$$c) \begin{vmatrix} 0_d \langle \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \rangle \square_d [5, X] = \langle \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \rangle \square_d [\mathbf{5}, X, \mathbf{0}] = \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \langle \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \rangle \square_d [5, X, 0] \\ = 0_d \triangleright \langle \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \rangle \square_d [0, 5, X] = \triangleright \langle \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \rangle \square_d [0, 5, X, 0] = \langle \triangleleft 0_d \triangleright \rangle \square_d [\mathbf{5}, X, 0, \mathbf{0}] = \dots \end{vmatrix}$$

2.

a)
$$\{[x_0, \dots, x_n] \in \mathcal{L}^{\geq 2} / x_0 = x_n \lor x_i = x_{i+1} \text{ p.a } i\}$$

b)
$$\{[x_0, \dots, x_n] \in \mathcal{L}^{\geq 1}, Z/x_i = 0 \text{ p.a. } i\}$$

c)
$$\{[x, Y, z] \in \mathcal{L}^{\geq 2} / x \leq z\}.$$

d)
$$\{[x_0, \dots, x_n] \in \mathcal{L}^{\geq 2} / x_i = x_{n-i} \text{ p.a } 0 \leq i < \lceil n/2 \rceil \}.$$

$$e) \{[0,Z]/Z \in \mathcal{L}\}.$$

$$f) \{[0,Z]/Z \in \mathcal{L}\}.$$

3.

$$a) k_i = 0_i S_i^k.$$

$$b) k_d = 0_d S_d^k.$$

$$c) \triangleleft = 0_i \langle S_i \rangle \square_d.$$

$$d) \triangleright = 0_d \langle S_d \rangle \square_i.$$

$$e) D_i = 0_d \langle S_d \rangle \triangleleft.$$

$$f)$$
 $D_d = 0_i \langle S_i \rangle \triangleright$.

$$g) \widetilde{S}_i = D_i S_i.$$

$$h) P_i = 0_d 1_d \langle S_d \triangleleft S_d \triangleright \rangle \square_i \square_d \triangleleft.$$

$$i) \widetilde{P}_i = D_i P_i.$$

$$j) \ \widehat{P}_i = 0_d \left\langle \Box_d P_i D_i \triangleright \right\rangle \Box_d.$$

$$k) \iff = \triangleright 0_i \triangleleft 0_i \langle S_i \triangleright^2 S_i \triangleleft^2 \rangle \square_d \square_i \triangleright.$$

$$l) \ \Sigma_i = \triangleright 0_d \langle S_d \triangleleft S_d \triangleright \rangle \square_i \square_d \triangleleft.$$

$$m) \ \widetilde{\Sigma}_i = \triangleright D_i D_d \leftrightarrow \triangleleft^2 \Sigma_i.$$

$$n) R_i = \triangleright^2 0_i \langle P_d \triangleleft P_d \triangleright \rangle \square_i \square_d \triangleleft.$$

$$\widetilde{R}_i = \triangleright D_i D_d \leftrightarrow \triangleleft^2 R_i$$
.

$$o) \ \widehat{R}_i = {\triangleright}^2 0_i \left\langle \widehat{P}_d \triangleleft \widehat{P}_d {\triangleright} \right\rangle \square_i \square_d \triangleleft.$$

$$p) \ \Pi_i = \triangleright D_i 0_i \left\langle S_i \triangleright \widetilde{\Sigma}_i \triangleright \Box_i \triangleleft^2 \right\rangle \Box_i R_i \Box_d.$$

$$q) \ \widetilde{\Pi}_i = \triangleright D_i D_d \leftrightarrow \triangleleft^2 \Pi_i.$$

$$r) \ \widehat{E}_i = \triangleright \leftrightarrow 1_i 0_i \left\langle S_i \triangleright \widetilde{\Pi}_i \triangleright \Box_i \triangleleft^2 \right\rangle \Box_i \Box_d \triangleright \Box_i \triangleleft.$$

s)
$$D_0 = 0_i \widehat{E}_i$$
.

4.

- $a) \square_i^2$.
- b) $\langle S_i S_d \rangle$.
- $c) \triangleright \langle D_d \leftrightarrow \triangleleft R_i \rangle.$
- $d) \ \widetilde{\Sigma}_i 1_d \langle S_d \rangle.$
- e) COMPLETAR.

5.

- $a) D_i^2 \Pi \triangleright D_i \Sigma \triangleleft 1_i \Sigma^2.$
- $b) ((\leftrightarrow \lhd)^m \rhd^{m+1})^n.$
- $c) > 0_i \langle \Box_i D_i 0_i P_d \rangle \Box_i^2 \Box_d \triangleleft.$
- d) $D_i \triangleright 0_i \langle \Box_i D_i P_i 0_i P_d \rangle \Box_i^2 \Box_d$.
- e) COMPLETAR.
- f) COMPLETAR.
- g) COMPLETAR.
- $h) \ F_8 = 0_d 1_d 0_d \left\langle \lhd \widetilde{\Sigma}_d \lhd^2 \Box_d \rhd^3 S_d \right\rangle \Box_d^2 \lhd$
- $i) F_9 = 0_i^2 1_d \langle \rhd^2 \square_i \lhd^2 \rangle \square_i^2.$

6.

a)

- Definimos $Q[x,Y] = \begin{cases} [x,Y,1] & \text{si se cumple } Q(x) \\ [x,Y,0] & \text{si no} \end{cases}$
- Definimos $F = Q1_i \langle \Box_i \Box_d H0_i 0_d \rangle \hat{P}_i \langle \Box_i \Box_d G0_i 0_d \rangle \Box_i \Box_d$

Ejemplos

 \bullet Sea k tal que $Q\left(k\right)$ sea cierto, luego:

	[k, Y]
$\overline{Q1_i}$	$\boxed{[1, k, Y, 1]}$
	[1, k, Y, 1]
\hat{P}_i	$\boxed{[0,k,Y,1]}$
$\overline{\langle \Box_i \Box_d G 0_i 0_d \rangle}$	$\boxed{\left[0,G\left[k,Y\right],0\right]}$
$\overline{\ \ }$ $\Box_i\Box_d$	G[k,Y]

 \bullet Sea k tal que $Q\left(k\right)$ sea falso, luego:

	[k, Y]
$Q1_i$	[1, k, Y, 0]
	$\left[0,H\left[k,Y\right],0\right]$
\hat{P}_i	$\left[0,H\left[k,Y\right],0\right]$
$\overline{\langle \Box_i \Box_d G O_i O_d \rangle}$	$[0,H\left[k,Y\right] ,0]$
$\Box_i\Box_d$	H[k,Y]

b)

- $Q = D_i \hat{P}_i^4 D_0 \triangleright.$ $F = Q 1_i \left\langle \Box_i \Box_d P_i 0_i 0_d \right\rangle \hat{P}_i \left\langle \Box_i \Box_d S_i 0_i 0_d \right\rangle \Box_i \Box_d.$