

- 3 (a) Explain what is meant by the *internal energy* of a substance.

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..... [2]

- (b) State and explain, in molecular terms, whether the internal energy of the following increases, decreases or does not change.

- (i) a lump of iron as it is cooled

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..... [3]

- (ii) some water as it evaporates at constant temperature

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..... [3]

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

For
Examiner's
Use

1 Make estimates of the following quantities.

(a) the speed of sound in air

speed = [1]

(b) the density of air at room temperature and pressure

density = [1]

(c) the mass of a protractor

mass = [1]

(d) the volume, in cm^3 , of the head of an adult person

volume = cm^3 [1]

- 8 A thermistor has resistance $3900\ \Omega$ at $0\ ^\circ\text{C}$ and resistance $1250\ \Omega$ at $30\ ^\circ\text{C}$. The thermistor is connected into the circuit of Fig. 8.1 in order to monitor temperature changes.

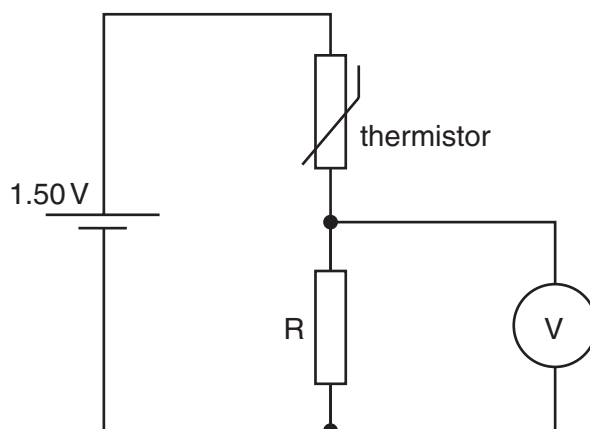


Fig. 8.1

The battery of e.m.f. $1.50\ \text{V}$ has negligible internal resistance and the voltmeter has infinite resistance.

- (a) The voltmeter is to read $1.00\ \text{V}$ at $0\ ^\circ\text{C}$. Show that the resistance of resistor R is $7800\ \Omega$.

[2]

- (b) The temperature of the thermistor is increased to $30\ ^\circ\text{C}$. Determine the reading on the voltmeter.

reading = V [2]