🔻 ffmpeg源码分析:transcode_init()函数

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transcode init()函数是在转换前做准备工作的.此处看一下它的真面目,不废话,看注释吧:

```
[cpp] 📳 📑
      //为转换过程做准备
2.
     static int transcode_init(OutputFile *output_files,
 3.
             int nb_output_files,
             InputFile *input_files,
4.
5.
             int nb_input_files)
6.
         int ret = 0, i, j, k;
7.
       AVFormatContext *oc;
8.
         AVCodecContext *codec, *icodec;
9.
         OutputStream *ost:
10.
         InputStream *ist:
11.
12.
       char error[1024];
13.
         int want_sdp = 1;
14.
15.
          /* init framerate emulation */
16.
       //初始化帧率仿真(转换时是不按帧率来的,但如果要求帧率仿真,就可以做到)
17.
          for (i = 0; i < nb_input_files; i++)</pre>
18.
             InputFile *ifile = &input_files[i];
19.
20.
             //如果一个输入文件被要求帧率仿真(指的是即使是转换也像播放那样按照帧率来进行),
21.
             //则为这个文件中所有流记录下开始时间
             if (ifile->rate_emu)
22.
23.
                 for (i = 0: i < ifile->nb streams: i++)
                   input_streams[j + ifile->ist_index].start = av_gettime();
24.
25.
26.
          /* output stream init */
27.
28.
      for (i = 0; i < nb_output_files; i++</pre>
29.
30.
             //什么也没做,只是做了个判断而已
31.
             oc = output_files[i].ctx;
             if (!oc->nb_streams && !(oc->oformat->flags & AVFMT_NOSTREAMS))
32.
33.
             {
34.
                 av dump format(oc, i, oc->filename, 1);
35.
                 av_log(NULL, AV_LOG_ERROR,
                        "Output file #%d does not contain any stream\n", i)
36.
37.
                 return AVERROR(EINVAL);
38.
39.
40.
          //轮循所有的输出流,跟据对应的输入流,设置其编解码器的参数
41.
42
      for (i = 0; i < nb_output_streams; i++)</pre>
43.
44.
             //轮循所有的输出流
45.
             ost = &output_streams[i];
46.
             //输出流对应的FormatContext
47.
             oc = output_files[ost->file_index].ctx;
48.
             //取得输出流对应的输入流
49.
             ist = &input_streams[ost->source_index];
50.
             //attachment filename是不是这样的东西:一个文件,它单独容纳一个输出流?此处不懂
51.
             if (ost->attachment filename)
52.
53.
                 continue;
54.
             codec = ost->st->codec;//输出流的编解码器结构
55.
56.
             icodec = ist->st->codec;//输入流的编解码器结构
57.
58.
             //先把能复制的复制一下
59.
             ost->st->disposition = ist->st->disposition;
60.
             codec->bits_per_raw_sample = icodec->bits_per_raw_sample;
             codec->chroma_sample_location = icodec->chroma_sample_location;
61.
62.
             //如果只是复制一个流(不用解码后再编码),则把输入流的编码参数直接复制给输出流
63.
64.
             //此时是不需要解码也不需要编码的,所以不需打开解码器和编码器
65.
             if (ost->stream copy)
66.
                 //计算输出流的编解码器的extradata的大小,然后分配容纳extradata的缓冲
67.
                 //然后把输入流的编解码器的extradata复制到输出流的编解码器中
68.
                 uint64_t extra_size = (uint64_t) icodec->extradata_size
69.
                        + FF_INPUT_BUFFER_PADDING_SIZE;
70.
71.
72.
                 if (extra_size > INT_MAX)
73.
                     return AVERROR(EINVAL);
74.
75.
76.
                 /* if stream_copy is selected, no need to decode or encode */
77.
                 codec->codec_id = icodec->codec_id;
78.
                 codec->codec_type = icodec->codec_type;
```

```
80.
                    if (!codec->codec tag){
 81.
                        if (!oc->oformat->codec tag
 82.
                            ||av_codec_get_id(oc->oformat->codec_tag,icodec->codec_tag) == codec->codec_id
 83.
                            |\ |\ av\_codec\_get\_tag(oc->oformat->codec\_tag,icodec->codec\_id)\ <=\ \theta)
 84.
                            codec->codec_tag = icodec->codec_tag;
 85.
 86.
 87.
                    codec->bit_rate = icodec->bit_rate;
 88.
                    codec->rc_max_rate = icodec->rc_max_rate;
 89.
                    codec->rc_buffer_size = icodec->rc_buffer_size;
                    codec->extradata = av_mallocz(extra_size);
 90.
                    if (!codec->extradata){
 91.
                       return AVERROR(ENOMEM);
 92.
 93.
                    }
 94.
                    memcpy(codec->extradata, icodec->extradata, icodec->extradata size);
 95.
                    codec->extradata_size = icodec->extradata_size;
 96.
 97.
                    //重新鼓捣一下time base(这家伙就是帧率)
 98
                    codec->time base = ist->st->time base;
 99.
                    //如果输出文件是avi,做一点特殊处理
100.
                    if (!strcmp(oc->oformat->name, "avi"))
                        if (copy_tb < 0</pre>
101.
102.
                                && av_q2d(icodec->time_base) * icodec->ticks_per_frame
103.
                                    2 * av_q2d(ist->st->time_base)
104.
                                && av_q2d(ist->st->time_base) < 1.0 / 500
105.
                                | | copy tb == 0 |
106.
107.
                            codec->time base = icodec->time base;
                            codec->time_base.num *= icodec->ticks_per_frame;
108.
                            codec->time_base.den *= 2;
109.
110.
111.
112
                    else if (!(oc->oformat->flags & AVFMT_VARIABLE_FPS))
113.
114.
                        if (copy_tb < 0</pre>
115.
                                && av_q2d(icodec->time_base) * icodec->ticks_per_frame
116.
                                        > av_q2d(ist->st->time_base)
117.
                                && av_q2d(ist->st->time_base) < 1.0 / 500
118.
                               || copy_tb == 0)
119.
120.
                            codec->time base = icodec->time base;
121.
                            codec->time_base.num *= icodec->ticks_per_frame;
122.
123.
                    }
124
125.
                    //再修正一下帧率
126
                    av_reduce(&codec->time_base.num, &codec->time_base.den,
127.
                            codec->time_base.num, codec->time_base.den, INT_MAX);
128
129.
                    //单独复制各不同媒体自己的编码参数
130.
                    switch (codec->codec type)
131.
                    case AVMEDIA_TYPE_AUDIO:
132
133.
134.
                        if (audio volume != 256){
135.
                            av_log( NULL,AV_LOG_FATAL,
                                    "-acodec copy and -vol are incompatible (frames are not decoded)\n");
136.
137.
                            exit program(1):
138.
139.
                        codec->channel layout = icodec->channel layout;
140.
                        codec->sample_rate = icodec->sample_rate;
141.
                        codec->channels = icodec->channels:
142.
                        codec->frame_size = icodec->frame_size;
143.
                        codec->audio_service_type = icodec->audio_service_type;
144.
                        codec->block_align = icodec->block_align;
145
                        break;
                       se AVMEDIA_TYPE_VIDEO:
146.
147.
                        //视频的
148.
                        codec->pix fmt = icodec->pix fmt;
149.
                        codec->width = icodec->width;
150.
                        codec->height = icodec->height;
151.
                        codec->has b frames = icodec->has b frames:
152.
                        if (!codec->sample aspect ratio.num){
153.
                            codec->sample aspect ratio = ost->st->sample aspect ratio =
154.
                                ist->st->sample_aspect_ratio.num ?ist->st->sample_aspect_ratio :
155.
                                            ist->st->codec->sample\_aspect\_ratio.num\ ?ist->st->codec->sample\_aspect\_ratio\ : (AVRational) \{0,\ 1\}
156
157.
                        ost->st->avg_frame_rate = ist->st->avg_frame_rate;
158.
                        break;
                    case AVMEDIA_TYPE_SUBTITLE:
159.
160.
                        //字幕的
161.
                        codec->width = icodec->width;
162.
                        codec->height = icodec->height;
163.
                        break:
                    case AVMEDIA TYPE DATA:
164.
                    case AVMEDIA TYPE ATTACHMENT:
165.
                       //??的
166.
167.
                        break:
168.
                    default:
169.
                        abort():
```

```
171.
172.
          else
173.
           {
               //如果不是复制,就麻烦多了
174.
175.
               //获取编码器
176.
177.
               if (!ost->enc)
178.
                 ost->enc = avcodec find encoder(ost->st->codec->codec id);
179
180.
               //因为需要转换,所以既需解码又需编码
181.
               ist->decoding_needed = 1;
182.
               ost->encoding_needed = 1;
183.
184.
               switch(codec->codec_type)
185.
186.
               case AVMEDIA TYPE AUDIO:
187.
                   //鼓捣音频编码器的参数,基本上是把一些不合适的参数替换掉
                   ost->fifo = av_fifo_alloc(1024);//音频数据所在的缓冲
188.
189.
                   if (!ost->fifo) {
                       return AVERROR(ENOMEM):
190.
                   }
191.
192.
193.
                   //采样率
194
                   if (!codec->sample rate)
195.
                       codec->sample_rate = icodec->sample_rate;
196
                   choose_sample_rate(ost->st, ost->enc);
197.
                   codec->time_base = (AVRational){1, codec->sample_rate};
198
199.
                   //样点格式
                   if (codec->sample_fmt == AV_SAMPLE_FMT_NONE)
200.
                       codec->sample_fmt = icodec->sample_fmt;
201.
202.
                   choose_sample_fmt(ost->st, ost->enc);
203.
204.
                   //击道
205.
                   if (ost->audio channels mapped) {
                       /* the requested output channel is set to the number of
206.
                        * -map_channel only if no -ac are specified */
207.
208
                       if (!codec->channels) {
209.
                           codec->channels = ost->audio_channels_mapped;
210.
                           codec->channel_layout = av_get_default_channel_layout(codec->channels);
211.
                           if (!codec->channel_layout) {
212.
                               av_log(NULL, AV_LOG_FATAL, "Unable to find an appropriate channel layout for requested number of channel\n);
213.
                               exit_program(1);
214.
215.
                       }
                       /* fill unused channel mapping with -1 (which means a muted
216.
217.
                        * channel in case the number of output channels is bigger
                       * than the number of mapped channel) */
218.
219.
                       for (j = ost->audio_channels_mapped; j < FF_ARRAY_ELEMS(ost->audio_channels_map); j++)
                       <span> </span>ost->audio_channels_map[j] = -1;
220.
221.
                   }else if (!codec->channels){
222.
                       codec->channels = icodec->channels;
223.
                       codec->channel_layout = icodec->channel_layout;
224.
225
                   if (av_get_channel_layout_nb_channels(codec->channel_layout) != codec->channels)
226.
                      codec->channel_layout = 0;
227
228.
                   //是否需要重采样
229.
                   ost->audio_resample = codec->sample_rate != icodec->sample_rate || audio_sync_method > 1;
                   ost->audio_resample |= codec->sample_fmt != icodec->sample_fmt ||
230.
231.
                           codec->channel layout != icodec->channel layout;
232.
                   icodec->request channels = codec->channels;
233.
                   ost->resample sample fmt = icodec->sample fmt;
234.
                   ost->resample sample rate = icodec->sample rate;
                   ost->resample_channels = icodec->channels;
235.
                   break:
236
237.
               case AVMEDIA TYPE VIDEO:
238
                   //鼓捣视频编码器的参数,基本上是把一些不合适的参数替换掉
239.
                   if (codec->pix_fmt == PIX_FMT_NONE)
240
                       codec->pix_fmt = icodec->pix_fmt;
241.
                   choose pixel fmt(ost->st, ost->enc);
242.
                   if (ost->st->codec->pix_fmt == PIX_FMT_NONE){
243.
                       av_log(NULL, AV_LOG_FATAL, "Video pixel format is unknown, stream cannot be encoded\n");
244.
                       exit_program(1);
245.
246.
247.
                   //宽高
248.
                   if (!codec->width || !codec->height){
249.
                       codec->width = icodec->width:
250.
                       codec->height = icodec->height:
251.
252
                   //视频是否需要重采样
253.
254.
                   ost->video_resample = codec->width != icodec->width ||
255.
                           codec->height != icodec->height ||
256.
                           codec->pix_fmt != icodec->pix_fmt;
257.
                   if (ost->video_resample){
258.
                       codec->bits_per_raw_sample= frame_bits_per_raw_sample;
259.
                   }
```

```
260.
261.
                   ost->resample height = icodec->height:
                   ost->resample_width = icodec->width;
262.
263.
                   ost->resample_pix_fmt = icodec->pix_fmt;
264.
265
                    //计算帧率
                    if (!ost->frame_rate.num)
266.
267.
                       ost->frame_rate = ist->st->r_frame_rate.num ?
268.
                              ist->st->r_frame_rate : (AVRational){25,1};
                    if (ost->enc && ost->enc->supported_framerates && !ost->force_fps) {
269.
270.
                       int idx = av find nearest q idx(ost->frame rate,ost->enc->supported framerates);
271.
                       ost->frame_rate = ost->enc->supported_framerates[idx];
272.
                    codec->time_base = (AVRational) {ost->frame_rate.den, ost->frame_rate.num};
273.
                   if( av g2d(codec->time base) < 0.001 &&
274.
275.
                           video svnc method &&
276.
                           (video sync method==1 ||
277
                               (video_sync_method<0 && !
278.
                                 (oc->oformat->flags & AVFMT_VARIABLE_FPS))))
279
280.
                       av_log(oc, AV_LOG_WARNING, "Frame rate very high for a muxer not effciciently supporting it.\
281.
                                "Please consider specifiying a lower framerate, a different muxer or -vsync 2\n");
282.
                  }
283.
                <span> </span>for (j = 0; j < ost->forced_kf_count; j++)
                    ost->forced kf pts[j] = av rescale q(ost->forced kf pts[j],
284.
285.
                               AV_TIME_BASE_Q, codec->time_base);
286.
                    case AVMEDIA TYPE SUBTITLE:
287.
288.
                      break;
                    default:
289.
                      abort():
290.
291.
                       break:
292
293.
                    /* two pass mode */
294.
                   if (codec->codec_id != CODEC_ID_H264 &&
295.
                           (codec->flags & (CODEC_FLAG_PASS1 | CODEC_FLAG_PASS2)))
296.
297.
                        char logfilename[1024];
298.
                       FILE *f;
299.
300.
                       snprintf(logfilename, sizeof(logfilename), "%s-%d.log",
301.
                               pass logfilename prefix ? pass logfilename prefix : DEFAULT PASS LOGFILENAME PREFIX,
                               i):
302.
                       if (codec->flags & CODEC FLAG PASS2){
303.
                           char *logbuffer;
304.
305.
                            size t logbuffer size;
306
                           if (cmdutils_read_file(logfilename, &logbuffer, &logbuffer_size) < 0){</pre>
307
                               av_log(NULL, AV_LOG_FATAL,
308.
                                        "Error reading log file '%s' for pass-2 encoding\n",
309
                                       logfilename);
310.
                               exit program(1);
311.
312.
                           codec->stats in = logbuffer:
313.
314.
                       if (codec->flags & CODEC_FLAG_PASS1){
                            f = fopen(logfilename, "wb");
315.
316.
                            if (!f) {
                               av log(NULL, AV LOG FATAL, "Cannot write log file '%s' for pass-1 encoding: %s\n",
317.
318.
                                      logfilename, strerror(errno));
319.
                               exit program(1);
320.
321.
                           ost->logfile = f;
322.
                   }
323.
324.
325.
                if (codec->codec_type == AVMEDIA_TYPE_VIDEO) {
326.
                    /* maximum video buffer size is 6-bytes per pixel, plus DPX header size (1664)*/
327.
                    //计算编码输出缓冲的大小,计算一个最大值
                   int size = codec->width * codec->height;
328.
                   bit_buffer_size = FFMAX(bit_buffer_size, 7 * size + 10000);
329.
330.
               }
331.
332.
           //分配编码后数据所在的缓冲
333.
334.
           if (!bit buffer)
335.
               bit buffer = av malloc(bit buffer size);
336.
           if (!bit buffer){
337.
               av_log(NULL, AV_LOG_ERROR,
338.
                       "Cannot allocate %d bytes output buffer\n",
339.
                       bit_buffer_size);
340.
               return AVERROR(ENOMEM);
341.
342.
343.
           //轮循所有输出流,打开每个输出流的编码器
344.
        for (i = 0; i < nb output streams; i++)
345.
346.
               ost = &output streams[i];
347.
               if (ost->encoding needed){
                   //当然,只有在需要编码时才打开编码器
348.
349
                   AVCodec *codec = ost->enc:
350
                   AVCodecContext *dec = input_streams[ost->source_index].st->codec;
```

```
if (!codec) {
351.
352.
                        snprintf(error, sizeof(error),
353.
                                "Encoder (codec %s) not found for output stream #%d:%d",
354.
                                avcodec_get_name(ost->st->codec->codec_id),
355.
                                ost->file index, ost->index);
                        ret = AVERROR(EINVAL);
356.
357.
                        qoto dump format;
358.
359.
                    if (dec->subtitle header){
                        ost->st->codec->subtitle_header = av_malloc(dec->subtitle_header_size);
360.
361.
                        if (!ost->st->codec->subtitle_header){
362
                            ret = AVERROR(ENOMEM);
363.
                            goto dump_format;
364.
365.
                        memcpy(ost->st->codec->subtitle header,
366.
                               dec->subtitle_header,dec->subtitle_header_size);
367.
                        ost->st->codec->subtitle_header_size = dec->subtitle_header_size;
368.
369.
                    //打开啦
370.
                    if (avcodec open2(ost->st->codec, codec, &ost->opts) < 0) {</pre>
                        snprintf(error, sizeof(error),
371.
372.
                                "Error while opening encoder for output stream #%d:%d - maybe incorrect parameters such as bit rate, rate, wi
       h or height",
373.
                                ost->file index, ost->index);
374.
                     ret = AVERROR(EINVAL);
375.
                        goto dump_format;
376.
377.
                    assert_codec_experimental(ost->st->codec, 1);
                    assert_avoptions(ost->opts);
378.
379.
                    if (ost->st->codec->bit_rate && ost->st->codec->bit_rate < 1000)</pre>
380.
                    av_log(NULL, AV_LOG_WARNING,
381.
                                "The bitrate parameter is set too low."
                                " It takes bits/s as argument, not kbits/s\n");
382.
383.
                    extra size += ost->st->codec->extradata size:
384.
385.
                    if (ost->st->codec->me threshold)
                       input_streams[ost->source_index].st->codec->debug |= FF_DEBUG_MV;
386.
                }
387.
388.
389.
390
            //初始化所有的输入流(主要做的就是在需要时打开解码器)
391.
            for (i = 0; i < nb_input_streams; i++)</pre>
392
               if ((ret = init_input_stream(i, output_streams, nb_output_streams)
393.
                        error, sizeof(error))) < 0)</pre>
394.
                    goto dump_format;
395.
396.
            /* discard unused programs */
397.
            for (i = 0; i < nb input files; i++){
398.
               InputFile *ifile = &input_files[i];
399.
                for (j = 0; j < ifile->ctx->nb programs; j++){
                   AVProgram *p = ifile->ctx->programs[j];
400.
401.
                    int discard = AVDISCARD ALL:
402.
403.
                    for (k = 0; k < p->nb_stream_indexes; k++){
404
                        if (!input_streams[ifile->ist_index + p->stream_index[k]].discard){
405.
                            discard = AVDISCARD_DEFAULT;
406.
                            break;
407.
408.
409.
                    p->discard = discard;
410.
411.
412.
            //打开所有输出文件,写入媒体文件头
413.
414.
            for (i = 0: i < nb output files: i++){</pre>
415.
                oc = output files[il.ctx:
416.
                oc->interrupt callback = int cb:
417.
                if (avformat_write_header(oc, &output_files[i].opts) < 0){</pre>
418
                   snprintf(error, sizeof(error),
419.
                            "Could not write header for output file #%d (incorrect codec parameters ?)",
420.
                           i):
421.
                    ret = AVERROR(EINVAL);
422.
                   goto dump_format;
423.
424.
                  assert_avoptions(output_files[i].opts);
425.
                if (strcmp(oc->oformat->name, "rtp")){
426.
                    want sdp = 0;
427.
                }
428.
429.
430.
           return 0:
431.
4
```

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