

# Software and Systems Engineering

Marcelo d'Amorim  
Federal University of Pernambuco

[www.cin.ufpe.br/~damorim](http://www.cin.ufpe.br/~damorim)

What is software and  
systems engineering?

# Engineering is...

the application of science  
to the design, building and  
use of machines,  
construction, etc.

System =

Software+People+Data+Hardware (computers, sensors, phones, watches, drones, etc.)

# Our society depends on software systems

They are the basis of essential services,  
communication, entertainment, etc.

# Our society depends on software systems

Every year, billions of lines of code (LOC) are  
created or modified



Volvo car > 50 MLOC  
A380 > 100 MLOC

Software and systems  
engineering is concerned with...

Quality  
and  
Productivity

# Professional software and systems development



<http://www.home-dzine.co.za/diy/diy-doghouse.htm>



<http://silviarangel.wix.com/fotografia>



# It's not about small versus large



Most software today is very much like an Egyptian pyramid with millions of bricks piled on top of each other, with no structural integrity, but just done by brute force and thousands of slaves.

Alan Kay

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alan\\_Kay](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Alan_Kay)

**unprofessional** | ʌnpɹə'fɛʃ(ə)n(ə)l |

adjective

below or contrary to the standards expected in a particular profession

focus  
on how to do it?

vs

on how to do it **right**?

Should we be concerned that we might be viewed as an over-paid, over-privileged **elite** that **does not care** enough about the **damage** that our work can cause?

Be Gracious. Leon J. Osterweil.

<https://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=3203100>

Ultimately, we need to assure ourselves and our society that our software has been made **as sound and robust as feasible** so that failures are not attributable to our own carelessness, recklessness, or laziness.

Your Software Dwells in the House of Tomorrow, Too.

Leon J. Osterweil.

<http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/3041765.3041769>,

# So our main goal is...

- Software and systems **quality**
- Software and systems  
development and operation  
**productivity**
  - costs and deadlines

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What is the software  
crisis?

# Practical impact of quality and productivity

- Companies competitiveness
- Better and safer products, smaller costs (long term)
- Attraction of new companies to local ecosystems
  - investments, more taxes

Not always  
achieved, almost  
never easy!

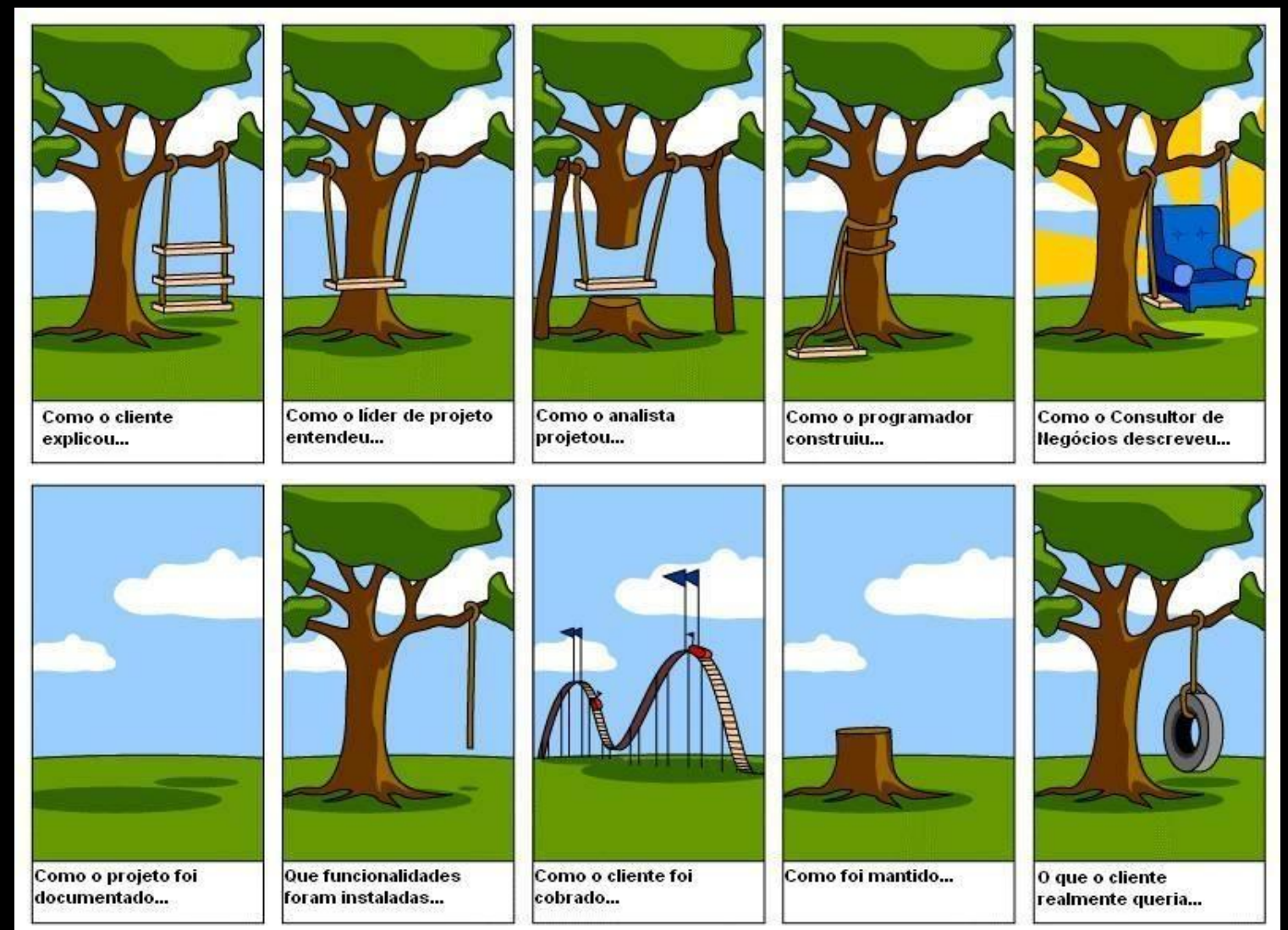
# Software development issues, (crisis? since 1968!)

- Project cancellations
- Development time and cost go well beyond the estimative
- Systems do not work as planned
- Difficult reuse and maintenance

No silver bullet!

# Essential causes of software issues

- Increasing systems complexity
- Formalization difficulties and costs



# Accidental causes of software issues

- People lack skills and experience
- Poor process and practices
- Lack of proper languages and tools
  - little synthesis
- Weak organisational structure
  - poor management
  - conflicts
  - conflict ethics and business values
- Too many project constraints

Teams that don't  
achieve share these  
deficiencies



# Handling the crisis

- 50: compilers, OS
- 60: SE (management, formal, testing), OO, databases
- 80: no silver bullet, configuration management
- 90: maturity model, processes, patterns
- 70:
  - information hiding/modules
  - top-down, stepwise refinement
  - incremental builds (today's MVP)
  - inspections
  - requirements verification and validation

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What is software  
quality?

# Software quality factors, focus on ethics and business values

✓ Reliability

✓ Correctness

✓ Robustness

✓ Extensibility

✓ Reusability

✓ Compatibility  
(backward)

✓ Portability

# More factors, **internal** and **external**

✓ Performance

✓ Scalability

✓ Integrity, privacy  
and security

✓ Usability

✓ Flexibility

✓ Fault tolerance

✓ Safety

For example, why  
would those factors be  
important for a store  
automation system?

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What is software  
productivity?



# Productivity aspects, assuming constant functionality and quality

- Reduced development **cost**
  - Consuming company wishes to invest little in software
  - Producing company should offer "inexpensive software"
- Reduced development **time**
  - Quick support and attention to market needs

# “Inexpensive software”

Not only a result of lower development costs, but also of the cost distribution among a number of clients

Reuse, extensibility and flexibility are important factors for achieving such distribution

# Trade-offs between quality and productivity

- Investing too much in quality can reduce productivity in the short term
- Neglecting quality can impact productivity even in the short term
- Professional ethics should not be part of the trade-off
  - careful with software that is ethically non-neutral

For high software  
quality and  
productivity, teams  
have to deal with those  
issues professionally!

Take notes,  
now!

# To do after class

- Read [Uma longa noite aprendendo](#), and Chapter 1 from the [textbook](#)
- Read [Software Engineering Code of Ethics and Professional Practice](#)
- Watch “Na rota do dinheiro sujo”, episode “Emissões mortais”, and [Software powers the world](#)
- Subscribe to the course calendar