Common

-shell

- You must not use the "system()" function. Instead, use the "exec()" family.
- The shell runs in an **infinite loop**, reading one command line at a time.
- While executing a command in a child process, the parent process must wait until the command finishes.
 - You can test this behavior using the "sleep" command.
- No auto-completion or suggestions are required.
- You do not need to implement background execution of processes.
- When the mini shell exits, the parent process must wait for all child processes to finish before terminating itself.

-input

- Each command consists of at most 20 words (tokens).
- You may assume test inputs contain no empty commands and no unknown commands.
- You do not need to support shell metacharacters or features except for the pipe (|).
 - Except for the single quotes used in alias definitions, no single or double quotes will appear in the input commands.
- Each command appears on a single line.
- All test cases end with a line containing "quit₩n".
- No test case contains more than 10 commands, including the final "quit₩n".
- Inputs will not have leading or trailing spaces or tabs.

-output

• Ignore any literal prompt character like \$ (i.e., prompts are not part of the graded output).

External commands

- You are not required to implement external commands; simply execute them using exec*().
- For grading, all external commands will be located in /usr/bin or /bin.
 - E.g., /bin/ls, /bin/cat, /bin/grep, /bin/wc.
- You must accept options to external commands.
 - E.g., ls -a.
- For external commands (e.g., /bin/cat reading a non-existent file), do not intercept errors—let the program's own stderr output appear directly.

cd commands (Built-in)

- Handle "cd ~" by changing to \$HOME.
 - You must handle exactly "cd ~". Handling "cd ~/[additional path]" is not required.
- You **do not have to handle** the case "cd" with no argument.
- For cd failures, print the message derived from errno to stderr
 - E.g., Use perror("cd");
 - Note: In a real bash shell, the error message may appear with a prefix or in the system's locale(Korean) such as

 But in your mini_shell, it may appear as

 Cd: No such file or directory

 Either form is acceptable as long as the error message is derived from errno and printed to stderr.
- All directory names used in grading contain only English letters and digits, and no spaces.

alias commands

- The maximum number of **unique alias names** is **20**.
- The aliased command (right-hand side) must be enclosed in single quotes.
 - E.g., alias II=Is -al (X), alias II='Is -al' (O)
- If the same alias name is defined multiple times, the most recent one takes
 effect.
- Aliases may appear only as the first token of the entire line or the first token after a pipe.
 - At most one alias per line.
 - No recursive alias expansion.
 - E.g., alias my_wc ='wc -l', my_wc | grep a (O)
 - E.g., alias my_wc='wc -l', cat text.txt | my_wc (O)
 - E.g., alias list='abcdef', echo list (X)
 - E.g., alias list='abcdef', cat text.txt | grep list (X)
- There is at most one aliased token per line.
- Aliases can accept additional options at use time
 - E.g., alias my_wc='wc -c', "cat t | my_wc -m"
 - This is equivalent to "cat t | wc -c -m"
- Alias names will not duplicate existing built-in or external command names.
- You do not need to consider examples that print alias names using echo
 - E.g., alias my_ll='ls -al', echo ll (X)
 - Such cases will not be tested
- You do not need to implement unalias.
- You do not need to handle a line that is only the word "alias".
 - E.g., no listing required.

pipe("|") commands

- For pipelines (up to 2 pipes == up to 3 processes), the parent must wait for all child processes in the pipeline.
- There must be **exactly one space** on both sides of "|"
 - "Is –al | grep A" (O)
 - "ls –al |grep A" (X)
 - "Is –al | grep A" (X)
- Maximum number of pipes per command line is 2
 - E.g., Is -al | grep A | grep B

Self test

The example test case files will be provided. However, their expected outputs will not be provided, since the results may vary depending on the environment.

Instead, you should verify the correctness of your "mini_shell" by comparing its output with that of a real shell using the given test case files.

Test input

```
E t01.in U X

PA1_new > grade > tests > E t01.in

1  pwd
2  ls -a
3  echo hello
4  quit
5  | Ctrl+L to chat, Ctrl+K to generate
```

• mini shell

Real shell

```
    kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ pwd
    /home/kms/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo
    kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ ls -a
        . . . mini_shell mini_shell.c output t01.in
    kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ echo hello
    hello
    kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$
```

Note that the real shell does not support a command like "quit".

Or, you can compare results using file redirection

mini_shell

```
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ ./mini_shell < t01.in > ./output/mini_shell_01.out
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ cat ./output/mini_shell_01.out
/home/kms/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo
.
...
mini_shell
mini_shell.c
output
t01.in
hello
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$
```

real shell

(To obtain the result from the real shell, we recommend removing the quit command from the test case.)

```
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ bash t01.in > ./output/real_shell_01.out
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ cat ./output/real_shell_01.out
/home/kms/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo
.
...
mini_shell
mini_shell.c
output
t01.in
hello
```

Diff

```
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$ diff ./output/mini_shell_01.out ./output/real_shell_01.out
kms@c4:~/2025_OS/PA1_new/demo$
```

If the contents of the two output files are the same, the diff command will produce no output.

Submission

- Submit your single mini_shell source code named [studentID].c
 - We will only accept submissions in the form of a .c file, which will be compiled and graded. Therefore, you must not implement the assignment in other languages such as C++ (.cpp) or Python (.py).
 - We are going to compile your code using **gcc**.