

Lesson 13 wǒ rèn shí gè piào liàng gū niáng
我认识个漂亮姑娘

I knew a beautiful girl

1. tīng shuō 听说: to be told/ hear about

liàn xí
练习 Exercises:

1) I heard that you have a sister.

2) - Do you know that he is going to China?

- Yes, I just heard about it.

2. shì ér
事儿: matter/affair/thing

1) I want to tell you something.

2) It is not my business.

3) What's the matter?

3. 动词词组作定语

Turn a verb/verbal phrase to Adjective modifier:

Verbal phrase + 的 + noun.

例如: *a house with a kitchen and toilet.*

Verbal phrase	的	Noun.
有 + 厨房和厕所	的	房子

练习 Exercises

1) That boy who is crying is my son.

2) The cake for her is expensive.

3) I don' t like the people who came today.

4. 了:

➤ Referring the **past tense** of the action (*)

Subj. + Verb + 了

<p>nǐ mǎi liǎo jǐ gè píng guǒ 你买了几个苹果?</p>	<p>nǐ mǎi jǐ gè píng guǒ 你买几个苹果?</p>
<p>How many apples have you bought?</p>	<p>How many apple do/will you buy?</p>

^{liàn xí}
练习 Exercises

^{fān yì}
翻译 translation:

1) we have seen a house.

2) Luca has rent the house of his friend.

3) We had six lessons last week.

4) I read a book yesterday.

- 一般疑问句 Yes-no Question

V+ 没 +V

V+ 了 + O+ 没有 / 吗

Example:

1) Did you buy apples?

nǐ mǎi méi mǎi píng guǒ
你买没买苹果?

nǐ mǎi liǎo píng guǒ méi yǒu
你买了苹果没有?

nǐ mǎi liǎo píng guǒ ma
你买了苹果吗?

- 否定式 Negative Form

没 +V+O

Example:

1) I did not buy apples.

wǒ méi mǎi píng guǒ
我没买苹果。

- indicate the **completion of the action**:
- not only in the past but also can be **present** or **future** tense

^{lì} ^{rú}
例如 Examples:

1) Tomorrow I' ll have dinner after I buy the book.

^{míng} ^{tiān} ^{wǒ} ^{mǎi} ^{liǎo} ^{běn} ^{zì} ^{qù} ^{chī} ^{fàn}
明天我买了本子去吃饭。 (**future**)

2) I will go to china once I can speak Chinese.

^{wǒ} ^{huì} ^{shuō} ^{zhōng} ^{wén} ^{liǎo} ^{jiù} ^{qù} ^{zhōng} ^{guó}
我会说中文了就去中国。 (**future**)

^{liàn} ^{xí}
练习 Exercises:

1) Call me tomorrow when you arrive home.

2) I will buy a car once I have money.

5. 让:

➤ to let

I will let him call you. 我让他给你打电话。

Why don't you let me know? 你为什么不让我知道?

➤ To make

The movie makes me think of my father.

这部电影让我想到了我爸爸

➤ Another way to say 'Let/make someone do sth' : 请 (More polite)

Examples:

1) *My mother makes me clean the room.*

我妈妈让我收拾房间。

2) *I ask my friend to help me clean the room.*

我请我的朋友帮我收拾房间。

