

Q3)

Function to expand $g = -\nabla\Phi$ upto nth order

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In[208]:= gn[a_, q_, p_, n_] := Series[g[q + 1/2 p a h], {h, 0, n}]
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First step

$$\Delta t = a h$$

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In[209]:= q1 = q + p a h + 1/2 a^2 h^2 gn[a, q, p, 2]
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Out[209]= q + a p h + 1/2 a^2 g[q] h^2 + 1/4 a^3 p g'[q] h^3 + 1/16 a^4 p^2 g''[q] h^4 + O[h]^5
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In[210]:= p1 = p + a h gn[a, q, p, 3]
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Out[210]= p + a g[q] h + 1/2 a^2 p g'[q] h^2 + 1/8 a^3 p^2 g''[q] h^3 + 1/48 a^4 p^3 g^{(3)}[q] h^4 + O[h]^5
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Second step

$$\Delta t = b h$$

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In[211]:= q2 = q1 + p1 b h + 1/2 b^2 h^2 gn[b, q1, p1, 4] // Simplify
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Out[211]= q + (a + b) p h + 1/2 (a + b)^2 g[q] h^2 + 1/4 (a^3 + 2 a^2 b + 2 a b^2 + b^3) p g'[q] h^3 +  
1/16 (a + b) (4 a b^2 g[q] g'[q] + (a^3 + a^2 b + 3 a b^2 + b^3) p^2 g''[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5
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In[212]:= p2 = p1 + b h gn[b, q1, p1, 5] // Simplify
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Out[212]= p + (a + b) g[q] h + 1/2 (a + b)^2 p g'[q] h^2 +  
1/8 (a + b) (4 a b g[q] g'[q] + (a^2 + 3 a b + b^2) p^2 g''[q]) h^3 + 1/48 (a + b) p  
(12 a^2 b g'[q]^2 + 12 a b (2 a + b) g[q] g''[q] + (a^3 + 7 a^2 b + 5 a b^2 + b^3) p^2 g^{(3)}[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5
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Third step

$$\Delta t = a h$$

In[213]:= **q3 = q2 + p2 a h + 1/2 a^2 h^2 gn[a, q2, p2, 4] // Simplify**

$$\text{Out[213]} = q + (2 a + b) p h + \frac{1}{2} (2 a + b)^2 g[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{4} (6 a^3 + 8 a^2 b + 4 a b^2 + b^3) p g'[q] h^3 + \frac{1}{16} (2 a + b) (4 a (a + b)^2 g[q] g'[q] + (6 a^3 + 8 a^2 b + 4 a b^2 + b^3) p^2 g''[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5$$

In[214]:= **p3 = p2 + a h gn[a, q2, p2, 5] // Simplify**

$$\text{Out[214]} = p + (2 a + b) g[q] h + \frac{1}{2} (2 a + b)^2 p g'[q] h^2 + \left(a (a + b)^2 g[q] g'[q] + \frac{1}{8} (10 a^3 + 16 a^2 b + 8 a b^2 + b^3) p^2 g''[q] \right) h^3 + \frac{1}{48} (2 a + b) p (12 a (a + b)^2 g'[q]^2 + 36 a (a + b)^2 g[q] g''[q] + (14 a^3 + 24 a^2 b + 12 a b^2 + b^3) p^2 g^{(3)}[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5$$

Taylor expansions of q and p

Substitutions for q'', q''' etc. in terms of g, g' , etc.

In[215]:= **sq = Table[D[q[t], {t, n}] -> D[g[q[t]], {t, n - 2}], {n, 2, 5}]**

$$\text{Out[215]} = \{q''[t] \rightarrow g[q[t]], q^{(3)}[t] \rightarrow g'[q[t]] q'[t], q^{(4)}[t] \rightarrow q'[t]^2 g''[q[t]] + g'[q[t]] q''[t], q^{(5)}[t] \rightarrow 3 q'[t] g''[q[t]] q''[t] + q'[t]^3 g^{(3)}[q[t]] + g'[q[t]] q^{(3)}[t]\}$$

Substitutions for p', p'' etc. in terms of g, g' , etc.

In[216]:= **sp = Table[D[p[t], {t, n}] -> D[g[q[t]], {t, n - 1}], {n, 1, 5}]**

$$\text{Out[216]} = \{p'[t] \rightarrow g[q[t]], p''[t] \rightarrow g'[q[t]] q'[t], p^{(3)}[t] \rightarrow q'[t]^2 g''[q[t]] + g'[q[t]] q''[t], p^{(4)}[t] \rightarrow 3 q'[t] g''[q[t]] q''[t] + q'[t]^3 g^{(3)}[q[t]] + g'[q[t]] q^{(3)}[t], p^{(5)}[t] \rightarrow 3 g''[q[t]] q''[t]^2 + 6 q'[t]^2 q''[t] g^{(3)}[q[t]] + 4 q'[t] g''[q[t]] q^{(3)}[t] + q'[t]^4 g^{(4)}[q[t]] + g'[q[t]] q^{(4)}[t]\}$$

Expansion of $q(t+h)$

In[217]:= **qh = Series[q[t+h], {h, 0, 4}] /. sq /. {q[t] -> q, q'[t] -> p} // Simplify**

$$\text{Out[217]} = q + p h + \frac{1}{2} g[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{6} p g'[q] h^3 + \frac{1}{24} (g[q] g'[q] + p^2 g''[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5$$

Expansion of p(t+h)

In[218]:= **ph =**

Series[p[t+h], {h, 0, 4}] /. sp /. sq /. {q[t] → q, q'[t] → p, p[t] → p} // Simplify

Out[218]= $p + g[q] h + \frac{1}{2} p g'[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{6} (g[q] g'[q] + p^2 g''[q]) h^3 +$
 $\frac{1}{24} p (g'[q]^2 + 3 g[q] g''[q] + p^2 g^{(3)}[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5$

Matching coefficients of expansion for q

Coefficients of powers of h in the taylor expansion for q should match with the corresponding coefficients of q3

In[219]:= **s = Solve[q3 == qh, {a, b}]**

Out[219]= $\left\{ \left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(2 + \frac{1}{2^{1/3}} + 2^{1/3} \right), b \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} (-1 - 2 * 2^{1/3} - 2^{2/3}) \right\}, \right.$
 $\left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1 - i \sqrt{3}}{6 * 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1 + i \sqrt{3}}{3 * 2^{2/3}}, b \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3 * 2^{1/3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}}{3} - \frac{i}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{i 2^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right\},$
 $\left. \left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1 - i \sqrt{3}}{3 * 2^{2/3}} - \frac{1 + i \sqrt{3}}{6 * 2^{1/3}}, b \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3 * 2^{1/3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}}{3} + \frac{i}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{i 2^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right\} \right\}$

Taking only the real solutions for a and b

In[220]:= **s1 = s[[1]]**

Out[220]= $\left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(2 + \frac{1}{2^{1/3}} + 2^{1/3} \right), b \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} (-1 - 2 * 2^{1/3} - 2^{2/3}) \right\}$

Substituting back values back to check

In[221]:= **q3 /. s1 // Simplify**

Out[221]= $q + p h + \frac{1}{2} g[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{6} p g'[q] h^3 + \frac{1}{24} (g[q] g'[q] + p^2 g''[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5$

In[222]:= **qh**

Out[222]= $q + p h + \frac{1}{2} g[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{6} p g'[q] h^3 + \frac{1}{24} (g[q] g'[q] + p^2 g''[q]) h^4 + O[h]^5$

Matching coefficients of expansion for p

Coefficients of powers of h in the taylor expansion for p should match with

the corresponding coefficients of p3

In[223]:= **s = Solve[p3 == ph, {a, b}]**

Out[223]= $\left\{ \left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(2 + \frac{1}{2^{1/3}} + 2^{1/3} \right), b \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(-1 - 2 * 2^{1/3} - 2^{2/3} \right) \right\}, \right.$
 $\left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1 - i \sqrt{3}}{6 * 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1 + i \sqrt{3}}{3 * 2^{2/3}}, b \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3 * 2^{1/3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}}{3} - \frac{i}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{i 2^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right\},$
 $\left. \left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1 - i \sqrt{3}}{3 * 2^{2/3}} - \frac{1 + i \sqrt{3}}{6 * 2^{1/3}}, b \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3 * 2^{1/3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}}{3} + \frac{i}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{i 2^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}} \right\} \right\}$

Taking only the real solutions for a and b

In[224]:= **s2 = s[[1]]**

Out[224]= $\left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(2 + \frac{1}{2^{1/3}} + 2^{1/3} \right), b \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(-1 - 2 * 2^{1/3} - 2^{2/3} \right) \right\}$

Substituting back values back to check

In[225]:= **p3 /. s2 // Simplify**

Out[225]= $p + g[q] h + \frac{1}{2} p g'[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{6} \left(g[q] g'[q] + p^2 g''[q] \right) h^3 +$
 $\frac{1}{24} p \left(g'[q]^2 + 3 g[q] g''[q] + p^2 g^{(3)}[q] \right) h^4 + O[h]^5$

In[226]:= **ph**

Out[226]= $p + g[q] h + \frac{1}{2} p g'[q] h^2 + \frac{1}{6} \left(g[q] g'[q] + p^2 g''[q] \right) h^3 +$
 $\frac{1}{24} p \left(g'[q]^2 + 3 g[q] g''[q] + p^2 g^{(3)}[q] \right) h^4 + O[h]^5$

Showing that both solutions are equal

In[227]:= **s2 == s1**

Out[227]= True

Final solution for a and b

In[228]:= **s1**

Out[228]= $\left\{ a \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(2 + \frac{1}{2^{1/3}} + 2^{1/3} \right), b \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left(-1 - 2 * 2^{1/3} - 2^{2/3} \right) \right\}$