Russian Vocab 1

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| Word | Reading + Meanings |
| 壁 | #1: かべ (壁) : 1. wall/partition ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. barrier/obstacle 3. Chinese "Wall" constellation (one of the 28 mansions) |
| 覆う | #1: おおう (覆う) : to cover/to hide/to conceal/to wrap/to disguise ((Godan verb with `u' ending|transitive verb)) |
| 尽くす | #1: つくす (尽くす) : 1. to exhaust/to run out ((Godan verb with `su' ending)) 2. to devote/to serve (a person)/to befriend 3. to do to exhaustion ((auxiliary verb)) |
| 街並み | #1: まちなみ (町並み) : townscape/street (of stores and houses)/(look of) stores and houses on street ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 愕然 | #1: がくぜん (愕然) : astonishment/shock/amazement/terror ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|`taru' adjective|adverb taking the `to' particle)) |
| 高い | #1: たかい (高い) : 1. high/tall ((adjective (keiyoushi))) 2. expensive |
| メートル | #1: メートル (米) : 1. metre/meter ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. meter (i.e. a gauge)/gauge |
| 防潮 | #1: ぼうちょう (防潮) : protection against the tide ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 堤 | #1: つつみ (堤) : bank/embankment/dike ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 殺す | #1: ころす (殺す) : to kill ((Godan verb with `su' ending|transitive verb)) |
| れる | #1: れる : 1. indicates passive voice (incl. the "suffering passive") ((auxiliary verb|Ichidan verb)) 2. indicates the potential form 3. indicates spontaneous occurrence 4. used as an honorific for others' actions |
| 故郷 | #1: ふるさと (故郷) : 1. home town/birthplace/native place/one's old home ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. ruins/historic remains |
| 宮城 | #1: きゅうじょう (宮城) : Imperial Palace (esp. from 1888 to 1946) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 県 | #1: けん (県) : 1. prefecture (of Japan) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. county (of China) #2: あがた (県) : 1. territory (pre-Taika: under the Yamato court; Heian: under a provincial governor, etc.) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. countryside |
| 石巻 | #1: いしのまき (石巻) : Ishinomaki (place name) #2: いしまき (石巻) : Ishimaki (family or surname) |
| 市 | #1: いち (市) : market/fair ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #2: し (市) : city ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun, used as a suffix)) |
| 旧 | #1: きゅう (旧) : ex-/former/old ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|prefix)) #2: ふる (古) : 1. used item/secondhand item ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. old/used/previous ((noun, used as a prefix)) #3: もと (元) : former/ex-/past/one-time ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no'|adverbial noun (fukushitekimeishi)|noun, used as a prefix)) |
| 大川 | #1: おおかわ (大川) : big river ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 小 | #1: しょう (小) : 1. smallness/small item ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun, used as a prefix)) 2. short month (i.e. having fewer than 31 days) 3. elementary school 4. younger or inferior (of two items or people with the same name) 5. unit of field area (approx. 400 sq m) #2: こ (小) : 1. small/little/slight ((prefix)) 2. slightly less than/just about 3. somewhat/somehow 4. minor (sometimes derogatory)/petty #3: お (小) : 1. small/narrow ((prefix)) 2. familiar prefix 3. slightly/a bit #4: ささ (細) : small/little ((prefix)) #5: ぐゎー (小) : small/little/dear (figurative sense) ((suffix)) #6: さ (狭) : narrow/thin ((prefix)) |
| 遺構 | #1: いこう (遺構) : remains ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 左手 | #1: ひだりて (左手) : 1. left hand ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. left-hand side/left-hand direction/(on) the left ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no')) #2: ゆんで (弓手) : one's left hand/bow hand ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 国道 | #1: こくどう (国道) : national highway ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 上る | #1: あがる (上がる) : 1. to rise/to go up/to come up/to ascend/to be raised ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|intransitive verb)) 2. to enter (esp. from outdoors)/to come in/to go in 3. to enter (a school)/to advance to the next grade 4. to get out (of water)/to come ashore 5. to increase 6. to improve/to make progress 7. to be promoted/to advance 8. to be made (of profit, etc.) 9. to occur (esp. of a favourable result) 10. to be adequate (to cover expenses, etc.) 11. to be finished/to be done/to be over 12. (of rain) to stop/to lift 13. to stop (working properly)/to cut out/to give out/to die 14. to win (in a card game, etc.) 15. to be arrested 16. to turn up (of evidence, etc.) 17. to be deep fried 18. to be spoken loudly 19. to get stage fright 20. to be offered (to the gods, etc.) 21. to go/to visit 22. to eat/to drink 23. to be listed (as a candidate) 24. to serve (in one's master's home) 25. to go north 26. indicates completion ((suffix|Godan verb with `ru' ending)) #2: のぼる (上る) : 1. to ascend/to go up/to climb ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|intransitive verb)) 2. to ascend (as a natural process, e.g. the sun)/to rise 3. to go to (the capital) 4. to be promoted 5. to add up to 6. to advance (in price) 7. to swim up (a river)/to sail up 8. to come up (on the agenda) |
| トンネル | #1: トンネル : 1. tunnel ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. to tunnel (through a potential barrier) ((noun or participle which takes the aux. verb suru)) 3. letting a grounder go through one's legs ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun or participle which takes the aux. verb suru)) |
| 抜ける | #1: ぬける (抜ける) : 1. to come out/to fall out/to be omitted/to be missing/to escape/to come loose ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to fade/to discolour 3. to wear a hole (e.g. clothes) 4. to leave (e.g. a meeting) 5. to be clear/to be transparent (e.g. of the sky) 6. to be stupid/to be absentminded/to be careless/to be inattentive 7. to exit (a program loop) 8. to go through/to pass through ((Ichidan verb|transitive verb)) |
| しばらく | #1: しばらく (暫く) : 1. little while/short while/moment/instant ((adverb (fukushi)|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no')) 2. a while/quite a time 3. it's been a long time ((interjection (kandoushi))) |
| 下る | #1: さがる (下がる) : 1. to come down/to go down/to fall/to drop/to sink/to get lower ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|intransitive verb)) 2. to hang/to dangle 3. to move back/to step back/to withdraw/to retire 4. to deteriorate/to fall off/to be downgraded 5. to get closer to the present day 6. to go south #2: くだる (下る) : 1. to descend/to go down/to come down ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|intransitive verb)) 2. to be handed down (of an order, judgment, etc.) 3. to pass (of time) 4. to surrender/to capitulate 5. (often in neg. form) to be less than/to be inferior to 6. to have the runs/to have diarrhea 7. to pass (in stool)/to be discharged from the body |
| ここ | #1: ここ (此処) : 1. here (place physically close to the speaker, place pointed by the speaker while explaining)/this place ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. these last (followed by a duration noun and a past sentence: time period before the present time of the speaker) 3. these next ... (followed by a duration noun and a non past sentence: time period after the present time of the speaker)/the next ... #2: きゅう (九) : nine ((numeric)) #3: ここ (個々) : individual/one by one/separate ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no')) #4: ここ (戸戸) : each house/every house ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #5: ここ (呱呱) : cry of a baby at its birth ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| まで | #1: まで (迄) : 1. until (a time)/till/to/up to ((particle)) 2. to (a place)/as far as 3. to (an extent)/up to/so far as/even 4. only/merely |
| 津波 | #1: つなみ (津波) : tsunami/tidal wave ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 浸水 | #1: しんすい (浸水) : inundation/submersion/flood ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun or participle which takes the aux. verb suru|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no')) |
| 域 | #1: いき (域) : region/limits/stage/level ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 記す | #1: しるす (記す) : 1. to write down/to note/to jot down ((Godan verb with `su' ending)) 2. to remember |
| 看板 | #1: かんばん (看板) : 1. signboard/sign/billboard/hoarding/doorplate ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. draw/attraction/feature/highlight/spokesman/figurehead 3. reputation (of a shop) 4. appearance/look 5. closing time |
| 現れる | #1: あらわれる (現れる) : 1. to appear/to come in sight/to become visible/to come out/to embody/to materialize/to materialise ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to be expressed (e.g. emotions)/to become apparent (e.g. trends, effects) |
| まだ | #1: まだ (未だ) : 1. as yet/hitherto/only/still ((adverb (fukushi))) 2. not yet (with negative verb) 3. more/besides 4. unfinished/incomplete/not yet finished with ((adjectival nouns or quasi-adjectives (keiyodoshi))) |
| 山道 | #1: やまみち (山道) : mountain road/mountain trail ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 途中 | #1: とちゅう (途中) : 1. on the way/en route ((adverbial noun (fukushitekimeishi)|noun (temporal) (jisoumeishi))) 2. in the middle of/midway |
| 海 | #1: うみ (海) : sea/ocean/waters ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 見える | #1: みえる (見える) : 1. to be seen/to be in sight ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to look/to seem/to appear 3. to come #2: まみえる (見える) : 1. to have an audience/to meet/to see ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to face (an enemy)/to confront 3. to serve (esp. as one's wife) |
| ない | #1: じしん (地震) : earthquake ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #2: ない (亡い) : dead ((adjective (keiyoushi))) #3: ない (無い) : 1. nonexistent/not being (there) ((adjective (keiyoushi))) 2. unpossessed/unowned/not had 3. unique 4. indicates negation, inexperience, unnecessariness or impossibility 5. not ... ((auxiliary adjective)) 6. to not be.../to have not ... #4: ない (内) : inside/within ((suffix)) #5: ない : 1. not ((auxiliary adjective)) 2. emphatic suffix ((suffix|adjective (keiyoushi))) |
| 同市 | #1: どうし (同市) : same city ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 雄勝 | #1: おかち (雄勝) : Okachi (place name) #2: おかつ (雄勝) : Okatsu (family or surname) #3: おがち (雄勝) : Ogachi (place name) #4: おがつ (雄勝) : Ogatsu (place name) #5: ゆうしょう (雄勝) : Yuushou (unclassified name) |
| がつ | #1: がつ (月) : month (of the year)/used after number or question word (e.g. nan or nani) ((noun, used as a suffix)) |
| 町 | #1: まち (町) : 1. town/block/neighbourhood/neighborhood ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. street/road 3. 109.09 m 4. 0.99 hectares 5. downtown/main street |
| 年月日 | #1: ねんがっぴ (年月日) : date ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 超える | #1: こえる (越える) : 1. to cross over/to cross/to pass through/to pass over (out of) ((Ichidan verb|transitive verb)) 2. to exceed |
| 襲う | #1: おそう (襲う) : 1. to attack/to assail/to make an assault/to strike/to hunt down ((Godan verb with `u' ending|transitive verb)) 2. to succeed (someone in a post, role, etc.) 3. to make a sudden visit |
| 最大 | #1: さいだい (最大) : biggest/greatest/largest/maximum ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no')) |
| 遡上 | #1: そじょう (遡上) : going upstream/retroact/retrospect ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun or participle which takes the aux. verb suru)) |
| 高 | #1: たか (高) : quantity/amount/volume/number/amount of money ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun, used as a suffix)) #2: こう (高) : 1. high school ((suffix)) 2. high- ((prefix)) |
| 場違い | #1: ばちがい (場違い) : out-of-place/inappropriate/sticking out like a sore thumb ((expressions (phrases, clauses, etc.)|adjectival nouns or quasi-adjectives (keiyodoshi)|noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| その | #1: その (其の) : 1. that (something or someone distant from the speaker, close to the listener; actions of the listener, or ideas expressed or understood by the listener)/the ((pre-noun adjectival (rentaishi))) 2. um.../er.../uh... ((interjection (kandoushi))) #2: その (園) : 1. garden (esp. man-made)/orchard/park/plantation ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|noun, used as a suffix)) 2. place/location |
| 威力 | #1: いりょく (威力) : power/might/authority/influence ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 物語る | #1: ものがたる (物語る) : to tell/to indicate ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|transitive verb)) |
| いる | #1: いる (射る) : to shoot (arrow, bolt, dart) ((Ichidan verb|transitive verb)) #2: いる (煎る) : to parch/to fry/to fire/to broil/to roast/to boil down (in oil) ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|transitive verb)) #3: いる (入る) : to get in/to go in/to come in/to flow into/to set/to set in ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|intransitive verb)) #4: いる (要る) : to need/to want ((Godan verb with `ru' ending|intransitive verb)) #5: いる (居る) : 1. to be (of animate objects)/to exist ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to stay 3. verb indicating continuing action or state (i.e. to be ..ing, to have been ..ing) ((Ichidan verb|auxiliary verb)) #6: いる (鋳る) : to cast/to mint/to coin ((Ichidan verb|transitive verb)) #7: いる (沒る) : to set beyond the Western horizon (i.e. the sun) ((Godan verb with `ru' ending)) #8: いる (癒る) : to calm down ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) |
| 山 | #1: やま (山) : 1. mountain/hill ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|counter)) 2. mine (e.g. coal mine) 3. heap/pile 4. crown (of a hat)/thread (of a screw)/tread (of a tire)/protruding part of an object ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 5. climax/peak/critical point 6. guess/speculation 7. criminal case/crime 8. mountain climbing/mountaineering 9. festival float (esp. one mounted with a decorative halberd) 10. wall/wall tile 11. temple/temple grounds 12. wild ((noun, used as a prefix)) #2: さん (山) : 1. Mt./Mount ((suffix)) 2. Mt./Mount #3: むれ (山) : mountain/hill ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 下りる | #1: おりる (降りる) : 1. to descend (e.g. a mountain)/to go down/to come down ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to alight (e.g. from bus)/to get off/to disembark/to dismount 3. to step down/to retire/to give up/to quit 4. to be granted/to be issued/to be given 5. to form (of frost, dew, mist, etc.) 6. to be passed (from the body; e.g. of a roundworm) |
| すぐ | #1: すぐ (直ぐ) : 1. immediately/at once/directly ((adverb (fukushi)|noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. soon/before long/shortly 3. easily/readily/without difficulty 4. right (near)/nearby/just (handy) 5. honest/upright/frank/straightforward ((adjectival nouns or quasi-adjectives (keiyodoshi))) #2: すぐ (過ぐ) : 1. to pass through/to pass by/to go beyond ((Nidan verb (upper class) with `gu' ending (archaic)|intransitive verb)) 2. to pass (i.e. of time)/to elapse 3. to have expired/to have ended/to be over 4. to exceed/to surpass/to be above |
| 灰 | #1: はい (灰) : ash/ashes ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 色 | #1: いろ (色) : 1. colour/color ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. complexion 3. appearance/look 4. love/lust/sensuality/love affair/lover 5. kind/type/variety #2: しょく (色) : counter for colours ((counter)) #3: しき (色) : 1. rupa (form) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. visible objects (i.e. color and form) |
| 巨大 | #1: きょだい (巨大) : huge/gigantic/enormous ((adjectival nouns or quasi-adjectives (keiyodoshi)|noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) |
| 長い | #1: ながい (長い) : 1. long (distance) ((adjective (keiyoushi))) 2. long (time)/lengthy |
| キロ | #1: キロ : 1. kilo-/10^3 ((prefix)) 2. kilogram/kilogramme ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 3. kilometre/kilometer 4. kilo-/2^10 ((prefix)) |
| およぶ | #1: およぶ (及ぶ) : 1. to reach/to amount to/to befall/to happen to/to extend ((Godan verb with `bu' ending|intransitive verb)) 2. to be up to the task/to come up to 3. to compare with/to be a match (for) 4. to commit (a crime) 5. to require (to do) (usu. used in the negative) |
| 城壁 | #1: じょうへき (城壁) : rampart/castle walls ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi)|nouns which may take the genitive case particle `no')) |
| よう | #1: かたち (形) : 1. form/shape/figure ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. visage #2: よう (酔う) : 1. to get drunk/to become intoxicated ((Godan verb with `u' ending|intransitive verb)) 2. to feel sick (e.g. in a vehicle)/to become nauseated 3. to be elated/to be exalted/to be spellbound/to be in raptures #3: よう (用) : 1. business/task/errand/engagement ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. use/purpose 3. for the use of .../used for .../made for ... ((noun, used as a suffix)) 4. call of nature/excretion ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #4: えき (益) : 1. benefit/use/good/advantage/gain ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. profit/gains #5: よう (様) : 1. appearing .../looking ... ((noun, used as a suffix|noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. way to .../method of ...ing 3. form/style/design 4. like/similar to 5. thing (thought or spoken) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #6: よう (陽) : 1. yang (i.e. the positive) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. the open (i.e. a visible place) #7: よう (良う) : 1. well/properly/skillfully ((adverb (fukushi))) 2. often #8: よう (要) : 1. cornerstone/main point/keystone ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. requirement/need 3. necessary/required ((noun or verb acting prenominally)) #9: よう (葉) : 1. counter for leaves, pieces of paper, etc. ((suffix|counter)) 2. counter for boats #10: よう (杳) : dark/not understood/unknown ((`taru' adjective|adverb taking the `to' particle)) #11: よう (癰) : carbuncle ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #12: よう (庸) : tax paid to avoid forced labor (ritsuryo period) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) #13: よう : 1. indicates speculation ((auxiliary verb)) 2. indicates will 3. indicates invitation #14: よう (洋) : 1. Occident and Orient (esp. the Occident) ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. ocean/sea 3. foreign/Western/European ((prefix)) |
| 延びる | #1: のびる (伸びる) : 1. to stretch/to extend/to lengthen/to spread ((Ichidan verb|intransitive verb)) 2. to make progress/to grow (beard, body height) 3. to grow stale (soba) 4. to be straightened/to be flattened/to be smoothed 5. to be exhausted 6. to be postponed/to be prolonged |
| 裏 | #1: うら (裏) : 1. bottom (or another side that is hidden from view)/undersurface/opposite side/reverse side ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. rear/back/behind (the house) 3. lining/inside 4. out of sight/behind the scenes/in the shadows 5. proof 6. opposite (of a prediction, common sense, etc.) 7. inverse (of a hypothesis, etc.) 8. bottom (of an inning)/last half (of an inning) |
| ある | #1: ある (有る) : 1. to be (usu. of inanimate objects)/to exist/to live ((Godan verb with `ru' ending (irregular verb)|intransitive verb)) 2. to have 3. to be located 4. to be equipped with 5. to happen/to come about #2: ある (或) : a certain .../some ... ((pre-noun adjectival (rentaishi))) |
| 気配 | #1: けはい (気配) : 1. indication/sign/hint/presence/trend ((noun (common) (futsuumeishi))) 2. quotation (esp. stock market) |
| すら | #1: すら : even/if only/if just/as long as/the only thing needed ((particle)) |
| 感ずる | #1: かんずる (感ずる) : to feel/to sense ((Ichidan verb - zuru verb (alternative form of -jiru verbs)|intransitive verb)) |