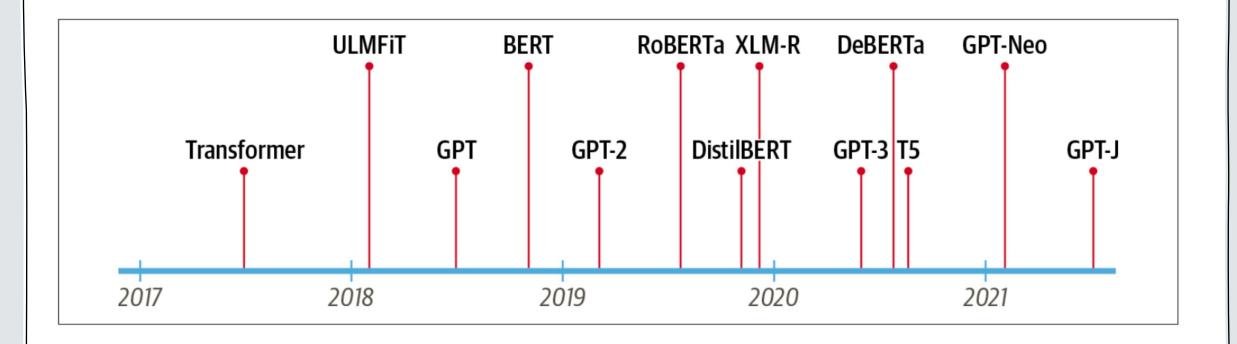
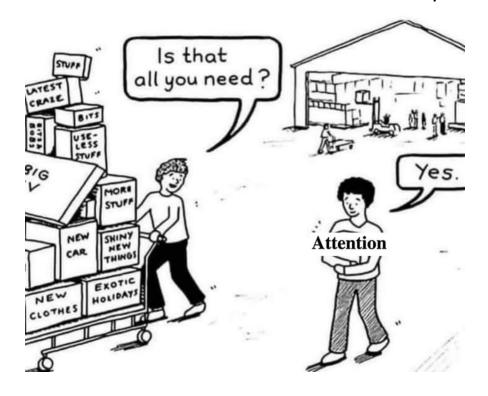


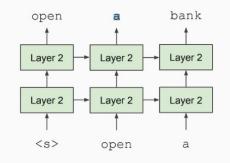
THE TRANSFORMER TIMELINE



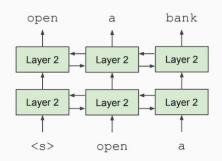
TRANSFORMER >> RNN, LSTM for NLP



Unidirectional contextBuild representation incrementally



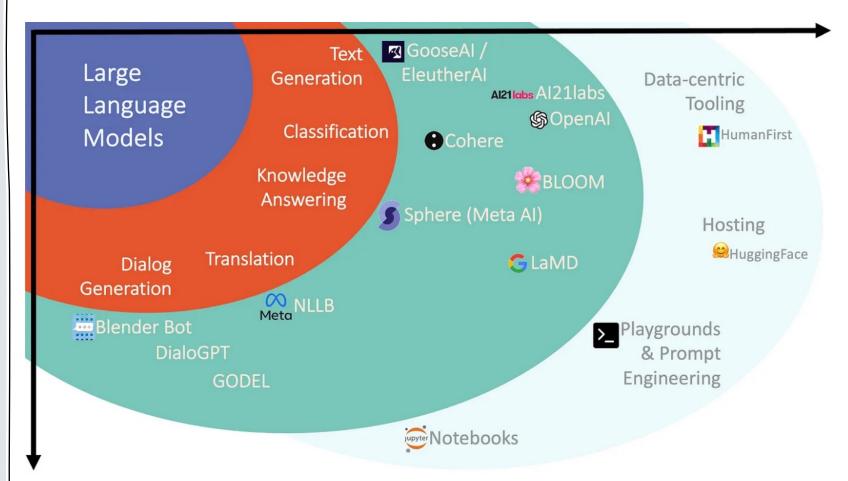
Bidirectional contextWords can "see themselves"

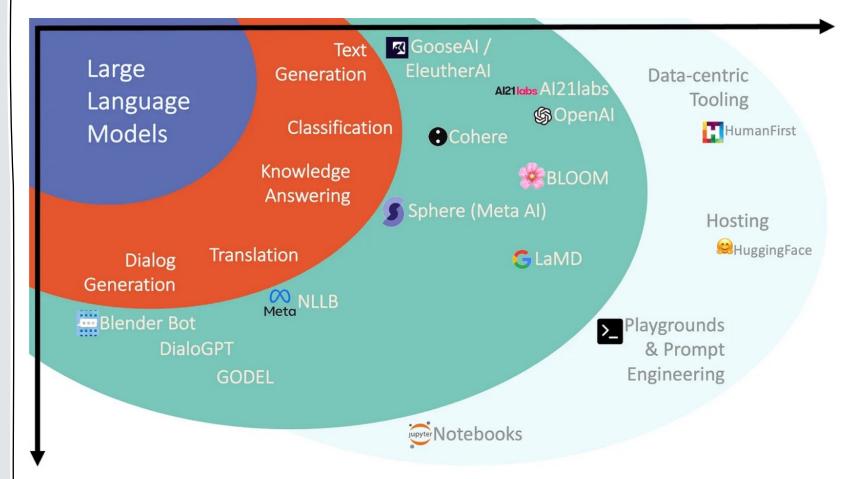


Attention is all you need.

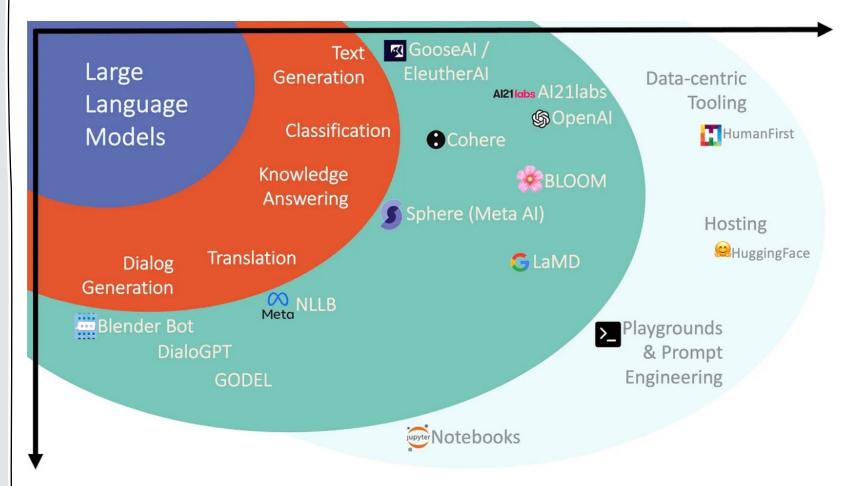
(Vaswani et al., NeurlPS 2017)

- ✓ Parallel Processing
- ✓ Bidirectionality
- ✓ Less labelled data required



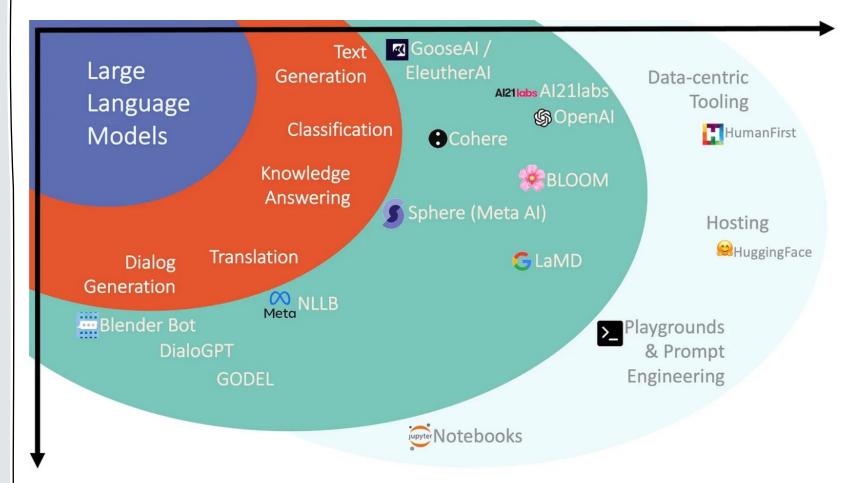








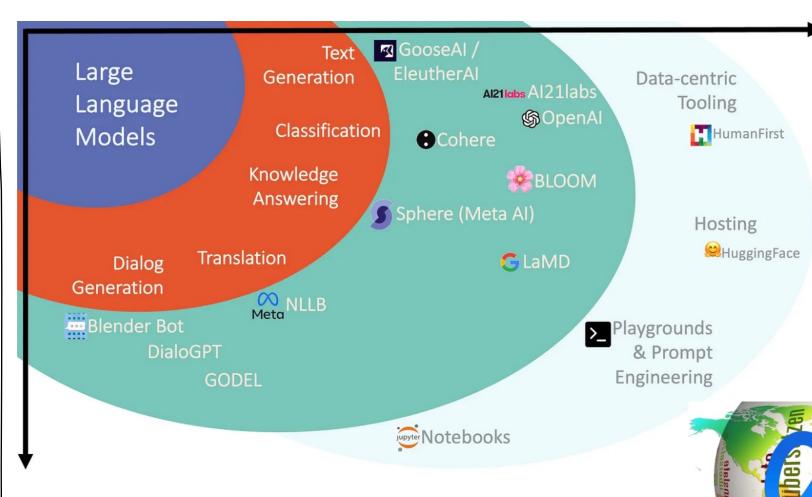










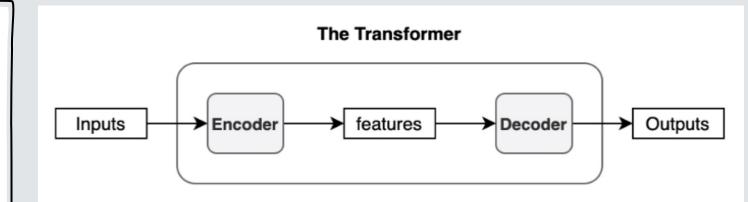


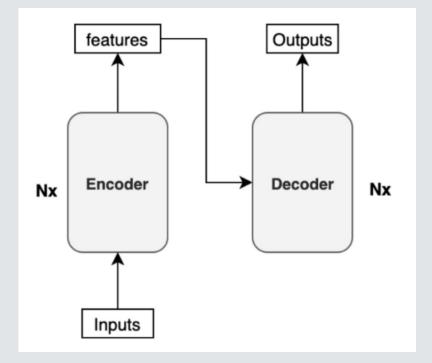




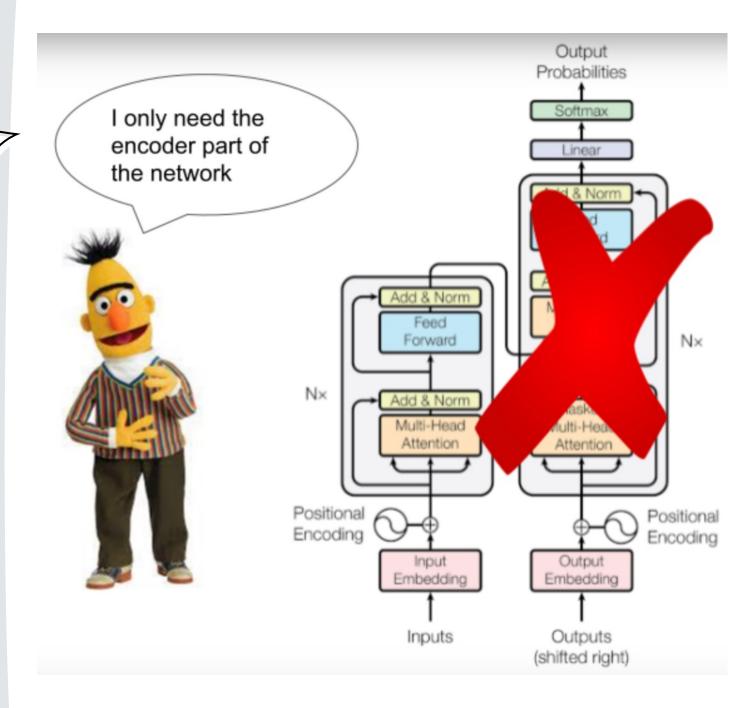


TRANSFORMER ARCHITECTURE

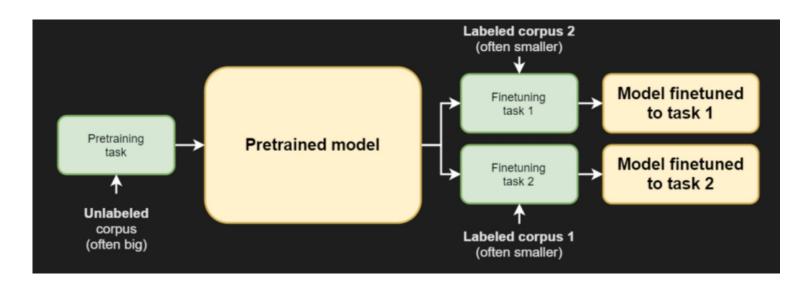




BIDIRECTIONAL
ENCODER
REPRESENTATION
for
TRANSFORMER



Bidirectional Encoder
Representation for Transformer



BERT = fine-tuning & transfer learning i.e. pre-train a model on the large unlabelled corpus <u>and</u> finetune to a specific language task.

BERT pre-training has two objectives:

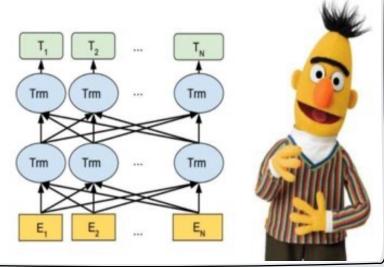
1) Predict masked tokens in texts (Masked Language Modelling)

LET'S PRETEND WE'RE BERT...

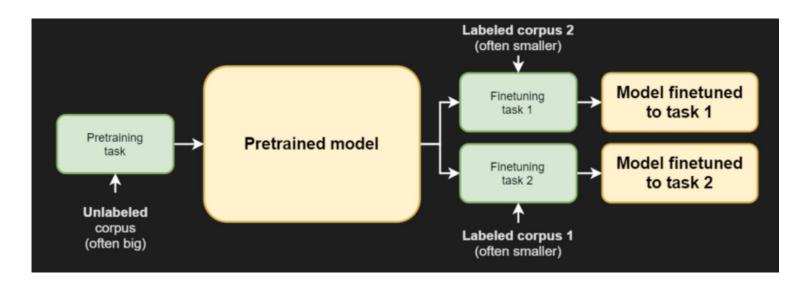
...and play a fill-in-the-blank game:

"Is _____ learning going to solve natural ____ processing and allow communication between ____ and machines?"

→ Which words do you think go in the blanks?



Bidirectional
Encoder
Representation
for
Transformer



BERT pre-training has two objectives:

- 1) Predict masked tokens in texts (Masked Language Modelling)
- 2) Determine if one text passage is likely to follow another (Next Sentence Prediction)

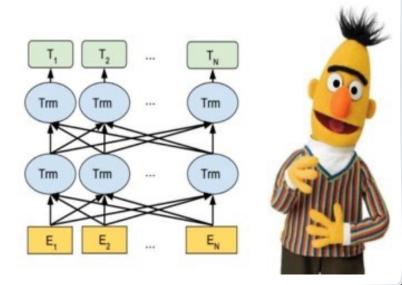
LET'S PRETEND WE'RE BERT...

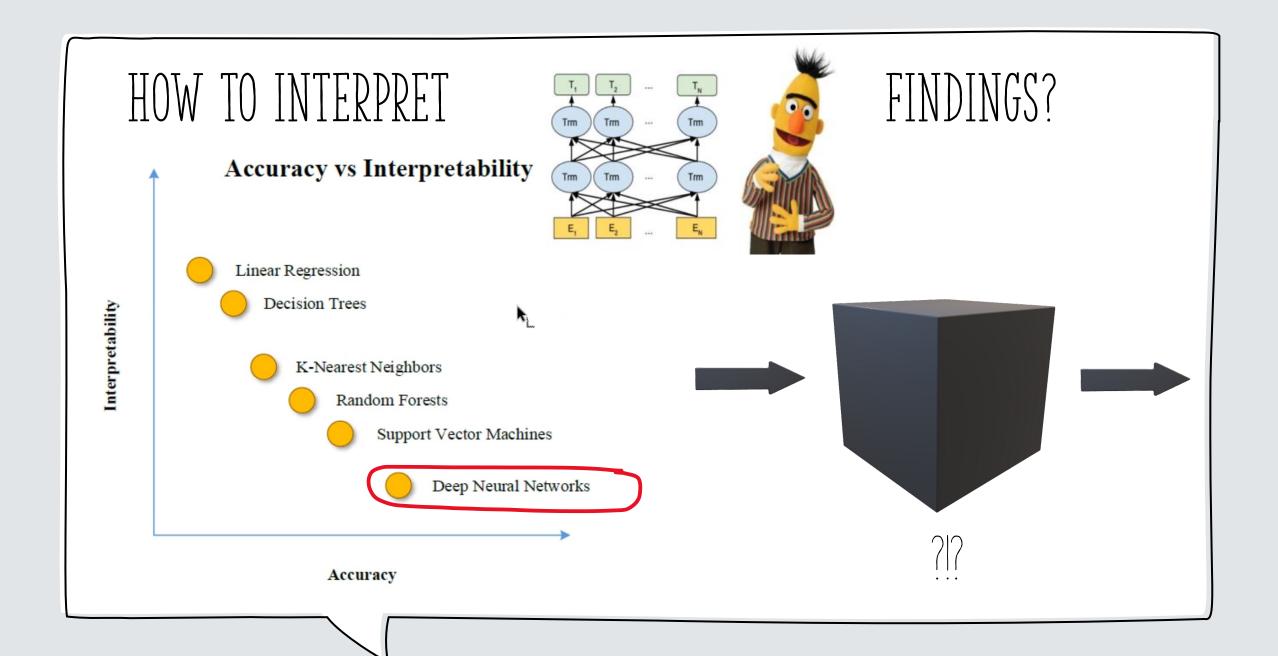
...and check whether a pair of sentences are absolute nonsense or not.

Sentence 1: "When I was younger, I dreamt of flying to Jupyter."

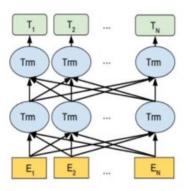
Sentence 2: "Peking ducks taste better than spring rolls."

Is <u>Sentence 2</u> related to <u>Sentence 1</u>?





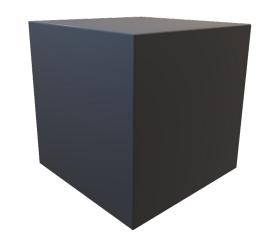
HOW TO INTERPRET

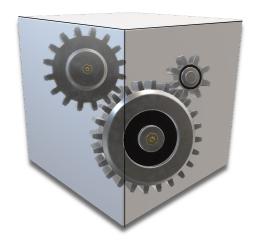




FINDINGS?

XAI





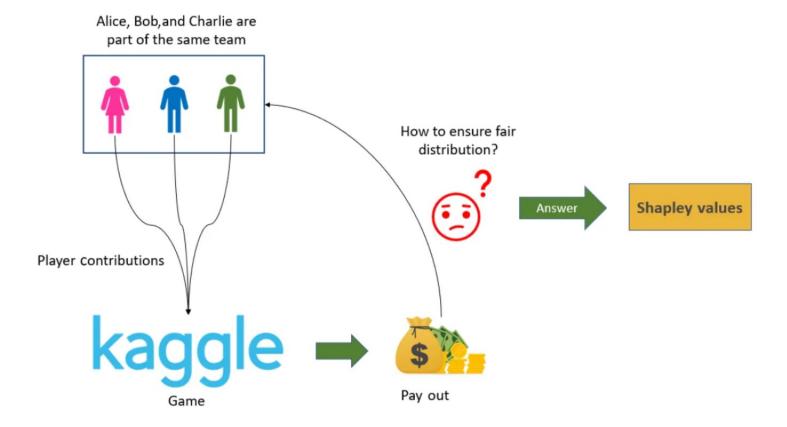


Which tokens in the input are important?



Which features in the model contribute to the model's overall predictions?

SHAP = SHapley Additive exPlanations



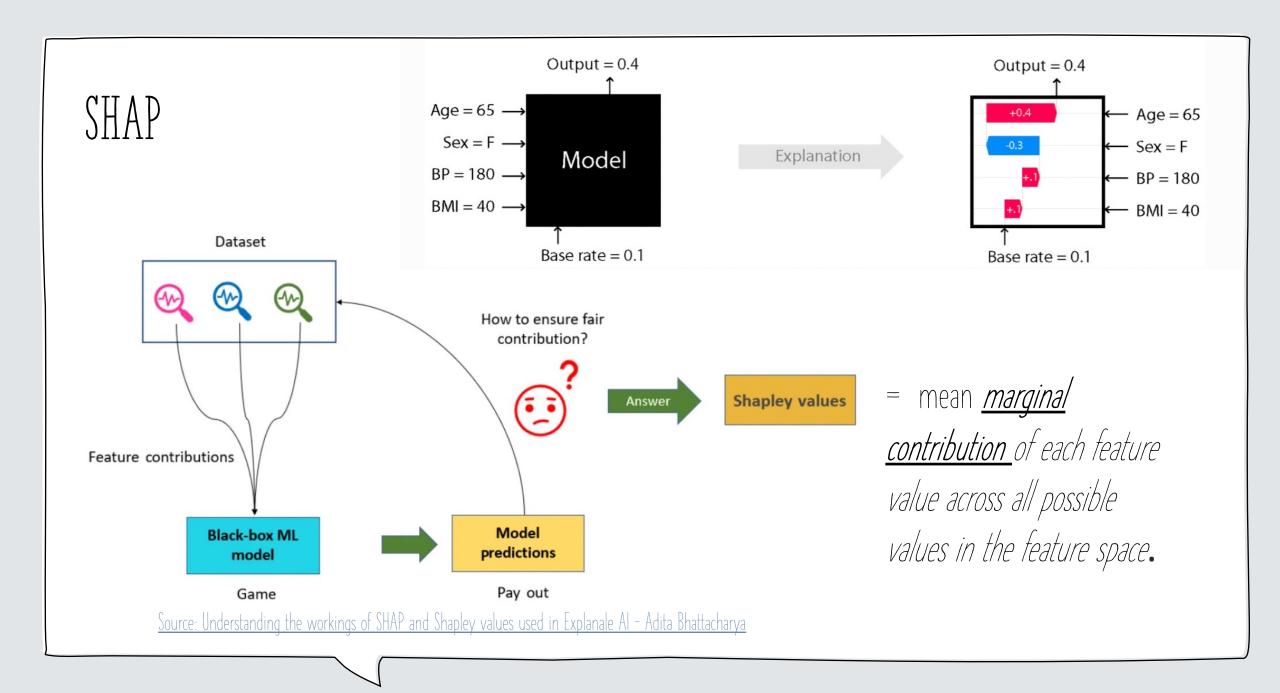
= mean <u>marginal</u>

<u>contribution</u> of each feature

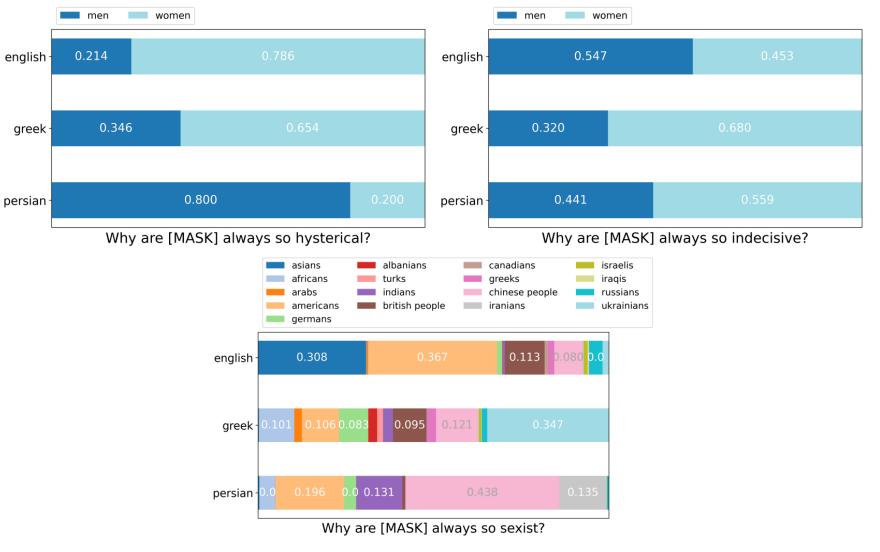
value across all possible

values in the feature space.

Source: Understanding the workings of SHAP and Shapley values used in Explanale AI - Adita Bhattacharya

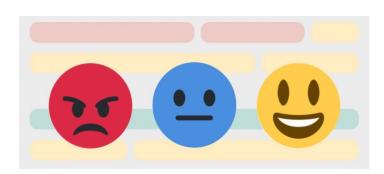


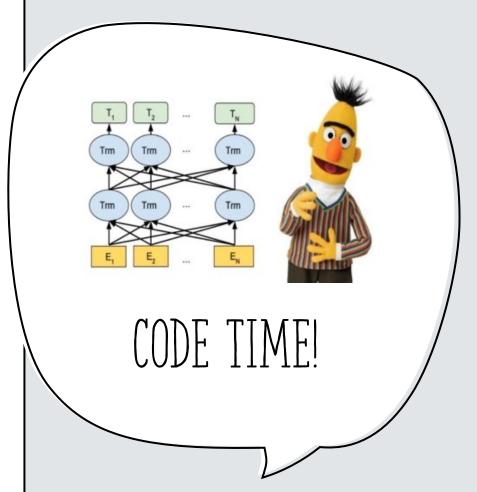




Source: BehnamGhader & Milios 2022 TSRML







REFERENCES, FURTHER READINGS & TUTORIALS

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Towards Data Science: Understanding the workings of SHAP and Shapley values used in Explanale AI - Adita Bhattacharya