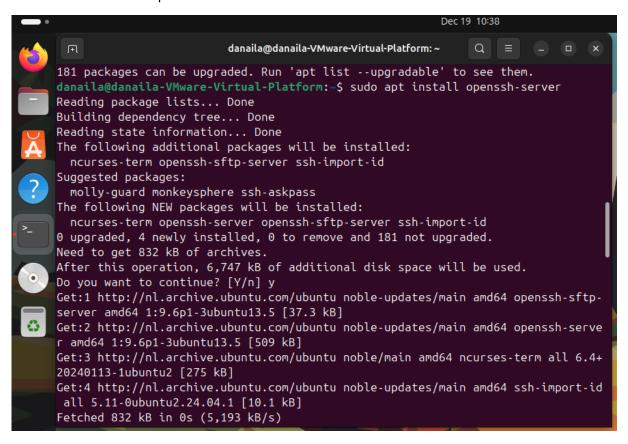
Template Week 6 – Networking

Student number: 562606

Assignment 6.1: Working from home

Screenshot installation openssh-server:



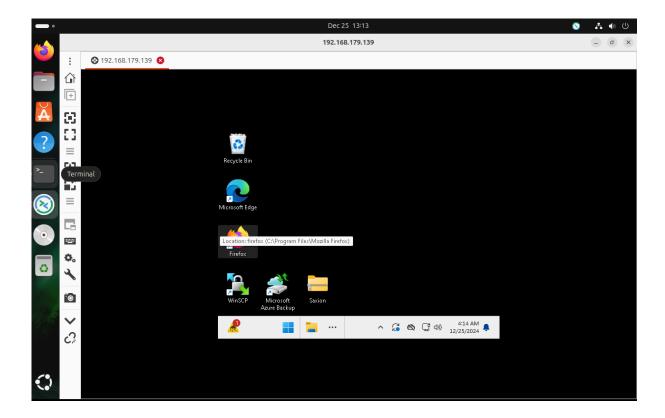
Screenshot successful SSH command execution:

```
anaila@danaila-VMware-Vir × + 🗸
The authenticity of host '192.168.179.135 (192.168.179.135)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:Cud4zrctSJKoese2TklatrN612tnPqIbArKbTvUGDYM.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes Warning: Permanently added '192.168.179.135' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts. danaila@192.168.179.135's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.8.0-48-generic x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                         https://ubuntu.com/pro
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.
173 updates can be applied immediately.
53 of these updates are standard security updates.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable
Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.
 danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$
```

Screenshot successful execution SCP command:

```
PS C:\Users\danai> scp C:\text.txt danaila@192.168.179.135:/home/danaila/danaila@192.168.179.135's password:
text.txt
PS C:\Users\danai>
                                                                                              100%
                                                                                                      0
                                                                                                             0.0KB/s 00:00
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$ ls /home/danaila/
apple2.jpeg
archive.tar
                                                               message.txt oldcar
                                                                                              sherlock.txt
                                                                                                                 text.txt
                                       email-base64.txt
                                                               Music
                                                                                                                 Videos
archive.tar.gz Documents hello
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$
                                                               myfile.txt
                                                                                 Public
                                                                                              Templates
```

Screenshot remmina:



Assignment 6.2: IP addresses websites

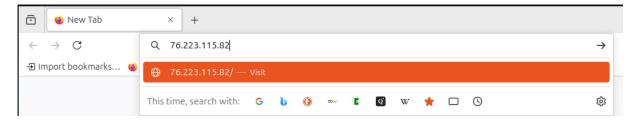
Relevant screenshots nslookup command:

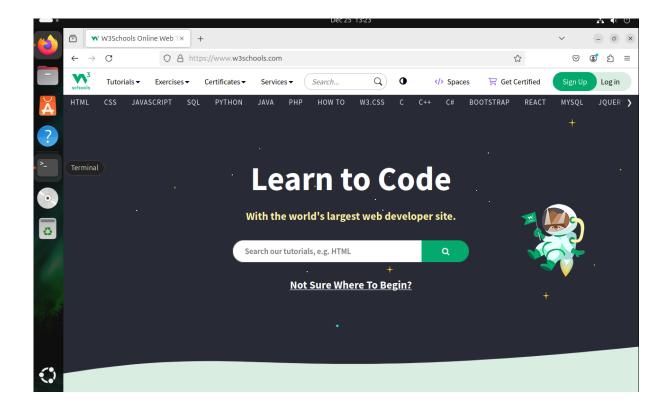
```
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$ nslookup
> amazon.com
Server:
                127.0.0.53
Address:
                127.0.0.53#53
Non-authoritative answer:
Name: amazon.com
Address: 52.94.236.248
Name: amazon.com
Addsoss: 54.239.28.85
Terminal amazon.com
Address: 205.251.242.103
> google.com
Server:
                127.0.0.53
Address:
               127.0.0.53#53
Non-authoritative answer:
Name: google.com
Address: 172.217.17.142
Name: google.com
Address: 2a00:1450:4017:811::200e
```

> one.one.one.one 127.0.0.53 Server: 127.0.0.53#53 Address: Non-authoritative answer: Name: one.one.one.one Address: 1.1.1.1 Name: one.one.one Address: 1.0.0.1 Name: one.one.one Address: 2606:4700:4700::1111 Name: one.one.one Address: 2606:4700:4700::1001 > dns.google.com Server: 127.0.0.53 Address: 127.0.0.53#53 Non-authoritative answer: Name: dns.google.com Address: 8.8.8.8 Name: dns.google.com Address: 8.8.4.4 Name: dns.google.com Address: 2001:4860:4860::8888 Name: dns.google.com Address: 2001:4860:4860::8844

> bol.com Server: 127.0.0.53 Address: 127.0.0.53#53 Non-authoritative answer: Name: bol.com Address: 34.36.121.47 > w3schools.com Server: 127.0.0.53 Address: 127.0.0.53#53 Non-authoritative answer: Name: w3schools.com Address: 76.223.115.82 Name: w3schools.com Address: 13.248.240.135

Screenshot website visit via IP address:





Assignment 6.3: subnetting

How many IP addresses are in this network configuration 192.168.110.128/25?

128 IP addresses

What is the usable IP range to hand out to the connected computers?

192.168.110.129 - 192.168.110.254

Check your two previous answers with this calculator: https://www.calculator.net/ip-subnet-calculator.html

Explain the above calculation in your own words.

The port number of the network configuration is 25 while IP addresses are 32-bit which means that there are 7 left (32-25). The number of IP addresses is calculated by putting 2 to the power of seven which results in 128.

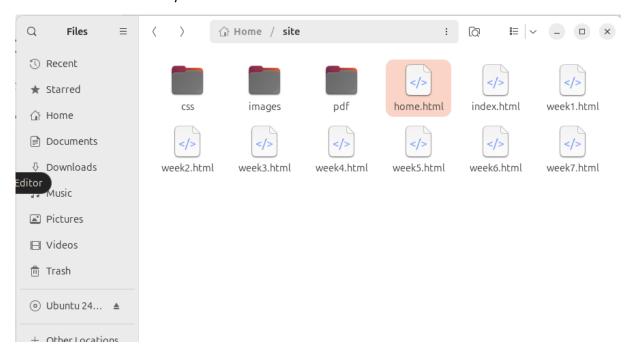
The broadcast address in this range is 192.168.110.255 which is not usable as the network address and the range of the usable ones is between these two numbers: 192.168.110.129 - 192.168.110.254

Assignment 6.4: HTML

Screenshot IP address Ubuntu VM:

```
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform: ~/site
                                                              Q
bash: cd: /home/site/: No such file or directory
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$ cd home/site
bash: cd: home/site: No such file or directory
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$ cd /Home/site/
bash: cd: /Home/site/: No such file or directory
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~$ cd ~/site
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/site$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group defaul
t qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens33: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP g
roup default glen 1000
    link/ether 00:0c:29:27:ba:bf brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    altname enp2s1
    inet 192.168.179.135/24 brd 192.168.179.255 scope global dynamic noprefixrou
te ens33
       valid lft 1128sec preferred lft 1128sec
    inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe27:babf/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
   aila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/siteS
```

Screenshot of Site directory contents:



Screenshot python3 webserver command:

```
danaila@danaila-VMware-Virtual-Platform:~/site$ python3 -m http.server 8000
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8000 (http://0.0.0.0:8000/) ...
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /home.html HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /css/mypdfstyle.css HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /images/original.jpeg HTTP/1.1" 20 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /images/image2.jpg HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /images/bro.jpg HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /images/bro.jpg HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.179.1 - - [25/Dec/2024 13:57:46] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
```

Screenshot web browser visits your site



Hobby of my own!

The hobby I write about is drawing.



I prefer drawing black and white rather than with colors.





I prefer drawing black and white rather than with colors.



Realistic drawings are my favourite



Bonus point assignment – week 6

Remember that bitwise java application you've made in week 2? Expand that application so that you can also calculate a network segment as explained in the PowerPoint slides of week 6. Use the bitwise & AND operator. You need to be able to input two Strings. An IP address and a subnet.

IP: 192.168.1.100 and subnet: 255.255.255.224 for /27

Example: 192.168.1.100/27 Calculate the network segment

This gives 192.168.1.96 in decimal as the network address. For a /27 subnet, each segment (or subnet) has 32 IP addresses (2⁵). The range of this network segment is from 192.168.1.96 to 192.168.1.127.

Paste source code here, with a screenshot of a working application.

```
public class Application implements Runnable {
   public static void main(String[] args) { SaxionApp.start(runnable: new Application(), width: 640, height: 200); }

   public void run() {
        String ip_ad = "192.168.1.100";
        String subnet = "255.255.255.224";
        String[] ip = new String[]{;
        ip = ip_ad.split(regex; "\\");
        String[] sub = new String[]{;
        sub = subnet.split(regex; "\\");
        ArrayList<Integer> results = new ArrayList<>();
        results.spliterator();
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
            String num1 = ip[i];
            String num2 = sub[i];
            int number1 = Integer.parseInt(s num1);
            int number2 = Integer.parseInt(s num2);
            int result = number1 & number2;
            results.add(result);
        }
        System.out.println(results.toString().replace( target: "[", replacement: "").replace( target: "]", replacement: "").replace( target: "]", replacement: "").replace( target: ", ", replacement: "").replace( target: "]", replacement: "").replace( target: ", ", replacement: "").replace( target: "]", replacement: "").replacement: "").replacement: "").replacement: "").re
```

```
Run Application ×

C:\Users\danai\Downloads\openjdk-21.0.2_windows-x64_bin\jdk-21.0.2\bin\java.exe "-javaagen == SaxionApp version: 1.0.1 == 192. 168. 1. 96
```

Ready? Save this file and export it as a pdf file with the name: week6.pdf