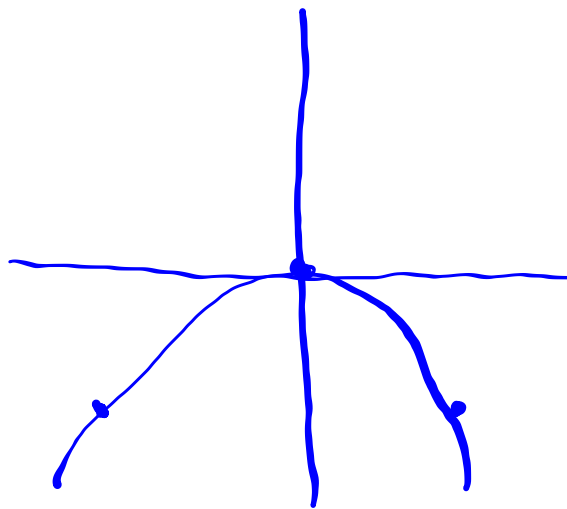


## Homework Review - 10.1

$$y = -\frac{1}{5}x^2$$

- reflection
- vertical shrink

$$y = x^2$$



x	y
0	0
5	-5
-5	-5

$$-\frac{1}{5}(5)^2$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} \cdot 25$$

$$-\frac{25}{5} = -5$$

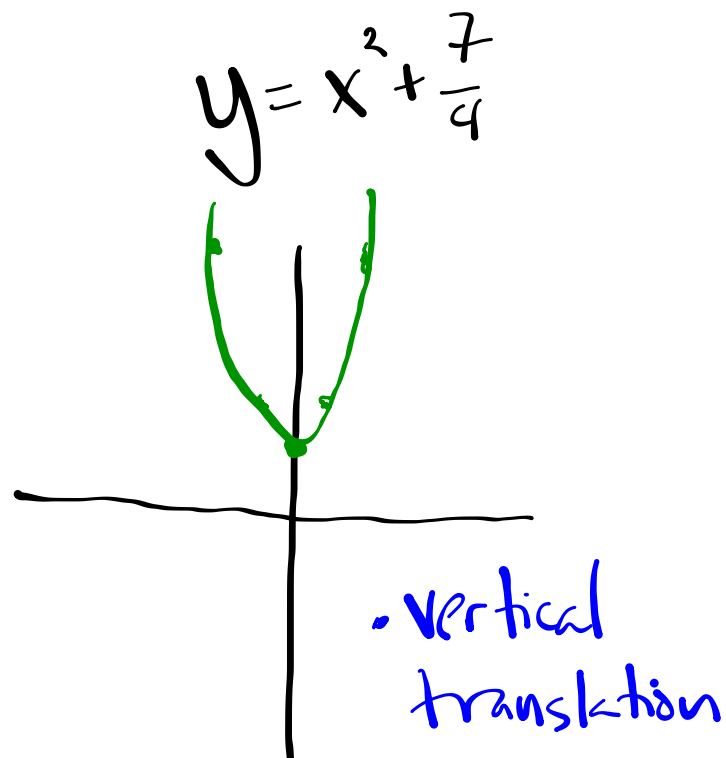
$$-\frac{1}{5}(-5)^2$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} \cdot 25$$

$$-5 \cdot -5 = 25$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}x^2 \quad \text{when } x=5$$

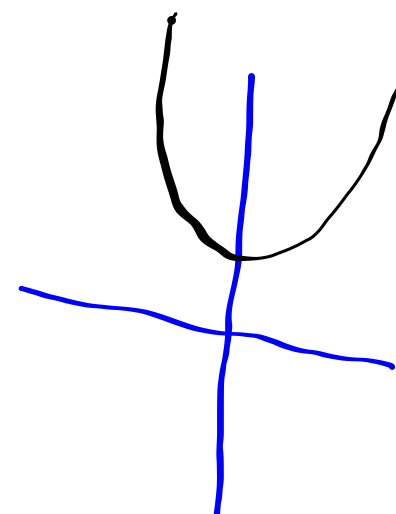

$$-\frac{1}{5}(5)^2 = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot 25 = \frac{-25}{5} = -5$$

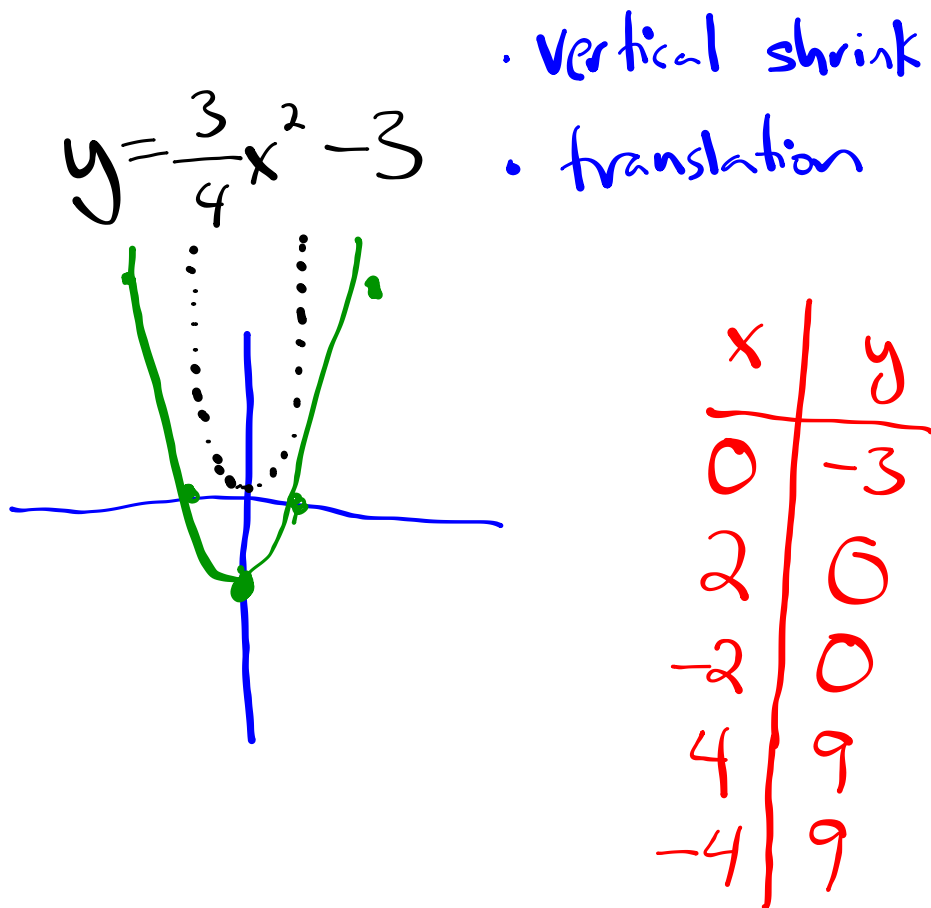


x	y	
0	$\frac{7}{4}$	$1\frac{3}{4}$
1	$\frac{11}{4}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$
-1	$\frac{11}{4}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$
2	$\frac{23}{4}$	$5\frac{3}{4}$
-2	$\frac{23}{4}$	$5\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{4}{4} + \frac{7}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$\frac{16}{4} + \frac{7}{4} = \frac{23}{4}$$





$$(-1, 9) (0, 3)$$

$$y = ax^2 + 3$$

$$9 = a(-1)^2 + 3$$

$$9 = a + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -3 \end{array}$$

$$a = 6$$

$$y = ax^2 + c$$

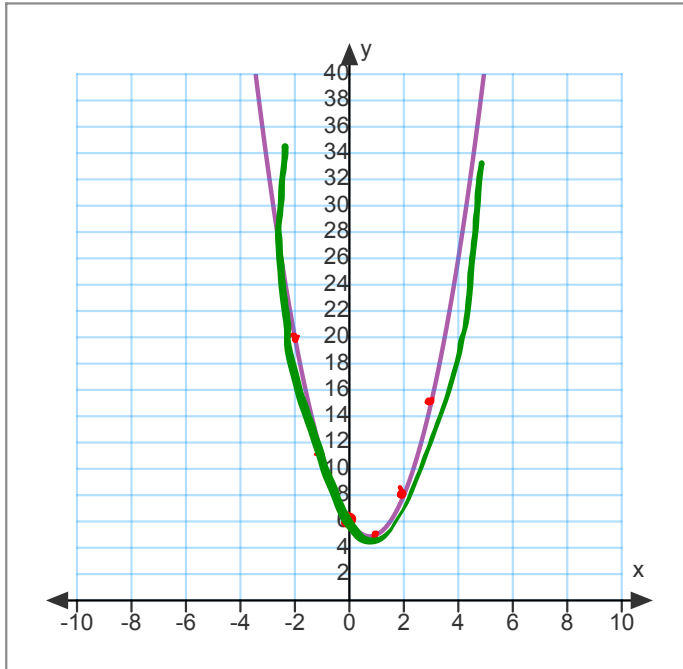
$$3 = a(0)^2 + c$$

$$3 = 0 + c$$

$$3 = c$$

$$y = 6x^2 + 3$$

# Graphing Quadratics - $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

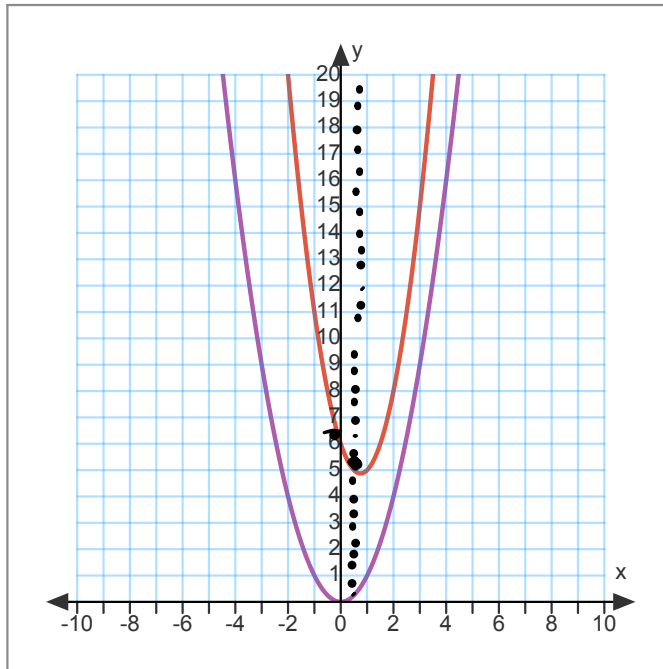


What will it look like?

$$y = 2x^2 - 3x + 6$$

$x$	$y$
0	6
1	5
-1	11
2	8
-2	20
3	15

# General Guidelines:



$$y = x^2$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 3x + 6$$

$$\sim 1 - 2 + 6$$

$$\frac{9}{8} - \frac{18}{8} + \frac{48}{8}$$

Does it open up or down? (Smiley or Frowny)

if  $a$  is negative, it's frowny...

Is it narrower or wider than the parent function?

if  $|a| < 1$ , it's wider (vertical stretch)

Where is the axis of symmetry?

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{3}{4}$$

Where is the vertex?

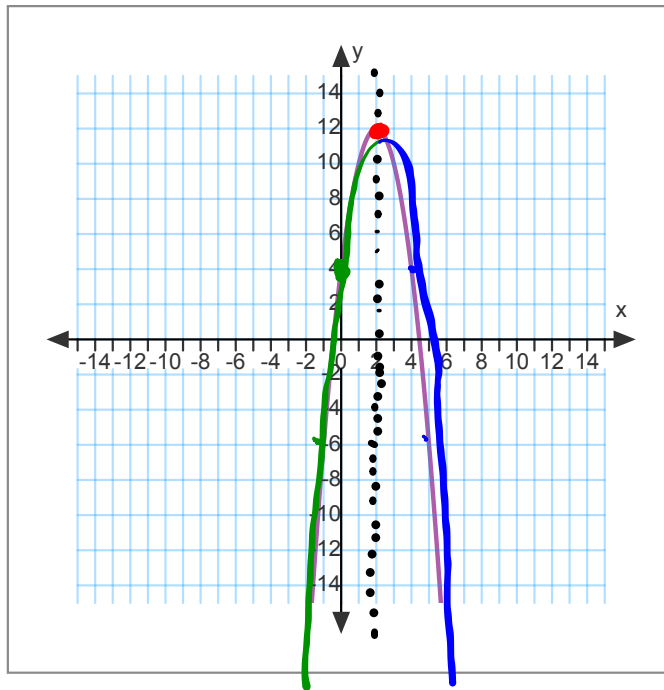
use this  $x$  and find  $y$  using the equation  $(\frac{3}{4}, 5)$

Where is the y-intercept?

Use  $x=0$  and find  $y$  using the equation

Graph  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ 

$$y = -2x^2 + 8x + 4$$



1. Determine whether the graph opens up or down

smile  
frown  
**DOWN**

2. Find and sketch the axis of symmetry

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-8}{2(-2)} = \frac{-8}{-4} = 2$$

3. Find and plot the vertex

$$y = -2(2)^2 + 8(2) + 4 = -8 + 16 + 4 = 12 \quad (2, 12)$$

4. Plot two points - the y-intercept and one other point (on the same side of the parabola)

$$y = -2(-1)^2 + 8(-1) + 4$$

5. Reflect the other side of the parabola

x	y
0	4
-1	-6

6. Draw the curve



$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x^2 - 1$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = 0$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}(0)^2 - 1$$

$$y = -1$$

$$\text{axis: } x = 0$$

$$\text{vertex: } (0, -1)$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = b \leftarrow \text{horizontal line}$$

$$x = a \leftarrow \text{vertical line}$$

$$y = -3x^2 + 24x - 22$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-24}{2(-3)} = \frac{-24}{-6} = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -3(4)^2 + 24(4) - 22 \\ &= -48 + 96 - 22 \\ &= 26 \end{aligned}$$

$(4, 26) \rightarrow \text{vertex}$

$x=4 \rightarrow \text{axis}$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x^2 + 3x - 2$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-3}{2(-\frac{1}{4})} = \frac{-3}{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

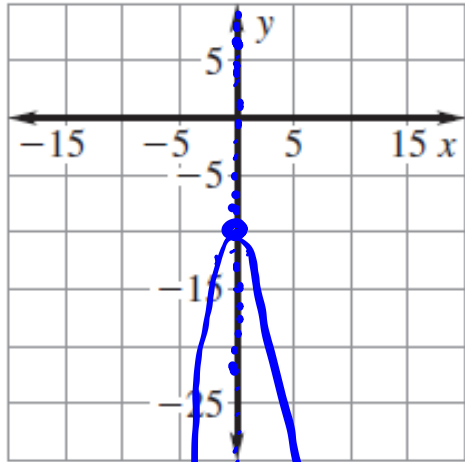
$$\frac{-3}{1} \div \frac{-1}{2} = \frac{-3}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{-1} = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{1}{4}(6)^2 + 3(6) - 2 \\ &= 9 + 18 - 2 \\ &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

vertex: (6, 25)  
axis:  $x = 6$

$$y = -x^2 - 10$$

$$= -x^2 + 0x - 10$$



1. Frowny / Smiley?

2. Same width as parent

$$3. x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-0}{2(-1)} = 0$$

$$4. y = -(0)^2 + 0(0) - 10$$

$$y = -10 \quad (0, -10)$$

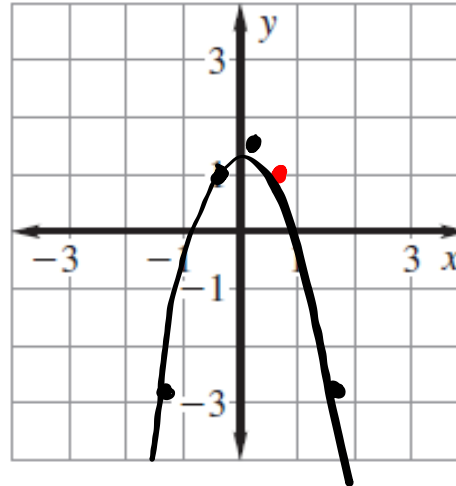
$$5. y = -(5)^2 - 10$$

$$= -35 \quad (5, -35)$$

$$y = -(1)^2 - 10$$

$$= -11 \quad (1, -11)$$

$$y = -2x^2 + 2x + 1$$



$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{2(-2)}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{-4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + 1 + 1$$

$$= 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -2(1)^2 + 2(1) + 1$$

$$= -2 + 2 + 1$$

$$= 1$$

$$y = -2(2)^2 + 2(2) + 1$$

$$= -8 + 4 + 1$$

$$= -3$$

# Finding the maximum or minimum of a quadratic

If the graph opens up, it has a minimum.

If the graph opens down, it has a maximum.

} VERTEX

Find the vertex and identify it as a minimum or maximum:

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x - 4$$

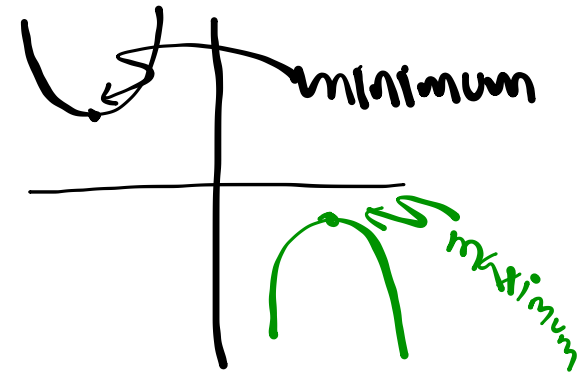
Find the vertex →

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{2(-\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{-2}{-1} = 2$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}(2)^2 + 2(2) - 4$$

$$= -2 + 4 - 4 = -2$$

•  $(2, -2) = \text{maximum}$  (a is negative so it's a downward face)



32.  ~~$f(x) = 8x^2 - 40$~~

$$f(x) = y$$

$$y = 8x^2 - 40$$



vertex

Find the minimum or maximum

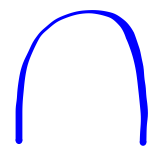
$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-0}{2(8)} = 0$$

$$y = 8(0)^2 - 40 = -40$$

 $(0, -40)$  minimum

33.  ~~$f(x) = -5x^2 + 10x - 2$~~

$$y = -5x^2 + 10x - 2$$



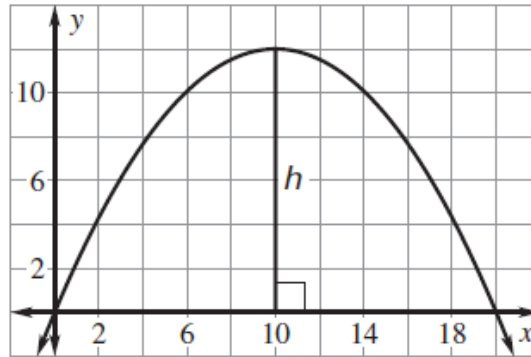
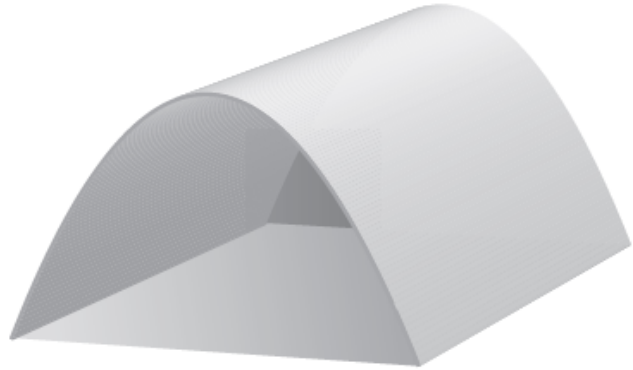
max

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-10}{2(-5)} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -5(1)^2 + 10(1) - 2 \\ &= -5 + 10 - 2 \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

 $(1, 3)$  maximum

**Storage Building** The storage building shown can be modeled by the graph of the function  $y = -0.12x^2 + 2.4x$  where  $x$  and  $y$  are measured in feet. What is the height  $h$  at the highest point of the building as shown in the diagram?

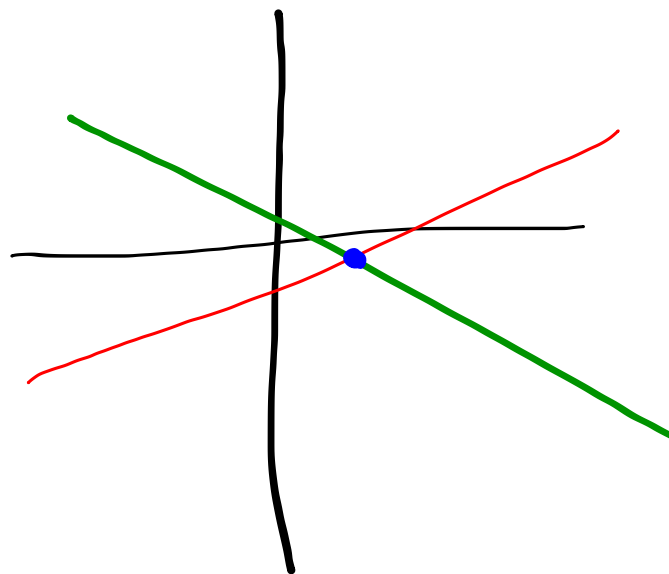


# Homework:

p. 638, 3-11 odd, 15-24 by 3, 28-34 by 3, 40, 41  
5/16 5/17



- Questions on homework
- Practice work sample (linear systems)



$$2x + 4y = 19$$
$$y = [5x - 6]$$

$$2x + 4(5x - 6) = 19$$
$$2x + 20x - 24 = 19$$
$$\vdots$$