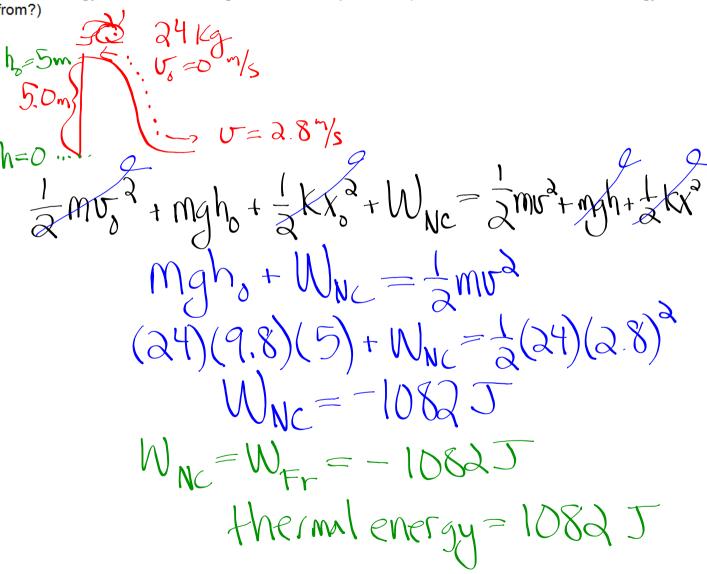
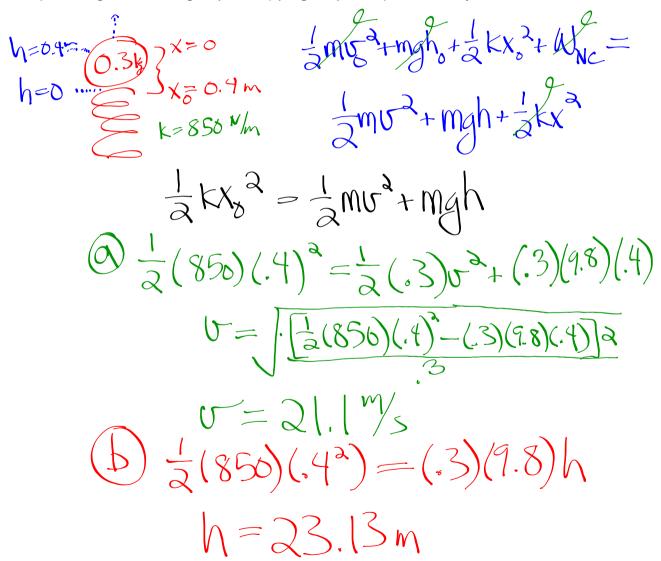
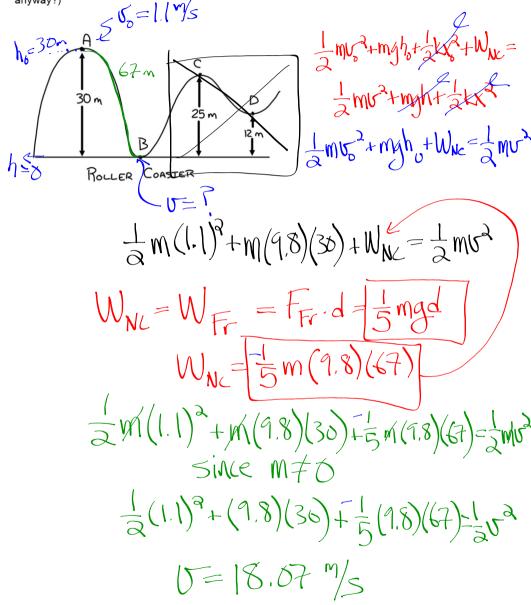
35. A 24-kg child descends a slide 5.0-m high and reaches the bottom with a speed of 2.8 m/s. How much thermal energy due to friction was generated in this process? (Hint: where must the thermal energy come from?)



- 38. A vertical spring (ignore its mass) whose spring constant is 850 N/m stands on a table and is compressed 0.400 m.
  - a) What speed can it give to a 0.300-kg ball when released?
  - b) How high above its original position (spring compressed) will the ball fly?



42. The roller coaster below passes point A with a speed of 1.10 m/s. If the average force of friction is equal to one-fifth of its weight, with what speed will it reach point B? The distance traveled is 67.0 m (Don't you dare give up on this problem if you are thinking you don't have all of the <u>information!</u> What would Mr. K tell you to do anyway?)



## Power and Efficiency:

Power: The rate at which work is done

Efficiency: The amount of power (or work) put *into* a system as it relates to the amount of power (or work) produced *by* a system

## Formula for Power:

Units (1 hp = 745.7 W)?

## Formula for Efficiency:

Form 1:

Form 2:

$$E = \frac{P_0}{P_{I}}$$

No units (ratio)