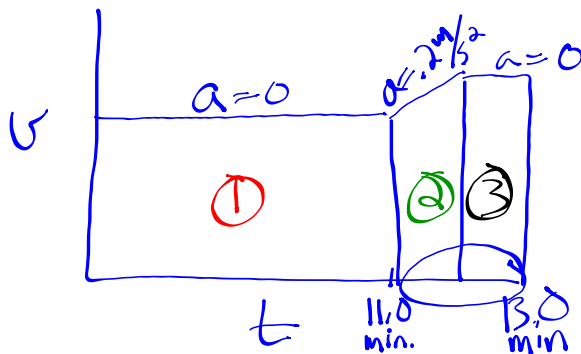


30. A runner hopes to complete the 5000-m run in less than 13.0 min. After exactly 11.0 min, there are still 800 m to go. The runner must accelerate at 0.20 m/s^2 for how many seconds in order to achieve the desired time?



$$t_2 + t_3 = 120$$

$$t_3 = 120 - t_2$$

$$X_0 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$X = 4200 \text{ m}$$

$$v_0 = 6.36 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$v = 6.36 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$t = 11 \text{ min} = 660 \text{ s}$$

$$X_0 = 4200 \text{ m}$$

$$X = 4200 + 6.36t_2 + 0.1t_2^2$$

$$v_0 = 6.36 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$v = 6.36 + 0.2t_2$$

$$a = 0.2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$t = t_2 = 1.54 \text{ s}$$

$$X_0 = 4200 + 6.36t_2 + 0.1t_2^2$$

$$X = 5000 \text{ m}$$

$$v_0 = 6.36 + 0.2t_2$$

$$v = 6.36 + 0.2t_2$$

$$a = 0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$t = t_3 = 120 - t_2$$

$$X = X_0 + v_0t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$X = 4200 + 6.36t + \frac{1}{2}(0.2)t^2$$

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$v = 6.36 + 0.2t$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a(X - X_0)$$

$$v^2 = 6.36^2 + 2(0.2)(X - 4200)$$

$$X = X_0 + U_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$\underline{5000} = \underline{4200} + 6.36 t_2 + 0.1 t_2^2 + (6.36 + 0.2 t_2)(120 - t_2)$$

$$\underline{800} = \cancel{6.36 t_2} + \underline{0.1 t_2^2} + \underline{763.2} - \cancel{6.36 t_2} + \underline{24 t_2} - \underline{0.2 t_2^2}$$

$$0 = -0.1 t_2^2 + 24 t_2 - 36.8$$

$$t_2 = 1.54 \text{ s} \quad \text{or} \quad \cancel{238.5 \text{ s}}$$