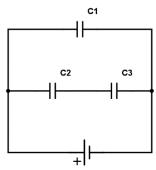
Capacitors in Circuits Homework

Physics

All problems taken from Physics, Giancoli, 2nd Ed. P. 436, #37, 41, 42, 47

1. (a) Determine the equivalent capacitance of the circuit below (your answer will be a variable expression). (b) If $C_1 = C_2 = 2C_3 = 4.0 \, \mu\text{F}$, how much charge is stored on each capacitor when V = 50V? [(a) $C_{tot} = C_1 + \frac{C_2 C_3}{(C_2 + C_3)}$; (b) $Q_1 = 200 \, \mu\text{C}$, $Q_2 = 6.67 \, \mu\text{C}$, $Q_3 = 6.67\text{e}$ -5 C]



- 2. A 0.20 μ F and a 0.10 μ F capacitor are connected in series to a 9.0V battery. Calculate (a) the potential difference across each capacitor, and (b) the charge on each. (c) Repeat parts (a) and (b) assuming the capacitors are in parallel. [(a) 3V, 6V; (b) 0.6 μ C, 0.6 μ C; (c) 9.0 V, 9.0V, 1.8 μ C, 0.9 μ C]
- 3. A 3.0 μ F and a 4.0 μ F capacitor are connected in series to a 9.0V battery and this combination is connected in parallel to a 2.0 μ F capacitor. (a) What is the net capacitance? (b) if 50V is applied across the whole network, calculate the voltage across each capacitor. [(a) 3.71 μ F; (b) $V_3 = 28.6 \text{ V}$, $V_4 = 21.4 \text{ V}$]
- 4. Two resistors and two capacitors are arranged as in the circuit below. At its steady state (after the capacitors are fully charged), with a potential difference of 24V from the power source, (a) what is the potential at point a with the switch open? (b) What is the potential at point b with the switch open? (c) When the switch is closed, at the steady state of the circuit, what is the final potential of point b? (d) How much charge flows through the switch when it is closed? [(a) 8V; (b) 16V; (c) 8V; (d) -5.8 μC]

