Study Guide - Cell Unit Test

Biology

- 1. Which cell structure contains the cell's genetic material and controls the cell's activities?
- 2. What do *ribosomes* do?
- 3. Which cell structure is the main producer of energy for the cell?
- 4. List two structures you would expect to find in plant cells but not animal cells and identify the function of each of these structures.
- 5. The cell membrane is made up of a _____ bilayer.
- 6. Which types of cell transport mechanism are characterized by the movement of molecules from an area of high concentration to an area of low concentration?
- 7. Which type of cell transport mechanism is characterized by a cell's membrane wrapping around and engulfing a large particle?
- 8. What is the definition of *osmosis*? Supplement your answer with a diagram that illustrates what osmosis is and how it happens.
- 9. What is the name of the cell transport mechanism used to get substances through the cell membrane using specialized proteins but does NOT require energy input from the cell?

- 10. Explain the following terms: *isotonic*, *hypotonic*, *hypotonic*. What would happen to a cell if you put it in a solution of each type?
- 11. What is the name of the structure found in plant cells that contains *chlorophyll*?
- 12. The *endoplasmic reticulum* is an extension of which membrane?
- 13. What is the name of the cell structure that serves as the primary "packaging" area for proteins made by the cell?
- 14. Which two cellular structures were clearly visible in the cheek cell slides we made in class? Which additional structure was visible in the onion cell slides?
- 15. What is the most likely cell transport mechanism a cell would use to get rid of an extremely large waste particle?
- 16. What is the function of *chromosomes*?
- 17. What is the main difference between *active transport* pumping and facilitated diffusion?