These are the answers that we went over as a class. Your answers should be similar.

This assignment is due on <u>MON. NOVEMBER 19, 2007</u> E-mail your work to Mr. Bregar with the subject line as follows:

Per. 4 Your Name Biochem. Intro. Questions

Biochemistry Intro Questions Biology

1. Define each of the following terms and explain the differences between terms in the same row:

Atom: the smallest component of an element having the chemical properties of the element	Molecule: a group of two or more atoms	Difference: an atom is composed of a single element while a molecule is a group of two or more
Covalent Bond: bond formed by the sharing of electrons	Ionic Bond: bond formed that involves the transfer of electrons	Difference: the use of electrons is different (covalent shares and ionic transfers)
Molecule: a group of two or more atoms	Compound: formed when elements combine to form substances consisting of 2 or more different atoms.	Difference: Molecules are composed of the same atoms while compounds have 2 or more different

Protein: organic compounds that contain nitrogen in addition to carbon, hydrogen and oxygen.	Enzyme: a catalyst found in living organisms (it speeds up the rate of chemical reactions)	atoms. Difference: An enzyme is a type of protein.
Acid: a compound that releases hydrogen ions.	Base: a compound that releases hydroxide ions	Difference: different ions are released (acid - hydrogen ions and bases - hydroxide ions)
Carbohydrate: organic compound used for energy	Fat: used for energy storage (common type of lipids)	Difference: one is used for energy and the other for energy storage.

2. List five ions that are important for cells and living organisms

 Na^{\dagger}

 K^+ Remember, we said that an <u>ion</u> is an atom or molecule that has

 Cl^{-} lost or gained electrons, Ca^{2+} resulting in a positive or

H⁺ negative charge.

 $NO_3^ NH_4^+$

3. List five molecules that are important for cells and living organisms

DNA

H₂O Recall that a <u>molecule</u> is two or more different atoms

Proteins joined together.

Carbohydrates

 CO_2