

1. Why are aquatic macroinvertebrates so useful for evaluating water quality? Why might you use aquatic macroinvertebrates for this as opposed to, for example, chemically testing the water?

- We can learn about lots of different WQ parameters.

- They live in & are immersed in water at all times:

- Drink

- O₂

- Food

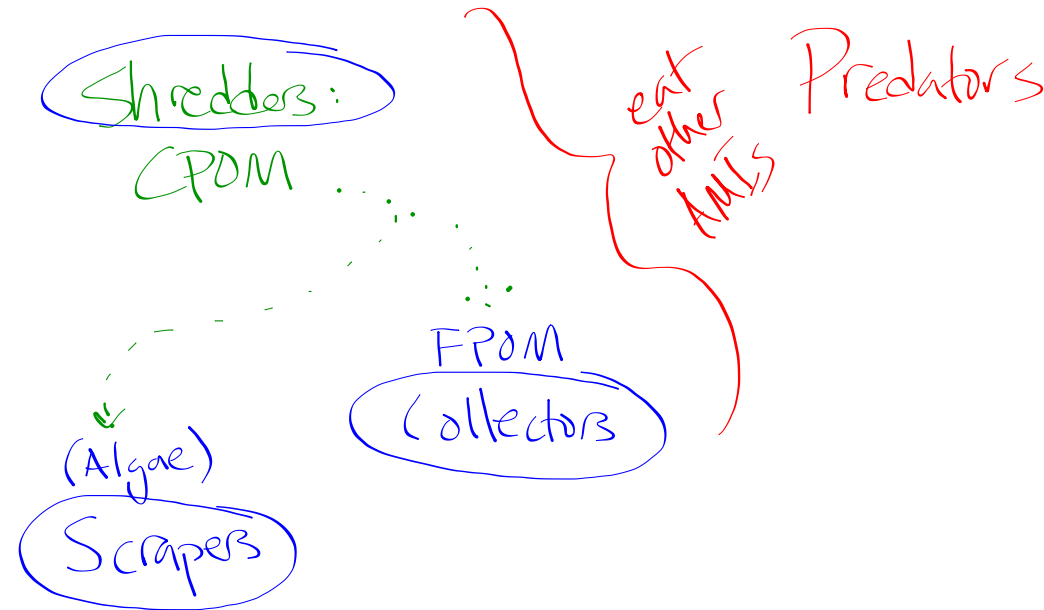
} Anything that goes wrong with the water will affect AMs

2. Using the method we learned in class, calculate the diversity of a stream where you collect: 12 mayflies, 9 stoneflies, 23 snails, 2 true flies, 9 dragonflies, 6 caddisflies, and 11 other organisms. (You can calculate by hand or use a spreadsheet). How would you characterize the diversity of this stream? (Hint – look at the descriptions on the table we used for the calculations.)

$\boxed{26} \rightarrow$ no impairment
(water quality is
good for AMs)

3. Describe how members of each of the following functional feeding groups get their food and characterize the nature of their interdependence in the aquatic ecosystem:

- a. Shredders
- b. Scrapers
- c. Collectors
- d. Predators



4. Make sure you can correctly describe the defining features of the following aquatic macroinvertebrate taxa: Ephemeroptera (Mayflies), Diptera (true flies), Trichoptera (Caddies flies), Plecoptera (Stoneflies), Odonata (dragonflies), *Juga* (snails). You will need to be able to identify these AMIs from pictures that show the defining characteristics.

Mayflies: 3 tails (usually), 1 claw/toe, abdominal gills

Stoneflies: 2 tails, 2 claws/toe, gills on legs

Caddisflies: Live in self-made houses

Dragonflies: Large, wide/short heads

Snails: Spiral shells

True flies: Legless/wormy

5. What was the overall purpose of our AMI study and what did we discover from our data? How were we able to combine several different factors into one WITRB question?

WITRB: AMI diversity \approx water speed?

↓
calculation
tells us
about water
quality!

↓
related to turbidity



6. What were the two different methods we used to collect AMIs from the creek?
What do you think are some advantages and disadvantages of each method?

Dip net

Advantage

FAST

Disadvantage

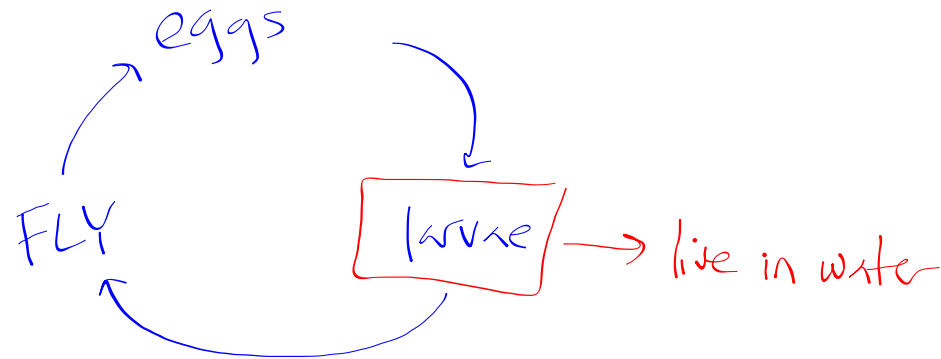
Randomness is a factor

Brick pack

CONTROL

Takes a while

7. Using your understanding of the life cycle of AMIs, explain why many of the crawling organisms we looked at have the word “fly” in their names.



8. AMIs are said to be "indicators" for water quality. What does this mean, and how did our AMI study investigate this idea?

Indicator: We can determine water quality by looking at AMIs (our spreadsheet does this)

We embedded water quality in our study:

AMI populations \longleftrightarrow turbidity
we should have seen higher diversity in slower water...