

**CFRM 505: Monte Carlo Methods in Finance (Winter 2021)**  
**CFRM Program, University of Washington**  
**Instructor: Tim Leung**  
**Assignment 2**

1. Use the inverse transform method to generate  $X$  specified as follows:

- (a)  $X = \min(U_1, U_2)$  where  $U_1$  and  $U_2$  are IID  $U(0, 1)$
- (b)  $X = \max(U_1, U_2)$  where  $U_1$  and  $U_2$  are IID  $U(0, 1)$
- (c)  $X = \min(Y_1, Y_2, Y_3)$  where  $Y_1, Y_2$ , and  $Y_3$  are IID exponential with parameter  $\lambda$ .

Then estimate the mean, i.e.  $E[X]$ , in each of the three cases. Use a sample size (for  $X$ ) no less than 10,000.

2. Write a MC simulation algorithm to generate 10000 samples of the Poisson random variable with  $\lambda = 1$ . Give the algorithm and report the mean and variance from your samples.
3. Generate a random variable  $X$  with the CDF:

$$F(x) = \int_0^\infty x^y e^{-y} dy \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1.$$

Hint: Consider the composition method. In particular, let  $F$  denote the distribution function of  $X$ , and suppose that the conditional distribution of  $X$  given that  $Y = y$  is

$$P(X \leq x | Y = y) = x^y, \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1.$$

Write the algorithm in R/Python to generate 10,000 samples of  $X$  with the CDF above. Report the mean and variance from your samples.

4. Give an acceptance-rejection algorithm to generate a random variable with pdf:

$$f(x) = 2(1 - x) \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1.$$

Describe your choice of the density function  $g(x)$  and constant  $a$ . Run your simulation code to generate 100,000 samples, and compute the average number of iterations that were required until each sample was accepted.

5. Recall from the slides the acceptance-rejection algorithm for simulating  $X \sim N(0, 1)$  that utilizes

$$g(x) = 0.5e^x 1_{[-\infty, 0)}(x) + 0.5e^{-x} 1_{[0, \infty)}(x).$$

Write a simulation code to implement this algorithm to generate 10000 samples of  $X$ . Show the histogram of the samples. Estimate  $E[X]$  and  $Var(X)$ . How many uniforms are used (on average) to generate one sample of  $X$ ?