

## Lagrange Interpolation Polynomial

$x$	$f(x)$
308.6	0.055389
362.6	0.047485
423.3	0.40914
491.4	0.035413

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_3(400) = & f_{x_0} \left( \frac{(x-x_1)(x-x_2)(x-x_3)}{(x_0-x_1)(x_0-x_2)(x_0-x_3)} \right) \\
 & + f_{x_1} \left( \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_2)(x-x_3)}{(x_1-x_0)(x_1-x_2)(x_1-x_3)} \right) \\
 & + f_{x_2} \left( \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)(x-x_3)}{(x_2-x_0)(x_2-x_1)(x_2-x_3)} \right) \\
 & + f_{x_3} \left( \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)(x-x_2)}{(x_3-x_0)(x_3-x_1)(x_3-x_2)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_3(400) = & 0.055389 \left( \frac{(400-362.6)(400-423.3)(400-491.4)}{(308.6-362.6)(308.6-423.3)(308.6-491.4)} \right) \\
 & + 0.047485 \left( \frac{(400-308.6)(400-423.3)(400-491.4)}{(362.6-308.6)(362.6-423.3)(362.6-491.4)} \right) \\
 & + 0.040914 \left( \frac{(400-308.6)(400-362.6)(400-491.4)}{(423.3-308.6)(423.3-362.6)(423.3-491.4)} \right) \\
 & + 0.035413 \left( \frac{(400-308.6)(400-362.6)(400-423.3)}{(491.4-308.6)(491.4-362.6)(491.4-423.3)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_3(400) = & 0.055389 \left( \frac{(37.4)(-23.3)(-91.4)}{(-54)(-114.7)(-182.8)} \right) \\
 & + 0.047485 \left( \frac{(91.4)(-23.3)(-91.4)}{(54)(-60.7)(-128.8)} \right) \\
 & + 0.040914 \left( \frac{(91.4)(37.4)(-91.4)}{(114.7)(60.7)(-68.1)} \right) \\
 & + 0.035413 \left( \frac{(91.4)(37.4)(-23.3)}{(182.8)(128.8)(68.1)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_3(400) = & -0.00390 + 0.02189 + 0.02696 + (-0.00176) \\
 & f_3(400) = 0.04319
 \end{aligned}$$

## Alternative Cubic Spline Interpolation

$x$	$f(x)$
1	8
4	12
9	18
10	26

The second derivative at the end points of the curve is equal to 0, therefore:

$$f''(x_0) = 0$$

$$f''(x_1) = ?$$

$$f''(x_2) = ?$$

$$f''(x_3) = 0$$

Using the equation above, we can find the value of  $f''(x_1)$  and  $f''(x_2)$ :

**Solving for  $f''(x_1)$ :**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (x_i - x_{i-1})f''(x_{i-1}) + 2(x_{i+1} - x_{i-1})f''(x_i) + (x_{i+1} - x_i)f''(x_{i+1}) \\
 &= \frac{6}{x_{i+1} - x_i}[f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_i)] + \frac{6}{x_i - x_{i-1}}[f(x_{i-1}) - f(x_i)] \\
 & (x_1 - x_0)f''(x_0) + 2(x_2 - x_0)f''(x_1) + (x_2 - x_1)f''(x_2) \\
 &= \frac{6}{x_2 - x_1}[f(x_2) - f(x_1)] + \frac{6}{x_1 - x_0}[f(x_0) - f(x_1)] \\
 & (4 - 1)(0) + 2(9 - 1)f''(x_1) + (9 - 4)f''(x_2) \\
 &= \frac{6}{9 - 4}[18 - 12] + \frac{6}{4 - 1}[8 - 12] \\
 &= 2(8)f''(x_1) + 5f''(x_2) = \frac{6}{5}[6] + 2[-4] \\
 &= 16f''x_1 + 5f''x_2 = 7.2 + (-8) \\
 &= 16f''x_1 + 5f''x_2 = -0.8(\text{equation1})
 \end{aligned}$$

**Solving for  $f''(x_2)$ :**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (x_i - x_{i-1})f''(x_{i-1}) + 2(x_{i+1} - x_{i-1})f''(x_i) + (x_{i+1} - x_i)f''(x_{i+1}) \\
 &= \frac{6}{x_{i+1} - x_i}[f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_i)] + \frac{6}{x_i - x_{i-1}}[f(x_{i-1}) - f(x_i)]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (x_2 - x_1)f''(x_1) + 2(x_3 - x_1)f''(x_2) + (x_3 - x_2)f''(x_3) \\
&= \frac{6}{x_3 - x_2}[f(x_3) - f(x_2)] + \frac{6}{x_2 - x_1}[f(x_1) - f(x_2)] \\
& (9 - 4)f''(x_1) + 2(10 - 4)f''(x_2) + (10 - 9)(0) \\
&= \frac{6}{10 - 9}[26 - 18] + \frac{6}{9 - 4}[12 - 18] \\
&= 5f''(x_1) + 2(6)f''(x_2) = 6(8) + \frac{6}{5}(-6) \\
&= 5f''x_1 + 12f''x_2 = 48 + (-7.2) \\
&= 5f''x_1 + 12f''x_2 = 40.8(\text{equation2})
\end{aligned}$$

**Finding the value of the second derivatives  $f''(x_1)$  and  $f''(x_2)$**

$$\begin{aligned}
16f''x_1 + 5f''x_2 &= -0.8 \\
16f''x_1 &= -0.8 - 5f''x_2 \\
f''x_1 &= \frac{-0.8 - 5f''x_2}{16} \\
5f''x_1 + 12f''x_2 &= 40.8 \\
5\left(\frac{-0.8 - 5f''x_2}{16}\right) + 12f''x_2 &= 40.8 \\
\frac{-4 - 25f''x_2}{16} + 12f''x_2 &= 40.8 \\
\frac{-4 - 25f''x_2 + 192f''x_2}{16} &= 40.8 \\
\frac{-4 + 167f''x_2}{16} &= 40.8 \\
-4 + 167f''x_2 &= 652.8 \\
167f''x_2 &= 656.8 + 4 \\
167f''x_2 &= 656.8 \\
f''x_2 &= \frac{656.8}{167} \\
f''x_2 &= 3.93293
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
f''x_1 &= \frac{-0.8 - 5f''x_2}{16} \quad f''x_1 = \frac{-0.8 - 5(3.93293)}{16} \\
f''x_1 &= \frac{-0.8 - 19.66465}{16} \\
f''x_1 &= \frac{-20.46465}{16} \\
f''x_1 &= -1.27904
\end{aligned}$$

**Finding the value of  $f(6)$**

$$f_6 = \frac{f''(x_{i-1})}{6(x_i - x_{i-1})}(x_i - x)^3 + \frac{f''(x_i)}{6(x_i - x_{i-1})}(x - x_{i-1})^3 \\ + \left[ \frac{f(x_{i-1})}{x_i - x_{i-1}} - \frac{f''(x_{i-1})(x_i - x_{i-1})}{6} \right] (x_i - x) \\ + \left[ \frac{f(x_i)}{x_i - x_{i-1}} - \frac{f''(x_i)(x_i - x_{i-1})}{6} \right] (x - x_{i-1})$$

$$x_i - 1 = 4$$

$$x_i = 9$$

$$x = 6$$

$$fx_i - 1 = 12$$

$$fx_i = 18$$

$$f''x_i - 1 = -1.27904$$

$$f''x_i = 3.93293$$

$$f_6 = \frac{-1.27904}{6(9-4)}(9-6)^3 + \frac{3.93293}{6(9-4)}(6-4)^3 \\ + \left[ \frac{12}{9-4} - \frac{(-1.27904)(9-4)}{6} \right] (9-6) \\ + \left[ \frac{18}{9-4} - \frac{(3.93293)(9-4)}{6} \right] (6-4)$$

$$f_6 = \frac{-1.27904}{6(5)}(3)^3 + \frac{3.93293}{6(5)}(2)^3 \\ + \left[ \frac{12}{5} - \frac{(-1.27904)(5)}{6} \right] (3) \\ + \left[ \frac{18}{5} - \frac{(3.93293)(5)}{6} \right] (2)$$

$$f_6 = \frac{-1.27904}{30}(27) + \frac{3.93293}{30}(8) \\ + \left[ \frac{12}{5} - \frac{-6.3952}{6} \right] (3) \\ + \left[ \frac{18}{5} - \frac{19.66465}{6} \right] (2)$$

$$f_6 = -0.10235 + 10.3976 + 0.64512$$

$$f_6 = -0.10235 + 10.3976 + 0.64512$$

$$f_6 = 10.94037$$