

## 0.1 Setting up the problem

Finite element solution of

$$u'' = 1 \quad ; u(0) = u'(1) = 0 \quad (1)$$

and

$$u'' = 1 \quad ; u(0) = u(1) = 0 \quad (2)$$

with

$$V = \left\{ \sin \left( \frac{(i+1)\pi x}{2} \right) \right\}; \quad i = 1, \dots, N \quad (3)$$

$$V = \{ \sin((i+1)\pi x) \}; \quad i = 1, \dots, N \quad (4)$$

applied to 1 and 2 respectively. The variational formulation or weak formulation of 1 and 2 read:  
find  $u \in V$  such that

$$-\int_0^1 u'v' dx = \int_0^1 v dx \quad \forall v \in V \quad (5)$$

Using the Galerkin method let  $u, v \in V$  be the trial function and the test function given by

$$u = \sum c_j \varphi_j \quad (6)$$

$$v = \varphi_i \quad (7)$$

Inserting the expression of  $u$  and  $v$  into 5 gives

$$-\left( \int_0^1 \varphi_j' \varphi_i' dx \right) \sum c_j = \int_0^1 \varphi_j dx \quad (8)$$

where

$$A_{j,i} = - \int_0^1 \varphi_j' \varphi_i' dx \quad (9)$$

$$b_i = \int_0^1 \varphi_j dx \quad (10)$$

and the coefficient  $c_j$  are solution of

$$Ac = b \quad (11)$$

## 0.2 Solution of computation result

for  $N = 0$  and  $x = 1$  the numerical solution of 1 and the analytical solution

$$u(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x + x \quad (12)$$

gives  $-0.516024550931$  and  $-0.5$  respectively. For verification see file *cable - sin.py*. figure 0.2 shows the variation of  $\frac{c_j}{c_{j-1}}$  with  $N$ . The numerical solution of 1 at  $x = 1$  and the numerical solution of 2 at  $x = 0.5$  gives the same result  $-0.516024550931$ . for verification see file *cable - sin.py*

