

Quick2Cloud for Cloud Systems

Built on IBM Cloud



Quick2Cloud College - Course 100

CONGRATULATIONS!

Your *Quick2Cloud* Sample Web Application has been pushed up to the IBM Cloud and should now be running. Once again, the IBM Cloud generated a URL shown in the last few lines of your shell display. Use this URL for now when you want access to the application from a web browser.

Let's play for a few moments

TIP: You are encouraged to use the *Quick2Cloud* Sample Web Application as a starting point for building your own application. Just edit and make it your own or replace it with a new or existing application after graduation.

Step 7

The *Quick2Cloud* sample web server code is located in the *q2c-web-app* directory under the name *qvsample.js*. Fire up your local code editor on your desktop and open the *qvsample.js* file. You will make a change that will log out the language of the user's operating system as reported to your application by the web browser

```
89
90 //***** IMPORTANT *****
91 //*****
92 //*****
93 // You must add your Service Name to the following two statements for Cloudant to create a DB. Change IBMID-DB to you database name
94
95 if (tr.createDB("IBMID-qvDB", "qvsample") == null) {console.log("Database qvsample failed creating");}
96 if (tr.createDB("IBMID-qvDB", "qvmetering") == null) {console.log("Database qvmetering failed creating");}
97
98 // A few words about your use of Cloudant in IBM Cloud. Initially, you are using the Cloudant Lite Plan which has restrictions.
99 // Basically, you get around 10 reads, 5 writes per/second (which is not a lot.) If you go over the limits your database
100 // calls will fail and may disable all metering. The way metering is written in this sample, care was taken so you would not
101 // exceed those limits. If you modify what gets logged and how much gets logged, or you use the database for other
102 // purposes - keep in mind these limits because its easy to violate. Also, you can upgrade from the Cloudant Lite plan
103 // to the Cloudant standard plan, for just a little fee, and the standard plan should give you lots of headroom.
104
105
106 // Create an instance of a web server that receives requests from a web browser ('request') and
107 // returns a response ('response') to be rendered at the web browser
108 http.createServer(function (request, response) {
109
110     var opEnvironment;
111     var opLanguage;
112     var browserCookies;
113     var translatedURL;
114     var ckDate;
115
116     // console.log("Cookies=" + request.headers['cookie']);
117     // console.log(request.headers);
118     console.log("URL= " + request.url);
119
120
121     // Lets check for the browser's language, operating system and any Cookies
122
123     try {
124         opEnvironment = request.headers['user-agent'];
125         opLanguage = request.headers['accept-language'];
126         browserCookies = request.headers['cookie'];
127     }
128     catch {}
129
130     // Until supported, force to English
131
132     console.log("Language=" + opLanguage);
133     opLanguage = "en-US";
134 }
```

Locate the `node.js` statement in yellow and **uncomment** the statement.

Save the file

Step 8

In your shell, reissue the `script` again. This will stop the existing sample application in the Cloud and replace it with your updated version with the OS language from the browser being reported to the Application log.

Note: This illustrates an important point. Once you have generated your script commands you don't have to regenerate them again. Just edit your sample application and reissue the same script! It is that easy!



In this part of the Course, it would be a good time to take a look at this running application from the perspective of the IBM Cloud Dashboard; a dashboard that is provided as part of the IBM user interface to their Cloud.

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