

Solutions for Sheet 5

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PATTERN MATCHING AND MACHINE LEARNING FOR AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING

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Task 5.1

(a) Let $x = [3, 1, 0, 0, 2]$ be a vector. The cyclic autocorrelation of the vector is:

$$\begin{aligned}ACF[x](0) &= \langle x | T_0(x) \rangle \\&= \langle [3, 1, 0, 0, 2] | [3, 1, 0, 0, 2] \rangle = 13 \\ACF[x](1) &= \langle x | T_1(x) \rangle \\&= \langle [3, 1, 0, 0, 2] | [2, 3, 1, 0, 0] \rangle = 9 \\ACF[x](2) &= \langle x | T_2(x) \rangle \\&= \langle [3, 1, 0, 0, 2] | [0, 2, 3, 1, 0] \rangle = 2 \\ACF[x](3) &= \langle x | T_3(x) \rangle \\&= \langle [3, 1, 0, 0, 2] | [0, 0, 2, 3, 1] \rangle = 2 \\ACF[x](4) &= \langle x | T_4(x) \rangle \\&= \langle [3, 1, 0, 0, 2] | [1, 0, 0, 2, 3] \rangle = 9\end{aligned}$$

b) Let $x = [3, 1, 0, 0, 2]$ and $y = [1, 3, 2, 0, 1]$ be two vectors. The cyclic convolution of the

vectors is:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x * y)(0) &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot y(-n \bmod N) \\
 &= 3 \cdot y(0) + 1 \cdot y(4) + 0 \cdot y(3) + 0 \cdot y(2) + 2 \cdot y(1) = 3 + 1 + 6 = 10 \\
 (x * y)(1) &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot y(1 - n \bmod N) \\
 &= 3 \cdot y(1) + 1 \cdot y(0) + 0 \cdot y(4) + 0 \cdot y(3) + 2 \cdot y(2) = 9 + 1 + 4 = 14 \\
 (x * y)(2) &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot y(2 - n \bmod N) \\
 &= 3 \cdot y(2) + 1 \cdot y(1) + 0 \cdot y(0) + 0 \cdot y(4) + 2 \cdot y(3) = 6 + 3 = 9 \\
 (x * y)(3) &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot y(3 - n \bmod N) \\
 &= 3 \cdot y(3) + 1 \cdot y(2) + 0 \cdot y(1) + 0 \cdot y(0) + 2 \cdot y(4) = 2 + 2 = 4 \\
 (x * y)(4) &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot y(4 - n \bmod N) \\
 &= 3 \cdot y(4) + 1 \cdot y(3) + 0 \cdot y(2) + 0 \cdot y(1) + 2 \cdot y(0) = 3 + 2 = 5
 \end{aligned}$$

Task 5.2

The frequency response $H(\omega)$ of

$$h(\omega) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3} & \text{if } n = 0, 1, 2 \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

is given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 H(\omega) &:= \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} h(k) e^{-2\pi i \omega k} \\
 &= h(0) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega \cdot 0} + h(1) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega \cdot 1} + h(2) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega \cdot 2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{3}(1 + e^{-2\pi i \omega} + e^{-4\pi i \omega})
 \end{aligned}$$