

§ Nonlinear Systems

Problem 1: Find the critical points of the non-linear autonomous system

$$x' = 1 - x + y$$

$$y' = y + 2x^2$$

Answer:

$$0 = f(x, y) = 1 - x + y \rightarrow y = x - 1$$

$$0 = g(x, y) = y + 2x^2$$

$$0 = x - 1 + 2x^2$$

$$x = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{4}, \quad y = \frac{-5 \pm 3}{4}$$

$$(x_0, y_0) = (-1, -2), \left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

Problem 2: Write as equivalent first-order system and find the critical points:

$$x'' - x' + 1 - x^2 = 0$$

Answer: Let $y = x'$.

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= f(x, y) = y \\ y' &= g(x, y) = y + x^2 - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= f(x, y) \\ 0 &= g(x, y) \end{aligned} \longrightarrow y = 0, x = \pm 1$$

$$(x_0, y_0) = (\pm 1, 0)$$

Problem 3: In general, what can you say about the relation between the trajectories and the critical points of the system on the left below, and those of the two systems on the right?

$$x' = f(x, y)$$

$$y' = g(x, y)$$

$$a) x' = -f(x, y)$$

$$y' = -g(x, y)$$

$$b) x' = g(x, y)$$

$$y' = -f(x, y)$$

Answer:

a) $(-f, -g)$ trajectories the same but traversed in opposite direction as (f, g) .

$$-f(x, y) = 0, -g(x, y) = 0 \text{ iff } f(x, y) = 0, g(x, y) = 0.$$

Same critical points.

b) $(g, -f)$ trajectories perpendicular to (g, f) .

$$f(x, y), -g(x, y) = 0 \text{ iff } f(x, y), g(x, y) = 0.$$

Same critical points.