Assignment 11

1. Let X, Y be two random variables with joint cdf $F_{X,Y}$ and marginal cdfs F_X , F_Y . For x, $y \in \mathbb{R}$, express

$$\mathbb{P}[X > x; Y \le y]$$

in terms of $F_{X,Y}$ and F_X , F_Y

2. Assume that there are 12 balls in an urn, 3 of them red, 4 white and 5 blue. Assume that you draw 2 balls of them, replacing any drawn ball by a ball of the same color. Denote by X the number of drawn red balls and by Y the number of drawn white balls. Calculate the joint probability mass distribution of X and Y as well as the marginal distributions. Are X and Y independent?

$$P_{X}(0) = \left(\frac{q}{12}\right)^{2} = \frac{q}{16} \quad P_{X}(1) = 2 \cdot \frac{3}{12} \cdot \frac{q}{12} = \frac{6}{16} \quad P_{X}(2) = \left(\frac{3}{12}\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$P_{Y}(0) = \left(\frac{9}{12}\right)^{2} = \frac{4}{q} \quad P_{Y}(1) = 2 \cdot \frac{4}{12} \frac{8}{12} = \frac{4}{q} \quad P_{Y}(2) = \left(\frac{4}{12}\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{q}$$

$$P_{X,Y}(x,y) \quad x = 0 \quad x = 1 \quad x = 2 \quad P_{X}(0) P_{Y}(0) = \frac{1}{q} + \frac{25}{144} = P_{X,Y}(0,0)$$

$$y = 0 \quad \frac{25}{144} \quad \frac{30}{144} \quad \frac{q}{144} \quad x \quad and \quad y \quad are \quad not \quad independent.$$

$$y = 1 \quad \frac{40}{144} \quad \frac{24}{144}$$

$$y = 2 \quad \frac{16}{144}$$

3. Assume that the joint probability mass distribution $p_{X,Y}$ of the random variable X and Y is given by

$$p_{X,Y}(1,1) = p_{X,Y}(1,2) = p_{X,Y}(1,3) = \frac{1}{12};$$

 $p_{X,Y}(2,1) = p_{X,Y}(2,2) = p_{X,Y}(2,3) = \frac{1}{4}.$

- a) Calculate the marginal probability mass distributions p_X and p_Y .
- b) Are X and Y independent?
- c) What is the probability mass distribution of the random variable $Z = \frac{X}{Y}$?

a)
$$P_X(1) = \frac{1}{4} P_X(2) = \frac{3}{4}$$

 $P_Y(1) = \frac{1}{3} P_Y(2) = \frac{1}{3} P_Y(3) = \frac{1}{3}$

c)
$$P_{2}(2) = P_{X,Y}(2,1) = \frac{1}{4}$$
 $P_{2}(1) = P_{X,Y}(1,1) + P_{X,Y}(2,2) = \frac{1}{3}$
 $P_{2}(\frac{1}{3}) = P_{X,Y}(1,3) = \frac{1}{12}$
 $P_{2}(\frac{1}{3}) = P_{X,Y}(2,3) = \frac{1}{4}$

4. Let X and Y be two independent standard-normal distributed random variables and define $Z = X^2 + Y^2$. Calculate the cumulative distribution function of Z. Which distribution follows Z?

For
$$\frac{2}{70}$$
,
$$F_{2}(z) = P[Z \le Z] = P[X^{2} + Y^{2} \le Z] = \iint_{\{x^{2} + y^{2} \le Z\}} f_{x}(x) f_{y}(y) dA$$

$$= \iint_{\{x^{2} + y^{2} \le Z\}} e^{-x^{2}/2} e^{-y^{2}/2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\right)^{2} dA = \frac{1}{2\pi} \iint_{\{x^{2} + y^{2} \le Z\}} e^{-(x^{2} + y^{2})/2} dA$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{Z}} r e^{-r^{2}/2} dr d\theta = \frac{2\pi}{2\pi} \left(-e^{-r^{2}/2}\right) \Big|_{0}^{\sqrt{Z}} = 1 - e^{-Z/2}$$
For $Z < 0$, $F_{Z}(Z) = P[X^{2} + Y^{2} \le Z] = 0$

Recall that if W is exponentially distributed with parameter A,

Z is exponentially distributed with $\lambda = 1/2$.

5. Let X, Y be two jointly distributed random variables with joint density

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} cxy & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \text{ and } 0 \le y \le 1; \\ 0 & \text{else,} \end{cases}$$

for some constant c.

- a) What is the value of c?
- b) Are X and Y independent?
- c) Calculate $\mathbb{E}[X]$.

a)
$$\frac{1}{c} = \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} xy \, dx \, dy = \left(\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) \Big|_{0}^{1} \left(\frac{y^{2}}{2}\right) \Big|_{0}^{1} = \frac{1}{4} \implies c = 4$$
b)

$$f_{\chi}(x) = \begin{cases} \int_{0}^{1} 4xy \, dy = 2x, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$f_{\chi}(y) = \begin{cases} \int_{0}^{1} 4xy \, dx = 2y, & 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Since $f_{x,y}(x,y) = f_x(x)f_y(y)$ $\forall (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$, X and Y are independent. c) $E[X] = \int_0^1 2x^2 dx = \frac{2}{3}$ 6. Let X_1, \ldots, X_n be independent and identically distributed random variables with density f and cumulative distribution function F. Calculate density and cumulative distribution function of

$$Y = \min\{X_1, X_2, \dots X_n\}, \qquad Z = \max\{X_1, X_2, \dots X_n\}$$

in terms of f and F.

$$F_{y}(y) = P[y \neq y] = P[min\{x_{1},...,x_{n}\} \neq y]$$

$$= P[\{x_{1} \neq y\} \cup ... \cup \{x_{n} \neq y\}]$$

$$= I - P[x_{1} > y, x_{2} > y, ..., x_{n} > y]$$

$$= I - P[x_{1} > y] P[x_{2} > y] ... P[x_{n} > x]$$

$$= [I - (I - F(y))^{n}]$$

$$f_{y}(y) = F'_{y}(y) = [n(I - F(y))^{n-1} f(y)]$$

$$F_{z}(z) = P[z \neq z] = P[max\{x_{1},...,x_{n}\} \neq z]$$

$$= P[x_{1} \neq z,...,x_{n} \neq z] = [F(z))^{n}$$

$$f_{z}(z) = F'_{z}(z) = [n(F(z))^{n-1} f(z)]$$