

2. Solve the following linear program using Bland's rule to resolve degeneracy:

$$\max z = 10x_1 - 57x_2 - 9x_3 - 24x_4$$

subject to

$$0.5x_1 - 5.5x_2 - 2.5x_3 + 9x_4 \leq 0$$

$$0.5x_1 - 1.5x_2 - 0.5x_3 + x_4 \leq 0$$

$$x_1 \leq 1$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0.$$

$$Z = 10x_1 - 57x_2 - 9x_3 - 24x_4$$

$$W_1 = -0.5x_1 + 5.5x_2 + 2.5x_3 - 9x_4$$

$$W_2 = -0.5x_1 + 1.5x_2 + 0.5x_3 - x_4$$

$$W_3 = 1 - x_1$$

Let  $x_1$  enter,  $w_1$  leave.

$$Z = 53x_2 + 41x_3 - 204x_4 - 20w_1$$

$$X_1 = 11x_2 + 5x_3 - 18x_4 - 2w_1$$

$$W_2 = -4x_2 - 2x_3 + 8x_4 + w_1$$

$$W_3 = 1 - 11x_2 - 5x_3 + 18x_4 + 2w_1$$

Let  $x_2$  enter,  $w_2$  leave.

$$Z = 29/2x_3 - 98x_4 - 27/4w_1 - 53/4w_2$$

$$X_2 = -1/2x_3 + 2x_4 + 1/4w_1 - 1/4w_2$$

$$X_1 = -1/2x_3 + 4x_4 + 3/4w_1 - 11/4w_2$$

$$W_3 = 1 + 1/2x_3 - 4x_4 - 3/4w_1 + 11/4w_2$$

Let  $x_3$  enter,  $x_1$  leave.

$$Z = -29x_1 + 18x_4 + 15w_1 - 93w_2$$

$$X_3 = -2x_1 + 8x_4 + 3/2w_1 - 11/2w_2$$

$$X_2 = x_1 - 2x_4 - 1/2w_1 + 5/2w_2$$

$$W_3 = 1 - x_1$$

Let  $x_4$  enter,  $x_2$  leave.

$$Z = -20x_1 - 9x_2 + 21/2w_1 - 141/2w_2$$

$$X_4 = 1/2x_1 - 1/2x_2 - 1/4w_1 + 5/4w_2$$

$$X_3 = 2x_1 - 4x_2 - 1/2w_1 + 9/2w_2$$

$$W_3 = 1 - x_1$$

Let  $w_1$  enter,  $x_3$  leave.

$$Z = 22x_1 - 93x_2 - 21x_3 + 24w_2$$

$$w_1 = 4x_1 - 8x_2 - 2x_3 + 9w_2$$

$$x_4 = -\frac{1}{2}x_1 + \frac{3}{2}x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 - w_2$$

$$w_3 = 1 - x_1$$

Let  $x_1$  enter,  $x_4$  leave.

$$Z = -27x_2 + x_3 - 44x_4 - 20w_2$$

$$x_1 = 3x_2 + x_3 - 2x_4 - 2w_2$$

$$w_1 = 4x_2 + 2x_3 - 8x_4 + w_2$$

$$w_3 = 1 - 3x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 + 2w_2$$

Let  $x_3$  enter,  $w_3$  leave.

$$Z = 1 - 30x_2 - 42x_4 - 18w_2 - w_3$$

$$x_3 = 1 - 3x_2 + 2x_4 + 2w_2 - w_3$$

$$x_1 = 1 - w_3$$

$$w_1 = 2 - 2x_2 - 4x_4 + 5w_2 - 2w_3$$

The maximum value of  $Z$  subject to the given constraints is  $Z=1$  at  $(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (1, 0, 1, 0)$ .

3. Consider the linear program

$$\max z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$$

subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 5$$

$$x_1 \leq 3$$

$$x_2 \leq 2$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

Compare the efficiency of the implementation of the simplex algorithm if

- a) You are using the largest positive coefficient for the entering variable (and the lexicographic method for the leaving)
- b) You are using Bland's rule

a) **maximize**  $Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$

**subject to**  $w_1 = 5 + \epsilon_1 - x_1 - 2x_2$

$$w_2 = 3 + \epsilon_2 - x_1$$

$$w_3 = 2 + \epsilon_3 - x_2$$

$$\epsilon_1 \gg \epsilon_2 \gg \epsilon_3 \gg 0$$

Let  $x_2$  enter,  $w_3$  leave.

$$Z = 10 + 5\epsilon_3 + 3x_1 - 5w_3$$

$$x_2 = 2 + \epsilon_3 - w_3$$

$$w_1 = 1 + \epsilon_1 - 2\epsilon_3 - x_1 + 2w_3$$

$$w_2 = 3 + \epsilon_2 - x_1$$

Let  $x_1$  enter,  $w_1$  leave.

$$Z = 13 + 3\epsilon_1 - \epsilon_3 - 3w_1 + w_3$$

$$x_1 = 1 + \epsilon_1 - 2\epsilon_3 - w_1 + 2w_3$$

$$x_2 = 2 + \epsilon_3 - w_3$$

$$w_2 = 2 - \epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2 + 2\epsilon_3 + w_1 - 2w_3$$

Let  $w_3$  enter,  $w_2$  leave.

$$Z = 14 + \frac{5}{2} \epsilon_1 + \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_2 - \frac{5}{2} w_1 - \frac{1}{2} w_2$$

$$w_3 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_1 + \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_2 + \epsilon_3 + \frac{1}{2} w_1 - \frac{1}{2} w_2$$

$$x_1 = 3 + \epsilon_2 - w_2$$

$$x_2 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_1 - \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_2 - \frac{1}{2} w_1 + \frac{1}{2} w_2$$

This dictionary is optimal. Drop all  $\epsilon_i$ 's to find solution to the unperturbed problem. Maximum  $Z$  is  $Z = 14$  at  $(3, 1)$ . This method took 3 simplex steps.

b)  $Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$

$$w_1 = 5 - x_1 - 2x_2$$

$$w_2 = 3 - x_1$$

$$w_3 = 2 - x_2$$

Let  $x_1$  enter,  $w_2$  leave

$$Z = 9 + 5x_2 - 3w_2$$

$$x_1 = 3 - w_2$$

$$w_1 = 2 - 2x_2 + w_2$$

$$w_3 = 2 - x_2$$

Let  $x_2$  enter,  $w_1$  leave

$$Z = 14 - \frac{5}{2} w_1 - \frac{1}{2} w_2$$

$$x_2 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} w_1 + \frac{1}{2} w_2$$

$$x_1 = 3 - w_2$$

$$w_3 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} w_1 - \frac{1}{2} w_2$$

This dictionary is optimal. The maximum value of  $Z$  is  $Z = 14$  at  $(3, 1)$ . Bland's rule took only 2 simplex steps.

4. Consider the following linear programming problem:

$$\max z = 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 + 12x_4$$

subject to

$$4x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 10$$

$$2x_1 - x_3 + x_4 \leq 30$$

$$4x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$$

Find the dual program to this linear program.

Given a linear programming problem in standard form,

$$(5.1) \quad \begin{aligned} & \text{maximize} \quad \sum_{j=1}^n c_j x_j \\ & \text{subject to} \quad \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} x_j \leq b_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m \\ & \quad \quad \quad x_j \geq 0 \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, n, \end{aligned}$$

the associated *dual linear program* is given by

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{minimize} \quad \sum_{i=1}^m b_i y_i \\ & \text{subject to} \quad \sum_{i=1}^m y_i a_{ij} \geq c_j \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, n \\ & \quad \quad \quad y_i \geq 0 \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m. \end{aligned}$$

**minimize**  $W = 10y_1 + 30y_2 + 20y_3$

**subject to**  $4y_1 + 2y_2 \geq 2$

$$5y_1 + 4y_3 \geq -3$$

$$2y_1 - y_2 + 2y_3 \geq 2$$

$$y_2 + y_3 \geq 12$$

$$y_1, y_2, y_3 \geq 0$$

5. Consider the following dual linear programming problem:

$$\min \xi = 3y_1 + y_2 + 2y_3$$

subject to

$$2y_1 + 3y_2 - y_3 \geq 5$$

$$-y_1 + 4y_3 \geq 10$$

$$y_1 + 2y_2 \geq 7$$

$$3y_1 - 2y_3 \geq 7$$

$$y_1, y_2, y_3 \geq 0$$

a) Rewrite the problem in standard form.

b) What is the primal problem corresponding to this dual linear program.

a) maximize  $\xi' = -3y_1 - y_2 - 2y_3$   
subject to  $-2y_1 - 3y_2 + y_3 \leq -5$   
 $(\xi' = -\xi)$   $y_1 - 4y_3 \leq -10$   
 $-y_1 - 2y_2 \leq -7$   
 $-3y_1 + 2y_3 \leq -7$   
 $y_1, y_2, y_3 \geq 0$

b) maximize  $Z = 5x_1 + 10x_2 + 7x_3 + 7x_4$   
subject to  $2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 \leq 3$   
 $3x_1 + 2x_3 \leq 1$   
 $-x_1 + 4x_2 - 2x_4 \leq 2$   
 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$