

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import statsmodels.api as sm
```

In [2]:

```
df=pd.read_csv('ai_mid3.csv', header=0)
```

In [3]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	CRIM	INDUS	RM	TAX	PTRATIO	LSTAT	MEDV
0	0.00632	2.31	6.575	296.0	15.3	4.98	24.0
1	0.02731	7.07	6.421	242.0	17.8	9.14	21.6
2	0.02729	7.07	7.185	242.0	17.8	4.03	34.7
3	0.03237	2.18	6.998	222.0	18.7	2.94	33.4
4	0.06905	2.18	7.147	222.0	18.7	5.33	36.2

In [7]:

```
y = df['MEDV']
```

'TAX', 'PTRATIO', 'LSTAT' を説明変数としたモデル

making model with 'TAX', 'PTRATIO', and 'LSTAT' as explanatory variables

In [4]:

```
x1 = sm.add_constant(df[['TAX', 'PTRATIO', 'LSTAT']])
```

In [8]:

```
model1 = sm.OLS(y, x1)
result1=model1.fit()
```

In [9]:

```
print(result1.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	MEDV	R-squared:	0.607
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.604
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	258.1
Date:	Fri, 12 Jun 2020	Prob (F-statistic):	2.70e-101
Time:	10:14:41	Log-Likelihood:	-1604.2
No. Observations:	506	AIC:	3216.
Df Residuals:	502	BIC:	3233.
Df Model:	3		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	54.0748	2.263	23.894	0.000	49.628	58.521
TAX	0.0002	0.002	0.096	0.923	-0.004	0.004
PTRATIO	-1.1496	0.136	-8.461	0.000	-1.417	-0.883
LSTAT	-0.8221	0.044	-18.869	0.000	-0.908	-0.736

Omnibus:	149.686	Durbin-Watson:	0.995
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	399.112
Skew:	1.457	Prob(JB):	2.16e-87
Kurtosis:	6.230	Cond. No.	3.90e+03

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The condition number is large, 3.9e+03. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

Ans.1

adjusted $R^2 = 0.604$

coef. of LSTAT = **-0.822**

'CRIM', 'INDUS', 'RM' を説明変数としたモデル作成。

making model with 'CRIM', 'INDUS', 'RM' as explanatory variables

In [17]:

```
x2 = sm.add_constant(df[['CRIM', 'INDUS', 'RM']])
```

In [18]:

```
model2 = sm.OLS(y, x2)
result2=model2.fit()
```

In [19]:

```
print(result2.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	MEDV	R-squared:	0.566
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.563
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	217.8
Date:	Fri, 12 Jun 2020	Prob (F-statistic):	1.82e-90
Time:	10:29:24	Log-Likelihood:	-1629.3
No. Observations:	506	AIC:	3267.
Df Residuals:	502	BIC:	3284.
Df Model:	3		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-22.1409	2.867	-7.722	0.000	-27.774	-16.508
CRIM	-0.2006	0.035	-5.811	0.000	-0.268	-0.133
INDUS	-0.2394	0.046	-5.217	0.000	-0.330	-0.149
RM	7.6480	0.420	18.227	0.000	6.824	8.472

Omnibus:	226.524	Durbin-Watson:	0.762
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	1657.380
Skew:	1.797	Prob(JB):	0.00
Kurtosis:	11.105	Cond. No.	163.

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

Ans2.

The most effective variable is **RM**

the increment of the target variable = coef. of RM = **7.648**

Ans.3

AICは小さいほどよいので、 $3216 < 3267$ よりモデル1

Smaller AIC is better. $3216 < 3267 \implies \text{model1}$

In []: