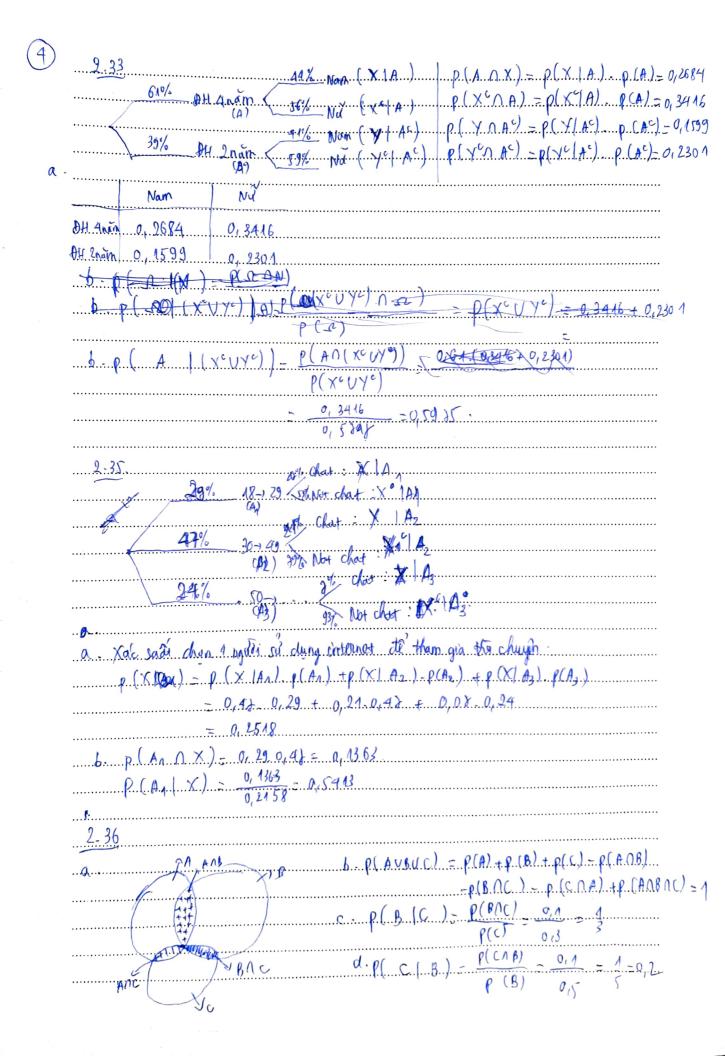
C-PLANT) =0,11
(0.5) 0.47
$d p(T A) = \frac{p(TA A)}{p(TA A)} = \frac{0.11}{0.246}$
1 977 0/447 0/32
P(T18) = P(T08) = 0,12 = 0,211
e the là do thông gian mair can 3 và 4 Khác nhau
222
$\frac{22}{P(A+B)} = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{0.012}{0.268} \approx 0.3142$
2.28
P(A) la xak suar du bas the nang
( (B) Silling min.
pula:
P(X) this to this rong
p (y) this liting mi
p(2) $p(3)$
0 0 - 100 (Pa del 20)
P(-1) = 100 (lan du )aio)
$\alpha \cdot \rho \cdot (A) = \frac{(30+5+5)}{\rho(a)} = 0.45$
b. Yok sunt du baja tring = p(ANX) + p(BNY) + p(CNZ) - 30+20+20 = 0,7
p(-a) wo
$C: p(Z X) = \frac{p(Z \cap A)}{p(A)} = \frac{10/100}{45/100} = 0.22$
P(A) 45/100
$p(A) = \frac{45/100}{p(A)} = \frac{4/100}{45/100} = 0.089$
P(A) 45/100
$\rho(X A) = \frac{\rho(X \cap A)}{\rho(A)} = \frac{3a/(66)}{45/(60)} = 0, 662$
P(A) 45/160
2.29
Goi p(A) là xak suất giai đoạn già công đàu tiền thánh công là
$p(B) = \frac{p(B \cap A) - p(A) p(B)}{p(A)} = p(B) = 0,95.$
$p(B   A) = \frac{p(B \cap A)}{p(A)} = \frac{p(A)}{p(B)} = p(B) = 0.95$
Y(A) YU''

2.31	90% chinh phan p(c)		A. (C.) = 0, G. 0, 9= 0, 54
60% 10			(c) = 01,54 + 0,4 0,85 = 0,08
P(A)	10% K° P(CF)	'	, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -
40%	85% ding phan p(c)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Y(6)	15% K° PUES		
XV 0 0 - 1	P(A C) = P(A C)	0,5	4 - 2 0 614
	p (c)	0,8	<del>4</del> = 0, 614
1.20			
1 <u>.32</u>	( Bu ) Oil Vien Lory (V)		
0,3	(.H.)		p(v) = 0.3, 0.6 + 0.3 = 0.39
/	0.4 K'viêm (V°)		= p(v/H)p(H)+p(V/H)-p(H)
			p(v°) = ρ(v°(H), ρ(H) + ρ(V°(H°). ρ(H°)
	0,3 Vien hong ()	لا	= 0,3.0,4. + 0,0.0,0 = 0,61
0.3	K. Prix (12)		
	Voyagon has	(V°)	
a PCH) to p(	$H(V) = P(H \cap V) = 0.3.0.6 = 0.3.0$	0, 461	5
	p(v) 0,39		
- ( 40 11/6) -	P(HNVO) - 013-014 - 0,1962		
P((1)	P(V6) 0,61 - 0,1968		
2 34			(4.JT)
.)	inde a val sual ve tan fai		69 69% par ple
IX to			10 1 - 00 = 0
	b P(AAB) P(A)		31% OH (0,138-0,15 20 69)
			10 31
p(A) = 31%			3.4.
a pa Xal sum te	ban tai la = 0,69		
6 Kac suat ô tô	no tida 6 - (A A B°):	2.p. (A.)	.p(Bc) =0, 28 = 0,55 =0,2g
= ) p (BC) = P (AA)	noi otio la - 6 - 20 - p. (A.) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	23 -	3/1
P(A)	0131 37		
D (A (B) = 0(	A) plb/= 0,31. 2 = 0,08		
c. Xalc suaix Xe	nhão khẩu lã=0,231		
By A(X) fa	xx XS xe ban fai khi bier oto	la xe	whap than la P(ban tai va NK) 1945
	- 14/69 - 0 966		p(NK) 820
	0,21		nhập than lạ p(bán tại vã NK)
A Congression	of the third out retain	tay sh	hi rak suai nhập khân K' thay Đối
OL VI	han Anay		C. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St
và người lại		•••••	



	b.ρ(x)1)=ρ(X=1)+ρ(X=2)+ρ(X=3)+ρ(X=4)
01	$= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{2}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$
	$= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$ $= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$ $= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$ $= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$ $= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$ $= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$ $= 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{3}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} + 0, \frac{1}{4} = 0, \frac{9}{4}$
	$P(X \le 2) = P(X = 2) + P(X = 1) + P(X = 0)$
	= 0.3 + 0.3 + 0.4 = 0.3
d.p(x<2)=p(	X=1) + P(X=0) = 013+0, 1=014
a. (x) là hàm phân	pholixs Vi: x, 1 2 3
1 P(x) 70 ViE	$\frac{1}{1\sqrt{3}}$ $Q$ $A$ $\frac{2}{1}$
EN 53 f(x;) =	- A
$f(x_i) = P(x_i)$	xa) Hi E 163 00
The P(x) a)	======================================
P( x 2< x < 6)	P(X-3) P(X-A) = P(X-5) 1 1 1 1 1 - 5 f(x)d
PLX5.1.U.X.=3	) = R(X = X) + R(X = X) + R O # 14 E8 # 2
3.5.	
a flat ham phan	a phore xale such vis
) f (x,) > 0 A1	i E 1,4 x 10 1 2 3 4
$\sum_{i=0}^{4} f(x_i) = 1$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
f(x;) = P( x=	26 25 25 25 25 25
N A C	\$ 1(x+2) A(x=3) + P(X=4) = 23
	=3) P(x=0) + R(x=1) + P(x=1) = 13
P(2(x(6))	P( V = 3) + P × 1 P × 1
P(X>1) =	[ faldr=
3 <u>.S</u>	4
a. p(x) pl la ham ph	an photixx vice party
1 f(1;) 5, 0 1	7i E 914
Σ . ρ(π) = 1	
$f(x_i) = f(x_i)$	
1 P(X > 1) - 1	
P(X (1) X = 3	$3) = P(x=0) + P(x=1) + P(x=2) = \frac{13}{25}$
P(2(X< <b>()</b> )=1	7) - 13
3.4	
$P(X \ge 1) = 1$	
b. a	(x=3) + P(x=4) + P(x=5) = 1 = $P(x=1) + P(x=3) = 0$