Orchestration

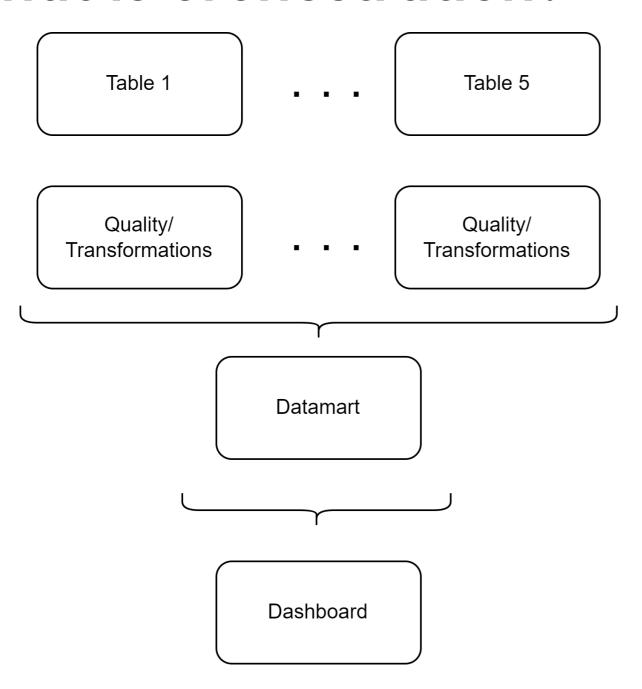
UNDERSTANDING MODERN DATA ARCHITECTURE



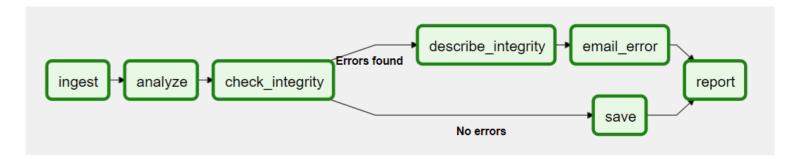
Miller Trujillo
Senior Software Engineer



What is orchestration?



- Coordinate multiple jobs
- Automated configuration and coordination of complex workflows.



Frees up human resources

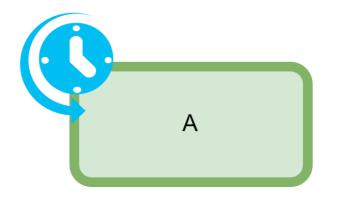
¹ https://airflow.apache.org/docs/apache-airflow/stable/core-concepts/dags.html



Orchestration vs scheduling

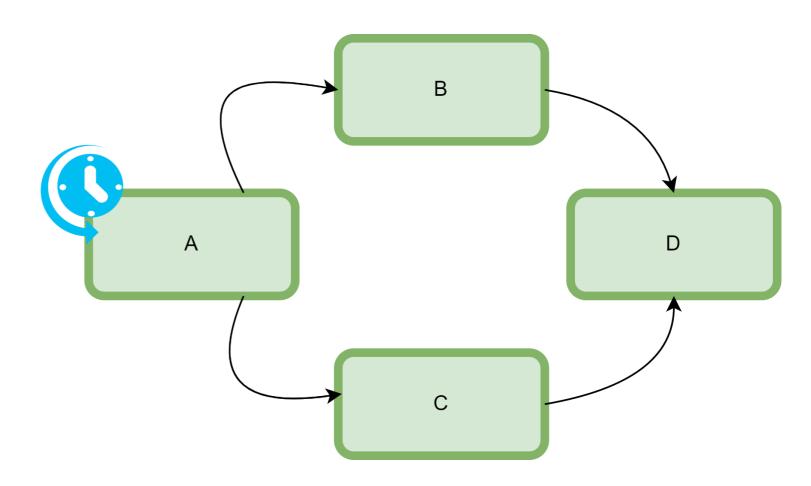
Scheduling

- Execute tasks at specified intervals/times
- Starter of orchestrated workflows



Orchestration

Automate and coordinate complex workflows



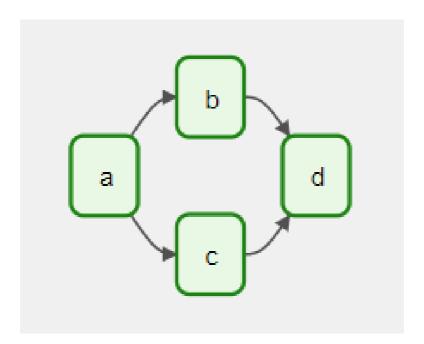
Apache Airflow



Coordinate complex workflows with Python

Core concepts of orchestration

- Tasks:
 - Basic unit of execution
- Dependencies:
 - Determine task sequence
- Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG):
 - Workflow of tasks and dependencies



Core concepts of orchestration

- Operators:
 - Determine nature of task
 - BashOperator
 - PythonOperator
- Sensors:
 - Wait for specific conditions
- Scheduler
 - Automates triggering of tasks.

Let's practice!

UNDERSTANDING MODERN DATA ARCHITECTURE



Storage & processing costs best practices

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Miller Trujillo
Senior Software Engineer



Cost models

Pay-as-you-go

- Pay for what you consume
- Bytes stored
- Compute used per minutes used

Reserved capacity

- Plan and pay upfront
- Discounts!





Costs to keep in mind

Common charges

- Network traffic
- Bytes stored
- Compute capacity
- Time of usage!!



Blob storage cost example

Cloud storage

- Bytes stored
- Time bytes are stored
- Operations over data
 - Moving it

Store our data in regions close to users!!!

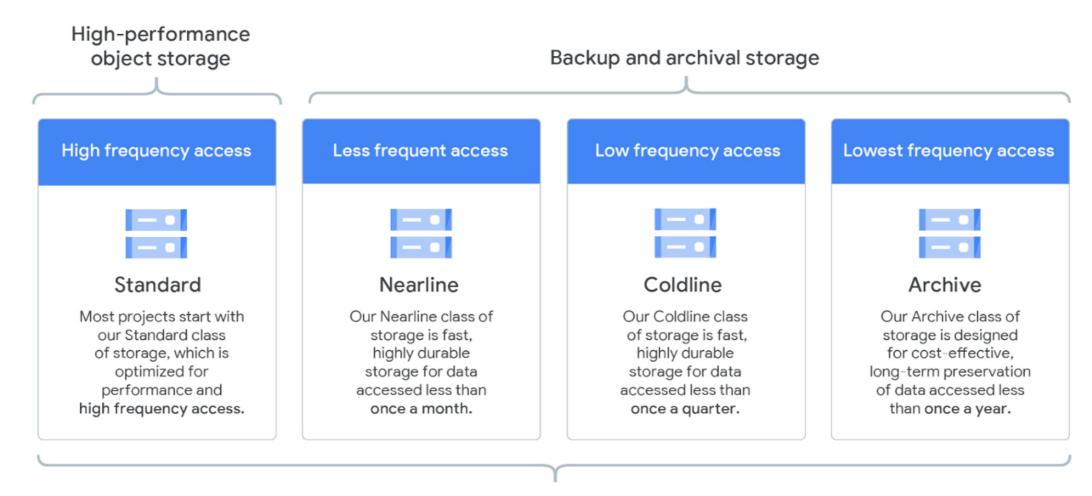
Networking

 Network traffic almost always is part of the charges!



Cost optimization

Reduce costs while keeping the quality of service



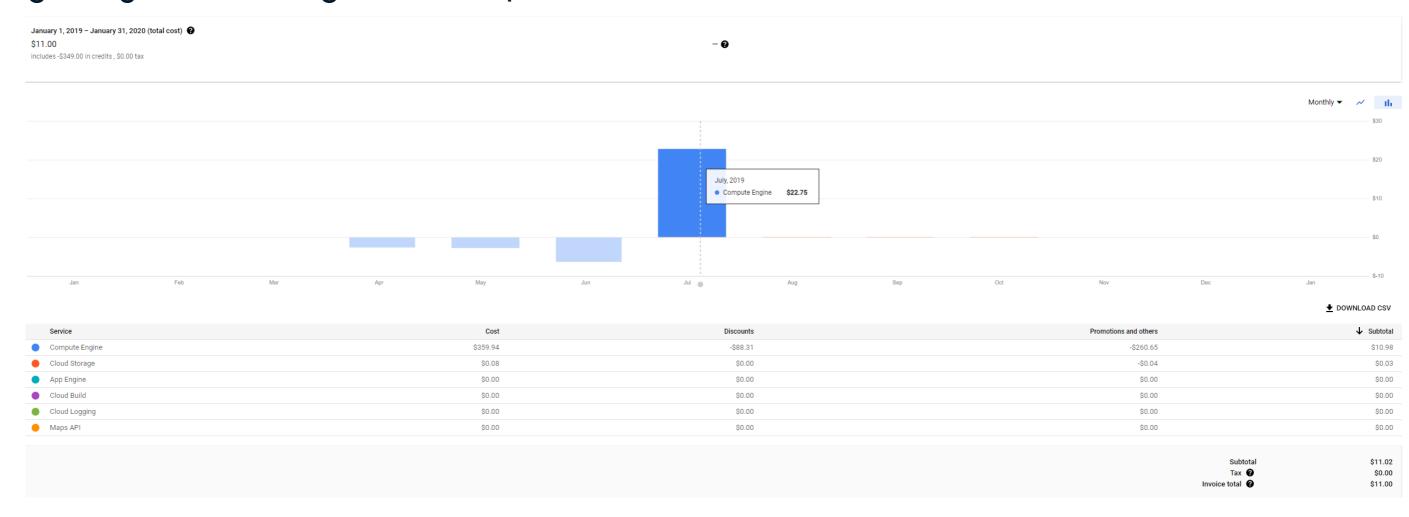
A single API for all storage classes

¹ https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/storage-data-transfer/archive-storage-class-for-coldest-data-now-available



Importance of cost monitoring and alerting

- Continuously track cloud usage
- Notify unusual spending spikes
- Regularly review usage and adapt





Let's practice!

UNDERSTANDING MODERN DATA ARCHITECTURE



Designing a modern data architecture

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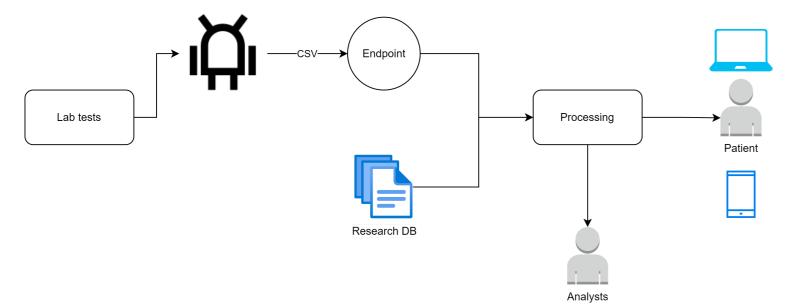
Miller Trujillo
Senior Software Engineer



The business case

Medical laboratory

- Organizer robot
- Generate CSV
 - Up to 4 CSV every hour
- Databases in plain files



- Platform for patients to track results
- Enrich patients results with their investigation

Where to start?

Questions!

Refine the requirements!

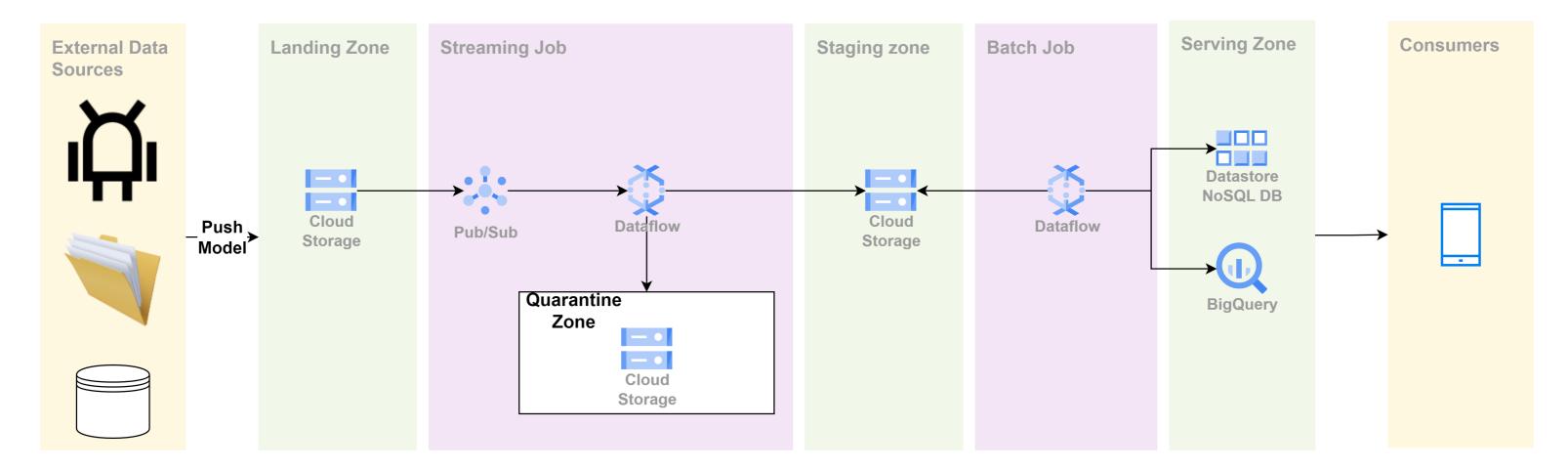
- How large are the files?
- How many robots?
- How frequently are those files generated?
- How many files do they have?
- How data will be processed? Machine learning? Queries?
- How data will be exposed?
- What regulations/constraints do we have?

The assumptions

- 100 machines
- Each CSV file is around 100MB
- Plain files as database
- Tens of gigabytes for each plain file
- Model exposed through API
 - Requires all previous result or summary
 - Summary needs to be updated constantly
- Mobile app
- Ignore regulations



The solution



Let's practice!

UNDERSTANDING MODERN DATA ARCHITECTURE



Evaluating modern data architecture solutions

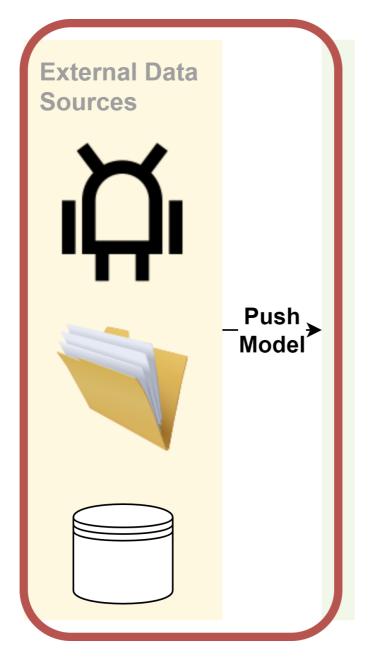
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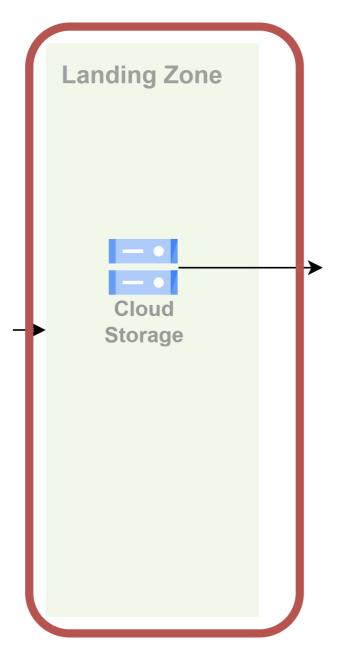


Ingestion



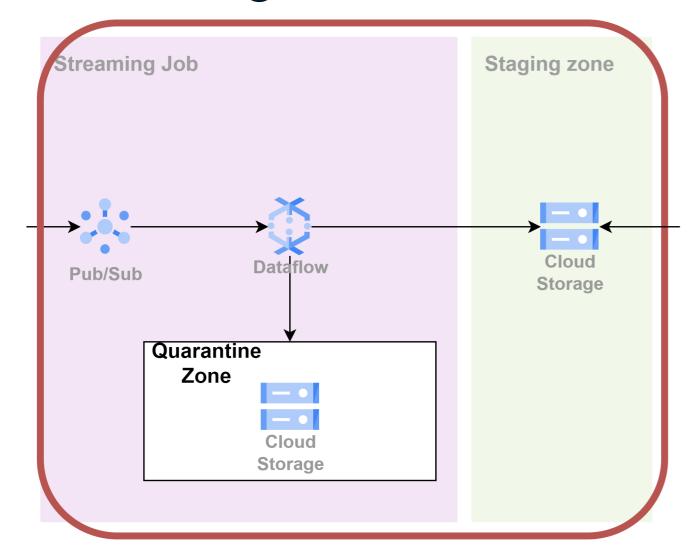
- Unpredictable patterns
- What if we pull the data?
 - Expose the files
 - Network file system

Storage



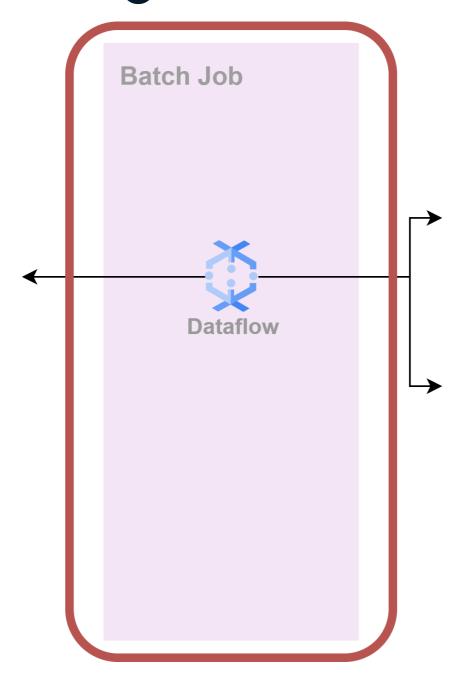
- Cloud storage is:
 - cheaper that data warehouse or databases
 - Flexible, and expose then required APIs
- BigQuery still an option?
 - Cheap enough
 - Not feasible due limitations at loading
- Life-cycle policies to reduce even more the costs

Processing



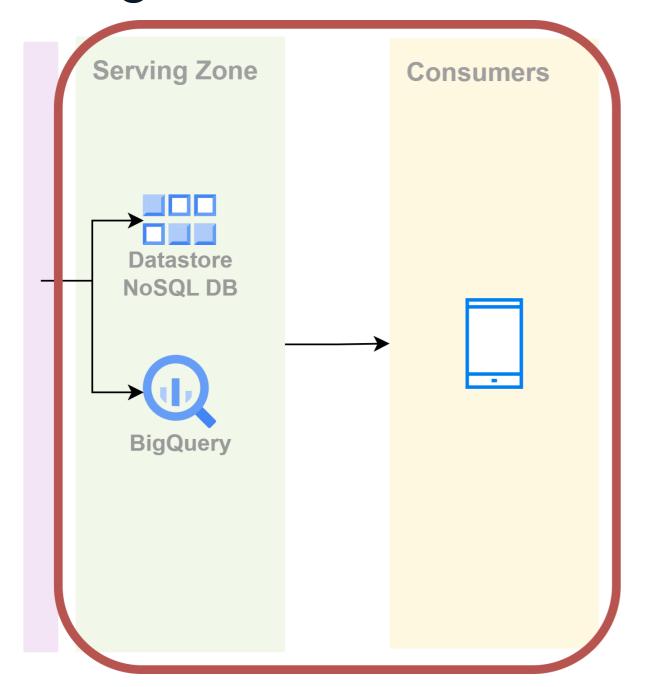
- Dataflow, Dataproc (Spark), or even Data Fusion
- Unpredictable arriving patterns
- Process data as soon as it arrives
- Simplicity
- Temporal data
- Automate cleaning with life-cycle policies
- No schema maintenance needed

Processing: The model scores



- Complex to keep track of everything
- Easier to maintain
- Previous job can write to NoSQL DB and this job complement data

Serving the data



- BigQuery for analytical purposes
- NoSQL DB => Easier scalability & flexibility

Some other details

- Governance, orchestration, security, among others
- Further refine the platform and requirements
- Enable better management
- Not one size fits all!

Everything is about trade-offs



Let's practice!

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Wrap-up

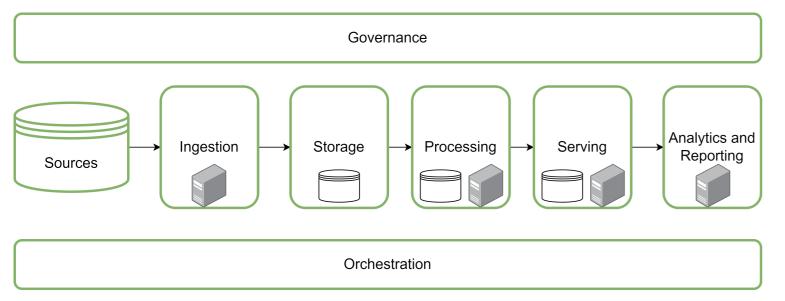
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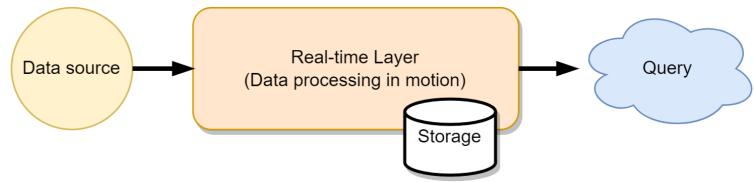


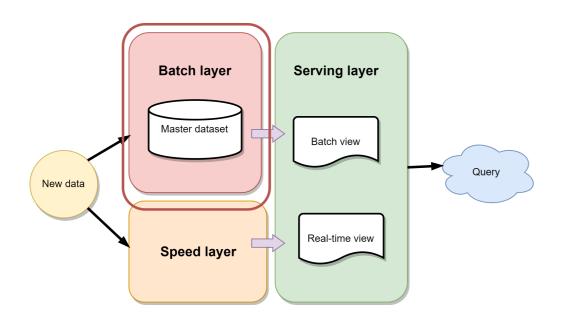
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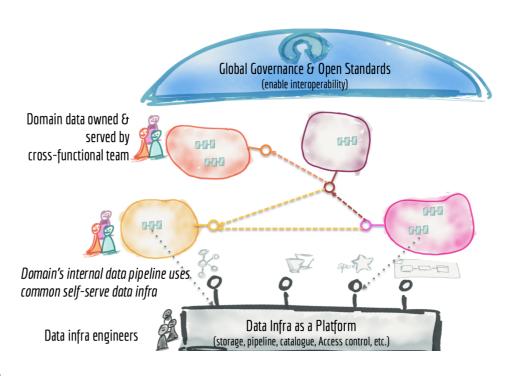


Chapter 1 - Introduction to Modern Data Architecture





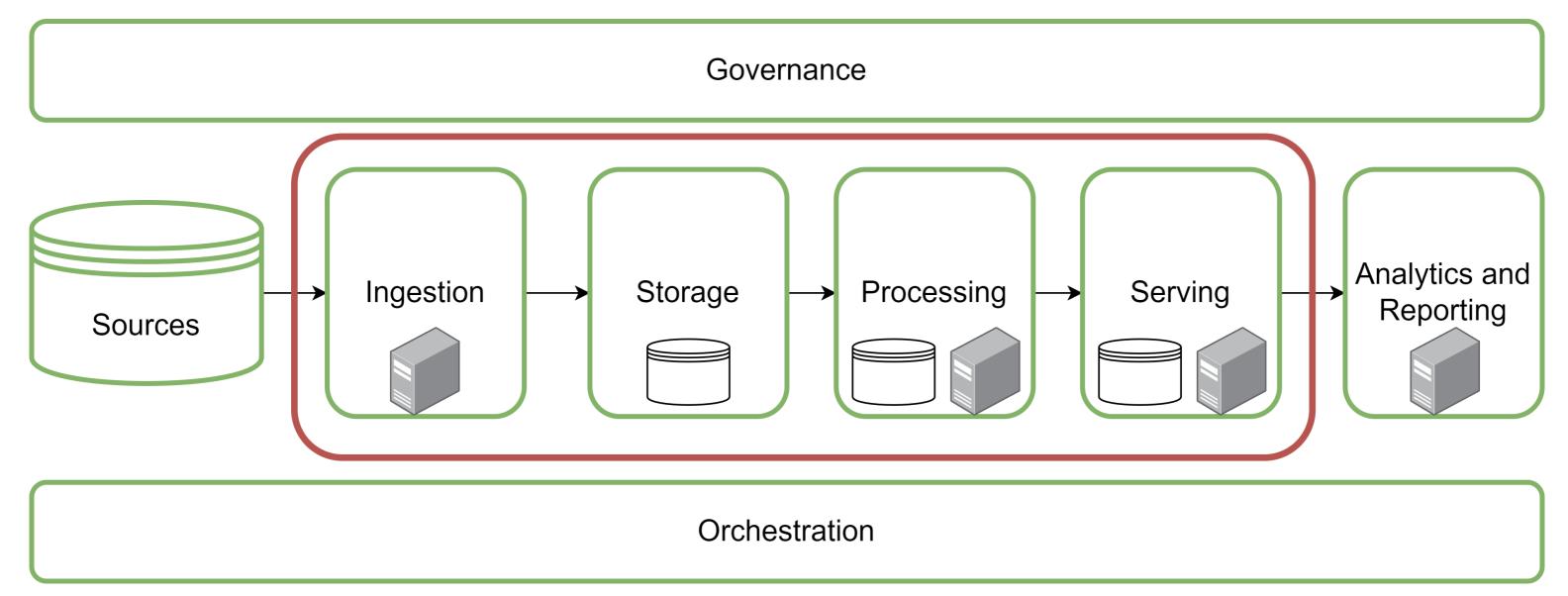




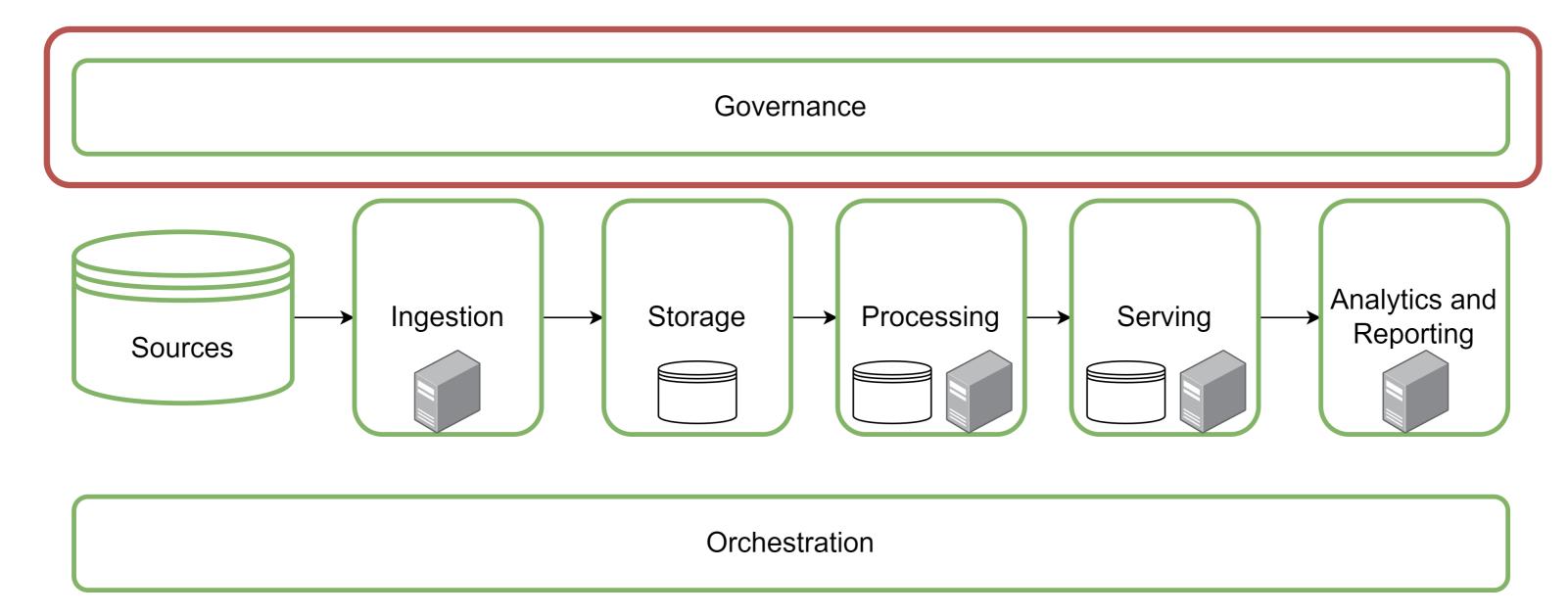
¹ https://martinfowler.com/articles/data-monolith-to-mesh.html



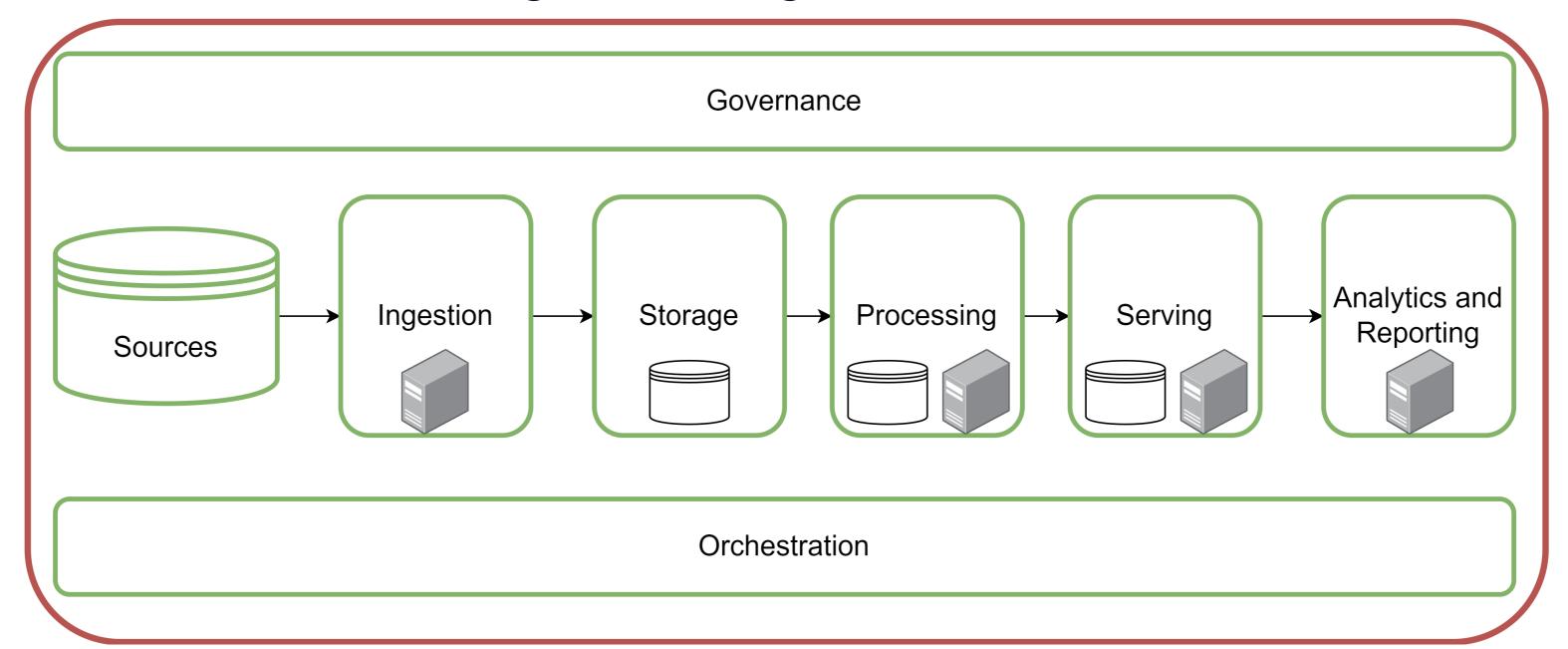
Chapter 2 - Modern Data Architecture Components



Chapter 3 - Transversal Components of Data Architectures



Chapter 4 - Putting it All Together



Congratulations!

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