



Hands-on Lab: Working with Multiple Tables

Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

In this lab, you will through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with SQL queries that access multiple tables. You will be:

- Accessing Multiple Tables with Sub-Queries
- Accessing Multiple Tables with Implicit Joins

How does an Implicit version of CROSS JOIN (also known as Cartesian Join) statement syntax look?

- 1.
 - 2.
- ```
1. SELECT column_name(s)
2. FROM table1, table2;
```

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**How does an Implicit version of INNER JOIN statement syntax look?**

- 1.
  - 2.
  - 3.
- ```
1. SELECT column_name(s)
2. FROM table1, table2
3. WHERE table1.column_name = table2.column_name;
```

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Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use [IBM Db2 Database](#). Db2 is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) from IBM, designed to store, analyze and retrieve the data efficiently.

To complete this lab you will utilize a Db2 database service on IBM Cloud. If you did not already complete this lab task earlier in this module, you will not yet have access to Db2 on IBM Cloud, and you will need to follow the lab below first:

- [Hands-on Lab : Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console](#)

Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

EMPLOYEES

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX	ADDRESS	JOB_ID	SALARY	MANAGER_ID	DEP_ID
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M	5631 Rice, OakPark,IL	100	100000	30001	2
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F	980 Berry Ln, Elgin,IL	200	80000	30002	5
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M	291 Springs, Gary,IL	300	50000	30002	5

JOB_HISTORY

EMPL_ID	START_DATE	JOBS_ID	DEPT_ID
E1001	2000-01-30	100	2
E1002	2010-08-16	200	5
E1003	2016-08-10	300	5

JOBS

JOB_ID	JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY	MAX_SALARY
100	Sr. Architect	60000	100000
200	Sr.SoftwareDeveloper	60000	80000
300	Jr.SoftwareDeveloper	40000	60000

DEPARTMENTS

DEPT_ID_DEP	DEP_NAME	MANAGER_ID	LOC_ID
2	Architect Group	30001	L0001
5	Software Development	30002	L0002
7	Design Team	30003	L0003
5	Software	30004	L0004

LOCATIONS

LOCT_ID	DEP_ID_LOC
L0001	2
L0002	5
L0003	7

NOTE: This lab requires you to have all 5 of these tables of the HR database populated with sample data on Db2. If you didn't complete the earlier lab in this module, you won't have the tables above populated with sample data on Db2, so you will need to go through the lab below first:

- [Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables](#)

Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Write SQL queries that access more than one table
- Compose queries that access multiple tables using a nested statement in the WHERE clause
- Build queries with multiple tables in the FROM clause
- Write Implicit Join queries with join criteria specified in the WHERE clause
- Specify aliases for table names and qualify column names with table aliases

NOTE : Make sure that you are using the CSV file and datasets from the same instruction file.

Instructions

When you approach the exercises in this lab, follow the instructions to run the queries on Db2:

- Go to the [Resource List](#) of IBM Cloud by logging in where you can find the Db2 service instance that you created in a previous lab under **Services** section. Click on the **Db2-xx service**. Next, open the Db2 Console by clicking on **Open Console** button. Click on the 3-bar menu icon in the top left corner and go to the **Run SQL** page. The Run SQL tool enables you to run SQL statements.
 - If needed, follow [Hands-on Lab : Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console](#)

Exercise 1: Accessing Multiple Tables with Sub-Queries

1. Problem:

Retrieve only the EMPLOYEES records that correspond to jobs in the JOBS table.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select * from employees where JOB_ID IN (select JOB_IDENT from jobs);
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	E
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1
E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1
E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1
E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1

2. Problem:

Retrieve only the list of employees whose JOB_TITLE is Jr. Designer.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select * from employees where JOB_ID IN (select JOB_IDENT from jobs where JOB_TITLE= 'Jr. Designer');
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413

3. Problem:

Retrieve JOB information and who earn more than \$70,000.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select JOB_TITLE, MIN_SALARY,MAX_SALARY,JOB_IDENT from jobs where JOB_IDENT IN (select JOB_ID from employees where SALARY > 70000 );
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY
Sr. Architect	60000.00
Sr.Software Dev	60000.00
Lead Architect	70000.00

4. Problem:

Retrieve JOB information and whose birth year is after 1976.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select JOB_TITLE, MIN_SALARY,MAX_SALARY,JOB_IDENT from jobs where JOB_IDENT IN (select JOB_ID from employees where YEAR(B_DATE)>1976 );
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY
Sr. Designer	70000.00
Sr. Designer	70000.00
Jr.Software Dev	40000.00
Jr.Software Dev	40000.00
Jr. Architect	50000.00
Lead Architect	70000.00
Jr. Designer	60000.00

5. Problem:

Retrieve JOB information for female employees whose birth year is after 1976.

▼ Solution

1. 1

1. select JOB_TITLE, MIN_SALARY,MAX_SALARY,JOB_IDENT from jobs where JOB_IDENT IN (select JOB_ID from employees where YEAR(B_DATE)>1976 and S

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▼ Output

Result set 1

JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY
Sr. Designer	70000.00
Sr. Designer	70000.00
Lead Architect	70000.00

Exercise 2: Accessing Multiple Tables with Implicit Joins

1. Problem:

Perform an implicit cartesian/cross join between EMPLOYEES and JOBS tables.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select * from employees, jobs;
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M
E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1985-07-20	M
E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1981-01-04	M
E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1978-02-06	F
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-05-06	M
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-07-09	F
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M
E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1985-07-20	M
E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1981-01-04	M
E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1978-02-06	F
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-05-06	M
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-07-09	F
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F

2. Problem:

Retrieve only the *EMPLOYEES* records that correspond to jobs in the *JOBS* table.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select * from employees, jobs where employees.JOB_ID = jobs.JOB_IDENT;
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M
E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1985-07-20	M
E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1981-01-04	M
E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1978-02-06	F
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-05-06	M
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-07-09	F
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F

3. Problem:

Redo the previous query, using shorter aliases for table names.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select * from employees E, jobs J where E.JOB_ID = J.JOB_IDENT;
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M
E1004	Santosh	Kumar	123459	1985-07-20	M
E1005	Ahmed	Hussain	123410	1981-01-04	M
E1006	Nancy	Allen	123411	1978-02-06	F
E1007	Mary	Thomas	123412	1975-05-05	F
E1008	Bharath	Gupta	123413	1985-05-06	M
E1009	Andrea	Jones	123414	1990-07-09	F
E1010	Ann	Jacob	123415	1982-03-30	F

4. Problem:

Redo the previous query, but retrieve only the Employee ID, Employee Name and Job Title.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select EMP_ID,F_NAME,L_NAME, JOB_TITLE from employees E, jobs J where E.JOB_ID = J.JOB_IDENT;
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME
E1001	John
E1002	Alice
E1003	Steve
E1004	Santosh
E1005	Ahmed
E1006	Nancy
E1007	Mary
E1008	Bharath
E1009	Andrea
E1010	Ann

5. Problem:

Redo the previous query, but specify the fully qualified column names with aliases in the SELECT clause.

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select E.EMP_ID,E.F_NAME,E.L_NAME, J.JOB_TITLE from employees E, jobs J where E.JOB_ID = J.JOB_IDENT;
```

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▼ Output

Result set 1

EMP_ID	F_NAME
E1001	John
E1002	Alice
E1003	Steve
E1004	Santosh
E1005	Ahmed
E1006	Nancy
E1007	Mary
E1008	Bharath
E1009	Andrea
E1010	Ann

Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems of this lab with a script, download the script below. Upload the script to the Db2 console and run. Follow [Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables](#) on how to upload a script to Db2 console and run it.

- [MultipleTables_Solution_Script.sql](#)

Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

Author(s)

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-05-10	2.3	Eric Hao & Vladislav Boyko	Updated Page Frames
2022-01-20	2.2	Malika	Updated Exercise 1 problem statement 3,4 and 5
2020-12-25	2.1	Steve Ryan	ID Reviewed
2020-12-10	2.0	Sandip Saha Joy	Created revised version from DB0201EN
2020	1.0	Rav Ahuja	Created initial version

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