

# Cheatsheet: Web App Deployment using Flask



**Skills**  
Network

**Estimated time needed:** 5 minutes

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
<b>@app decorator</b>	An app decorator is a Python tool that allows programmers to modify the behavior or function of a class. App decorators take paths as an argument.	<pre>from flask import Flask  app = Flask(__name__)</pre>
<b>@app.route decorator</b>	A decorator in Flask used to map URLs to specific functions in a Flask application.	<pre>@app.route('/') def hello_world():     return "&lt;b&gt;My first Flask application in action!&lt;/b&gt;"</pre>
<b>200 OK status</b>	Flask servers automatically return a 200 OK status when you	<pre>@app.route('/') def hello_world():</pre>

**Package/Method Description****Code Example**

return from the `@app.route` method. 200 is also returned by default when you use the `jsonify()` method to respond to a request. A successful response with a status code of 200 will be sent back when the given code executes.

```
return ("<b>My first
Flask application in
action!", 200)
```

**Error 404**

**400** indicates an invalid request. This status could imply the parameters are missing or improper or the request is invalid in another way.

```
@app.route('/')
def search_response():
    query =
    request.args.get("q")

    if not query:
        return
    {"error_message": "Input
parameter missing"}, 422
```

**401** indicates the credentials

```
# fetch the resource
from the database
```

**Package/Method Description****Code Example**

are missing  
or invalid.

```
resource =  
fetch_from_database(query)
```

**403** implies  
that the client  
credentials  
are not  
sufficient to  
fulfill the  
request. If  
the server is  
unable to  
find the  
resource, it  
returns a 404  
status.

```
if resource:  
  
    return {"message":  
resource}  
  
else:  
  
    return  
{"error_message":  
"Resource not found"}, 404
```

**405** indicates  
that the  
requested  
operation is  
not  
supported.

```
@ app.errorhandler(500)
```

**Error 500**

500 is used  
when there is  
an error on  
the server.

```
def server_error(error):  
  
    return {"message":  
"Something went wrong on  
the server"}, 500
```

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# Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-07-10	0.1	Andrew Pfeiffer	Initial version created

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