

# SQL Cheat Sheet: JOIN statements



**Skills**  
Network

## Joins

Topic	Syntax	Description	Example
Cross Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 CROSS JOIN table2;	The CROSS JOIN is used to generate a paired combination of each row of the first table with each row of the second table.	SELECT DEPT_ID_DEP, LOCT_ID FROM DEPARTMENTS CROSS JOIN LOCATIONS;
Inner Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 INNER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name; WHERE condition;	You can use an inner join in a SELECT statement to retrieve only the rows that satisfy the join conditions on every specified table.	select E.F_NAME,E.L_NAME, JH.START_DATE from EMPLOYEES as E INNER JOIN JOB_HISTORY as JH on E.EMP_ID=JH.EMPL_ID where E.DEP_ID = '5';
Left Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The LEFT OUTER JOIN will return all records from the left side table and the matching records from the right table.	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Right Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The RIGHT OUTER JOIN returns all records from the right table, and the matching records from the left table.	select E.EMP_ID,E.L_NAME,E.DEP_ID,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Full Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 FULL OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE condition;	The FULL OUTER JOIN clause results in the inclusion of rows from two tables. If a value is missing when rows are joined, that value is null in the result table.	select E.F_NAME,E.L_NAME,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E FULL OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP;
Self Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 T1, table1 T2 WHERE condition;	A self join is regular join but it can be used to joined with itself.	SELECT B.* FROM EMPLOYEES A JOIN EMPLOYEES B ON A.MANAGER_ID = B.MANAGER_ID WHERE A.EMP_ID = 'E1001';

## Joins in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

Full Outer Join	SELECT column_name(s) FROM table1 LEFT OUTER JOIN table2 ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name WHERE	The UNION operator is used to combine the result-set of two or more SELECT statements.	select E.F_NAME,E.L_NAME,D.DEP_NAME from EMPLOYEES AS E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS AS D
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condition

UNION

SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1
RIGHT OUTER JOIN table2
ON table1.column_name =
table2.column_name
WHERE condition
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ON E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP

UNION

select
E.F_NAME,E.L_NAME,D.DEP_NAME
from EMPLOYEES AS E
RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENTS
AS D ON
E.DEP_ID=D.DEPT_ID_DEP
```

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-05-04	1.1	Benny Li	Formatting changes
2022-10-04	1.0	D.M.Naidu	Initial Version